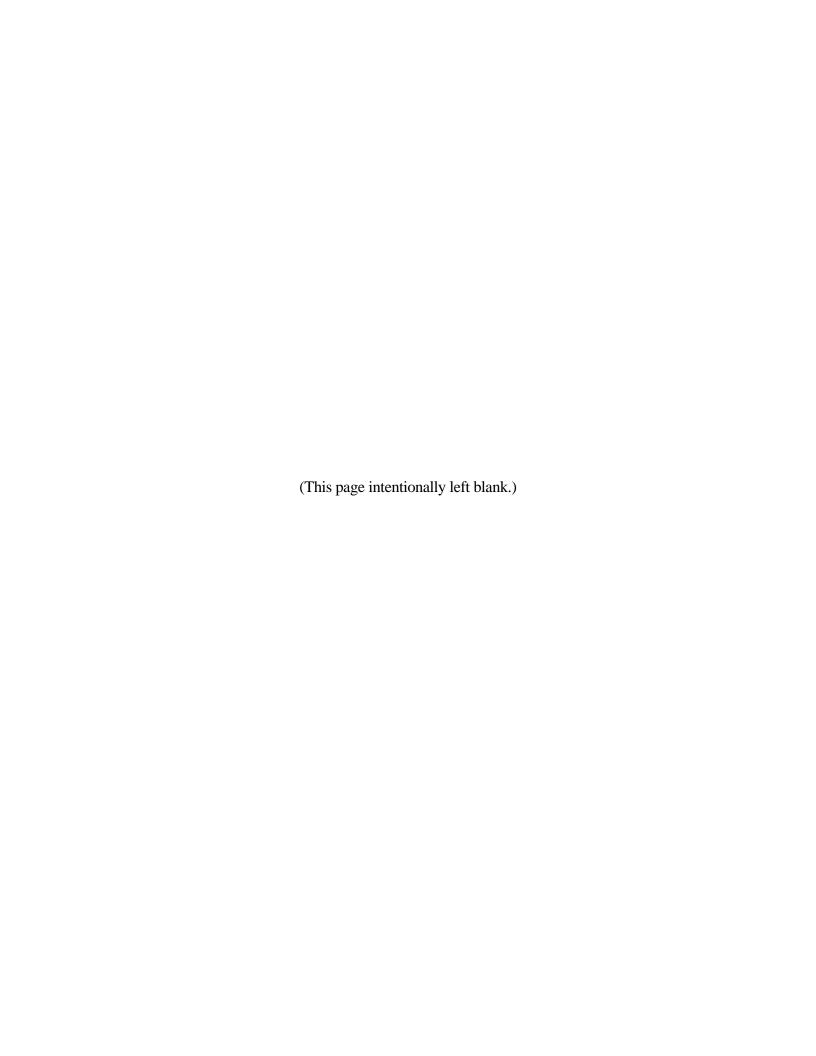
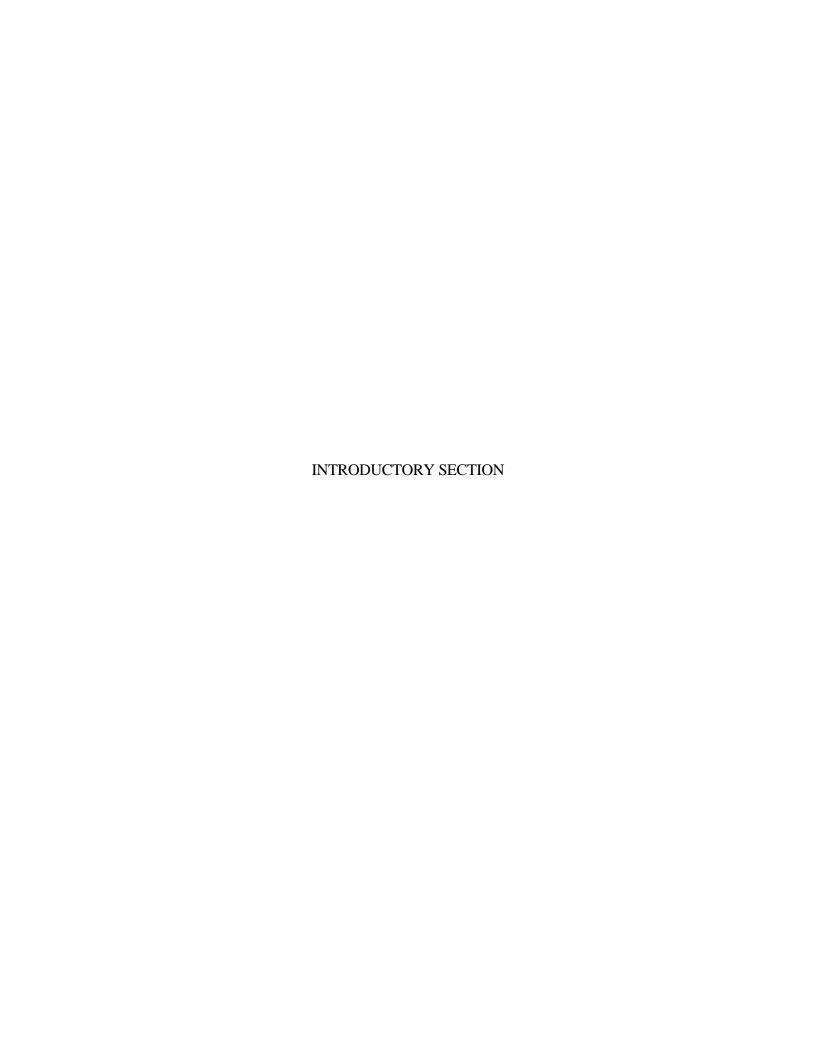
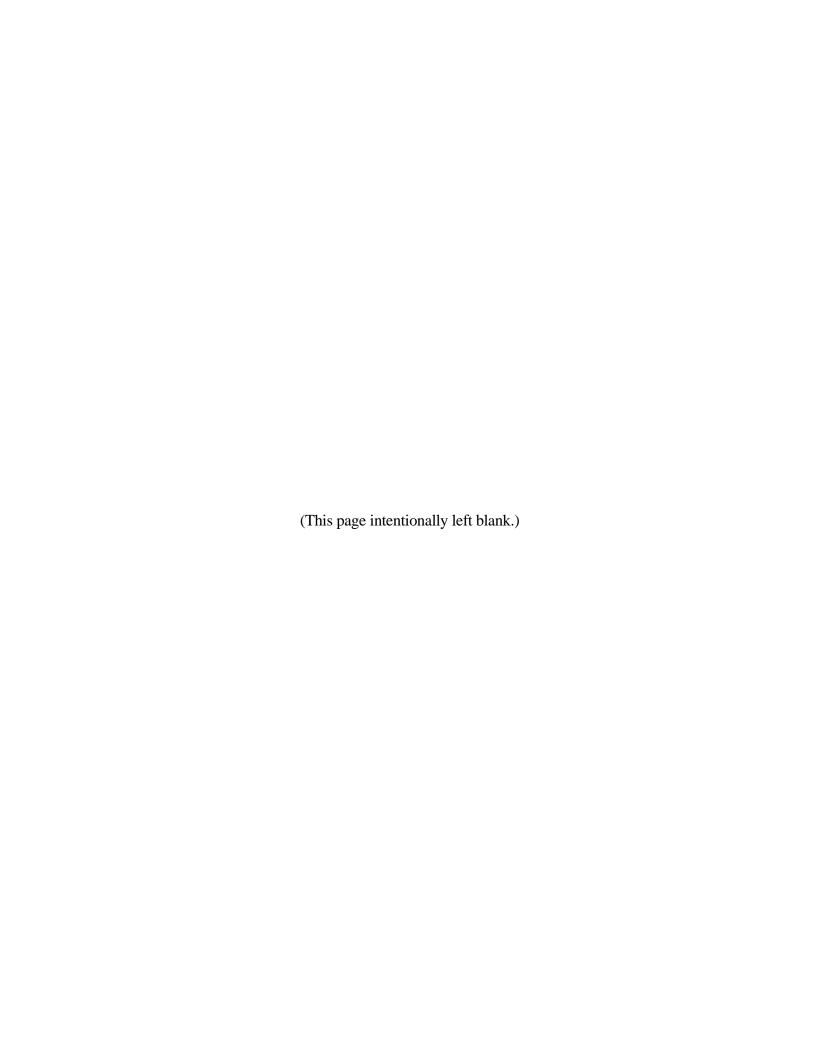
STATE OF NEW MEXICO EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2009







STATE OF NEW MEXICO EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT OFFICIAL ROSTER June 30, 2009

<u>Name</u> <u>Title</u>

GOVERNING BOARD

Telesfor R. Gonzales Chairman

Cris J. Cisneros Vice-Chairman

Elaine Trujillo Secretary/Treasurer

John S. Painter Member

Carol Minton Member

Administrative Official

Joy Garcia General Manager

Christine Martinez Asst. General Manager

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Hector Balderas New Mexico State Auditor Office of Management and Budget and Board of Directors El Prado Water & Sanitation District El Prado, New Mexico

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the budgetary comparisons of the State of New Mexico, El Prado Water & Sanitation District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

Except as discussed in the following paragraph, we conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

The District was unable to provide a capital asset listing with depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2009. We were not able to apply other auditing procedures to provide evidence to verify the fairness of presentation of the capital assets and depreciation expense.

In our opinion, except for the effect of such adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had we been able to examine evidence regarding capital assets, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of the El Prado Water & Sanitation District as of June 30, 2009, and the respective change in financial position, thereof and the cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the budgetary comparisons of the District for the year ended June 30, 2009.

In accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 21, 2012, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 11 to 16 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the management's discussion and analysis. However, we did not audit the information and do not express an opinion on it.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements and budgetary comparisons. The accompanying schedule of cash accounts and pledged collateral is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. This information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Precision Accounting, LLC Albuquerque, New Mexico

Recision Accounting LC

September 21, 2012

As management of El Prado Water & Sanitation District ("District") we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the financial statements of the District and additional information provided.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$3,832,214 (*net assets*). This entire amount is to be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors and construct the water and wastewater systems.
- The District's total net assets increased by \$39,550 during the fiscal year. The majority of this is due to an increase in intergovernmental grants.
- The District's total debt increased by \$598,600 during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise two components: 1) government-wide financial statements (entire fund) and 2) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *balance sheet* presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets presents information showing how the District's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, maintains only one enterprise fund for its operations.

Proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are generally used to account for sewer or water services for which the District charges its customers. All activity was accounted for in one fund. The District maintains one type of proprietary fund.

Enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The District uses enterprise funds to account for the operations of the water and sanitation operations of the District. The enterprise fund is considered to be the only major fund of the District.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 27-43 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Analysis of Net Assets

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of El Prado Water & Sanitation District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$3,832,214 at the close of the current fiscal year.

2009 Business-type		2008 Business-type	
		_	_
\$	549,281	\$	303,278
	4,564,804		4,564,804
	5,114,085		4,868,082
\$	1,172,555	\$	856,065
	109,316		86,318
	1,281,871		942,383
	3,455,658		3,455,757
	376,556		469,942
	3,832,214		3,925,699
	\$	\$ 549,281 4,564,804 5,114,085 \$ 1,172,555 109,316 1,281,871 3,455,658 376,556	\$ 549,281 \$ 4,564,804 5,114,085 \$ 1,172,555 \$ 109,316 1,281,871 \$ 3,455,658 376,556

All of the District's net assets represent resources that are subject to restrictions. The restrictions are reserved to construct the water and sanitation system.

As of June 30, 2009, El Prado had current and other assets of \$549,281 a increase of \$246,003 over the prior year balance of \$303,278.

Changes in Net Assets

	2009 Business-type Activities	2008 Business-type Activities
Revenues		
Operation revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 288,012	\$ 305,513
Gross Receipt Tax	22,885	4,717
Miscellaneous	12,062	11,946
Non-operating revenues:		
Property taxes	95,406	91,051
Intergovernmental	1,077,352	411,000
Interest income	686	1,232
Total revenues	1,496,403	825,459
Expenses		
Administration fees	1,102	1,252
Advertising	813	1,416
Books, dues & registration	456	1,507
Depreciation	-	-
Employee salaries	82,815	78,439
Field supplies	6,119	-
Insurance	4,900	3,901
Legal fees	36,316	28,421
Mileage and per diem	2,202	5,415
Miscellaneous expense	7,996	5,170
Office expenses	25,074	7,331
Other contractual services	29,358	15,946
Payroll related expenses	68,435	57,318
Postage & freight	136	134
Rent	13,400	9,600
Repair & maintenance	1,293,255	485,600
Service fees	11,709	10,284
Utilities	5,802	5,417
Operating Expenses	-	-
Total expenses	1,589,888	717,151
Increase (Decrease) in net assets	(93,485)	108,308
Net assets, beginning of year	3,925,699	3,817,391
Ending net assets	\$ 3,832,214	\$ 3,925,699

Long term liabilities increased by \$339,641. Other liabilities increased by \$22,998, with an ending balance of \$109,316. At June 30, 2009, the net assets of El Prado Water and Sanitation District totaled \$3,832,214 which was an decrease of \$93,485 over prior year net assets of \$3,925,699.

Revenues for the year ending June 30, 2009 were more than the prior year by \$670,994. The main area of increase was intergovernmental revenues, which increased by \$666,352. Total expenditures increased by \$739,702.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUND

As noted earlier, El Prado Water & Sanitation District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Proprietary Funds. The District's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the governmental-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Budgetary Highlights

The State of New Mexico budget process is defined under state law and regulation. To enhance the process of developing a budget at the District level, El Prado Water and Sanitation District utilizes goals and objectives defined by the Board of Directors, community input meetings, long term plans for water and wastewater system development and input from professional and non-professional staff to develop the District budget. District priorities are well defined through this process.

GASB Statement No. 34 does not require a statement presenting the overall result of the budget for each year; however, all major budgetary funds are required to be reported as a separate statement.

The District's final budget differs from the original budget due to budget increases and decreases that were made during the fiscal year. The total budget did change by approximately \$1,448,128.

During the year, actual operating revenues were higher than budgetary estimates.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. El Prado Water & Sanitation District's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2009 amount to \$4,564,804 (net of accumulated depreciation). Capital assets include furniture, fixture & equipment and utility plant in service.

Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation June 30, 2009 and 2008

	20	009 Business -type	2008 Bu	siness-type
Land	\$	440,522	\$	440,522
Water Rights		1,571,200		1,571,200
Construction in Progress		910,975		910,975
Utility plant in service		2,921,770		2,921,770
Total capital assets		5,844,467		5,844,467
Accumulated Depreciation		(1,279,663)		(1,279,663)
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$	4,564,804	\$	4,564,804

For government-wide financial statement presentation, all depreciable capital assets were depreciated from acquisition date to the end of the current fiscal year. See Note 6 on page 36 in the accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements for further information regarding capital assets.

Debt Administration. At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total long-term obligations outstanding of \$1,243,800. The debt consists of revenue bonds along with three loans payable.

	2009 I	Business -type	2008	Business-type
USDA 4.25% (A)	\$	238,072	\$	49,222
USDA 4.25% (B)		48,702		240,842
NMFA Loan 0% (C)		65,953		70,938
NMFA Loan 0% (H)		49,668		53,422
Centinel (D) Feb 2007		409,242		442,159
NMFA-WTB Loan 0% (E) June 2007		43,458		45,957
NMFA Loan		387,086		-
Centinel Interim Loan June 2007 (H)		-		-
	\$	1,242,181	\$	902,540

See note 7 on pages 37-40 in the accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements for further information regarding El Prado Water & Sanitation District's long-term debt.

FUTURE TRENDS

The District has fully expended all grants from the State of New Mexico by the end of FY 2008-2009.

The El Prado Water and Sanitation District Board of Directors and its staff continue to dedicate themselves to the citizens of the El Prado Community by honestly representing an accurate and fairly stated set of financial records. We recognize and strive to keep water and sewer fees as low as possible and hopes that the mil levy will eventually be something of the past.

In addition we pledge to continually have the community's best interest at heart while expanding our water and sewer services at the lowest cost for our customers.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of El Prado Water & Sanitation District's finances for all of those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to El Prado Water & Sanitation District, P.O. Box 1110, El Prado, NM 87529.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATE OF NEW MEXICO El Prado Water and Sanitation District

Statement of Net Assets
June 30, 2009

ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	185,588
Investments		33,670
Accounts receivable-customers		63,017
Accounts receivable-property taxes		8,565
Accounts receivable-grants		253,762
Accounts receivable-gross receipts tax		4,327
Prepaid expenses		352
Total current assets		549,281
Capital assets:		
Utility plant in service		5,844,467
Less accumulated depreciation		(1,279,663)
Net capital assets		4,564,804
Total Assets	\$	5,114,085
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:	Φ.	10.15
Accounts payable	\$	19,165
Accrued interest		2,203
Payroll liabilities		7,956
Accrued compensated absences		10,367
Current portion of long-term debt		69,625
Total Current Liabilities		109,316
Non-current liabilities:		
Bonds payable		1,172,555
Total long-term liabilities		1,172,555
Total liabilities		1,281,871
NET ASSETS		

3,455,658

376,556

3,832,214

5,114,085

Invested in capital assets less related debt

Unrestricted

Total net assets

Liabilties and Net Assets

STATE OF NEW MEXICO El Prado

Water and Sanitation District Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Year Ended June 30, 2009

Operating revenues.	Operating	g revenues:
---------------------	-----------	-------------

Miscellaneous operating income 12,062 Total operating revenues 300,074 Operating expenses: Administration fees 1,102 Advertising 813 Books, dues & registration 456 Depreciation - Employee salaries 82,815 Field supplies 6,119 Insurance 4,900 Legal Fees 36,316 Miscellaneous expense 2,202 Mileage & per diem 7,996 Office expenses 25,074 Other contractual services 29,358 Payroll related expenses 68,435 Rent 13,400 Repairs & maintenance 1,293,255 Postage & freight 136 Service fees 11,709 Utilities 5,802 Total operating expenses Operating income (loss) (1,289,814) Net asset seceipts tax revenue Interest income 686 Non-operating revenue 1,196,329 Net Income <th>Fees and charges</th> <th>\$ 288,012</th>	Fees and charges	\$ 288,012
Operating expenses: 1,102 Advertising 813 Books, dues & registration 456 Depreciation - Employee salaries 82,815 Field supplies 6,119 Insurance 4,900 Legal Fees 36,316 Miscellaneous expense 2,202 Mileage & per diem 7,996 Office expenses 25,074 Other contractual services 29,358 Payroll related expenses 68,435 Rent 13,400 Repairs & maintenance 1,293,255 Postage & freight 136 Service fees 11,709 Utilities 5,802 Total operating expenses 1,589,888 Operating income (loss) (1,289,814) Non-operating revenues: 22,885 Intergovernmental grants 1,077,352 Interest income 686 Non-operating revenue 1,196,329 Net Income (93,485)	Miscellaneous operating income	12,062
Administration fees 1,102 Advertising 813 Books, dues & registration 456 Depreciation - Employee salaries 82,815 Field supplies 6,119 Insurance 4,900 Legal Fees 36,316 Miscellaneous expense 2,202 Mileage & per diem 7,996 Office expenses 25,074 Other contractual services 29,358 Payroll related expenses 68,435 Rent 13,400 Repairs & maintenance 1,293,255 Postage & freight 136 Service fees 11,709 Utilities 5,802 Total operating expenses 1,589,888 Operating income (loss) (1,289,814) Non-operating revenues: 95,406 Gross Receipts tax revenue 22,885 Intergovernmental grants 1,077,352 Interest income 686 Non-operating revenue 1,196,329 Net Income (93,485)	Total operating revenues	300,074
Advertising 813 Books, dues & registration 456 Depreciation - Employee salaries 82,815 Field supplies 6,119 Insurance 4,900 Legal Fees 36,316 Miscellaneous expense 2,202 Mileage & per diem 7,996 Office expenses 25,074 Other contractual services 29,358 Payroll related expenses 68,435 Rent 13,400 Repairs & maintenance 1,293,255 Postage & freight 136 Service fees 11,709 Utilities 5,802 Total operating expenses 1,589,888 Operating income (loss) (1,289,814) Non-operating revenues: 95,406 Gross Receipts tax revenue 22,885 Interest income 686 Non-operating revenue 1,196,329 Net Income (93,485) Net Income (93,485)	Operating expenses:	
Books, dues & registration 456 Depreciation - Employee salaries 82,815 Field supplies 6,119 Insurance 4,900 Legal Fees 36,316 Miscellaneous expense 2,202 Mileage & per diem 7,996 Office expenses 25,074 Other contractual services 29,358 Payroll related expenses 68,435 Rent 13,400 Repairs & maintenance 1,293,255 Postage & freight 136 Service fees 11,709 Utilities 5,802 Total operating expenses 1,589,888 Operating income (loss) (1,289,814) Non-operating revenues: 95,406 Gross Receipts tax revenue 22,885 Intergovernmental grants 1,077,352 Interest income 686 Non-operating revenue 1,196,329 Net Income (93,485) Net Income 3,925,699	Administration fees	1,102
Depreciation 82,815 Field supplies 6,119 Insurance 4,900 Legal Fees 36,316 Miscellaneous expense 2,202 Mileage & per diem 7,996 Office expenses 25,074 Other contractual services 29,358 Payroll related expenses 68,435 Rent 13,400 Repairs & maintenance 1,293,255 Postage & freight 136 Service fees 11,709 Utilities 5,802 Total operating expenses 1,589,888 Operating income (loss) (1,289,814) Non-operating revenues: 95,406 Gross Receipts tax revenue 22,885 Intergovernmental grants 1,077,352 Interest income 686 Non-operating revenue 1,196,329 Net Income (93,485) Net assets, beginning of year 3,925,699	Advertising	813
Employee salaries 82,815 Field supplies 6,119 Insurance 4,900 Legal Fees 36,316 Miscellaneous expense 2,202 Mileage & per diem 7,996 Office expenses 25,074 Other contractual services 29,358 Payroll related expenses 68,435 Rent 13,400 Repairs & maintenance 1,293,255 Postage & freight 136 Service fees 11,709 Utilities 5,802 Total operating expenses 1,589,888 Operating income (loss) (1,289,814) Non-operating revenues: 95,406 Gross Receipts tax revenue 22,885 Intergovernmental grants 1,077,352 Interest income 686 Non-operating revenue 1,196,329 Net Income (93,485) Net assets, beginning of year 3,925,699	Books, dues & registration	456
Field supplies 6,119 Insurance 4,900 Legal Fees 36,316 Miscellaneous expense 2,202 Mileage & per diem 7,996 Office expenses 25,074 Other contractual services 29,358 Payroll related expenses 68,435 Rent 13,400 Repairs & maintenance 1,293,255 Postage & freight 136 Service fees 11,709 Utilities 5,802 Total operating expenses 1,589,888 Operating income (loss) (1,289,814) Non-operating revenues: 95,406 Gross Receipts tax revenue 22,885 Intergovernmental grants 1,077,352 Interest income 686 Non-operating revenue 1,196,329 Net Income (93,485) Net assets, beginning of year 3,925,699	Depreciation	-
Insurance 4,900 Legal Fees 36,316 Miscellaneous expense 2,202 Mileage & per diem 7,996 Office expenses 25,074 Other contractual services 29,358 Payroll related expenses 68,435 Rent 13,400 Repairs & maintenance 1,293,255 Postage & freight 136 Service fees 11,709 Utilities 5,802 Total operating expenses 1,589,888 Operating income (loss) (1,289,814) Non-operating revenues: 95,406 Gross Receipts tax revenue 22,885 Intergovernmental grants 1,077,352 Interest income 686 Non-operating revenue 1,196,329 Net Income (93,485) Net assets, beginning of year 3,925,699	Employee salaries	82,815
Legal Fees 36,316 Miscellaneous expense 2,202 Mileage & per diem 7,996 Office expenses 25,074 Other contractual services 29,358 Payroll related expenses 68,435 Rent 13,400 Repairs & maintenance 1,293,255 Postage & freight 136 Service fees 11,709 Utilities 5,802 Total operating expenses 1,589,888 Operating income (loss) (1,289,814) Non-operating revenues: 95,406 Gross Receipts tax revenue 22,885 Intergovernmental grants 1,077,352 Interest income 686 Non-operating revenue 1,196,329 Net Income (93,485) Net assets, beginning of year 3,925,699	Field supplies	6,119
Miscellaneous expense 2,202 Mileage & per diem 7,996 Office expenses 25,074 Other contractual services 29,358 Payroll related expenses 68,435 Rent 13,400 Repairs & maintenance 1,293,255 Postage & freight 136 Service fees 11,709 Utilities 5,802 Total operating expenses 1,589,888 Operating income (loss) (1,289,814) Non-operating revenues: 95,406 Gross Receipts tax revenue 22,885 Intergovernmental grants 1,077,352 Interest income 686 Non-operating revenue 1,196,329 Net Income (93,485) Net assets, beginning of year 3,925,699	Insurance	4,900
Mileage & per diem 7,996 Office expenses 25,074 Other contractual services 29,358 Payroll related expenses 68,435 Rent 13,400 Repairs & maintenance 1,293,255 Postage & freight 136 Service fees 11,709 Utilities 5,802 Total operating expenses 1,589,888 Operating income (loss) (1,289,814) Non-operating revenues: 95,406 Gross Receipts tax revenue 22,885 Intergovernmental grants 1,077,352 Interest income 686 Non-operating revenue 1,196,329 Net Income (93,485) Net assets, beginning of year 3,925,699	Legal Fees	36,316
Office expenses 25,074 Other contractual services 29,358 Payroll related expenses 68,435 Rent 13,400 Repairs & maintenance 1,293,255 Postage & freight 136 Service fees 11,709 Utilities 5,802 Total operating expenses 1,589,888 Operating income (loss) (1,289,814) Non-operating revenues: 95,406 Gross Receipts tax revenue 22,885 Intergovernmental grants 1,077,352 Interest income 686 Non-operating revenue 1,196,329 Net Income (93,485) Net assets, beginning of year 3,925,699	Miscellaneous expense	2,202
Other contractual services 29,358 Payroll related expenses 68,435 Rent 13,400 Repairs & maintenance 1,293,255 Postage & freight 136 Service fees 11,709 Utilities 5,802 Total operating expenses 1,589,888 Operating income (loss) (1,289,814) Non-operating revenues: 95,406 Gross Receipts tax revenue 22,885 Intergovernmental grants 1,077,352 Interest income 686 Non-operating revenue 1,196,329 Net Income (93,485) Net assets, beginning of year 3,925,699	Mileage & per diem	7,996
Payroll related expenses 68,435 Rent 13,400 Repairs & maintenance 1,293,255 Postage & freight 136 Service fees 11,709 Utilities 5,802 Total operating expenses 1,589,888 Operating income (loss) (1,289,814) Non-operating revenues: 95,406 Gross Receipts tax revenue 22,885 Intergovernmental grants 1,077,352 Interest income 686 Non-operating revenue 1,196,329 Net Income (93,485) Net assets, beginning of year 3,925,699	Office expenses	25,074
Rent 13,400 Repairs & maintenance 1,293,255 Postage & freight 136 Service fees 11,709 Utilities 5,802 Total operating expenses 1,589,888 Operating income (loss) (1,289,814) Non-operating revenues: 95,406 Gross Receipts tax revenue 22,885 Intergovernmental grants 1,077,352 Interest income 686 Non-operating revenue 1,196,329 Net Income (93,485) Net assets, beginning of year 3,925,699	Other contractual services	29,358
Repairs & maintenance 1,293,255 Postage & freight 136 Service fees 11,709 Utilities 5,802 Total operating expenses 1,589,888 Operating income (loss) (1,289,814) Non-operating revenues: 95,406 Gross Receipts tax revenue 22,885 Intergovernmental grants 1,077,352 Interest income 686 Non-operating revenue 1,196,329 Net Income (93,485) Net assets, beginning of year 3,925,699	Payroll related expenses	68,435
Postage & freight 136 Service fees 11,709 Utilities 5,802 Total operating expenses 1,589,888 Operating income (loss) (1,289,814) Non-operating revenues: 95,406 Gross Receipts tax revenue 22,885 Intergovernmental grants 1,077,352 Interest income 686 Non-operating revenue 1,196,329 Net Income (93,485) Net assets, beginning of year 3,925,699	Rent	13,400
Service fees 11,709 Utilities 5,802 Total operating expenses 1,589,888 Operating income (loss) (1,289,814) Non-operating revenues: 95,406 Gross Receipts tax revenue 22,885 Intergovernmental grants 1,077,352 Interest income 686 Non-operating revenue 1,196,329 Net Income (93,485) Net assets, beginning of year 3,925,699	Repairs & maintenance	1,293,255
Utilities 5,802 Total operating expenses 1,589,888 Operating income (loss) (1,289,814) Non-operating revenues: 95,406 Gross Receipts tax revenue 22,885 Intergovernmental grants 1,077,352 Interest income 686 Non-operating revenue 1,196,329 Net Income (93,485) Net assets, beginning of year 3,925,699	Postage & freight	136
Total operating expenses 1,589,888 Operating income (loss) (1,289,814) Non-operating revenues: 95,406 Gross Receipts tax revenue 22,885 Intergovernmental grants 1,077,352 Interest income 686 Non-operating revenue 1,196,329 Net Income (93,485) Net assets, beginning of year 3,925,699	Service fees	11,709
Operating income (loss)(1,289,814)Non-operating revenues:95,406Property taxes95,406Gross Receipts tax revenue22,885Intergovernmental grants1,077,352Interest income686Non-operating revenue1,196,329Net Income(93,485)Net assets, beginning of year3,925,699	Utilities	5,802
Non-operating revenues:Property taxes95,406Gross Receipts tax revenue22,885Intergovernmental grants1,077,352Interest income686Non-operating revenue1,196,329Net Income(93,485)Net assets, beginning of year3,925,699	Total operating expenses	1,589,888
Property taxes 95,406 Gross Receipts tax revenue 22,885 Intergovernmental grants 1,077,352 Interest income 686 Non-operating revenue 1,196,329 Net Income (93,485) Net assets, beginning of year 3,925,699	Operating income (loss)	(1,289,814)
Gross Receipts tax revenue 22,885 Intergovernmental grants 1,077,352 Interest income 686 Non-operating revenue 1,196,329 Net Income (93,485) Net assets, beginning of year 3,925,699	Non-operating revenues:	
Intergovernmental grants1,077,352Interest income686Non-operating revenue1,196,329Net Income(93,485)Net assets, beginning of year3,925,699	Property taxes	95,406
Interest income686Non-operating revenue1,196,329Net Income(93,485)Net assets, beginning of year3,925,699	Gross Receipts tax revenue	22,885
Non-operating revenue 1,196,329 Net Income (93,485) Net assets, beginning of year 3,925,699	Intergovernmental grants	1,077,352
Net Income (93,485) Net assets, beginning of year 3,925,699	Interest income	686
Net assets, beginning of year 3,925,699	Non-operating revenue	1,196,329
	Net Income	(93,485)
Net assets, at end of year \$ 3,832,214	Net assets, beginning of year	3,925,699
	Net assets, at end of year	\$ 3,832,214

El Prado Water and Sanitation District Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from grantors and customers	\$ 1,377,426	
Cash paid to suppliers and employees	(1,874,469)	
Other income	12,062	
Non-exchange taxes assessed	95,406	
Net cash flows used by operating activities		\$ (389,575)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Increase in plant in service		
Net cash flows used by investing activities		
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Principal Pmts on LTD	(140,258)	
Issuance of long-term debt	575,000	
Net cash flows provided by financing activities		434,742
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		45,167
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		 174,091
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year		\$ 219,258
Reconciliation of change in net assets to		
net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)		\$ (1,289,814)
Adjustment to reconcile change in net income to net		
cash provided by operating activities:		
Interest received		686
Intergovernmental grants		1,077,352
Gross Receipts Tax		22,885
Depreciation		-
Decrease (Increase) in:		
Accounts receivable		(1,657)
Grants receivable		(199,174)
Prepaid expenses		(5)
Increase (Decrease) in:		
Accounts payable		260
Accrued expenses		 (108)
Net cash used by operating activities		\$ (389,575)

Variances

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

El Prado Water & Sanitation District General Fund

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Budgeted A ginal 265,100 - 265,100	Final \$ 293,091 25 293,116	Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) \$ 293,091 25		favorable) l to Actual -
265,100	\$ 293,091 25	Basis) \$ 293,091 25		l to Actual
265,100	\$ 293,091 25	\$ 293,091 25		-
<u> </u>	25	25	\$	-
<u> </u>	25	25	\$	-
265,100				
265,100	293 116	202 116		
	2,3,110	293,116		
200	162	162		_
2,000	776	776		_
650	456	456		_
-	_	_		_
80,000	82,306	82,306		-
6,500	7,992	7,992		-
4,500	4,905	4,905		-
-	-	-		-
4,100	2,998	2,998		-
4,000	6,937	6,937		-
7,600	13,199	13,199		-
10,000	34,745	34,745		-
69,700	68,665	68,665		-
38	38	38		-
10,070	13,498	13,498		_
5,500	1,198	1,198		-
161,302	1,601,818	1,601,818		-
6,800	9,312	9,312		_
372,960	1,849,005	1,849,005		
107,860)	(1,555,889)	(1,555,889)		
5.810	203.532	_		(203,532)
		19.913		-
	,			_
				-
1,250	686	686		
107,860	1,555,988	1,352,456		(203,532)
-	\$ -	\$ (203,433)	\$	(203,532)
	2,000 650 	2,000 776 650 456 80,000 82,306 6,500 7,992 4,500 4,905 4,100 2,998 4,000 6,937 7,600 13,199 10,000 34,745 69,700 68,665 38 38 10,070 13,498 5,500 1,198 161,302 1,601,818 6,800 9,312 372,960 1,849,005 107,860) (1,555,889) 5,810 203,532 10,000 19,913 79,200 91,642 11,600 1,240,215 1,250 686	2,000 776 776 650 456 456 80,000 82,306 82,306 6,500 7,992 7,992 4,500 4,905 4,905 4,100 2,998 2,998 4,000 6,937 6,937 7,600 13,199 13,199 10,000 34,745 34,745 69,700 68,665 68,665 38 38 38 10,070 13,498 13,498 5,500 1,198 1,198 161,302 1,601,818 1,601,818 6,800 9,312 9,312 872,960 1,849,005 1,849,005 107,860) (1,555,889) (1,555,889) 5,810 203,532 - 10,000 19,913 19,913 79,200 91,642 91,642 11,600 1,240,215 1,240,215 1,250 686 686 107,860 1,555,988 1,352,456	2,000 776 776 650 456 456 80,000 82,306 82,306 6,500 7,992 7,992 4,500 4,905 4,905 4,100 2,998 2,998 4,000 6,937 6,937 7,600 13,199 13,199 10,000 34,745 34,745 69,700 68,665 68,665 38 38 38 10,070 13,498 13,498 5,500 1,198 1,198 161,302 1,601,818 1,601,818 6,800 9,312 9,312 872,960 1,849,005 1,849,005 107,860) (1,555,889) (1,555,889) 5,810 203,532 - 10,000 19,913 19,913 79,200 91,642 91,642 11,600 1,240,215 1,240,215 1,250 686 686 107,860 1,555,988 1,352,456

EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

El Prado Water & Sanitation District (the District) is a political sub-division of the State of New Mexico that was authorized by the District Court for Taos County on August 12, 1981.

The District is engaged in the development of a water and sanitation district for the El Prado area in Northern New Mexico. The District serves approximately 370 units, providing drinking water and sewer services to the local people in the rural, non-Indian communities of Taos County.

The Board consists of five members elected by the qualified voters for six year terms. The Board appoints qualified personnel to guide and direct the operations of the District. The Board also approves all major contracts, capital outlay, and other decisions involving the District.

The financial statements of El Prado Water & Sanitation District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The operations of the District are accounted for in one fund.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units.

A. Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB-14.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organization if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it.

A primary government has the ability to impose its will on an organization if it can significantly influence the programs, projects, or activities of, or the level of services performed or provided by, the organization. A financial benefit or burden relationship exists if the primary government:

EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

- 1. Is entitled to the organization's resources;
- 2. Is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to the organization; or
- 3. Is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization.

A. Reporting Entity

Some organizations are included as component units because of their fiscal dependency on the primary government. An organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government if it is unable to adopt its budget, levy taxes or set rates or charges, or issue bonded debt without approval by the primary government.

The El Prado Water & Sanitation District did not have any component units during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009.

B. Business-Type Activities

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expense of a given function or segments is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirement of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied.

The proprietary fund is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. The revenues are recognized when they are earned, and the expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Billed water and sanitation services receivable are recorded at year-end once operations begin.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Sales and use taxes are classified as derived tax revenues and are recognized as revenue when the underlying exchange takes place and the revenues are measurable and available. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue items and are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Amounts reported as program revenues are charges to customers who purchase or use or directly benefit from the goods or services provided by the District.

The proprietary fund is accounted for on a cost of services of "capital maintenance" measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund equity (net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and net assets components. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent standards subject to this same limitation. The District has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

The District reports its proprietary fund as a major governmental fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Proprietary fund distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the fund's principal

EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation, continued

ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the District's enterprise fund is charged for water and wastewater services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

Cash and Temporary Investments: The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the District to invest in Certificates of Deposit, obligations of the U.S. Government, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Investments for the District are reported at fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. The State Treasurer's Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Encumbrances: Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed.

Accounts Receivable: All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. The receivables due at June 30, 2009 consist of customer water and sewer fees, and property taxes collected by Taos County and other receivables. All receivables are considered current and collectible. Property taxes are levied on November 1 based on the assessed value of property as listed on the previous January 1 and are due in two payments by November 10th and April 10th. The taxes are an enforceable lien on the property.

Prepaid Items: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and proprietary financial statements.

Capital Assets: Capital assets, which include property, plant, computer software, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity, continued

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. No interest was included as part of the cost of capital assets under construction.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>		<u>Years</u>
	Permanent Buildings	40
	Land Improvements	40
	Furniture & Equipment	7
	Utility Plant in Service	40

Compensated Absences: Full time employees of the District are entitled to accumulate vacation and sick leave. Leave is granted according to a graduated leave schedule, depending on length of service, the employee's hire date and the employee's employment status. Upon termination, employees will be paid for accrued annual leave, but not for sick leave.

Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In prior years, substantially all of the related expenditures have been liquidated by the general fund. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the government-wide statement of net assets.

Long-term Obligations: In the government-wide fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statements of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Net Assets: In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of net assets that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of net assets represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates affecting the District's financial statements include management's estimate of the useful lives of capital assets.

EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

E. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District pays an annual premium for all of the above risks. There have been no claims for the past five years.

F. Advertising

Advertising costs are expenses as incurred. Advertising costs for the year ended June 30, 2009 were \$813.

NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budget for the Enterprise Fund is prepared by management and is approved by the Board of Directors.

These budgets are prepared on the Non-GAAP cash basis, excluding encumbrances, and secure appropriation of funds for only one year. Carryover funds must be re-appropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year.

Actual expenditure may not exceed the budget on a per fund basis, i.e., total budgeted expenditure must be within total budgeted amounts. Budgets may be amended in one way. If a budget transfer is necessary within a major category called a "resolution," this may be accomplished with only Board of Directors approval.

The budgetary information presented in these financial statements has been amended in accordance with the above procedures.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. On or before July 1 of each year, the Board of Directors, approves and certifies to the estimated operating budgets for use by the local board pending final approval from the State of New Mexico.
- 2. The State of New Mexico approves the budget for the District to utilize during the year.
- 3. Budget adjustments may be made during the year. The Board of Directors approves budget resolutions to increase or decrease revenue and/or expenditure line items during the year.

<u>Federal Projects</u> – Federal categorical grants are budgeted on the grant's project year rather than the District's fiscal year and, therefore, may not reflect cash basis budgeting. Unexpended portions of prior year's programs are re-budgeted into the subsequent year's program budget. Since the programs are incomplete at June 30, the schedules of budgeted and actual revenue and expenditures present unrealized revenue and expended budget, rather than budget saving.

EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes authorize the investment of District funds in a wide variety of instruments including certificates of deposit and other similar obligations, state investment pool, money market accounts, and United States Government obligations. All invested funds of the District properly followed state investment requirements as of June 30, 2009.

Deposits of funds may be made in interest or non-interest bearing checking accounts in one or more banks or savings and loan associations within the geographical boundaries of the District. Deposits may be made to the extent that they are insured by an agency of the United States or by collateral deposited as security or by bond given by the financial institution.

The rate of interest in non-demand interesting-bearing accounts shall be set by the State Board of Finance, but in no case shall the rate of interest be less than one hundred percent of the asked price on United States treasury bills of the same maturity on the day of deposit.

Excess of funds may be temporarily invested in securities which are issued by the State or by the United States government, or by their departments or agencies, and which are either direct obligations of the State or the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of those governments.

The collateral pledged is listed on Schedule I of this report. The types of collateral allowed are limited to direct obligations of the United States Government and all bonds issued by an agency, District or political subdivision of the State of New Mexico.

According to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, public unit deposits are funds owned by the public unit. Time deposits, savings deposits and interest bearing NOW accounts of a public unit in an institution in the same state will be insured up to \$100,000 in aggregate and separate from the \$100,000 coverage for public unit demand deposits at the same institution.

All of the investments of El Prado Water & Sanitation District at June 30, 2009, were in short-term investments with a maturity date within a year of the date acquired by the District or in the State Treasurer's pooled investments. The investments are stated at cost, which also approximates market value.

The District's practice is to limit deposits and investments to insured and collateralized time accounts and certificates of deposit with a maturity of less than one year.

EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, continued

Deposits

New Mexico state statutes require collateral pledged for deposits in excess of the federal deposit insurance to be delivered, or a joint safekeeping receipts be issued, to the District for a least one half of the uninsured amount on deposit with the institution. The schedule listed below will meet the State of New Mexico, Office of the State Auditor's requirements in reporting the insured portion of the deposits.

	Centinel Bank	1st State Bank
Total amounts of deposits	\$ 191,701	\$ 28,263
FDIC coverage	(133,670)	(28,263)
Total uninsured public funds	\$ 58,031	
Collateral requirement (50%		
of uninsured public funds)	\$ 29,015	-
Pledged Collateral held by pledging bank's trust department or agent but not in the agency's name	-	-
Total under (over) collateralized	\$ 29,015	
Custodial credit risk-Uninsured deposits	\$ 29,015	\$ -

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, other than following states statutes as put forth in the Public Money Act (Section 6-10-1 to 6-10-63, NMSA 1978). At June 30, 2009, \$29,015 of the District's bank balance of \$219,964 was exposed to custodial credit risk because \$29,015 was uninsured and the collateral was held by the pledging bank's trust department, not in the District's name. At June 30, 2009, the carrying amount of these deposits was \$219,258 as shown on the next page.

Investments

As of June 30, 2009, the District had the following investments and maturities:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Investment Maturities
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Less than 1 Year
Certificate of Deposit	\$ 33,670	\$ 33,670

EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, continued

Business-type funds - Balance Sheet

Cash and cash equivalents per Exhibit A-1 219,258

Add outstanding checks and other reconciling items 906
220,164

Less petty cash (200)

Bank balance of deposits \$ 219,964

329,671

NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES

Total

Receivables as of June 30, 2009, are as follows:

Property taxes	\$	8,565
Customer Receivables		63,017
Grants Receivables	2	253,762
Gross Receipts Taxes Receivables		4,327

The above receivables are deemed 100% collectible.

EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

NOTE 5. PREPAID EXPENSES

The District has insurance policies that are paid in advance and are expensed monthly. There was \$352 of prepaid insurance at June 30, 2009.

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

		Balance	Additions		Deletions]	Balance
Land	\$	440,522	\$	_	\$	_	\$	440,522
Construction in progress		910,975		-		-		910,975
Water Rights		1,571,200		-		-		1,571,200
Utility plant in service		2,921,770		-		-		2,921,770
Total Capital Assets		5,844,467		_				5,844,467
Less accumulated depreciation Utility plant in service		(1,279,663)		_		<u>-</u>		(1,279,663)
Total capital assets, net	\$	4,564,804	\$		\$		\$	4,564,804
The District, did not record depre	ciatio	on expense for	the year ende	ed June 30), 2009.			
Utility Plant							\$	
Total Depreciation Expe	nse						\$	-

EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

During the year ended June 30, 2009, the following changes occurred in the liabilities reported in the government-wide statement of net assets:

	F	Balance	A	dditions	Re	tirements]	Balance	Amount I	Due Within
USDA/RUS 4.25%	\$	49,222	\$	-	\$	5 520	\$	48,702	\$	542
USDA/RUS 4.25%		240,842		-		2,770		238,072		2,952
NMFA Loan 0%		70,938		-		4,985		65,953		4,997
NMFA Loan 0%		53,422		-		3,754		49,668		3,764
Centinel Bank		442,159		-		32,917		409,242		34,947
Centinel Bank		-		198,600		198,600		-		-
NMFA-WTB Loan 0%		45,957		-		2,499		43,458		2,506
NMFA WTB Loan				400,000		12,914		387,086		19,917
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	902,540	\$	598,600	\$	258,959	\$	1,242,181	\$	69,625

The annual requirements to amortize the USDA/RUS, 4.25% as of June 30, 2009, including interest are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2010	\$ 542	\$ 2,059	\$ 2,601
2011	566	2,035	2,601
2012	590	2,011	2,601
2013	617	1,986	2,603
2014	643	1,959	2,602
2015-2019	3,658	9,352	13,010
2020-2024	4,520	8,488	13,008
2025-2029	5,589	7,420	13,009
2030-2034	6,909	6,100	13,009
2035-2039	8,542	4,465	13,007
2041-2044	10,561	2,448	13,009
2045-2047	5,964	322	6,286
Total	\$ 48,701	\$ 48,645	\$ 97,346

EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT, continued

The annual requirements to amortize the USDA/RUS, 4.25% as of June 30, 2009, including interest are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Princ	eipal	Inter	rest	Tota	1
2010	\$	2,952	\$	10,056	\$	13,008
2011		3,080		9,928		13,008
2012		3,214		9,795		13,009
2013		3,353		9,656		13,009
2014		3,498		9,510		13,008
2015-2019		19,901		45,142		65,043
2020-2024		24,654		40,440		65,094
2025-2029		30,418		34,625		65,043
2030-2034		37,607		27,438		65,045
2035-2039		46,493		18,551		65,044
2041-2044		57,478		7,564		65,042
2045-2047		5,424		57		5,481
Total _	\$	238,072	\$	222,762	\$	460,834

The annual requirements to amortize the NMFA, 0% as of June 30, 2009, including admin fees are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Princ	ipal	Adm	in Fee	Total	
2010	\$	4,997	\$	165	\$	5,162
2011		5,010		152		5,162
2012		5,023		140		5,163
2013		5,035		127		5,162
2014		5,048		115		5,163
2015-2019		25,429		384		25,813
2020-2022		15,411		77		15,488
Total	\$	65,953	\$	1,160	\$	67,113

EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT, continued

The annual requirements to amortize the NMFA, 0% as of June 30, 2009, including admin fees are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Prin	cipal	Admin	Fee	Total	
2010	\$	3,764	\$	115	\$	3,879
2011		3,773		105		3,878
2012		3,782		96		3,878
2013		3,792		86		3,878
2014		3,801		77		3,878
2015-2019		19,150		241		19,391
2020-2022		11,606		58		11,664
Total	\$	49,668	\$	778	\$	50,446

The annual requirements to amortize the Centinel Bank, 6% as of June 30, 2009, including interest are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Princi	ipal	Intere	est	Total	
2010	\$	34,947	\$	23,604	\$	58,551
2011		37,103		21,448		58,551
2012		39,391		19,160		58,551
2013		41,821		16,730		58,551
2014		44,400		14,151		58,551
2015-2019		211,580		27,503		239,083
Total	\$	409,242	\$	122,596	\$	531,838

EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT, continued

The annual requirements to amortize the NMFA- Water Trust Board Loan, 0%, as of June 30, 2009 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal
2010	\$ 2,506
2011	2,512
2012	2,518
2013	2,524
2014	2,531
2015-2019	12,749
2020-2024	12,909
2025-2029	5,209
Total	\$ 43,458

The annual requirements to amortize the NMFA Loan, 0%, as of June 30, 2009 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal
2010	\$ 19,917
2011	19,967
2012	20,017
2013	20,068
2014	20,118
2015-2019	101,348
2020-2024	102,624
2025-2029	83,027
Total	\$ 387,086

EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

NOTE 8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The District is insured through a commercial insurance agency for all insurable risks and employee benefits. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past four years.

NOTE 9. LITIGATION

The District is a party to legal actions arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, based in part on discussions with legal counsel, resolution of such matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position and operating results of the District.

EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

NOTE 10. SURETY BOND

District Officials and employees of the District are covered by a surety bond as required by Section 12-6-7, NMSA, 1978 Compilation.

NOTE 11. PENSION PLAN- PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION

Plan Description. Substantially all of El Prado Water and Sanitation District's full-time employees participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978). The Public Employee Retirement Association (PERA) is the administrator of the plan, which is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement benefits, disability benefits, survivor benefits, and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. PERA issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. The report may be obtained by writing to PERA, P.O. Box 2123, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2123. The report is available on PERA's website at www.pera.state.nm.us.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute 9.15% of gross salary. El Prado Water and Sanitation District is required to contribute 9.15% of the gross covered salary. The contribution requirements of plan members and the El Prado Water and Sanitation District are established in state statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. The District's contributions to PERA for the year ended June 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$17,880, \$14,206, and \$12,844 respectively.

NOTE 12. RETIREE HEALTH CARE

The District had full-time employees during the year; however the District does not participate in the Retiree Health Care Act program.

NOTE 13. JOINT POWERS AGREEMENT

Town of Taos

Purpose

For the Town to provide treatment for the District's wastewater and for the District to purchase such wastewater services from the Town.

Participants

El Prado Water & Sanitation District and the Town of Taos

Responsibility Party for Operation and Audit

None

Beginning and Ending Date of Agreement

Operating month to month until new operating agreement reached.

Total Estimated Amount of Project and Actual Amount Contributed Unknown

EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

NOTE 14. FEDERAL AND STATE GRANTS

In the normal course of operations, the District receives grant funds from various federal and state agencies. Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as a result of these audits is not believed to be material.

NOTE 15. SUBSEQUENT ACCOUNTING STANDARDS PRONOUNCEMENTS

In August 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments, which is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2009. The Statement addresses the recognition, measurement, and disclosure of information regarding derivative instruments entered into by State and Local Governments. The District is analyzing the effect that this statement will have on its financial statements, and currently believes it will have no significant effect on the financial statements of the upcoming year.

In April 2009, the Governmental Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 30, 2010. Early implementation is encouraged. The objective of this statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions. The District is analyzing the effect that this statement will have on its financial statements, and currently believes it will have no significant effect on the financial statements of the upcoming year.

In December 2010, the GASB issued Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements. That Statement supersedes Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting. Statement 62 is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2011, with early application encouraged. The objective of this statement is to provide non-conflicting pronouncements between FASB and GASB. The District is reviewing the effects of the implementation of this statement.

In June 2011, the GASB issued Statement No. 63, Financial reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and net Position which is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2011. Earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this statement is to provide financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Concepts Statement No. 4, Elements of Financial Statements, introduced and defined those elements as a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, and an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, respectively. Previous financial reporting standards do not include guidance for reporting those financial statement elements, which are distinct from assets and liabilities. Concepts Statement 4 also identifies net position as the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of financial position. This Statement amends the net asset reporting requirements in Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, and other pronouncements by incorporating

EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

NOTE 15. SUBSEQUENT ACCOUNTING STANDARDS PRONOUNCEMENTS, continued

deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources into the definitions of the required components of the residual measure and by renaming that measure as net position, rather than net assets. The District is reviewing the effects of the implementation of this statement.

The GASB issued Statement No. 65, Financial reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and net Position which is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. Earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this statement is to provide financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Concepts Statement No. 4, Elements of Financial Statements, introduced and defined those elements as a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, and an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, respectively. Previous financial reporting standards do not include guidance for reporting those financial statement elements, which are distinct from assets and liabilities. Concepts Statement 4 also identifies net position as the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of financial position. This Statement amends the net asset reporting requirements in Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, and other pronouncements by incorporating deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources into the definitions of the required components of the residual measure and by renaming that measure as net position, rather than net assets. The District is reviewing the effects of the implementation of this statement.

The GASB issued Statement No. 66, which is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. Earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this statement is to amend Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues, by removing the provision that limits fund-based reporting of a state and local government's risk financing activities to the general fund and the internal service fund type. As a result, government would base their decisions about governmental fund type usage for risk financing activities on the definitions in State NO. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This statement also amends

Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, by modifying the specific guidance on accounting for (1) operating lease payments that vary from a straight-line basis, (2) the difference between the initial investment (purchase price) and that principal amount of a purchased loan or group of loans, and (3) servicing fees related to mortgage loans that are sold when the stated service fee rate differs significantly from a current (normal) servicing fee. These changes would eliminate any uncertainty regarding the application of Statement No. 13, Accounting for Operating Leases with Schedule Rent Increases, and result in guidance that is consistent with the requirements in Statement No. 48, Sales of Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues, respectively. The District is reviewing the effects of the implementation of this statement.

EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

NOTE 16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Since June 30, 2009, the District has continued to purchase water rights as funding became available. In addition, the District entered into several new grant/loan agreements totaling approximately \$4.5 million dollars for infrastructure. \$4 million will be provided by NM Water Trust Board.

As a part of the Abeyta settlement reached in 2010, the State and Federal governments will contribute funding towards new infrastructure for the parties involved. All parties involved in the lawsuit will receive an allocated portion, not to exceed their specific project cost. The maximum amount for El Prado Water and Sanitation District is determined to be approximately \$15 million. The funding will not be available until 2017.

In 2011, the District paid out a \$4,000 fine to the Federal EPA for illegal release of treated water into a stream, which was shared equally between the District and the contractor.

In 2011, a contractor to the District has filed its intent to sue the District for \$680,000 for alleged misappropriation of assets in the construction of a water line. The District believes that this claim is unfounded. A review of the supporting documents did not indicate a misappropriation of assets.

In September 2012, the District, in an attempt to settle with the contractor, offered an amount that has not been accepted.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule I

EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT Schedule of Collateral Pledged by Depository June 30, 2009

Name of Depository	Description of Pledged Collateral	Fair/Par Market Value June 30, 2009	Name and Location of Safekeeper
Centinel Bank	No Pledged Collateral as of June 30, 2009	\$ -	
		\$ -	

Schedule II

EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT

Schedule of Deposits and Investments June 30, 2009

Bank Account Type/Name	Centinel Bank	1st State Bank	Totals
Checking CD	\$ 158,031 33,670	\$ 28,263	\$ 186,294 33,670
Total On Deposit	\$ 191,701	\$ 28,263	\$ 219,964
Reconciling Items			(906)
Petty Cash			200
Reconciled Cash and Investments, June 30, 2009			\$ 219,258

Schedule III

EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT

Cash Reconciliation June 30, 2009

	Centinel Bank	1st State Bank	Total
Bank balance end of year Deposits in transit Outstanding checks	\$ 191,701 - (906)	\$ 28,263	\$ 219,964 - (906)
Cash, June 30, 2009	\$ 190,795	\$ 28,263	219,058
Petty Cash Total Cash, June 30, 2009			200 \$ 219,258



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Hector Balderas New Mexico State Auditor and Office of Management & Budget Board of Directors El Prado Water & Sanitation District El Prado, New Mexico

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the budgetary comparisons of the State of New Mexico, El Prado Water & Sanitation District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents and have issued our qualified report thereon dated September 21, 2012. We also have audited the financial statements of each of the District's non-major governmental funds and all the budgetary comparisons presented as supplementary information in the accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009 as listed in the table of contents. Except as noted in our report, we conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the District's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings as FS 2006-05, FS 2007-02, and FS 2007-03 to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and, accordingly, would not disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings at FS 2006-03, and FS 2006-04 to be material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed seven instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings at FS 2006-03, FS 2006-05, FS 2007-01, FS 2007-02, and FS 2007-03 to be compliance matters.

El Prado Water and Sanitation District's responses to the findings are identified in our audit and are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit the District's responses and accordingly, we do not express an opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, others within the organization, the Office of the State Auditor, New Mexico Legislature, New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Precision Accounting, LLC

Precision Accounting LLC

September 21, 2012

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Section I – Prior year findings:

FS-06-03 Audit Report- Repeated and Revised

FS-06-04 Reconciliation of Capital Asset Inventory-Repeated and Revised

FS-06-05 Pledged Collateral-Repeated and Revised

FS-07-01 Missing I-9's-Repeated and Revised

FS-07-02 Overtime Compliance with FLSA-Repeated and Revised

FS-07-03 Travel and Per Diem Act-Repeated and Revised

FS 2006-03 Late Audit Report (repeated and revised)

CONDITION: The annual financial and compliance audit for the year ending June 30, 2009 was not conducted or submitted on or before December 1, 2009.

CRITERIA: NMAC 2.2.2.9 requires that the financial and compliance audit of a water and sanitation district be completed and submitted to the New Mexico State Auditor on or before December 1 of the same year.

CAUSE OF CONDITION: The District did not have the funding for an audit of its books.

EFFECT OF CONDITION: The District is in violation of NMAC 2.2.2.9 having failed to submit their annual audit by the required date which could jeopardize the District's eligibility for funding from the State Legislature and Federal agencies.

RECOMMENDATION: We recommend that the District comply with the regulatory requirements regarding the completion of the financial and compliance.

CLIENT RESPONSE: The District recognizes the need for timely completion of annual audits and has, as of September 2012 completed the audits for Fiscal years ending June 30, 2008, 2009, and 2010. The District will make it a top priority to comply.

AUDITOR RESPONSE: The District will have the 2008, 2009 and 2010 audit submitted by December 1, 2012.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

FS 2006-05 Pledged Collateral (repeated and revised)

CONDITION: During our review of pledged collateral, we noted that one of the banks for the El Prado Water and Sanitation District did not maintain adequate pledged collateral to meet the requirements set forth in state statutes. The amount of inadequate pledged collateral was \$29,015 as shown on page 34.

CRITERIA: 6.10.16, NMSA 1978 states that securities which are obligations of the State of New Mexico, its agencies, institutions, counties, municipalities or other subdivisions shall be accepted as security at par value. All other securities shall be accepted as security at market value. The restrictions of Subsection A of this section apply to all securities subject to this subsection. The banks are required to pledge securities valued as least as 50% of the funds on deposit in excess of the FDIC insurance coverage.

CAUSE OF CONDITION: A lack of monitoring of pledged collateral by the District and the Bank did not provide sufficient pledged collateral for the bank balances.

EFFECT OF CONDITION: The District appears to not be in compliance with 6.10.16, NMSA 1978 pertaining to pledged collateral of public funds.

RECOMMENDATION: We recommend that management of the District contact the bank and request that the bank come into compliance with the required statutes and that the District implement a monitoring process for pledged collateral on a monthly basis.

CLIENT RESPONSE: The General Manager has found that the District is currently covered by the FDIC for up to \$250,000 until December 2012 and has contacted Centinel Bank of Taos and asked them to implement pledged collateral on the Districts accounts as well as a monitoring process for the pledged collateral.

AUDITOR RESPONSE: After the 2007 audit conducted in October 2011, the District came into compliance with the pledged collateral requirements effective November 2011.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

FS 2006-04 Capital Assets (repeated and revised)

CONDITION: The District does not maintain a depreciation schedule detailing all of the capital assets of the District.

CRITERIA: A depreciation schedule with corresponding depreciation expense accrual is required by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. In addition, control over the District's capital assets is exercised thru the maintenance of a detail capital asset schedule.

CAUSE OF CONDITION: The District personnel were short staffed resulting in the lack of maintenance of a capital asset schedule with depreciation.

EFFECT OF CONDITION: The financial statements of the District do not reflect the annual depreciation expense and the balance sheet does not reflect an accurate capital asset costs and related accumulated depreciation amounts.

RECOMMENDATION: We recommend that the District implement procedures to maintain the schedules as the District moves forward.

CLIENT RESPONSE: The General Manager and staff of the El Prado Water and Sanitation District will begin immediately to gather all information since the Districts inception, detailing all of the Districts Capital Assets in order to comply with an up-to-date Depreciation Schedule.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

FS 2007-01 Missing I-9's (repeated and revised)

CONDITION: While reviewing personnel files, we found that the District is not in compliance with the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986. Three instances of non-compliance were noted which could result in a fine up to \$600.00.

CRITERIA: The Reform and Control Act of 1986 requires all employees hired after November 6, 1986 to complete a form I-9 within 3 days of hire. This form is to be retained for three years after the date of hire or one year after the date employment ends, whichever is later.

CAUSE OF CONDITION: Upon examination of the District's personnel files, there were no I-9 forms on file for any employee.

EFFECT OF CONDITION: The District could be fined \$200 for each missing I-9 form if they were to be audited by the Department of Homeland Security.

RECOMMENDATION: The District should get I-9 forms from all their employees.

COSTS AND BENEFITS OF RECOMMENDED ACTION: There is no cost to the District yet the benefits are compliance with the Reform and Control Act of 1986.

CLIENT RESPONSE: The General Manager of the District has received an I-9 form and has completed one for all current employees. It will be policy to obtain and I-9 form from new hires from this date forward in order to keep in compliance with the Reform and Control Act of 1986.

AUDITOR RESPONSE: After the 2007 audit conducted in October 2011, the District came into compliance with the Patriot Act requirements for all current employees effective November 2011.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

FS 2007-02 Overtime-Compliance with FLSA (repeated and revised)

CONDITION: While reviewing personnel files, we found that the District is not complying with the Fair Labor Standards Act (29 CFR 778) with respect to over-time payments for non-exempt personnel and hours worked over forty hours during a seven day period. Two instances of non-compliance totaling \$54.43 were noted.

CRITERIA: The Fair Labor Standards Act (29 CFR 778) requires that non-exempt employees be compensated for all hours worked over 40 hours either by over-time pay at time and one-half or by compensatory time off.

CAUSE OF CONDITION: Three (3) employees were only paid straight time for the hours worked over 40 hours during a workweek when they should have received payment at 1 and ½ times. As they were paid straight time for the hours worked, they need to be paid the additional half time.

EFFECT OF CONDITION: Applying that percentage to the entire payroll, the projected error would be an underpayment of \$1,915. The District could be held liable for back overtime pay for all eligible employees for the three (3) previous years.

RECOMMENDATION: The District needs to review their overtime policies and procedures to insure that they are complying with the Fair Labor Standards Act and their own personnel policy. The District need to determine the employment status for the General Manager as an exempt or non-exempt position and put that determination in a job description. The District need to start paying overtime for hours worked over 40 per work week or establish a compensatory time policy. The District should review prior time records to pay the ½ time due for hours worked over 40.

CLIENT RESPONSE: The Board of Directors of the District will amend and/or adopt the Overtime Policies and Procedures to insure that the District staff is compensated at time and one-half for all hours worked over forty hours during a seven day period or by Compensatory time off beginning immediately.

The General Manager also will immediately begin to implement the 1 1/2 time overtime pay schedule or calculate compensatory time.

In addition the Secretary/Treasurer has volunteered to compute all hours worked over a 40 hour work were less compensatory time from 2009 - 2011 in order to comply with the Fair Labor Standards Act and arrive at the amount the District needs to compensate its non-exempt personnel.

AUDITOR RESPONSE: After the 2007 audit conducted in October 2011, the District came into compliance with the Fair Labor Standards Act by reconstructing overtime for the previous years and making retribution to its employees effective November 2011.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

FS-2007-03 Travel and Per Diem Act (repeated and revised)

CONDITION: While reviewing travel and mileage reimbursements it was noted that the District was not complying with the State Travel and Per Diem Act with respect to eight instances of mileage rates, six instances of actual expense maximums and two instances of required supporting documentation. These instances of non-compliance were estimated to be approximately \$1,500.

CRITERIA: 2-42-2 NMAC Chapter 42 Regulations over Travel and Per Diem 2.42.2.11.B (1) – Mileage-Private Conveyance, reimbursement rate for privately owned automobiles, 32 cents, 2.42.2.11.D (2) mileage is reimbursed pursuant to actual mileage if the beginning and ending odometer reading is certified as true and correct by the traveler. 2.42.2.11. G Additional mileage provision: Mileage accrued while on official business shall be reimbursed for travel on official business. An agency head may authorize by memorandum reimbursement for mileage from a point of origin farther from the destination than the designated post of duty in appropriate circumstances. The memorandum must accompany the payment voucher. If official business is transacted while commuting from home to post of duty or from post of duty to home, mileage shall not be paid for the number of miles between post of duty and home. Odometer readings showing additional miles accrued for official business must be provided to the agency for payments. 2.42.2.9 Reimbursement of Actual Expenses in lieu of per diem rates: (A) Upon written request of a public officer or an employee, agency heads may grant written approval for a public office of that agency or local public body to reimburse actual expenses in lieu of the per diem where overnight travel is required. (2) Actual reimbursement for meals: Actual expenses for meals are limited by Section 10-8-4(KX2) NMSA 1978 to a maximum of \$30.00 for in-state travel for a 24 hour period. 2.42.2.8 B. Per Diem rates shall be paid to public officers and employees only in accordance with the provisions of this section. Partial Per Diem rate computations: 2.42.2.8.B (1) depending on the number of hours extending over the regular work day.

CAUSE OF CONDITION: All mileage reimbursements were reimbursed at the IRS rate of 44.5 or 48.5 cents per mile when state maximum was 32 cents per mile. All mileage reimbursements used a distance greater than map mileage without beginning and ending odometer readings. There was no memorandum attached to the voucher approving additional mileage. There were reimbursements for meals without receipts or business purposes being noted that exceeded the \$30 per day maximum. There were not any beginning and ending date and time for travel noted so partial day per diem could be calculated. Actual meals were reimbursed without an accompanying overnight stay. There were no travel vouchers attached to any of the 10 payment vouchers.

EFFECT OF CONDITION: The District has over-reimbursed their board or employees in 2008-2009. Meals were reimbursed without attached receipts and without accompanying overnight stay.

RECOMMENDATION: The District must comply with the State Travel and Per Diem Act and all of its various requirements. The District needs to develop a travel policy that would select either actual or per diem reimbursements and a travel voucher that would meet all the requirements of the Travel and Per Diem act such as beginning and ending travel dates and times and beginning and ending odometer readings. The District must train the Board and the employees on the Travel and Per Diem Act requirements.

CLIENT RESPONSE: The Board of the El Prado Water and Sanitation District at its next special meeting will amend and adopt a Travel Policy to comply with the State Travel and Per Diem Act requirements to become effective immediately.

AUDITOR RESPONSE: After the 2007 audit conducted in October 2011, the District came into compliance with the Travel and Per Diem Act.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT

Other Disclosures For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Section IV – Exit Conference

An exit conference was conducted on September 8, 2012, with the following individuals:

EL PRADO WATER & SANITATION DISTRICT

Telesfor R. Gonzales, Chairman

Christine Martinez, General Manager

John Painter, Member

Precision Accounting LLC

Melissa R. Santistevan, CPA, CFE, CGMA

C Jack Emmons, CPA, CFE, CGMA

Section V – Financial Statements

El Prado Water and Sanitation District has the capability of understanding and accepting the responsibility for its own GAAP-basis financial statements but has delegated the preparation of the financial statements to the auditors under the contract.