

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2010

atkinson

PRECISE. PERSONAL. PROACTIVE.

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PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF NEW MEXICO

Official Roster As of June 30, 2010

NAME TITLE

Ms. Cynthia D. Borrego Municipal Member, Chair Ms. Nancy Hewitt State Member, Vice Chair Ms. Mary E. Herrera Secretary of State Mr. James B. Lewis State Treasurer Mr. Oscar Arevalo State Member Mr. Francis Page State Member Ms. Annette Martinez-Varela State Member Mr. David A. Baca County Member Ms. Susan Biernacki Municipal Member Ms. Patricia French Municipal Member Retiree Member Mr. John Lucero Mr. Victor A. Montoya Retiree Member



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS | CONSULTANTS

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

To the Members of the Retirement Board of the Public Employees Retirement Association of New Mexico and Mr. Hector H. Balderas New Mexico State Auditor

We have audited the accompanying Statements of Plan Net Assets and Statements of Changes in Plan Net Assets of the Public Employees Retirement Fund, Judicial Retirement Fund, Magistrate Retirement Fund, and the Volunteer Firefighter Retirement Fund (collectively, the Funds) administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of New Mexico (PERA) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, as listed in the table of contents. We have also audited the Schedule of Revenues, Appropriations and Expenses – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) for the Public Employees Retirement Fund shown as supplemental information as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements and schedule are the responsibility of PERA's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements and schedule based on our audit. We did not audit the Deferred Compensation (IRC 457) Fund, which statements reflect total assets and revenues constituting 2.9 percent and 2.9 percent, respectively, of the related totals. The financial statements of the Deferred Compensation (IRC 457) Fund were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Deferred Compensation (IRC 457) Fund, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the PERA's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

For investments described in Note 6, the financial statements include investments classified as venture capital and alternatives and valued at \$1,716,197,232 (16.8% of net assets), whose fair values have been estimated by management in the absence of readily determinable fair values. Management's estimates are based on information provided by the fund managers or, in the case of investments in partnerships, the general partners.

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of PERA are intended to present the net assets and changes in net assets of only that portion of the State of New Mexico which are attributable to the transactions of the Funds administered by PERA. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of New Mexico as of June 30, 2010, and the changes in its financial position, for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In our opinion, based on the report of our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the plan net assets of PERA as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position of its plan net assets for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. In addition, in our opinion, the individual financial statements of each Fund referred to above present fairly, in all material respects the financial position of the plan net assets of each of the individual funds administered by PERA as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in the financial position of the plan net assets of the individual funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also, in our opinion, the Schedule of Revenues, Appropriations and Expenses - Budget and Actual, (Non-GAAP Basis) - Public Employees Retirement Fund presents fairly the revenues, appropriations and expenses in conformity with the basis of accounting as described in Note 10, for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Governmental Accounting Board Standard No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments, was implemented by PERA as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010 (See Note 4).

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 12, 2010, on our consideration of PERA's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 14 and the Required Supplementary Schedules of Funding Progress and of Contributions from Employers and Other Contributing Entities on pages 53-55 are not a required part of the financial statements, but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the individual Fund financial statements that collectively comprise PERA's financial statements. The Schedule of Administrative and Investment Expenses listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Atkinson & Co., Ltd.

Albuquerque, New Mexico November 12, 2010

This discussion and analysis of the Public Employees Retirement Fund, the Judicial Retirement Fund, the Magistrate Retirement Fund, the Volunteer Firefighter Retirement Fund, and the Deferred Compensation (IRC 457) Plan (collectively, the "Funds") of the Public Employees Retirement Association of New Mexico (PERA) for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 provides a summary of the financial position of the Funds, including highlights and comparisons. For more detailed information regarding the PERA financial activities, the reader should also review the actual financial statements, including the notes and supplementary schedules.

Financial Highlights

- The net assets held in trust to pay pension benefits were \$10.5 billion as of June 30, 2010. This amount reflects an increase of \$1.3 billion from the prior fiscal year. This change is primarily the result of the current year variable earnings investment income as compared to a loss for the prior year.
- PERA's funding objective is to meet long-term benefit obligations through member and employer contributions and investment earnings.
- Retirement and death benefits paid this year totaled \$664 million to 27,991 annuitants as compared to \$633 million to 27,524 annuitants for last year. The increase in benefits paid is due to the number of new retirees and cost-of-living allowances.
- Contributions from employers decreased from \$316 million in FY09 to \$296 million in FY10, a difference of \$20 million. The decrease is due to the changes made in the employer contribution rates. Contributions from members increased from \$210 million in FY09 to \$226 million in FY10, a difference of \$16 million. The increase is due to the changes made in the member contribution rates. See Note 14 for further details.
- PERA's investments reported a total return of 14.32% for the current year and (24.27%) for last year. This increase was due to more favorable financial market conditions in 2010 versus 2009. (This percentage does not include the investments administered by the Deferred Compensation Plan's contracted third party.)

PERA Highlights

Overview of Financial Statements

- The financial statements of the funds of PERA include Statements of Plan Net Assets and Statement of Changes in Plan Net Assets for the four retirement funds administered by the Agency and the Deferred Compensation Plan (DC Plan) described below. The financial statements also include notes that explain the history and purpose of the funds, significant accounting policies, investment details, statutory disclosures and other required information regarding the financial position of the funds. The required supplementary information and the additional supplementary information that appear after the notes to the financial statements are not a required part of the financial statements, but represent supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.
- The Deferred Compensation (DC Plan) available to state employees is administered by a contracted third party with oversight by the PERA Board and staff. The assets of that plan are included in these financial statements as a separate fund. The net operating account is funded by fees collected from the DC Plan participants and is used to pay administration expenses for the DC Plan. These amounts are included in the Public Employees Retirement Fund.
- The Statement of Plan Net Assets reflects the resources available at the end of the fiscal year to pay members, retirees, and beneficiaries. This statement also provides information about the fair value and composition of net assets.
- The Statement of Changes in Plan Net Assets presents the changes to PERA's net assets for the fiscal year, including investment income, net appreciation in fair value of the investment portfolio and contributions from members and employers.
- The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the basic financial statements and provide additional information about the plans of PERA. Notes include plan descriptions, significant accounting policies, contributions, funding policies, derivatives disclosure, investment risk disclosure, investment credit risk, security lending program, commitments and contingencies.
- The required supplementary information schedules include information regarding funding progress for current fiscal year and the previous five years. In addition, employer annual required contributions for current year and previous five years.
- The additional supplementary information includes schedules of administrative, investment and consulting fee expenditures.

Comparative Summary Statements

The following table displays the total assets, liabilities, net assets, and changes in net assets for the four retirement funds and the Deferred Compensation Plan in total:

ALL FUNDS:

	2010	2009	Dollar Change	Percentage Change
Assets Liabilities	11,320,424,277 (840,345,856)	10,693,199,368 (1,480,370,690)	627,224,909 640,024,834	5.87 % (43.23) %
Net Assets Held in Trust	\$ 10,480,078,421	\$ 9,212,828,678	1,267,249,743	13.76 %
Change in Net Assets	\$ 1,267,249,743	\$ (3,211,236,527)	4,478,486,270	(139.46) %

The total net assets held by PERA increased during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 primarily as a result of the net appreciation of the fair value of the investment portfolio. All four retirement funds participate in an investment pool and share in investment earnings based on the fund's equity percentage in the pool.

The most significant pension plan administered by PERA includes the following balances at the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009:

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND:

Statement of Plan Net Assets as of June 30, 2010, as compared to June 30, 2009, follows:

				Percentage	
	2010	2009	Dollar Change	Change	
Assets:					
Cash & equivalents	\$ 684,060,618	\$ 993,149,439	(309,088,821)	(31.12)	%
Receivables	320,229,171	364,193,986	(43,964,815)	(12.07)	%
Investments	9,823,436,329	8,878,623,459	944,812,870	10.64	%
Capital Assets, Net	18,018,406	20,119,973	(2,101,567)	(10.45)	%
Total Assets	10,845,744,524	10,256,086,857	589,657,667	5.75	%
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	414,622,470	507,954,188	(93,331,718)	(18.37)	%
Other Liabilities	414,630,723	952,313,528	(537,682,805)	(56.46)	%
Total Liabilities	829,253,193	1,460,267,716	(631,014,523)	(43.21)	%
Net Assets Held in Trust	\$ 10,016,491,331	\$ 8,795,819,141	1,220,672,190	13.88	%

The net assets of the Public Employees Retirement Fund is 95.58% of the total net assets of all funds.

<u>PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND (continued):</u>

		2010	2009	Dollar Change	Percentage Change	
Additions:	_					
Contributions and service credit purchases	\$	522,199,164	\$ 526,531,137	(4,331,973)	(0.82)	%
Net Investment Income		234,450,851	81,288,668	153,162,183	188.42	%
Net Appreciation						
of Fair Value of Investments		1,160,258,769	(3,101,078,858)	4,261,337,627	(137.41)	%
Other Income		1,224,784	(815,350)	2,040,134	(250.22)	%
Total Additions	-	1,918,133,568	(2,494,074,403)	4,412,207,971	(176.91)	%
Deductions:						
Benefit Payments		(653,727,922)	(604,103,397)	(49,624,525)	8.21	%
Refunds		(32,734,673)	(31,668,787)	(1,065,886)	3.37	%
Administrative Expenses		(10,998,783)	(11,049,869)	51,086	(0.46)	%
Total Deductions		(697,461,378)	(646,822,053)	(50,639,325)	7.83	%
Change in net assets	\$	1,220,672,190	\$ (3,140,896,456)	4,361,568,646	(138.86)	%

JUDICIAL RETIREMENT FUND

Statement of Plan Net Assets as of June 30, 2010, as compared to June 30, 2009, follows:

	2010		2009	Dollar Change	Percentage Change	
Assets:						
Cash & equivalents	\$	4,408,670	\$ 6,766,927	(2,358,257)	(34.85)	%
Receivables		1,935,993	2,425,960	(489,967)	(20.20)	%
Investments		65,473,582	61,817,608	3,655,974	5.91	%
Total Assets		71,818,245	71,010,495	807,750	1.14	%
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable		2,636,124	3,441,633	(805,509)	(23.40)	%
Other Liabilities		2,811,636	6,601,235	(3,789,599)	(57.41)	%
Total Liabilities		5,447,760	10,042,868	(4,595,108)	(45.75)	%
Net Assets Held in Trust	\$	66,370,485	\$ 60,967,627	5,402,858	8.86	%

	2010	2009	Dollar Change	Percentage Change	
additions:			·		
Contributions and service credit purchases	\$ 4,846,753	\$ 5,215,120	(368,367)	(7.06)	%
Net Investment Income	1,553,526	462,616	1,090,910	235.81	%
Net Appreciation					
of Fair Value of Investments	5,705,495	(20,014,003)	25,719,498	(128.51)	%
Other income	27	15,035	(15,008)	(99.82)	%
Total Additions	12,105,801	(14,321,232)	26,427,033	(184.53)	%
eductions:					
Benefit Payments	(6,681,580)	(6,392,932)	(288,648)	4.52	%
Refunds	(2,330)	(12,543)	10,213	(81.42)	%
Administrative expenses	(19,033)	(21,655)	2,622	(12.11)	%
Total Deductions	(6,702,943)	(6,427,130)	(275,813)	4.29	%
Change in net assets	\$ 5,402,858	\$ (20,748,362)	26,151,220	(126.04)	%

MAGISTRATE RETIREMENT FUND

Statement of Plan Net Assets as of June 30, 2010, as compared to June 30, 2009, follows:

	2010	2009	Dollar Change	Percentage Change	
Assets:				Î .	
Cash & equivalents	\$ 1,910,934	\$ 2,929,392	(1,018,458)	(34.77)	%
Receivables	837,174	1,102,404	(265,230)	(24.06)	%
Investments	28,491,323	26,589,392	1,901,931	7.15	%
Total Assets	31,239,431	30,621,188	618,243	2.02	%
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	1,142,625	1,490,544	(347,919)	(23.34)	%
Other Liabilities	1,220,393	2,860,476	(1,640,083)	(57.34)	%
Total Liabilities	 2,363,018	4,351,020	(1,988,002)	(45.69)	%
Net Assets Held in Trust	\$ 28,876,413	\$ 26,270,168	2,606,245	9.92	%

	2010		2009	Dollar Change	Percentage Change	
dditions:		_		,		
Contributions and service credit purchases	\$ 1,155,402	\$	1,307,696	(152,294)	(11.65)	%
Net Investment Income	684,569		231,318	453,251	195.94	%
Net Appreciation						
of Fair Value of Investments	3,451,523		(9,142,654)	12,594,177	137.75	%
Other income	13		-	13	0.00	%
Total Additions	5,291,507		(7,603,640)	12,895,147	(169.59)	%
eductions:						
Benefit Payments	(2,675,332)		(2,447,739)	(227,593)	(9.30)	%
Administrative expenses	(9,930)		(11,298)	1,368	0.00	%
Total Deductions	(2,685,262)		(2,459,037)	(226,225)	9.20	%
Change in net assets	\$ 2,606,245	\$	(10,062,677)	12,668,922	(125.90)	%

VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS RETIREMENT FUND

Statement of Plan Net Assets as of June 30, 2010, as compared to June 30, 2009, follows:

					Percentage	
	2010	2009		Dollar Change	Change	
Assets:						
Cash & equivalents	\$ 2,665,245	\$	3,852,837	(1,187,592)	(30.82)	%
Receivables	1,142,805		1,298,787	(155,982)	(12.01)	%
Investments	38,412,834		34,593,762	3,819,072	11.04	%
Total Assets	42,220,884		39,745,386	2,475,498	6.23	%
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	1,593,659		1,959,185	(365,526)	(18.66)	%
Other Liabilities	1,688,226		3,749,901	(2,061,675)	(54.98)	%
Total Liabilities	3,281,885		5,709,086	(2,427,201)	(42.51)	%
Net Assets Held in Trust	\$ 38,938,999	\$	34,036,300	4,902,699	14.40	%

	2010	2009	Dollar Change	Percentage Change	
Additions:					
Appropriations from State of NM	\$ 750,000	\$ 750,000	-	0.00	%
Net Investment Income	903,198	277,040	626,158	226.02	%
Net Appreciation					
of Fair Value of Investments	3,914,544	(11,611,844)	15,526,388	(133.71)	%
Other income	168		168	0.00	%
Total Additions	 5,567,910	(10,584,804)	16,152,714	(152.60)	%
Deductions:					
Benefit Payments	(665,211)	(587,878)	(77,333)	13.15	%
Total Deductions	(665,211)	(587,878)	(77,333)	13.15	%
Change in net assets	\$ 4,902,699	\$ (11,172,682)	16,075,381	(143.88)	%

<u>DEFERRED COMPENSATION (IRC 457) FUND</u>

In addition to the above retirement funds, the comparative summary of assets, liabilities, net assets and the related change in net assets of the Deferred Compensation (IRC 457) Plan is presented below. The assets and liabilities of this plan are administered by the plan administrator under contract with PERA as indicated in Note 1 to the financial statements.

Statement of Plan Net Assets as of June 30, 2010, as compared to June 30, 2009, follows:

				Percentage
2010		2009	Dollar Change	Change
\$ 5,796,913	\$	6,346,445	(549,532)	(8.66) %
2,129,198		2,139,818	(10,620)	(0.50) %
321,475,082		287,249,179	34,225,903	11.92 %
329,401,193	•	295,735,442	33,665,751	11.38 %
\$ 329,401,193	\$	295,735,442	33,665,751	11.38 %
\$	\$ 5,796,913 2,129,198 321,475,082 329,401,193	\$ 5,796,913 \$ 2,129,198 321,475,082 329,401,193	\$ 5,796,913 \$ 6,346,445 2,129,198 2,139,818 321,475,082 287,249,179 329,401,193 295,735,442	\$ 5,796,913 \$ 6,346,445 (549,532) 2,129,198 2,139,818 (10,620) 321,475,082 287,249,179 34,225,903 329,401,193 295,735,442 33,665,751

		2010	2000	Dollar	Percentage	
	2010		 2009	Change	Change	
Additions:						
Contributions and service credit purchases	\$	36,664,711	\$ 33,940,668	2,724,043	8.03	%
Change in policyholder value of life						
insurance contracts		34,643	44,252	(9,609)	(21.71)	%
Net Investment Income		2,456,710	5,647,393	(3,190,683)	(56.50)	%
Net (Depreciation)/Appreciation						
of Fair Value of Investments		18,870,341	(46,529,487)	65,399,828	(140.56)	%
Total Additions		58,026,405	(6,897,174)	64,923,579	(941.31)	%
Deductions:						
Benefit Payments		(23,167,186)	(20,304,064)	(2,863,122)	14.10	%
Life Insurance Premiums		(135,840)	(154,341)	18,501	(11.99)	%
Administrative expenses		(1,057,628)	(1,000,711)	(56,917)	5.69	%
Total Deductions		(24,360,654)	(21,459,116)	(2,901,538)	13.52	%
Change in net assets	\$	33,665,751	\$ (28,356,290)	62,022,041	(218.72)	%

INVESTMENTS:

The purpose of the investments is to provide for long-term growth, while also ensuring a reliable cash flow that meets the funding requirements of the current pension obligations. The investments are allocated to a variety of asset types and strategies in order to meet the current funding needs and future growth requirements of the pension liability given reasonable risk levels. Equity related investments are included for their long-term return and growth characteristics, while fixed income and debt related investments are included in the allocation for their ability to control investment risk and provide for a reliable cash flow that meets the funding requirement of current pension payments.

Investment Category	2010	 2009	Dollar Change	Percentage Change	
U.S. Government and Agency Securities	\$ 1,123,597,167	\$ 1,319,904,073	(196,306,906)	(14.87)	%
Municipal Bonds	21,904,917	260,741	21,644,176	8,301.03	%
Fixed Earning Investments (IRC 457)	321,475,082	287,249,179	34,225,903	11.92	%
Corporate Equity Securities	3,304,936,693	2,955,019,794	349,916,899	11.84	%
Corporate Obligations	1,216,224,201	1,223,422,976	(7,198,775)	(0.59)	%
International Securities	2,189,504,568	1,557,322,847	632,181,721	40.59	%
Venture Capital and Partnerships	939,736,307	892,156,838	47,579,469	5.33	%
Alternative Investments	776,460,926	273,530,305	502,930,621	183.87	%
Securities Lending Collateral	372,302,344	767,482,746	(395,180,402)	(51.49)	%
Investment in State General Fund	11,146,945	 12,523,901	(1,376,956)	(10.99)	%
Total Investments	\$ 10,277,289,150	\$ 9,288,873,400	988,415,750	10.64	%

The greatest percentage increase was in Municipal Bond, which represented less than 1% of total investments at June 30, 2010. This increase was due to a shift in stock selection strategy by PERA's investment managers. During FY10, the market environment once again preferred risk assets over risk-free securities, such as U.S. Treasuries, and utilizing higher-yielding municipal debt to achieve improved returns was a means to improve portfolio returns with minimal risk.

The second largest percentage increase to invested assets were in International Securities and Alternative Investments, which represented 29% and 8% of the total investments at June 30, 2010, respectively, and collectively increased \$1.14 billion from the previous fiscal year. The increase in international equity securities was due to the search and selection of new investment management in late 2009 and early 2010. The increase in alternative investments resulted from the Board's approval to accelerate investment in this asset class to reach the approved allocation by December 31, 2009.

The 14.87% decrease in US Government and Agency Securities is primarily due to the continued volatility in the stock market and the shift in investor preference to risk assets over risk-free assets.

Budget Highlights: Original Budget – Final Budget Comparisons

The contractual services costs original budget to the final budget expenditures increased by \$215,000 as a result of an increase due having to complete a study on pension fund cash flow and liabilities.

Since interest income is substantial in comparison to expenditures, only amounts necessary to pay for PERA's expenditures increased from the original budget to the final budget.

Budget Comparisons – Budget to Actual

All of PERA's expenditures used to administer the retirement funds that are under management by PERA are appropriated in the Public Employees Retirement Fund. For trust accounting and financial statement purposes, allocations of the budgeted expenditures were made as follows:

	Judicial <u>Fund</u>	Magistrate Judges <u>Fund</u>	Volunteer Firefighters <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Investment expenses	\$ 129,569	\$54,005	\$75,276	\$258,850
Administrative expenses	19,033	9,930	<u>-</u>	28,963
Total allocated expenses	<u>\$ 148,602</u>	<u>\$63,935</u>	<u>\$75,276</u>	\$287,813

The investment expenses were allocated based on each individual fund's equity in the investment pool. The administrative expenses were allocated based on each fund's number of the members participating in the plan to the total number of members.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, at carrying value, are listed for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009:

CAPITAL ASSETS:	2010	2009
Land	\$ 1,548,990	\$ 1,478,990
C : 1A · N · CD		
Capital Assets: Net of Depreciation		
Building	12,611,076	12,095,920
Computer Equipment and Software	3,815,373	6,102,695
Property and Equipment	24,312	442,368
Automobile	18,655	
Total	\$ 18,018,406	\$ 20,119,973

• Depreciation and amortization expense, reported as part of administrative expenses, for the year was \$2,326,244.

Long-Term Debt

The only long-term liability activity relates to compensated absences reported in Note 8.

Currently Known Facts and Conditions

As discussed in Note 13, during fiscal year 2010 financial markets as a whole increased in values. However, because the values of individual investments fluctuate with market conditions, the amount of losses or gains that PERA will recognize in our future financial statements cannot be determined. Subsequent to June 30, 2010, investment markets have generally been positive but continue to be volatile.

PERA has invested the cash collateral from securities. With the financial markets being extremely volatile and significant declines in values are occurring, PERA could have a potential loss on these collateral investments resulting in PERA liquidating assets to offset the loss, as reported in Note 5.

Financial Contact

Any questions regarding the financial statements of PERA should be directed to the PERA Comptroller at (505) 476-9313 or by mail at P.O. Box 2123, Santa Fe, NM 87504.

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF NEW MEXICO STATEMENTS OF PLAN NET ASSETS June 30, 2010

	Public Employees Retirement Fund			Judicial Retirement Fund		
ASSETS	_					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	684,060,618	\$	4,408,670		
Receivables Accrued Investment Income		24 046 247		226 729		
Accounts Receivable-Brokers		34,046,347 260,829,773		236,728 1,681,010		
Contributions Receivable		24,835,886		1,061,010		
Accounts Receivable - Other		230,537		18,135		
Participant Loans Receivable		230,337		10,133		
Due from other Agencies		3,814		120		
Interfund Receivable		282,814		120		
interialia Receivable		320,229,171		1,935,993		
Investment in State Treasurer Investment Pool Investments, at fair value		7,695,670		2,212,097		
U.S. Government and Agency Securities		1,109,030,419		7,147,591		
Municipal Bonds		21,620,935		139,344		
Fixed Earning Investments (IRC 457)		-		-		
Corporate Equity Securities		3,262,089,850		21,023,867		
Corporate Obligations		1,200,456,706		7,736,767		
International Securities		2,161,119,174		13,928,095		
Venture Capital and Partnerships		927,553,284		5,977,944		
Alternative Investments		717,762,027		4,625,871		
Other Assets		48,632,559		313,679		
		9,455,960,624		63,105,255		
Securities Lending Collateral Investments		367,475,705		2,368,327		
Total Investments		9,823,436,329		65,473,582		
Capital Assets, Net Policyholder Account Value of Life Insurance		18,018,406		-		
Total Assets	\$	10,845,744,524	\$	71,818,245		
LIABILITIES	Ф	400 007 050	ф	2 626 124		
Accounts Payable - Brokers	\$	409,027,850	\$	2,636,124		
Accounts Payable - Other		5,594,620		-		
Accrued Expenses		299,656		-		
Compensated Absences		352,086		142 602		
Interfund Payable		412 070 001		143,602		
Securities Lending Liability	<u>•</u>	413,978,981	ф.	2,668,034		
	\$	829,253,193	\$	5,447,760		
NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS						
(A Schedule of Funding Progress for Each						
Fund is Presented in Note 2)	\$	10,016,491,331	\$	66,370,485		

See

R	Magistrate Retirement Fund	Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Fund		Deferred Compensation (IRC 457) Fund		Total
\$	1,910,934	\$ 2,665,245	\$		\$	693,045,467
	108,487	126,502		-		34,518,064
	728,632	1,016,248		-		264,255,663
	-	-		-		24,835,886
	-	-		-		248,672
	-	-		5,796,913		5,796,913
	55	55		-		4,044
	927 174	1 1/2 905		5 706 012		282,814
. —	837,174	1,142,805		5,796,913		329,942,056
	1,071,046	168,132		-		11,146,945
	3,097,989	4,321,168		-		1,123,597,167
	60,398	84,240		-		21,904,917
	-	-		321,475,082		321,475,082
	9,112,688	12,710,288		-		3,304,936,693
	3,353,495	4,677,233		-		1,216,224,201
	6,037,121	8,420,178		-		2,189,504,568
	2,591,135	3,613,944		-		939,736,307
	2,005,080 135,822	2,796,553 189,335		-		727,189,531 49,271,395
	27,464,774	36,981,071		321,475,082		9,904,986,806
	1,026,549	1,431,763		521,475,002		372,302,344
	28,491,323	38,412,834		321,475,082		10,277,289,150
	_	_		_		18,018,406
	-	-		2,129,198		2,129,198
	21 220 421		Φ.		ф.	
\$	31,239,431	\$ 42,220,884	\$	329,401,193	\$	11,320,424,277
\$	1,142,625	\$ 1,593,659	\$	-	\$	414,400,258
	-	-		-		5,594,620
	-	-		-		299,656
	-	-		-		352,086
	63,936	75,276		-		282,814
	1,156,457	1,612,950				419,416,422
\$	2,363,018	\$ 3,281,885	\$		\$	840,345,856
\$	28,876,413	\$ 38,938,999	\$	329,401,193	\$	10,480,078,421

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF NEW MEXICO STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

		Public				
		Employees	Judicial			
	Retirement Fund		Retirement Fur			
ADDITIONS						
Contributions			_			
Employer	\$	291,683,370	\$	3,698,949		
Member		224,330,056		1,144,607		
Appropriations from State of New Mexico -						
Fire Protection Fund		-		-		
Service Credits Purchased		6,185,738		3,197		
Total Contributions		522,199,164		4,846,753		
Investment Income						
Interest		133,218,316		878,334		
Dividends		117,813,567		781,730		
Net appreciation in Fair Value of Investments		1,160,258,769		5,705,495		
Securities Lending Income		3,258,979		21,362		
		1,414,549,631		7,386,921		
Securities Lending Expenses		(516,776)		(3,331)		
Other Investment Expenses		(19,323,235)		(124,569)		
Net Investment Income		1 204 700 620		7 250 021		
Net investment income		1,394,709,620		7,259,021		
Other Income		1,224,784		27		
Total Additions		1,918,133,568		12,105,801		
DEDUCTIONS						
Benefit Payments		653,727,922		6,681,580		
Refunds to Terminated Employees		32,734,673		2,330		
Life Insurance Premiums		-		-		
Administrative Expenses		10,998,783		19,033		
Total Deductions		697,461,378		6,702,943		
Increase In Net Assets		1,220,672,190		5,402,858		
NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION B	ENE	FITS				
Beginning of Year		8,795,819,141		60,967,627		
End of Year	\$	10,016,491,331	\$	66,370,485		

See Accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements.

•	Magistrate Retirement Fund		Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Fund		Deferred Compensation (IRC 457) Fund		Total	
	\$	825,316 330,086	\$	- -	\$	- 36,664,711	\$	296,207,635 262,469,460
				750,000				750,000
		-		750,000		-		750,000 6,188,935
•		1,155,402	-	750,000		36,664,711		565,616,030
•		1,133,402	-	750,000		30,004,711		303,010,030
		386,262		513,633		2,456,710		137,453,255
		344,356		454,262		-		119,393,915
		3,451,523		3,914,544		18,904,984		1,192,235,315
•		9,400		12,592		21 261 604		3,302,333
		4,191,541		4,895,031		21,361,694		1,452,384,818
		(1,444)		(2,013)		-		(523,564)
•		(54,005)		(75,276)				(19,577,085)
		4,136,092		4,817,742		21,361,694		1,432,284,169
		13		168				1,224,992
	-	5,291,507		5,567,910		58,026,405		1,999,125,191
		2,675,332		665,211		23,167,186		686,917,231
		-		-		-		32,737,003
		-		-		135,840		135,840
•		9,930		-		1,057,628		12,085,374
•		2,685,262		665,211		24,360,654		731,875,448
		2,606,245		4,902,699		33,665,751		1,267,249,743
		26,270,168		34,036,300		295,735,442		9,212,828,678
	\$	28,876,413	\$	38,938,999	\$	329,401,193	\$	10,480,078,421

NOTE 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE ASSOCIATION AND RETIREMENT FUNDS

A. General

The Public Employee Retirement Association ("PERA") was created by legislation enacted in 1947.

PERA is the administrator of four retirement funds, including the Public Employees Retirement Fund, the Judicial Retirement Fund, the Magistrate Retirement Fund, and the Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Fund, offering an array of retirement benefit plans to state, county, and municipal employees, police, firefighters, judges, magistrates, and legislators. The laws governing the administration of these funds are set forth in Chapter 10 of the New Mexico Statutes Annotated 1978 ("NMSA 1978") and applicable Replacement Pamphlets. PERA also has limited administrative responsibilities with respect to the State of New Mexico Deferred Compensation Fund, as more fully discussed in Note 1(c). Collectively, the four retirement funds and the Deferred Compensation Fund are known as "Funds".

PERA is directed by the Public Employees Retirement Board (the "Board") which consists of twelve members. Ten of the Board members are elected by PERA active and retired members under state and municipal coverage plans. Two Board members, the Secretary of State and the State Treasurer, are exofficio members.

B. Reporting Entity

PERA is an agency of the State of New Mexico. The funds administered by PERA are considered part of the State of New Mexico financial reporting entity and are pension trust funds of the State of New Mexico. The State of New Mexico Deferred Compensation Fund is also presented in the financial statements. See section 1(c) for information on the Deferred Compensation Fund and how to obtain separate financial statements of the Deferred Compensation Fund.

PERA has developed criteria to determine whether other state agencies, boards or commissions which benefit the members of PERA should be included within its financial reporting entity. The criteria include, but are not limited to, whether PERA exercises oversight responsibility on financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters, scope of public service, and special financing relationships. Based on these criteria, management of PERA has determined that no other such entities should be included in its financial reporting entity. PERA does not have any component units.

NOTE 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE ASSOCIATION AND RETIREMENT FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Reporting Entity (Continued)

The State of New Mexico, Department of Finance and Administration (DFA) codes for the PERA funds are as follows:

Public Employees Retirement Fund - SHARE fund #60600

Judicial Retirement Fund - SHARE fund #60300

Magistrate Retirement Fund - SHARE fund #60400

Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Fund - SHARE fund #60700

Public Employees Retirement Fund - Building Capital Project Fund #60800 *

Deferred Compensation Fund - Administration - SHARE fund # 75500 * This fund is used strictly to account for expenses that are reimbursed by the Deferred Compensation Plan administrator

* These funds are combined with SHARE fund #60600 in the financial statements under "Public Employees Retirement Fund"

PERA does not receive General Appropriations from the State of New Mexico. PERA is self-funded through investment income and therefore is a non-reverting fund. PERA is not required to follow New Mexico Statute (6-5-10, NMSA 1978), which defines reverting funds.

C. Description of the Funds

Public Employees Retirement Fund is a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. This fund has six divisions of members, including State General, State Police/Hazardous Duty, Municipal General, Municipal Police, Municipal Fire, and State Legislative Divisions, and offers 18 different coverage plans. Certain coverage plans are only applicable to a specific division. Eligibility for membership in the Public Employees Retirement Fund is set forth in the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978). Except as provided for in the Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Act (10-11A-1 to 10-11A-7, NMSA 1978), the Judicial Retirement Act (10-12B-1 to 10-12B-19, NMSA 1978), the Magistrate Retirement Act (10-12C-1 to 10-12C-18, NMSA 1978), and the Educational Retirement Act (Chapter 22, Article 11, NMSA 1978), and the provisions of Sections 29-4-1 through 29-4-11, NMSA 1978 governing the State Police Pension Fund, each employee and elected official of every affiliated public employer is required to be a member in the Public Employees Retirement Fund, unless specifically excluded.

Benefits are generally available at age 65 with five or more years of service or after 25 years of service regardless of age. Provisions also exist for retirement between ages 60 and 65, with varying amounts of service required. Certain police and fire members may retire at any age with 20 or more years of service. Members of the State Legislative Division may retire at any age with 14 years of credited service. Generally, the amount of normal retirement pension is based on final average salary, which is

NOTE 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE ASSOCIATION AND RETIREMENT FUNDS (CONTINUED)

C. Description of the Funds (Continued)

defined as the average of salary for the 36 consecutive months of credited service producing the largest average; credited service; and the applicable coverage plan. Monthly benefits vary depending upon the plan under which the member qualifies, ranging from 2% to 3.5% of the member's final average salary per year of service. The maximum benefit that can be paid to a retiree may not exceed a range of 60% to 100% of the final average salary, depending on the division. Legislative members who meet retirement eligibility requirements receive annual pensions equal to \$250 or \$500 multiplied by the number of years of credited service. Benefits for duty and non-duty death and disability and for post retirement survivors' annuities are also available.

Current member contributions for all plans, except the State Legislative Division, are based upon a percentage of salary and range from 4.78% to 16.65%, depending upon the division and coverage plan of their gross salary—i.e., state general, state hazardous duty, state police and adult correctional officers, municipal general, municipal police, municipal fire, municipal detention officers. Employer contributions also vary with the different divisions and coverage plans and are based upon a percentage of salaries paid, ranging from 7% to 25.72%. The contribution requirements of plan members and PERA are established in State statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. Members of the State Legislative Division contribute \$500 for each year of credited service; employer contributions for members of the State Legislative Division are determined annually by the actuary. The total employer contribution for the State Legislative Division for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 was determined by the actuary to be \$855,571.

Judicial Retirement Fund is a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. Eligibility for membership in the Judicial Retirement Fund is set forth in 10-12B-4 NMSA 1978. Every judge or justice becomes a member in the Judicial Retirement Fund upon election or appointment to office, unless an application for exemption has been appropriately filed or unless specifically excluded.

For individuals that became a member prior to July 1, 2005, benefits are available at age 64 or older to anyone having served a minimum of five years and at age 60 to anyone having served at least 15 years. The annual pension amount for those members covered prior to July 1, 2005, is determined as 75% of the salary received during the last year in office prior to retirement multiplied by the number of years of service, not to exceed 10 years divided by 10. For individuals that become a member after July 1, 2005, benefits are available at age 64 or older to anyone having served a minimum of five years and at age 55 to anyone having served at least 16 years. For those individuals who became members subsequent to July 1, 2005, the annual pension amount is determined as 75% of salary received during the last year in office prior to retirement multiplied by 5% of the number of years in service, not exceeding fifteen years, plus five years or one-twelfth of the salary received during the last year in office prior to retirement multiplied by the product of three and seventy-five hundredths percent times the sum of the number of years of service; provided that a pension calculated shall not exceed seventy-five percent of one-twelfth of the salary received during the last year in office. Early retirement

NOTE 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE ASSOCIATION AND RETIREMENT FUNDS (CONTINUED)

C. Description of the Funds (Continued)

provisions apply to members retiring between ages 50 and 60. The plan also provides for survivors' allowances and disability benefits. Members contribute at a rate of 7.5% of their salaries and the member's court contributes at a rate of 12% of the member's salary. Additionally, the district court contributes \$38 for each civil case docket fee paid in the district court, \$25 from each civil docket fee paid in metropolitan court and \$10 for each jury fee paid in metropolitan court. Contribution rates are established by State statute.

Magistrate Retirement Fund is a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. Eligibility for membership in the Magistrate Retirement Fund is set forth in 10-12C-4 NMSA 1978. Every magistrate becomes a member in the Magistrate Retirement Fund upon election or appointment to office, unless an application for exemption has been appropriately filed or unless specifically excluded. Benefits are available at age 64 or older to any member having served as a magistrate for a minimum of 5 years. Retirement is available at age 60 to any magistrate or former magistrate having served at least 15 years or at any age with 24 or more years of service credit. The annual pension amount is determined by multiplying 75% of the salary received during the last year in office prior to retirement by 5% of the number of years of service, not exceeding 15 years, plus 5 years.

Member contributions are based on 7.5% of salaries and the State of New Mexico, through the administrative office of the courts, contributes at a rate of 11% of the member's salary. Additionally, the magistrate or metropolitan courts contribute \$25 for each civil case docket fee paid and \$10 for each civil jury fee paid in magistrate court. Contribution rates are established by State statute.

Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Fund is a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation. Eligibility for membership in the Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Fund is set forth in NMSA 1978 10-11A-2. Any volunteer non-salaried firefighter who is listed as an active member on the rolls of a fire department and who meets certain age and service credit requirements set forth in the statute is eligible for membership in the Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Fund, unless specifically excluded. Benefits are available at age 55 or older to any member having served as a volunteer fire fighter for a minimum of 10 years. Benefits are \$100 per month with at least 10 but less than 25 years of service or \$200 per month with 25 or more years of service. Benefits for post retirement surviving spouse annuities are also available. Members of the Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Fund do not make contributions. State statutes required that the State Treasurer transfer \$750,000 during the 2010 fiscal year from the Fire Protection Fund to the Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Fund.

Deferred Compensation Plan - The State of New Mexico offers its employees a deferred compensation plan under NMSA 1978, Sections 10-7A-1 through 10-7A-12, the "Deferred Compensation Act," in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan permits employees to defer a portion of their income until future years.

NOTE 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE ASSOCIATION AND RETIREMENT FUNDS (CONTINUED)

C. Description of the Funds (Continued)

PERA is the trustee of the Deferred Compensation Plan (the "Plan"); however, the Plan is administered by a third party administrator (the "Administrator") acting under contract with PERA. The Administrator has authority to control and manage the operation of the Plan. The Administrator is delegated any and all powers as may be necessary or advisable to discharge its duties under the Plan, and has certain discretionary authority to decide all matters under the Plan. As Plan trustee, PERA's primary responsibility is to select investment options that are safe and provide a reasonable rate of return and to ensure that all investments, amounts, property, and rights under the executed Plan-Trust are held for the exclusive benefit of Plan participants and their beneficiaries, as defined in the Plan. The Deferred Compensation Fund issues a publicly available stand-alone financial report which can be obtained by writing to the Public Employees Retirement Association of New Mexico, 33 Plaza La Prensa, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87507, or calling (505) 476-9300.

D. Membership

At June 30, 2010, the number of participating government employers were:

Public Employees Retirement Fund

State Agencies	126
Cities	86
Counties	33
Special Districts and Councils of Government	40
Housing Authorities	16
Hospitals	2
Other	4
Totals	307
Judicial Retirement Fund	16
Magistrate Retirement Fund	9
Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Fund	363

NOTE 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE ASSOCIATION AND RETIREMENT FUNDS (CONTINUED)

D. Membership (Continued)

At June 30, 2010, membership in the plans was as follows:

	PERA*	Judicial	Magistrate	VFF
	Retirement Fund	Retirement Fund	Retirement Fund	Retirement Fund
	Tuna	1 una	1 dila	Tuna
Retirees and beneficiaries				
receiving benefits	27,249	110	69	544
Terminated plan members				
not yet receiving benefits	8,366	14	13	529
Active plan members	49,202	121	46	5,422

^{*}Note: PERA Retirement Fund includes the Legislative Fund

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Method of Accounting and Measurement Focus. The financial statements of the Funds presented herein have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting under which expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred and revenues are recorded in the accounting period in which they are earned. Employee contributions are recognized in the period in which contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Contributions from employees and employers for service through June 30 are accrued. These contributions are considered to be fully collectible, and accordingly, no allowance for uncollectible receivables is reflected in the financial statements. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with provisions set forth in NMSA 1978. The Funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus.

Cash and Cash Equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents include demand deposit accounts and all short-term instruments with maturities at purchase of 90 days or less. Cash and short-term investments are stated at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

Investments. In accordance with the Uniform Prudent Investor Act, which is cited as (UPIA) and is in the NMSA 1978 Subsection 45-7-601 to 612, PERA primarily invests in obligations of the United States Treasury, obligations of federal agencies guaranteed by or for which the credit of the United States government is pledged for payment of principal and interest, corporate bonds, stocks, and international securities. Security transactions and any resulting gains or losses are accounted for on a trade date basis.

All investment securities are reported at fair value. The determination of fair values includes, among other things, published market prices, prices obtained from pricing services, and prices quoted by independent brokers at current exchange rates. For investments where no readily ascertainable fair value exists, management, in consultation with their investment advisors, has determined the fair values for the individual investments based on anticipated maturity dates and current interest rates commensurate with the investment's degree of risk. Because of the inherent uncertainties in estimating fair values, it is at least reasonably possible that the estimates will change in the near-term.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

There are certain market risks, credit risks, foreign exchange currency risks, or event risks which may subject the Funds' investment portfolios to economic changes occurring in certain industries, sectors, or geographies.

Net investment income (loss) includes net appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value of investments, interest income, dividend income, securities lending income, rental income, and investment expenses, which include investment management and custodial fees, securities lending expense, and all other significant investment related costs.

In an effort to maximize the benefits of investment diversification and investment earnings, the Judicial, Magistrate, and Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Funds participate with the Public Employee Retirement Fund in an investment pool. The fair value of PERA's investments in short-term investment pools is the same as the value of the pool shares. All investments in the short-term investment pool are either SEC registered or are exempt from SEC registration under exemption 3a3 or 4(2) of SEC regulations. Each fund's equity percentage in the pool is based on that fund's investment in the pool and will only increase or decrease by additional deposits or withdrawals.

Ownership percentages (rounded to the nearest hundredth of a percent) at June 30, 2010, are as follows:

		Pool
	Public Employees Retirement Fund	98.70%
	Magistrate Retirement Fund	0.28
`	Judicial Retirement Fund	0.64
	Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Fund	0.38
	Total	100.00%

Capital Assets. Capital assets costing \$5,000 or more used in PERA's operations consist of furniture and equipment. Intangible assets such as internally generated computer software used to maintain a membership data base are also capitalized. These are recorded at historical cost less accumulated depreciation or amortization. The building is depreciated over 50 years. All remaining capital assets are depreciated over five to ten years, depending on the nature of the asset, using the straight-line method of depreciation.

Accrued Compensated Absences. Accumulated vacation, compensation time and sick leave over 600 hours earned but not taken at June 30 are recorded as a liability and expense in the Public Employees Retirement Fund.

Accrued Expenses. Accrued expenses consist primarily of accrued payroll.

Interfund Receivables and Payables. During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between the Funds for goods provided and services rendered. These receivables and payables are expected to be repaid in the subsequent fiscal year and are not eliminated in the financial statements.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Required Reserves. New Mexico Statutes, Annotated 1978, Subsections 10-11-123, 10-12B-3, and 10-12C-3 set forth required accounting policies for reserves to be maintained within net assets available for benefits for the Public Employees Retirement Fund, the Judicial Retirement Fund, and the Magistrate Retirement Fund, respectively. State statutes do not specifically require separate accounting for the Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Fund. The funds to be maintained are as follows:

Members Contribution Fund represents the accumulated contributions deducted from members' compensation, less refunds and transfers of contributions as provided for in the statute. Annually on June 30, the members' accounts are credited with interest on member contributions and previously earned interest at a rate determined by the Board. The rate for the 2010 fiscal year was 5.25%.

Employers Accumulation Fund represents the accumulated contributions made by affiliated public employers. Each year following receipt of the report of the annual actuarial valuation, the excess, if any, of the reported actuarial present value of benefits to be paid over the balance in the Retirement Reserve Fund, discussed below, is transferred to the Retirement Reserve Fund from the Employers Accumulation Fund.

Retirement Reserve Fund represents the accumulated balance available to pay pension benefits to retired members and eligible survivors of deceased members or retirees and to pay residual refunds due to eligible beneficiaries and survivors as provided for in the statute.

Income Fund represents the accumulation of interest, dividends, rents, and other income of PERA, less administrative expense paid out of this fund. At least annually, the balance in this fund is transferred to other funds in a manner determined by the Board. The distribution rate of interest as determined by the Board for fiscal year 2010 was 5.25% of member account balances to the Member Contribution Fund. The remaining balance of the Income Fund was distributed to the Retirement Reserve Fund.

Fund Balances as of June 30, 2010 are as follows:

	Public Employees Retirement Fund	Judicial Retirement Fund	Magistrate Retirement Fund
Member Contribution Fund	\$ 2,158,103,303	8,642,308	3,051,400
Employers Accumulation Fund	3,449,015,024	45,544,046	21,467,834
Retirement Reserve Fund	 4,409,343,004	12,184,131	4,357,179
Total	\$ 10,016,461,331	66,370,485	28,876,413

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Compensation Plan - At June 30, 2010, PERA had \$103,193 in an operating account maintained for the sole purpose of paying administrative expenses associated with the Deferred Compensation Fund. This cash account is maintained by the State Treasurer. Accrued expenses and other liabilities associated with administrative operations of \$103,193 are included in the financial statements of the Public Employees Retirement Fund. The net of cash held, accrued income earned on cash deposits and accrued expenses are reflected as liabilities in the Public Employees Retirement Fund.

Actuarial Valuation - The information included in the required supplementary information as listed in the foregoing table of contents is based on the actuarial valuations performed as of June 30, 2010, which is the latest available information. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuations are included in the notes to the required supplementary information.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of additions to and deductions from plan net assets during the reported period.

Actual results could differ from those estimates. The Funds utilize various investment instruments. Investment securities, in general, are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit, and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such change could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of plan net assets.

Federal Income Tax Status - The four retirement funds are qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and are exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(a). The Deferred Compensation (IRC 457) Fund is an eligible deferred compensation plan as defined by Section 457 to the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, any compensation deferred under the Plan and any income attributable to the amounts so deferred shall be included in the gross income of the participant only for the taxable year in which such compensation or other income is paid or, otherwise, made available to the participant or their beneficiary.

Funding Policy – Funding of the retirement funds is accomplished through member and employer contributions and the investment earnings on these contributions. The retirement funds use the aggregate actuarial funding method, which does not identify or separately amortize unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities.

The individual entry-age actuarial cost method allocates the actuarial present value of each member's projected benefits on a level basis over the member's pensionable compensation between the entry age of the member and the pattern of projected exit ages.

The portion of the actuarial present value allocated to the valuation year is called the normal cost. The portion of the actuarial present value not provided for by the actuarial present value of future normal costs is called the actuarial accrued liability. Deducting accrued assets from the actuarial accrued liability determines the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The period of time needed to finance the

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

unfunded actuarial accrued liability with current statutory contribution rates is determined using a level percent of payroll amortization technique.

Active member payroll was projected to increase 4.5% a year for the purpose of determining the financing period. This estimate is consistent with the base rate of increase in salaries used to calculate actuarial present values.

The valuation assets used for funding purposes is derived as follows: prior year valuations assets are increased by contributions and expected investment income and reduced by refunds, benefit payments and expenses. To this amount, 25% of the difference between expected and actual investment income net of expenses for each of the previous four years is added. The funding value of assets for each division is allocated in proportion to the total fund balances.

As required under GASB Statement Number 50, *Pension Disclosures* (an amendment of GASB 25 and 27), the following is a schedule of funding progress using the entry age normal funding method to approximate the funding status of the retirement funds divisions as of the most recent actuarial valuation date.

TT...C.... J. J

The funded status of the retirement plans and divisions as of June 30, 2010 are as follows:

					Unfunded
					Actuarial
					Accrued
		Unfunde d			Liability as a
	Actuarial	(Overfunded)			Percentage of
Actuarial	Accrued	Actuarial		Covered	Covered
Assets	Liability	Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
(a)	(b)	(b) – (a)	(a)/(b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
12,243,712,850	15,601,461,460	3,357,748,610	78.50%	1,993,516,921	168.4%
22,125,806	26,675,356	4,549,550	82.90%	N/A**	N/A**
79,644,583	130,135,898	50,491,315	61.20%	13,041,980	387.1%
34,651,696	52,676,816	18,025,120	65.80%	3,519,570	512.1%
47,346,417	20,465,920	(26,880,497)	231.30%	N/A**	N/A**
	Assets (a) 12,243,712,850 22,125,806 79,644,583 34,651,696	Actuarial AssetsAccrued Liability(a)(b)12,243,712,85015,601,461,460 22,125,80622,125,80626,675,35679,644,583130,135,89834,651,69652,676,816	Actuarial AssetsActuarial Accrued Liability(Overfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability(a)(b)(b) – (a)12,243,712,85015,601,461,4603,357,748,61022,125,80626,675,3564,549,55079,644,583130,135,89850,491,31534,651,69652,676,81618,025,120	Actuarial Assets Actuarial Liability (Overfunded) Actuarial Actuarial Accrued Liability Funded Ratio 12,243,712,850 15,601,461,460 3,357,748,610 78.50% 22,125,806 26,675,356 4,549,550 82.90% 79,644,583 130,135,898 50,491,315 61.20% 34,651,696 52,676,816 18,025,120 65.80%	Actuarial Assets Accrued Liability Accrued Liability Funded Ratio Funded Ratio Payroll 12,243,712,850 15,601,461,460 3,357,748,610 78.50% 1,993,516,921 22,125,806 26,675,356 4,549,550 82.90% N/A** 79,644,583 130,135,898 50,491,315 61.20% 13,041,980 34,651,696 52,676,816 18,025,120 65.80% 3,519,570

^{**} Legislative and Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Fund benefits are not based on salary. Accordingly, payroll information has been excluded

The required Schedule of Funding Progress immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The actuarial methods and significant assumptions as of June 30, 2010 are as follows:

	Public			Volunteer
	Employees	Judicial	Magistrate	Firefighters
	Retirement	Retirement	Retirement	Retirement
	Fund	Fund Fund		Fund
Valuation date	June 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	June 30, 2010
Actuarial cost method	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age	Unit credit
Amortization method	Level percent, open	Level percent, open	Level percent, open	Level dollar, open
Amortization period	30 years	30 years^^	30 years^^	30 years#
Asset valuation method	4 year smoothed	4 year smoothed	4 year smoothed	4 year smoothed
	market	market	market	market
Rate of return on				
investment of present				
and future assets*	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%
Projected salary	4.0 4.50		4.770	37/1
increases	4.0 - 15%	5.25%	4.75%	N/A+
Post retirement benefit				
	3.00%	2 000/	2 000/	NI/A
Increases	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	N/A+
* Includes inflation at	4.00%	4.50%	4.00%	4.00%

Notes:

⁺ Benefits are not based on salary and are not subject to cost of living increases.

[#] Assets currently exceed actuarial accrued liabilities. The excess was amortized over 30 years and applied as a credit to determine the required contribution.

[^]The statutory contribution rate is not sufficient to meet PERA board's objective of funding over 30 years

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS, AND SECURITIES LENDING COLLATERAL INVESTMENTS

Deposits

Investment balances reported in the Statements of Plan Net Assets include an interest in the State General Fund Investment Pool maintained at the State Treasurer's Office. All deposit accounts maintained at the State Treasurer's Office participate in an overnight repurchase agreement program administered by the State Treasurer.

The interest in the State General Fund Investment Pool is in accounts that are pooled with other state funds on deposit in the State Treasurer's name at commercial banking and other financial institutions. Information regarding the adequacy of collateralization of deposits is not known to individual agencies and is the responsibility of the State Treasurer. To obtain pledged collateral, investment risk, and insurance coverage information for the Department's State Treasurer deposits, a copy of separately issued financial statements can be obtained from the State Treasurer's Office.

The disclosure of the deposits by fund is required by the New Mexico Administrative Code 2.2.2. These amounts, listed below, are held in the name of the entity indicated and are fully collateralized.

	Bank		Carrying		
	Balance			Amount	
PERA Trust Administration	\$	7,453,715	\$	7,453,715	
PERA Building Capital Project		165,387		165,387	
Deferred Compensation Operating Account		76,568		76,568	
Judicial Retirement Fund		2,212,097		2,212,097	
Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Fund		168,132		168,132	
Magistrate Retirement Fund		1,071,046		1,071,046	
Total deposits at State Treasurer's Office	\$	11,146,945	\$	11,146,945	

Cash and cash equivalent balances reported in the Statements of Plan Net Assets consist of amounts held by the investment custodian. Cash equivalents held by the investment custodian (Northern Trust Company) are invested in commercial paper, government agencies, and asset backed securities with Standard and Poor's ratings of at least AA as presented in the schedule of credit risk.

Investments

IRC 457 Fund. Securities held in the IRC 457 Fund are excluded from the investment disclosures below because the investments are self-directed by participants. Further detail of the investments are detailed in a publicly available stand-alone financial report which can be obtained by writing to the Public Employees Retirement Association of New Mexico, P.O. Box 2123, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2123, or calling (505) 476-9300.

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, PERA will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Mutual funds, external investment pools, and securities underlying reverse repurchase agreements are not exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS, AND SECURITIES LENDING COLLATERAL INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

All of PERA's securities are held by PERA's own third-party custodian, independent of any Counterparty; therefore, there is minimal risk that PERA will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities held by a Counterparty.

The Custodian (under the oversight of PERA's management) holds assets directly, through its agents, its sub-custodians, or designated clearing systems. The Custodian is accountable for registration of those designated assets in good delivery form, collection of income generated by those assets, and any corporate action notification. The Custodian is responsible for delivery and receipt of securities of the aforementioned transactions. The Custodian is responsible for the ongoing pricing and valuation of all assets; investment managers must reconcile their values to those of the Custodian. The Custodian is to cooperate with, and provide assistance to, PERA and its investment managers in the reconciliation process. The Custodian is required to provide online records and reports, performance reporting, accounting reports and other services included in the agreement. The Board may opt to designate other duties to the Custodian as stipulated in its agreement with the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration, State Board of Finance (Board).

Regarding Repurchase Agreements (REPOS) the policy states, "The Board shall utilize the services of the State Treasurer for holding PERA's assets. The State Treasurer at the direction of the Board shall deposit said assets with a bank or trust company for safe keeping or servicing. In addition, for cash management, the Board may utilize the services of the State treasurer for overnight investment of short-term assets and/or a separate or commingled short-term investment fund ("STIF") approved by the Board or administered by the Custody Bank designated by the State Treasurer or the Board providing the STIF account only invests in those securities authorized by PERA's statutes, investment policy and investment guidelines. Investment managers shall invest all cash in PERA's approved STIF funds."

In addition the policy states, in part, "An investment manager under contract to PERA must preliminarily reconcile the differences between market values of securities as reported by the Custody Bank designated by the State Treasurer for safekeeping PERA's securities and the market values as shown on the monthly report of the investment manager's records."

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS, AND SECURITIES LENDING COLLATERAL INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

PERA's investments (summarized) at June 30, 2010 and its exposure to custodial credit risk are as follows:

Asset Type	of t	eld in the name the Fund by the nd's Custodian Bank	Custody rangements racted by fund manager	Total
U.S. Government Bonds and Agency Securities	\$	460,795,937		\$ 460,795,937
International Government Bonds & Agency Securities		56,174,820		56,174,820
U.S. Municipal Bonds		21,904,917		21,904,917
International Municipal Bonds		5,941,215		5,941,215
Corporate Bonds		855,677,055		855,677,055
International Corporate Bonds		7,074,509		7,074,509
U.S. Government MBS		660,304,576		660,304,576
Commercial MBS		122,953,100		122,953,100
Government Issues Commercial MB		3,381,828		3,381,828
Asset Backed Securities		150,562,542		150,562,542
Non-government C.M.O.		82,225,387		82,225,387
Domestic Corporate Conv. Bonds		21,621,480		21,621,480
Guaranteed Fixed Income		1,424,290		1,424,290
Fixed Income Derivaties Options		65,469		65,469
Index Linked Government Bonds		2,431,184		2,431,184
Total Fixed Income Investments	\$	2,452,538,309		\$ 2,452,538,309
International Common Stock		2,073,473,465		2,073,473,465
Domestic Common Stock		3,292,775,145		3,292,775,145
US Venture Capital & Partnerships		939,736,307		939,736,307
International Venture Capital & Partnerships		14,768,491		14,768,491
Alternatives		727,189,530		727,189,530
International Preferred Stock		29,160,367		29,160,367
Domestic Preferred Stock		14,356,273		14,356,273
Domestic Convertible Equity		1,717,238		1,717,238
Domestic Unit Trust		990,487		990,487
International Unit Trust		1,282,073		1,282,073
Domestic Rights/Warrants		22,747,466		22,747,466
International Rights/Warrants		1,629,628		1,629,628
Total Equities	\$	7,119,826,470	-	\$ 7,119,826,470
Securities Lending			\$ 372,302,344	372,302,344
Total Investments as presented above				\$ 9,944,667,123
IRC 457 fund investments directed by participants				321,475,082
Investments in State General Fund Investment Pool				 11,146,945
Total Investments per the Statement of Plan Net Assets:				\$ 10,277,289,150

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS, AND SECURITIES LENDING COLLATERAL INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. PERA is required to disclose credit ratings of its investments in order to assess credit risk. U.S. obligations or investments guaranteed by the U.S. Government are excluded from this requirement.

PERA's investment policy restricts investments to specific investment ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations as follows:

Credit ratings are limited to:

- 1. Bonds, notes or other obligations issued by a state, its municipalities or other political subdivisions, that have received an investment grade (at least Baa or BBB) bond rating, and are registered by the SEC or the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (MSRB).
- 2. Bonds, notes, commercial paper or other obligations of any corporation organized and operating within the United States; provided that the securities shall have a minimum credit rating of CCC-according to Standard and Poor's rating system or Caa3 according to Moody's investors rating system or their equivalents by a national rating agency approved by the Board; and provided that not more than ten percent of the funds for which the retirement board is trustee shall at any one time be invested in debt obligations of corporations with a credit rating less than BBB according to the Standard and Poor's rating system or Baa according to the Moody's investors rating system or its equivalents. Investment managers may purchase securities that are not rated by a national rating agency, if stipulated in their contract, and provided that the investment manager's internal credit rating on the security is equivalent to at least CCC- according to Standard and Poor's or Caa3 according to Moody's.
- 3. Debt obligations of non-United States governmental or quasi-governmental entities may be denominated in foreign currencies; obligations, including but not limited to bonds, notes or commercial paper with an investment grade (at least Baa or BBB) rating (unless otherwise approved by the Board) of any corporation organized outside of the United States. Currency transactions, including spot or cash basis currency transactions, forward contracts and buying or selling options or futures on foreign currencies, shall be permitted for the purposes of hedging foreign currency risk.
- 4. Collateralized obligations, including but not limited to mortgages, held in trust that; (1) are publicly traded and are registered by the SEC or other Self Regulatory Organization (SRO) and (2) have underlying collateral that is either an obligation of the United States government or else has a credit rating above or equal to BBB according to the Standard and Poor's rating system or Baa according to the Moody's investors rating system or their equivalent by a national rating agency approved by the Board (unless otherwise approved by the Board)."

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS, AND SECURITIES LENDING COLLATERAL INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

A summary of PERA's investments at June 30, 2010 and its exposure to credit risk are as follows:

Type	S & P Ratings	Market Value	% of Portfolio
Government Bonds:	AAA	\$ 161,706,203	6.59%
	A	35,094,301	1.43%
	BBB	19,182,191	0.78%
	Not Rated	16,685,989	0.68%
	US Gov Guaranteed	94,038,969	3.83%
Government Agencies:	AAA	61,572,952	2.51%
	AA	9,376,786	0.38%
	A	2,867,099	0.12%
	BBB	3,265,502	0.13%
	US Gov Guaranteed	113,180,765	4.61%
Municipal Agencies:	AAA	7,505,215	0.31%
	AA	5,500,463	0.22%
	A	11,037,642	0.45%
	Not Rated	3,802,813	0.16%
Corporate Bonds:	AAA	1,977,357	0.08%
	AA	58,314,967	2.38%
	A	250,165,629	10.20%
	BBB	289,547,399	11.81%
	BB	128,014,092	5.22%
	В	105,781,407	4.31%
	CCC	15,543,006	0.63%
	C	229,000	0.01%
	D	62,312	0.00%
	Not rated	13,116,394	0.53%
Government MBS	AAA	2,326,810	0.09%
	Not Rated	11,119,523	0.45%
	US Gov Guaranteed	646,858,243	26.41%
Index Linked Government Bonds	AAA	2,431,184	0.10%

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS, AND SECURITIES LENDING COLLATERAL INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Туре	S & P Ratings	Market Value	% of Portfolio
Guaranteed Fixed Incom	AAA	\$ 1,424,290	0.06%
Commercial MBS:	AAA	49,772,968	2.03%
Commercial Habs.	AA	32,075,867	1.31%
	A	8,925,619	0.36%
	BBB	5,107,299	0.21%
	BB	6,290,409	0.26%
	Not Rated	20,780,938	0.85%
			3132,1
Asset Backed Securities:	AAA	70,155,688	2.86%
	AA	27,026,356	1.10%
	A	15,892,545	0.65%
	BBB	26,829,397	1.09%
	BB	527,363	0.02%
	В	716,309	0.03%
	CCC	1,018,318	0.04%
	CC	2,252,217	0.09%
	D	88,416	0.00%
	Not Rated	6,055,933	0.25%
Gov't-issued Commercial MB	Not Rated	3,381,828	0.14%
Corporate Convertible Bonds	A	5,021,100	0.20%
	BB	2,669,319	0.11%
	В	13,696,212	0.56%
	Not Rated	234,850	0.01%
Non government Backed C.M.O.	AAA	37,796,427	1.54%
	AA	3,834,226	0.16%
	BBB	304,810	0.01%
	BB	3,458,724	0.14%
	В	3,208,037	0.13%
	CCC	18,460,437	0.75%
	CC	2,352,836	0.10%
	Not Rated	12,809,890	0.52%
		\$ 2,452,472,841	100.00%

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS, AND SECURITIES LENDING COLLATERAL INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. PERA's interest rate risk is controlled by the duration guidelines provided in the Investment Guidelines for each fixed income manager which are attached to each investment manager's contract, or Professional Services Agreement (PSA), with PERA. Duration is loosely defined as the dollar weighted average time to recover all principal in a fixed-income investment. For example, a "duration" of 4 years suggests a 1% increase in corresponding interest rates could cause a 4% decline in the market value of the portfolio. PERA's fixed-income managers are typically limited to a duration of plus or minus 1 year or 20% of the duration of the applicable portfolio benchmark. Such limitations are contained in the Investment Guidelines of all fixed income managers.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS, AND SECURITIES LENDING COLLATERAL INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

A summary of PERA's investments and its respective maturities at June 30, 2010 and its exposure to interest rate risk are as follows:

				Percentage of Fixed Income
Bond Category	WAM* in years		Market Value	Portfolio
Corporate Bonds	11.376	\$	862,751,564	35.18%
Government MBS	23.567		660,304,576	26.92%
Asset Backed Securities	16.743		150,562,542	6.14%
Government Bonds	12.769		326,707,653	13.32%
Commercial MBS	28.976		122,953,100	5.01%
Non-Government Backed C.M.O.s	29.780		82,225,387	3.35%
Government Agencies	6.732		190,263,104	7.76%
Index Linked Government Bonds	16.699		2,431,184	0.10%
Corporate Convertible Bonds	18.153		21,621,480	0.88%
Municipal Bonds	12.320		27,846,132	1.14%
Gov't issued commercial MB	1.490		3,381,828	0.14%
Guaranteed Fixed Income	2.339	_	1,424,290	0.06%
Subtotal Fixed Income Investments		\$	2,452,472,840	100.00%
Fixed Income Derivatives Options		_	65,469	
TOTAL Fixed Income Investments		\$	2,452,538,309	
Short Term Bills & Notes reported as Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.307	_	33,098,794	
Total Investments Subject to Interest Rate Risk	;	\$_	2,485,637,103	

^{*} Weighted Average Maturity

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS, AND SECURITIES LENDING COLLATERAL INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Concentration of Credit Risk. Concentration Risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. Investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of all total investments including components unit investments are considered to be exposed to concentrated credit risk and are required to be disclosed. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this requirement. PERA's policy over concentration of credit risks are contained in each investment managers Investment Guidelines.

At June 30, 2010, PERA had no investments with a concentration of greater than 5% of total investments.

Foreign Currency Risk. Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit.

PERA's investment managers responsible for investing in non-U.S. equities are benchmarked to an index that is half-hedged. The benchmark is contained in each investment manager's Investment Guidelines, which are attached to each investment manager's contract or Professional Services Agreement (PSA).

A half-hedged benchmark means half of the losses attributable to a decline in the value of local (the non-U.S. currencies) versus the U.S. Dollar will be experienced by the PERA portfolio. Therefore, there is an incentive for PERA's investment managers of non-U.S. equities to hedge their local currency positions to the extent, in their expert opinion; a decline is likely to occur in a single currency in an amount that would significantly impact the value of the portfolio versus the half-hedged benchmark.

PERA's emerging markets (non-U.S. equity) mandate for non-developed countries is less than 4% of PERA's total combined-funds' assets. Since this portfolio is broadly diversified among many countries, the likelihood of a decline in the market value of a single local currency (the non-U.S. currency) or of several local currencies versus the U.S. dollar such that the impact on PERA's total assets is insignificant. For example, stocks in 1 local currency out of 20 would be 4%-8% of the mandate or 2.00% (\$300 million) of PERA's total assets in a worst case scenario assuming the value of the currency would decline to zero.

Below is a summary of the PERA's investments exposed to foreign currency risk by currency and the respective values at June 30, 2010.

858,680

423,692,936

1,687,711

34,774,846

569,431

377,841

2,264,420

1,340,120

15,943,269

10,143,664

1,232,773

INR

JPY

KES

KRW

LTL

LVL

MAD

MUR

MXN

MYR

NGN

Indian Rupee

Japanese Yen

Kenyan Shilling

Lithuanian Litas

Moroccan Dirham

Mauritian Rupee

Malaysian Ringgit

Mexican Peso

Nigerian Naira

Latvia Lats

South Korean Won

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS, AND SECURITIES LENDING COLLATERAL INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Non-U.S. dollar denominated investments and cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2010 are as follows:

Market Value (included in investments)

Venture Capital &

858,680

423,692,936

1,687,711

47,732,563

569,431

377,841

2,264,420

1,340,120

33,178,596

22,874,446

1,232,773

27,167

14,480

41,085

-

5,424

488,736

36,550

2,979

4,621,166

	Currency	Equity	Fixed Income	Partnerships	Total	Deposits
AUD	Australian Dollar	\$ 129,767,396	\$ 7,847,910	\$ -	\$ 137,615,306	\$ 1,510,277
BGN	Bulgarian New Lev	51,859	-	-	51,859	-
BRL	Brazilian Real	31,835,228	-	-	31,835,228	5,140
BWP	Botswana Pula	1,093,088	-	-	1,093,088	4,244
CAD	Canadian Dollar	25,398,356	-	-	25,398,356	862,795
CHF	Swiss Franc	157,304,327	-	-	157,304,327	2,002,803
CLP	Chilean Peso	7,088,058	-	-	7,088,058	2,655
COP	Columbian Peso	2,677,641	-	-	2,677,641	2,844
CZK	Czech Koruna	2,546,475	-	-	2,546,475	550
DKK	Danish Krone	27,693,897	-	-	27,693,897	195,189
EGP	Egyptian Pound	3,923,144	-	-	3,923,144	2,472
EUR	Euro	540,776,524	3,156,843	14,768,491	558,701,858	7,094,524
GBP	British Pound Sterling	382,492,001	-	-	382,492,001	1,174,995
GHS	New Ghana Cedi	683,394	-	-	683,394	19,532
HKD	Hong Kong Dollar	89,999,771	-	-	89,999,771	1,120,758
HRK	Croatia Kuna	960,170	-	-	960,170	3,679
HUF	Hungarian Forint	2,906,618	-	-	2,906,618	2,244
IDR	Indonesian Rupiah	10,716,410	1,274,058	-	11,990,468	50,588
ILS	New Israeli Shekel	10,709,259	-	-	10,709,259	6,484,387

12,957,717

17,235,327

12,730,782

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS, AND SECURITIES LENDING COLLATERAL INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

				Maı	rket Value (inclu	ıded	in investments)		
							enture Capital &		
	Currency		Equity]	Fixed Income		Partnerships	Total	Deposits
PLN	Polish Zloty		5,989,459		10,680,020		-	16,669,479	1,732
RON	New Romanian Leu		1,157,049		-		-	1,157,049	-
SEK	Swedish Krona		52,866,130		-		-	52,866,130	797,323
SGD	Singapore Dollar		27,209,150		580,073		-	27,789,223	147,862
THB	Thai Baht		10,564,816		-		-	10,564,816	16,023
TRY	Turkish Lira		7,695,311		-		-	7,695,311	561
TWD	New Taiwan Dollar		29,800,518		-		-	29,800,518	39,490
ZAR	South African Rand		24,961,118		-		-	24,961,118	7,983
		\$	2,105,545,533	\$	69,190,544	\$	14,768,491	\$ 2,189,504,568	\$ 27,206,162
	% of total investments	or cash	and cash equival	ents				 0.22	 0.04

Securities and Portable Alpha that have the characteristic of a derivative:

Government Agency Mortgage-backed Securities - As of June 30, 2010, the Funds' investment portfolios, excluding securities lending collateral investments, included mortgage-backed securities issued by agencies of the United States government of \$660,304,576 at fair value. The overall return or yield on mortgage-backed securities depends on the amount of interest collected over the life of the security and the change in the market value. Although the Funds will receive the full amount of principal if prepaid, the interest income that would have been collected during the remaining period to maturity, net of any market adjustment, is lost. Accordingly, the yields and maturities of mortgage-backed securities generally depend on when the underlying mortgage loan principal and interest are repaid. If market rates fall below a mortgage loan's contractual rate, it is generally to the borrower's advantage to prepay the existing loan and obtain new lower financing. In addition to the change in interest rates, mortgage loan prepayments depend on other factors such as loan types and geographic location of the related properties.

Corporate Asset-backed Securities - As of June 30, 2010, the Funds' investment portfolio, excluding securities lending collateral investment, included corporate asset-backed securities with a fair value of \$150,562,542. These securities represent interests in various trusts consisting of pooled financial assets conveyed by the issuing parties. The Funds' ability to recover the amount of principal invested in these securities depends on the performance and quality of the trust assets.

Portable Alpha - PERA began a Portable Alpha program in 2007. The program is comprised of equal weighting to a beta component, S&P500 futures, and an alpha component, 17 hedge funds. The Portable Alpha program is reported within PERA's large cap domestic equity composite and designed to reduce risk while adding incremental excess returns to the equity composite. The Portable Alpha program returned 30.55% for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010; the program's inception-to-date return is (21.54)%.

NOTE 4. DERIVATIVES

PERA adopted GASB Statement No. 53, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments*, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. The statement addresses the recognition measurement and disclosure of PERA's derivatives. This disclosure relates to PERA's investment derivatives instruments measured at fair value on the Statements of Net Assets and Statements of Changes in Net Assets. PERA hold no hedging derivatives at June 30, 2010.

Derivatives are generally defined as contracts whose value depend on, or derive from, the value of an underlying asset, reference rate, or index. The following provides information about derivatives held in the Funds' investment portfolio.

The fair value balances and notional amounts of derivative instruments outstanding at June 30, 2010, classified by type, and the changes in fair value of such derivative instruments for the year then ended as reported in the 2010 financial statements are as follows:

	Change in Fa	ir Value	Fair V	Notional	
Туре	Classification	Amount	Classification	Amount	Amount
Equity derivatives - futures	Investment Revenue	\$ 43,745,329	Investments	\$ 579,405,415	\$ -
Fixed Income derivatives - futures	Investment Revenue	(168,081,813)	Investments	95,857,265	
Commodity Futures	Investment Revenue	130,048,864	Investments	130,048,864	-
Fixed Income derivatives - options	Investment Revenue	49,489	Investments	65,469	15,980

For accounting and financial reporting purposes, these derivative instruments are considered an investment derivative instrument. Accordingly, the accumulated changes in fair value of these derivative instruments as of June 30, 2010, are reported within the "Net appreciation in Fair Value of Investments" on the Statement of Changes in Plan Net Assets.

Derivative Credit Risk

Derivatives which are exchange traded are not subject to credit risk. No derivatives held are subject to custodial credit risk.

Equity Futures:

Equity futures are futures contracts used to replicate the performance of an underlying stock market index. PERA's index futures held by managers are for long-term exposure (non-hedging), and they are carried at fair value. Indices for futures include well-established indices such as S&P, FTSE, DAX, CAC40 and other G12 country indices. PERA utilizes stock market index futures within the Portable Alpha program.

NOTE 4. DERIVATIVES (CONTINUED)

Fixed Income Futures:

Fixed income futures contracts are also exchange-traded derivatives. The exchange's clearing house acts as counterparty on all contracts, sets margin requirements, and also provides a mechanism for settlement. Futures typically have interim partial settlements, or "true-ups", in margin requirements. A futures contract gives the holder the obligation to make or take delivery under the terms of the contract. To exit the commitment prior to the settlement date, the holder of a futures position has to offset position by either selling a long position or buying back (covering) a short position, effectively closing out the futures position and its contract obligations. PERA permits limited use of fixed income futures within the fixed income portfolio.

Forward Currency Contracts:

The Funds may enter into various currency contracts to manage exposure of foreign portfolio holdings to changes in foreign currency exchange rates. A forward exchange contract is a commitment to purchase or sell a foreign currency at a future date at a negotiated forward rate. Risks associated with such contracts include movement in the value of the foreign currency relative to the U.S. dollar and the ability of the counterparty to perform. At June 30, 2010, the Funds had outstanding forward exchange currency contracts to purchase foreign currencies of \$104,720,607 and to sell foreign currencies of \$104,720,607. The fair values of these outstanding contracts at June 30, 2010, were to purchase foreign currencies of \$105,334,999 and to sell foreign currencies of \$105,559,732, respectively. The fair values of the contracts are reflected in the Statement of Plan Net Assets. Gains and losses on forward currency may occur to the extent that the fair value of the contracts varies from the actual contract amount and are recorded as incurred in the Statement Changes in Plan Net Assets.

Commodity Futures:

Commodities futures, or futures contracts, are agreements to buy or sell a set amount of a commodity at a predetermined price and date. Buyers use these to avoid the risks associated with the price fluctuations of the product or raw material, while sellers try to lock in a price for their products. Futures are the obligation of the purchase or sale of the underlying asset. PERA utilizes commodity futures within the real asset segment of the alternative assets allocation.

NOTE 5. SECURITIES LENDING

NMSA 1978 10-11-132 and Board policies permit PERA to use the Funds' investments to enter into securities lending transactions—loans of securities to broker-dealers and other entities for collateral with a simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future. Pursuant to the governing securities lending agreement, the securities lending agent may loan United States government and agency securities, international securities, domestic equity securities, and corporate obligations owned by the Funds in exchange for cash and securities issued or guaranteed by the United States government as collateral. Collateral for these loans is held by PERA's custodial agent and must be equal to a) 102% of the market value of the loaned securities in the case of loaned securities denominated in United States dollars or whose primary trading market is located in the United States or sovereign debt issued by foreign governments, or b) 105% in the case of loaned securities not denominated in United States dollars or whose primary trading market is not located in the United States. Securities on loan at year end are presented as uncategorized in the preceding schedule in Note 3. PERA and/or its securities lending agent may invest cash collateral received in eligible securities as defined in the governing securities lending agreement; such investments are also held by PERA's custodial agent. Securities received as collateral may not be pledged or sold without borrower default. There are no restrictions on the amount of loans that the securities lending agent may make. PERA manages its market risk by recording investments at market value daily and maintaining the value of the collateral held in excess of the value of the securities loaned. As of June 30, 2010, the fair value of securities on loan was \$403,349,365. The associated collateral was \$416,855,575, of which \$416,271,166 was cash collateral and \$584,409 was securities. The cash collateral has been reinvested in other instruments which had a fair value of \$372,302,344 as of June 30, 2010 and the securities lending obligations were \$419,416,422 The unrealized loss in invested cash collateral on June 30, 2010 was \$47,114,078 which is reflected in the Statement of Changes in Plan Net Assets, "Net appreciation in fair value of investments."

As of June 30, 2010, no borrowers defaults have occurred. PERA and the borrowers maintain the right to terminate all securities lending transactions on demand. The cash collateral has been invested and therefore could result in potential realized losses, which would mean PERA would have to liquidate assets to cover the deficit.

PERA has invested in the cash collateral from securities in several Structured Investment Vehicles (SIVs). During the year ended June 30, 2010, the financial markets were extremely volatile and significant declines in values occurred due to a lack of liquidity in the marketplace, which caused collateral calls, thus PERA suffered approximately \$90 million loss on these collateral investments which became worthless resulting in PERA liquidating assets to offset the loss. See Note 14.

NOTE 6. ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENTS

Alternative investments are generally described as investments that are not traditional investment assets such as: stocks, bonds and cash. Alternative investments for the purposes of PERA's portfolio are defined as investments in Absolute Return (hedge funds), Private Equity, Real "Tangible" Assets and Real Estate. Generally, investments in these asset classes are invested via Limited Partnership vehicles and contain different liquidity and investor terms than the traditional asset classes. In general, fees for Alternative Investments made via Limited Partnerships are paid as part of PERA's committed capital and are not subject to the normal budgetary process. The PERA Board adopted an allocation to Alternative Investments in calendar year 2006 of 15% to Alternatives Investment Vehicles: 5% to Absolute Return (hedge funds), 5% to Private Equity, 2.5% to Real Estate and 2.5% to Real Assets. The PERA Board adopted an allocation to Alternative Investments in calendar year 2006 and revised the allocation in June 2010. The new strategic long term allocation for Alternatives Investment Vehicles is 20%: 9% to Absolute Return (hedge funds), 5% to Private Equity, 3% to Real Estate, and 3% to Real Assets.

Absolute Return (hedge funds) —Absolute Return is defined as investment assets in varying hedge fund strategies for the purpose of providing positive returns regardless of market direction. The stated target for Absolute Return investments is to produce returns at LIBOR + 3% to 5%. Funding for Absolute Return investments is from PERA's fixed income portfolio. PERA's Absolute Return portfolio is comprised of 100% single manager or direct hedge funds in such strategies as: Market Neutral, Credit, Distressed, Event Driven, Equity Long/Short, Global Macro and Multistrategy.

As of June 30, 2010, PERA had a total market value of \$1,208,318,364 of assets invested in Absolute Return.

Private Equity - Private Equity investments are typically private interests in corporations across different areas of the capital structure and in different stages of the corporations' development via limited partnership vehicles. Private Equity investments are illiquid and long term in nature (10-12 years), typically held until maturity. PERA's Private Equity portfolio will likely have a "J-Curve Effect" whereby there are low to negative returns in the initial years due to the payment of investment management fees and initial funding of investments made by the General Partner during a period when investments are typically carried at cost and returns have not been realized. Funding for Private Equity is from PERA's public equity portfolio. To diversify the program, Private Equity investments are made across business cycles, vintage years, and different strategies. PERA's Private Equity investments are made in such strategies as: Buyouts, Venture Capital, and Distressed Debt.

As of June 30, 2010, PERA had committed \$732,919,000 to Private Equity limited partnerships and funded only a portion of the total commitment for a market value of \$258,809,233.

Real Estate and Real "Tangible" Assets - These investments are intended to provide allocations to tangible assets that are expected to be inflation protected and provide performance above the inflation rate as indicated by the CPI. Investments will include both private limited partnerships and publicly traded assets. Funding for Real Estate and Real Asset investments are from PERA's fixed income portfolio. Investments in Real Estate and Real Assets will include:

Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITS) - include equity investments in publicly traded securities of a company dedicated to owning, and/or operating income-producing real estate, including but not limited to apartments, shopping centers, offices and warehouses.

NOTE 6. ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Real Estate Partnerships - include investments in private vehicles through limited partnerships or limited liability companies that have an ownership interest in direct real estate properties. The investment strategies may include "value added" strategies, which derive their return from both income and appreciation, and "opportunistic", which derive their return primarily through appreciation.

Commodities - include investment to futures and/or swaps on individually traded commodities or indexes comprising groups of commodities, which may be an overlay strategy on Treasury Inflation Protected Securities (TIPS).

Timber Partnerships - include investments in limited partnerships or limited liability companies that have an ownership interest in properties where the majority value of the property is derived from income-producing timber.

Energy Partnerships - include investment in limited partnerships or limited liability companies that have an ownership interest in energy-related businesses. Investments may include those across the industry spectrum from upstream, midstream, and downstream.

As of June 30, 2010, PERA had committed \$297,500,000 to Real Estate limited partnerships and funded only a portion of the total commitment for a market value of \$128,332,795.

As of June 30, 2010, PERA had committed \$447,000,000 to Real Assets and funded only a portion of the total commitment for a market value of \$161,030,272.

NOTE 7. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2010, is as follows:

	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2009	Reclass	1	Additions	De	eletions	Balance June 30, 2010
Capital assets @ cost:								
Land	\$	1,478,990	\$ -	\$	70,000	\$	-	\$ 1,548,990
Building		12,095,920	442,368		107,916		-	12,646,204
Property and equipment		569,938	(509,102)				-	60,836
Computer equipment and								
software		14,939,020	-		22,158		-	14,961,178
Automobile		-	66,734		24,603		-	91,337
	\$	29,083,868	\$ 	\$	224,677	\$	-	\$ 29,308,545
Accumulated depreciation:								
Building	\$	-	\$ -	\$	(35,128)	\$	-	\$ (35,128)
Property and equipment		(127,570)	95,194		(4,148)		-	(36,524)
Computer equipment and								
software		(8,836,325)	(25,793)		(2,283,687)		-	(11,145,805)
Automobile		-	(69,401)		(3,281)		-	(72,682)
	\$	(8,963,895)	\$ -	\$	(2,326,244)	\$	-	\$ (11,290,139)
Total	\$	20,119,973	\$ -	\$	(2,101,567)	\$	-	\$ 18,018,406

The following significant additions and deletions are included in the above schedule.

- Depreciation and amortization expense, reported as part of administrative expenses, for the year was \$2,326,244.
- PERA moved into the newly constructed building in June 2009.
- Reclassification was done during 2010 in which furniture was removed from the building cost and the automobiles were separately allocated.

NOTE 8. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The following represents changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2010.

	Balance June 30, 2009	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2010
Compensated absences	\$ 410,616	440,798	(499,328)	\$ 352,086

Management estimates that compensated absences are due within one year. The amount of compensated absences is calculated by multiplying the vested hours by the pay rate at year-end plus applicable payroll taxes.

NOTE 9. CONTINGENCIES

PERA has been named as a defendant in various lawsuits arising in the normal course of business primarily related to disability and retirement benefits. Management of PERA intends to vigorously defend the actions, and it is their opinion as well as the opinion of legal counsel that the resolution of these matters will not have a material effect on these financial statements.

NOTE 10. STATUTORY DISCLOSURES

The following disclosures are required by 2 NMAC 2.2, *Requirements for Contracting and Conducting Audits of Agencies*, issued by the Office of the State Auditor.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Public Employees Retirement Fund only)

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device over the Public Employees Retirement Fund. Administrative expenses, rental income and a small portion of interest income are budgeted while significant revenues and non-administrative expenses are not. The budget is prepared on a non- generally accepted accounting principles ("non-GAAP") basis which recognizes capital expenditures as current expenditures, does not recognize depreciation expense, and recognizes revenue on the accrual basis. Because all funds are budgeted from the PERA trust funds, there are no reversions to the State General Fund. All unexpended funds revert to the appropriate PERA fund. Formal budgets are not provided for the Judicial, Magistrate, or Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Funds.

PERA follows these procedures in establishing budgetary data for the Public Employees Retirement Fund:

- 1. By September 1, PERA prepares a budget appropriation request by category to be presented to the next state legislature.
- 2. The appropriation request is submitted to the Department of Finance and Administration ("DFA") Budget Division and to the Legislative Finance Committee ("LFC").
- 3. DFA makes recommendations and adjustments to the appropriation request, which becomes part of the Governor's proposal to the Legislature.

NOTE 10. STATUTORY DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

- 4. The LFC holds hearings on the appropriation request, also making recommendations and adjustments before presentation to the Legislature.
- 5. Both the DFA and the LFC recommended appropriation proposals are presented to the Legislature for approval of the final budget plan.
- 6. Budgetary control is exercised at the category level and changes are approved by DFA.

A Statement of Revenues, Appropriations, and Expenses - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) is included as additional information in this report.

Special, Deficiency, and Specific Appropriations (Public Employees Retirement Fund only)

PERA received authorization to use internal funds for a capital appropriation of \$3,203,431 in FY07 to allow PERA to begin the process of constructing a new office building. The appropriation authorization was based on a statutory amendment enacted in 2005 (Laws of 2005, Chapter 147, Section 1). The appropriation allocated \$2,250,000 for the acquisition of a building site and \$953,431 for the design of the new building. At the end of fiscal 2007, \$70,000 had been expended on land acquisition, and \$423,197 had been expended on the building design. The appropriation does not revert until the end of fiscal year 2010.

PERA also received authorization to use internal funds for a capital appropriation of \$9,656,700 in fiscal year 2007 for the actual construction of a new office building. The appropriation was authorized in Laws of 2007, Chapter 42, Section 92. Because construction of the building commenced in fiscal year 2008, no expenditures were made against this appropriation in fiscal year 2007. The appropriation does not revert until the end of fiscal year 2011.

	FY07	FY07	Beginning
	Budget	Expenditures	FY08 Budget
Acquisition of Building Site	2,250,000	(70,000)	2,180,000
Contruction of New PERA Building	10,610,131	(423,197)	10,186,934
	12,860,131	(493,197)	12,366,934

PERA received authorization to use internal funds for a capital appropriation of \$1,500,000 in fiscal year 2008 for the construction of the new office building. The appropriation was authorized in Laws 2008, Chapter 92, Senate Floor Substitute for Senate Bill 471, with emergency clause Section 74. The appropriation does not revert until the end of FY12.

	New FY08	FY08 Actual	Beginning
<u> </u>	Appropriation	Expenditures	FY09 Budget
Acquisition of Building Site	-	(1,478,990)	701,010
Contruction of New PERA Building	1,500,000	(2,500,692)	9,186,242
_	1,500,000	(3,979,682)	9,887,252

NOTE 10. STATUTORY DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

	New FY09		FY09 Actual	Beginning
	Appropriation		Expenditures	FY10 Budget
Acquisition of Building Site			(578,740)	122,270
Contruction of New PERA Building			(8,965,659)	220,583
	\$	- \$	(9,544,399) \$	342,853

	FY10 Appropriation	FY10 Actual Expenditures	Beginning FY11 Budget
Acquisition of Building Site	122,270		122,270
Contruction of New PERA Building	220,583	(177,916)	42,667
	\$ 342,853	\$ (177,916) \$	164,937

As these monies are appropriated from the Public Employees Retirement Fund, any unspent amount will revert to that same Fund and not to the State of New Mexico General Fund.

NOTE 11. RETIREMENT PLANS

Plan Description. Substantially all of the PERA's full-time employees participate in the public employee retirement system authorized under the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978). PERA is the administrator of the plan, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement benefits, disability benefits, survivor benefits and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. PERA issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to PERA, P.O. Box 2123, Santa Fe, NM 87504-2123. The report is also available on PERA's website at www.pera.state.nm.us.

Funding Policy. For fiscal year 2010 and 2011, plan members are required to contribute 8.92% of their gross salary (ranges from 4.78% to 16.65% depending on the plan – i.e., state general, state hazardous duty, state police and adult correctional officers, municipal general, municipal police, municipal fire, municipal detention officer). For fiscal year 2010 and 2011, PERA is required to contribute 15.09% of the gross covered salary (ranges from 7.0% to 25.72% depending upon the plan). The contribution requirements of plan members and PERA are established in State statute under Chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. PERA's contributions to the PERA retirement plan for the years ending June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008, were \$633,426, \$691,372, and \$684,510, respectively, equal to the amount of the required contributions from the employer for each year. In addition, the employees contributed an additional \$374,430, \$309,221, and \$306,152, respectively, equal to the amount of the required contributions from employees for each year.

NOTE 12. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – STATE RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN

Plan Description: PERA contributes to the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (RHCA). The RHCA provides health care insurance and prescription drug benefits to retired employees of participating New Mexico government agencies, their spouses, dependents, and surviving spouses and dependents. The RHCA Board was established by the Retiree Health Care Act (Chapter 10, Article 7C, NMSA 1978). The Board is responsible for establishing and amending benefit provisions of the healthcare plan and is also authorized to designate optional and/or voluntary benefits like dental, vision, supplemental life insurance, and long-term care policies.

Eligible retirees are: (1) retirees who make contributions to the fund for at least five years prior to retirement and whose eligible employer during that period of time made contributions as a participant in the RHCA plan on the person's behalf, unless that person retires before the employer's RHCA effective date, in which the event the time period required for employee and employer contributions shall become the period of time between the employee's effective date, and the date of retirement; (2) retirees defined by the Act who retired prior to July 1, 1990; (3) former governing authority members who served at least four years.

The RHCA issues a publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the postemployment healthcare plan. That report and further information can be obtained by writing to the Retiree Health Care Authority at 4308 Carlisle NE, Suite 104, Albuquerque, NM 87107.

Funding Policy. The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-13, NMSA 1978) authorizes the RHCA Board to establish the monthly premium contributions that retirees are required to pay for healthcare benefits. Each participating retiree pays a monthly premium according to a service based subsidy rate schedule for the medical plus basic life plan plus an additional participation fee of five dollars if the eligible participant retired prior to the employer's RHCA effective date or is a former legislator or a former governing authority member. Former legislators and governing authority members are required to pay 100% of the insurance premium to cover their claims and the administrative expenses of the plan. The monthly premium rate schedule can be obtained from the RHCA or viewed on their website at www.nmrhca.state.nm.us.

The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-15, NMSA 1978) is the statutory authority that establishes the required contributions of participating employers and their employees. The statute requires each participating employer to contribute 1.3% of each participating employee's annual salary; each participating employee is required to contribute .65% of their salary. Employers joining the program after 1/1/1998 are also required to make a surplus-amount contribution to the RHCA based on one of two formulas at agreed-upon intervals.

The RHCA plan is financed on pay-as-you-go basis. The employer, employee and retiree contributions are required to be remitted to the RHCA on a monthly basis. The statutory requirements for the contributions can be changed by the New Mexico State Legislature.

PERA's contributions to the RHCA for the years ending June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$54,532, \$54,601, and \$51,397 for employer contributions and \$27,266, \$27,301, and \$25,698 in employee contributions, respectively, which equal the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 13. MARKET VOLATILITY

Subsequent to June 30, 2010, investment markets have generally been positive but continue to be volatile.

PERA has invested the cash collateral from securities. With the financial markets being extremely volatile and significant declines in values are occurring, PERA could have a potential loss on these collateral investments resulting in PERA liquidating assets to offset the loss.

NOTE 14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been evaluated through November 12, 2010 (the date the financial statements were available to be issued) to determine whether such events should be recorded or disclosed in the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2010. Management believes no material subsequent events have arisen that would require adjustment or disclosure, in addition to those reported in Note 14.

Lawsuit with Wachovia

The PERA Board voted in October 2010 to sue Wachovia for breach of contract and breach of fiduciary duty in regards to Sigma Finance, Inc and Victoria Finance, alleging mismanagement of state investments that were supposed to be low-risk. At stake is \$90 million in losses suffered in 2008 that PERA seeks to recover. See Note 5.

Retirement Age and Service Credit:

The retirement age and service credit requirements for normal retirement for PERA state and municipal general members first hired on or after July 1, 2010 will increase. Under the new requirements, general members will be eligible to retire at any age with 30 or more years of service credit. General members hired on or before June 30, 2010 remain eligible to retire at any age with 25 or more years of service credit.

State police and adult correctional officers, municipal juvenile detention officers and municipal police and firefighters in Plans 3, 4 and 5 will not be affected by the new age and service requirements. Police and firefighters in Plans 3, 4 and 5 are eligible to retire at any age with 20 or more years of service credit. State police and adult correctional officers and municipal juvenile detention officers will remain in 25-year retirement plans where service credit is enhanced by 20%.

In addition to retiring at any age with 30 or more years of service credit, general members in the new plans can retire at any age if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit equals at least 80 or at age 67 with 5 or more years of service credit. No changes were made to pension factors, employee or employer contribution percentages or to the computation of final average salary.

An interim legislative task force is reviewing all retirement-plan benefit structures and will make recommendations to the legislature at a later date. PERA anticipates that changes to the retirement-plan provisions will be introduced in the upcoming 2011 legislative session.

NOTE 14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (CONTINUED)

DFA accounts receivable and payable reconciliation:

During fiscal year 2010, Department of Finance and Administration (DFA) resolved unposted transactions for old payrolls that had not been reconciled as far back as 2005. The result of posting these transactions was the creation of a net receivable of approximately \$565,000, based on the PERA reconciliation of the payroll files and monetary remittances sent by DFA to PERA. On November 9, 2010, the PERA Board decided that this receivable should be recorded in the PERA financial statements, with the understanding that DFA disputes this receivable. During fiscal year 2011, DFA and PERA will continue researching and reconciling these items to determine any amounts owed by either party.

Contribution Rate Changes for State Plan 3, State Hazardous Duty Plan 2, and State Police and Adult Correctional Officers Plan 1:

From July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2011, for members whose annual salary is greater than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000), the employer contribution rate will decrease by 1.5% and the employee contribution rate will increase by 1.5%.

NOTE 15. INVESTMENT PLACEMENT AGENTS

Placement agents are an entity who acts on behalf of an investment manager as a finder, solicitor, marketer, consultant, broker or other intermediary to raise funds from investors. The role of a placement agent can vary depending on the needs of their clients. About 7% of PERA's private investments involve placement agents. In each case, the agent is an established firm such as Credit Suisse or the Park Hill Group as opposed to an individual. A typical agent's fee is 1 to 2 percent of the amount invested. The role of placement agents moved into the spotlight during 2009 in a New York scandal that has rippled into New Mexico's other two investing agencies.

Currently PERA complies with the statutory disclosure requirement of NMSA 1978, Section 10-11-133.1, which mandates the disclosure of the identity and fees paid, if any, to any third-party marketer or placement agent involved in PERA's investment in private funds. PERA has no direct relationships with third-party marketers or placement agents. PERA has rewritten its internal Investment Policy to incorporate the disclosure requirements of NMSA 1978, 10-11-133.1 as it pertains to private investments. PERA's two investment consultants, RVKuhns and Cliffwater, LLC, do not receive any form of compensation other than client advisory fees and do not accept compensation from investment management organizations or their marketers. Cliffwater, LLC serves in a gatekeeper capacity for all PERA's private investments and does not recommend any investment management firm to a client without interfacing directly with the firm's portfolio management professionals.

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF NEW MEXICO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF FUNDING PROGRESS Year Ended June 30, 2010

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS:

PERA uses the aggregate funding method, which does not identify or separately amortize unfunded actuarial liabilities. Below is a schedule of funding progress using the individual entry age normal funding method to approximate the funding status. The individual entry-age actuarial cost method allocates the actuarial present value of each member's projected benefits on a level basis over the member's pensionable compensation between the entry age of the member and the pattern of projected exit ages.

-		(2)	(3)			(6)
		Actuarial	Unfunded			UAAL
	(1)	Accrued	(Excess)	(4)	(5)	as a %
Actuarial	Actuarial	Liability	AAL	Funded	Annual	of Covered
Valuation	Value of	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratios	Covered	Payroll
Date	Assets	Entry Age	(2) - (1)	(1)/(2)	Payroll	(3)/(5)
					-	
PUBLIC EMPLO	OYEES RETIREMEN	NT FUND				
June 30, 2006	10,850,217,103	11,781,722,238	931,505,135	92.1	1,774,918,446	52.5
June 30, 2007	12,032,214,874	12,962,480,229	930,265,355	92.8	1,908,519,615	48.7
June 30, 2008	12,816,218,012	13,740,335,321	924,117,309	93.3	1,965,064,160	47.0
June 30, 2009	12,553,985,916	14,908,279,200	2,354,293,284	84.2	2,081,259,498	113.1
June 30, 2010	12,243,712,850	15,601,461,460	3,357,748,610	78.5	1,993,516,921	168.3
	ETIREMENT FUNI					
June 30, 2006	13,677,848	19,433,505	5,755,657	70.4	N/A	
June 30, 2007	17,142,953	19,591,914	2,448,961	87.5	N/A	N/A
June 30, 2008	19,999,435	21,414,312	1,414,877	93.4	N/A	N/A
June 30, 2009	21,156,210	24,345,140	3,188,930	86.9	N/A	N/A
June 30, 2010	22,125,806	26,675,356	4,549,550	82.9	N/A	N/A
JUDICIAL RETI						
June 30, 2006	74,003,122	95,216,477	21,213,355	77.7	10,059,893	210.9
June 30, 2007	82,569,524	104,040,035	21,470,511	79.4	11,754,248	182.7
June 30, 2008	87,429,745	111,721,411	24,291,666	78.3	11,697,421	207.7
June 30, 2009	73,161,152	120,840,622	47,679,470	60.5	13,011,196	366.4
June 30, 2010	79,644,583	130,135,898	50,491,315	61.2	13,041,980	387.1
	<u>ETIREMENT FUNI</u>					
June 30, 2006	33,694,422	33,362,138	(332,284)	101.0	3,149,560	(10.6)
June 30, 2007	37,241,627	36,964,449	(277,178)	100.7	3,464,587	(8.0)
June 30, 2008	38,866,453	41,721,278	2,854,825	93.2	3,363,342	
June 30, 2009	31,524,204	47,567,604	16,043,400	66.3	4,128,599	388.6
June 30, 2010	34,651,696	52,676,816	18,025,120	65.8	3,519,570	512.1
		<u>IREMENT FUND (A</u>				
June 30, 2006	40,679,359	23,742,890	(16,936,469)	171.3	N/A	
June 30, 2007	44,960,981	16,536,060	(28,424,921)	271.9	N/A	N/A
June 30, 2008	48,437,876	16,945,857	(31,492,019)	285.8	N/A	N/A
June 30, 2009	48,192,255	19,869,273	(28,322,982)	242.5	N/A	N/A
June 30, 2010	47,346,417	20,465,920	(26,880,497)	231.3	N/A	N/A

⁽A) Legislative and Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Fund benefits are not based on salary. Accordingly, payroll information has been excluded

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF NEW MEXICO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF CONTRIBUTIONS FROM EMPLOYERS AND OTHER CONTRIBUTING ENTITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Public Em	Judicial					
	Retirement	Fund (3)	Retirement 1	Retirement Fund			
Fiscal	Annual Required	%	Annual Required	%			
Year Ended	Contribution	Contributed	Contribution	Contributed			
June 30, 2005	219,163,952	100.0	3,995,583	82.0			
June 30, 2006	235,863,262	100.0	3,851,188	100.0			
June 30, 2007	257,095,466	100.0	4,149,058	108.4			
June 30, 2008	293,164,836	100.0	4,549,247	112.6			
June 30, 2009	302,614,335	102.8	4,690,274	115.6			
June 30, 2010	328,202,821	88.7	5,658,174	65.4			

Magistrate			Volunteer Firefighters			
	Retiremen	t Fund	Retirement Fun	d (1)		
Fiscal Annual Required		%	Annual Required	%		
Year Ended	Contribution	Contributed	Contribution	Contributed(2)		
June 30, 2005	927,233	100.8	0 - 565,000	132.7		
June 30, 2006	1,009,203	104.8	406,000 - 1,370,000	54.7		
June 30, 2007	943,884	127.8	0-446,000	168.2		
June 30, 2008	1,029,865	132.6	0	750.0		
June 30, 2009	1,151,061	86.9	0	750.0		
June 30, 2010	1,698,108	48.6	0	750.0		

⁽¹⁾ Contributions are appropriated from the State of New Mexico Fire Protection Fund

⁽²⁾ Using the high end of the range for the calculation

⁽³⁾ Public Employees Retirement Fund includes Legislative.

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF NEW MEXICO NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Public			Volunteer
	Employees	Judicial	Magistrate	Firefighters
	Retirement	Retirement	Retirement	Retirement
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund
Valuation date	June 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	June 30, 2010
Actuarial cost method	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age	Unit credit
Amortization method	Level percent, open	Level percent, open	Level percent, open	Level dollar, open
Amortization period	30 years	30 years^^	30 years^^	30 years#
Asset valuation method	4 year smoothed	4 year smoothed	4 year smoothed	4 year smoothed
	market	market	market	market
Rate of return on				
investment of present				
and future assets*	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%
Projected salary	4.50 40.000		4.770	37/4
increases	4.50 - 19.00%	5.25%	4.75%	N/A+
Post retirement benefit				
	2 000/	2 000/	2 000/	NI/A
Increases	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	N/A+
* Includes inflation at	4.00%	4.50%	4.00%	4.00%

Notes:

⁺ Benefits are not based on salary and are not subject to cost of living increases.

[#] Assets currently exceed actuarial accrued liabilities. The excess was amortized over 30 years and applied as a credit to determine the required contribution.

[^] The statutory contribution rate is not sufficient to meet PERA board's objective of funding over 30 years

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF NEW MEXICO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, APPROPRIATIONS, AND EXPENSES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Non-GAAP Basis) – PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND ONLY Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Original Budget	Final Budget	_	Actual	Fi I	oriance with nal Budget Favorable nfavorable)
Revenues and Appropriations						
Other state funds:						
Interest income	\$ 38,080,700	\$ 38,295,700	\$	133,218,316	\$	94,922,616
Deferred Comp Plan Income	108,600	108,600		94,203	-	(14,397)
Total Revenue	\$ 38,189,300	\$ 38,404,300	\$	133,312,519	\$	94,908,219
Expenditures						
Administration						
Contractual services	30,895,000	31,110,000		21,006,320		10,103,680
Personnel services and benefits	5,920,600	5,920,600		5,463,424		457,176
Other operating costs	1,373,700	1,373,700		1,173,943		199,757
Total Expenditures	\$ 38,189,300	\$ 38,404,300	\$	27,643,687	\$	10,760,613
Change in net assets, budget items				105,668,832		
Non-budget revenues and expenses:						
Investment earnings and change in fair	value			1,280,814,539		
Depreciation Expense				(2,326,244)		
Compensated Absences				(352,086)		
Contributions from members and emple	oyers			522,199,164		
Other Income				1,130,580		
Benefit payments to retirees and benef	ficiaries			(653,727,922)		
Refunds to terminated employees				(32,734,673)		
Increase (Decrease) in plan net assets				1,220,672,190		
Net assets held in trust for pension ben	efits					
Balance - beginning of year				8,795,819,141		
Balance - end of year			\$	10,016,491,331		

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF NEW MEXICO OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES SCHEDULE OF ADMINISTRATIVE AND INVESTMENT EXPENSES Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

2010			2009
\$ 15,085,510		\$	13,759,241
4,128,283			3,701,107
363,292			288,526
\$ 19,577,085		\$	17,748,874
1,031,952			1,369,167
11,828			68,376
127,181			121,838
45,228			39,824
472,649			404,437
1,688,838			2,003,642
5 482 376			6,035,782
			1,050,225
			1,000,711
			410,616
2,326,244			1,582,557
10,396,536			10,079,891
12.005.274		¢.	12,002,522
\$ 12,085,374		\$	12,083,533
\$ 31,662,459		\$	29,832,407
\$	\$ 15,085,510 4,128,283 363,292 \$ 19,577,085 1,031,952 11,828 127,181 45,228 472,649 1,688,838 5,482,376 1,178,202 1,057,628 352,086 2,326,244 10,396,536 \$ 12,085,374	\$ 15,085,510 4,128,283 363,292 \$ 19,577,085 1,031,952 11,828 127,181 45,228 472,649 1,688,838 5,482,376 1,178,202 1,057,628 352,086 2,326,244 10,396,536 \$ 12,085,374	\$ 15,085,510 4,128,283 363,292 \$ 19,577,085 \$ 19,577,085 \$ 11,828 127,181 45,228 472,649 1,688,838 5,482,376 1,178,202 1,057,628 352,086 2,326,244 10,396,536 \$ 12,085,374 \$



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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members of the Retirement Board of the Public Employees Retirement Association of New Mexico and Mr. Hector H. Balderas New Mexico State Auditor

We have audited the Statements of Plan Net Assets and Statements of Changes in Plan Net Assets of the Public Employees Retirement Fund, Judicial Retirement Fund, Magistrate Retirement Fund, and the Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Fund, (collectively, the Funds) administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of New Mexico (PERA) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated November 12, 2010. We have also audited the Schedule of Revenues, Appropriations and Expenses – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) for the Public Employees Retirement Fund presented as supplemental information for the year ended June 30, 2010, as listed in the table of contents. Our report was modified to include a reference to other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Other auditors audited the financial statements of the Deferred Compensation (IRC 457) Fund as described in our report on PERA's financial statements. This report does not include the results of other auditors' testing of internal controls over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered PERA's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of PERA's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of PERA's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a

material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 06-01, 07-06, 09-01, and 10-01 to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether PERA's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that are required to be reported under section 12-6-5 NMSA 1978 which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 09-03, 09-04 and 10-02.

PERA's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit PERA's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Members of PERA's Retirement Board, the Audit Committee, management, the Department of Finance and Administration, the Legislative Finance Committee, and the State Auditor, and is not intended to be, and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Atkinson & Co., Ltd.

Albuquerque, New Mexico November 12, 2010

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF NEW MEXICO SCHEDULE OF STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS Year Ended June 30, 2010

05-06	Incomplete and Inconsistent Member Accounts	Resolved
06-01	Contributions Transaction Cycle – Over and	
	Under Payments	Repeated
07-01	Conversion Data Clean-up and Inconsistent User	
	Roles in the RIO Membership Database	Resolved
07-06	RIO to General Ledger Posting	Repeated
09-01	Member Account Interest	Repeated, revised
09-02	Compliance with IRS Regulations	Resolved
09-03	IRS Reporting and 1099R Errors	Repeated, revised
09-04	Cash Receipt and Accounts Receivable Processes	Repeated, revised

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF NEW MEXICO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

Year Ended June 30, 2010

06-01 Contributions Transaction Cycle - Over and Under Payments and Suspended Records

CONDITION

During our testing of the contributions cycle, we noted that the various employers whose employees belong to the PERA system are responsible for providing the dollar amounts to be credited to each active PERA member. If the employer provides amounts differing from the total cash submitted, the RIO system creates a receivable or a payable for the difference. There is currently not a process within RIO to properly identify, track and post these items.

CRITERIA

All reconciliations affecting the general ledger should be done on a timely basis. Per Section 126-5, NMSA 1978, any violation of good accounting practice must be reported. For 2010, the balance in the suspense account increased from approximately \$2.5 million to over \$16 million.

CAUSE

The RIO system does not offer an ability to drill down to the detail level within the over/under dollar amounts. Additionally, there is not a clear audit trail to understand what specific transactions are creating these over/under amounts.

EFFECT

There are unresolved payables and receivables on the general ledger. Because the amounts cannot be individually identified, it is difficult to evaluate the collectability of the receivables and appropriateness of the payables.

RECOMMENDATION

PERA should update the RIO system to be able to identify the detail underlying the receivable/payable amounts. PERA should consider modifying the current interface for the RIO system that will alert agencies when there is an inconsistency that has created an under or over payment.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

PERA Comptroller submitted a Problem Incident Report (PIR) dated July 2008. EDS/Saber, the RIO maintenance contractor indicated this is a Control Change Request (CCR). As of October 2010, discussion with PERA staff and EDS/Saber has been ongoing regarding the necessary requirements to correct the unresolved payables and receivables differences on the general ledger.

07-06 RIO to General Ledger Posting

CONDITION

Changes made to individual active or retired member accounts as a result of file audits are not posted to SHARE or the parallel general ledger system used by PERA. These changes affect the categories within the net asset balances of each fund. In order for the general ledger to reflect the correct balance, a manual journal entry must be made. Since the changes are not tracked at the individual member level, the entry must be made as a net amount. Since the RIO system does not keep an audit trail for these changes and multiple reports indicate differing balances, there is no way to know which member balances are the correct balances.

Not all transactions are posted from the RIO system into the general ledger interface file in a correct manner. In certain circumstances, members remit unplanned contributions to PERA for items such as purchased service credit. The RIO system automatically posts the receipts into the general ledger; however, these receipts are posted into an asset account instead of a revenue account. The accounting staff must perform a manual adjusting entry for these items in order to correctly record the transaction.

CRITERIA

All transactions occurring in RIO which impact the general ledger should be posted accurately and timely as part of the interface.

CAUSE

When changes are made they are done "under construction/prepare member" and the changes are not captured for proper system posting to the general ledger. Additionally, some transactions are programmed to post to incorrect general ledger accounts.

EFFECT

Some individual general ledger balances, including member and employer reserve balances, are incorrect until a manual change is posted to correct the balances.

RECOMMENDATION

We recommend that the interface between RIO and PERA's general ledger be modified to automatically and correctly post changes to the general ledger and to track the detail of the changes so that they can be monitored via an edit report.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

PERA submitted a computer change request to PERA's third party administrator of the RIO system, EDS/Saber, in March 2008 for the RIO to the general ledger interface. Currently part of the task has been completed, but reconciliation of the changes still cannot be verified. PERA is still waiting for EDS to compile reports to verify the amounts being transferred via the RIO interface file into the general ledger. As of October 2010, reconciliation of the Prepare Member Account (PMA) is still ongoing. PERA is still waiting for EDS/Saber to compile reports that verify the amounts being transferred via the RIO interface file into the general ledger.

09-01 Member Account Interest

CONDITION

During our audit, we identified one member account out of twenty tested whose total life-to-date interest was incorrect due to the omission of interest and compound interest thereon early in the member account's history. One member's account is understated by approximately \$2,800 as a result of the miscalculated interest. Per our discussions with management and testwork performed the previous condition to which the system did not post interest has been addressed with a manual reconciliation; however, the solution implemented by management does not address the loss of compound interest on member accounts that had previously not had interest properly calculated.

CRITERIA

New Mexico Administrative Code Title 2, Chapter 80, 2100.8 (D) states that "interest on member contributions shall be posted annually effective June 30 of each year at the rate of 5.25%." NMAC 2.80.2100.8 (E) further states that "a refund of member contributions includes interest on those contributions as provided in this Rule."

CAUSE

Due to the RIO system's treatment of certain member accounts, interest compounded on member contributions is not being posted as required. Per inquiry of management, this appears to be occurring on certain accounts that have been suspended at anytime during membership.

EFFECT

There is an increased likelihood that a member, upon receiving a refund of the member contributions made, will not receive the interest on those contributions as required by the New Mexico Administrative Code.

RECOMMENDATION

We recommend that PERA rectify errors in compounding of interest and accrual of previous years interest since RIO does not rectify historical inaccuracies to ensure that interest is correctly posted on all member accounts as required by the New Mexico Administrative Code.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

The existing RIO code related to interest postings has been tested and verified to be working correctly. The way the system works is as follows: If a member has an unposted wage and contribution record at the time the annual interest job runs, the member does not receive an interest posting. When the member no longer has any unposted wage and contribution records, there is a screen within the user interface that allows interest to be calculated and posted on a member-by-member basis.

PERA is looking at improving the process in two ways. First, by becoming current and staying current with posting member wage and contribution records and, secondly, by working with our RIO support vendor to explore potential code changes that might further automate the compound interest posting for members once their accounts become current.

Year Ended June 30, 2010

09-03 IRS Reporting and 1099R Errors

CONDITION

During our audit, it came to our attention that PERA is not using consistent information to report to the IRS. The 945 reporting does not reconcile to the 1099R reporting. The 945 reporting reconciles to the monthly disbursements made to retired members; however, the total amounts reported via the 1099R reporting does not reconcile to the 945 reporting. While the unreconciled amounts are not a material amount, there should be no unlocated differences between the two reports.

CRITERIA

The IRS requires an explanation or reconciliation of any differences between the distributions reported on the 945 reports and the 1099R reporting. Amounts reported on the 1099R statements should be an accurate reflection of actual taxable benefits paid during the calendar year.

CAUSE

The 945 reporting is generated using the monthly benefit payment register. The 1099R reporting is done based on a query from the RIO system. There appears to be differences in the data used to produce the two reports.

Additionally, certain individuals had additional withholdings during the year by PERA to repay previous overpayments. The system erroneously included the entire gross benefit on the 1099R as taxable.

EFFECT

PERA is not able to reconcile the differences between the 945 reporting and the 1099R reporting. This inability to reconcile the differences between the two reports results in an inability to comply with IRS reporting requirements.

RECOMMENDATION

We recommend that PERA utilize the same data to generate the 1099R reports that is used to generate the 945 reports for the IRS.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

Quarterly reports are now being processed out of RIO. Discrepancies between the 1099R reporting queries and the actual RIO payroll file are being researched and resolved. This process will ensure that the year-end reporting process is accurate between the IRS file and the RIO download. PERA and EDS/Saber continue to address the reconciliation process in RIO and are committed to providing a solution.

09-04 Cash Receipt and Accounts Receivable Processes

CONDITION

During our audit, it was brought to our attention that certain transactions resulting in account receivable balances are not being reported within the RIO system. Although not material to the financial statements, transactions involving members who have been overpaid and are required to repay PERA are not currently recorded as receivables within the RIO system. When members remit payments to PERA, there is no receivable balance to credit.

CRITERIA

Per Section 126-5, NMSA 1978, any violation of good accounting practice must be reported.

CAUSE

The current process does not include the creation of an account receivable for members that have been overpaid.

EFFECT

When receipts for reimbursement of benefit overpayments are received, there is no account receivable balance to credit. There is no clear process to track these receivable balances to determine if payments are being received. As a result, PERA may not be receiving all amounts owed.

RECOMMENDATION:

When overpayments are identified and it is determined that a member owes funds to PERA, a receivable should be created and be reflected on the general ledger. Additionally, these receivable balances should be regularly monitored for payment activity and PERA should consider sending regular statements to these individuals. This will also assist in ensuring that all cash receipts are applied appropriately.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

During the year ended June 2009, PERA submitted a computer change request to PERA's third party administrator of the RIO system, EDS/Saber, for the issue regarding cash receipts, especially in regards to disability. Contingent upon funding, which became available for FY11, this issue is still pending with the software vendor. Currently in the RIO system, it cannot accommodate the changes that need to be made to the system to handle the proper reporting and accounting for this problem.

10-01 Investment File Documentation

CONDITION

During our audit we selected five alternative investment fund files to determine if management receives sufficient information to evaluate and document its understanding and valuation of alternative investments. We reviewed information on three out of five files and per our review the information contained in the files was not uniform in all instances. Through discussion and inspection we also noted many procedures performed outside of file reviews in relation to the due diligence and valuation requirements performed by PERA.

CRITERIA

Management of PERA is responsible for the valuation of alternative investment amounts as presented per AU Section 328.04 Auditing Fair Value Measurement and Disclosures. PERA management engages a consultant who provides contracted services to assist in PERAs valuations for financial statement purposes. Appropriate documentation of information download and PERAs consideration of such information from consultants supports PERA's due diligence responsibilities and financial statements valuation requirements

CAUSE

PERA recently converted to a Paperless web based database for investment files. This in process conversion slowed the retrieval of documents that we requested. We did not inspect two files which were not available. Documentation of information received from the outside contractor including PERA consideration of information received was not uniform among the files reviewed.

EFFECTS

There may be an opportunity to increase or standardize PERA's documentation of its due diligence protocols and financial statement valuation procedures for the various procedures that PERA performs in its investment capacity.

RECOMMENDATION

We recommend that PERA review the unlocated files for completeness when they are available. We also recommend that PERA consider any additional information that could enhance its documented protocols in regard to valuations of alternative investments and its analysis and interactions of information received from its investment consultants and standardize this to the greatest extent possible.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

PERA recently converted from a paper to an electronic filing system. The process of imaging all Investment Division files was outsourced during FY10 and the project was completed in June. As was discovered during the audit, some documents were misfiled and could not be located for retrieval. The PERA Investment Division will work with the IT Division to verify that imaged documents are correctly filed, that the files in a complete and standardized format, and that the documents are retrievable.

10-01 Investment File Documentation (continued)

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE (continued)

All documents related to alternative investments when received from the consultant, the General Partner, or gathered and compiled by PERA staff, will continue to be imaged and stored in the appropriate file location. PERA Investment Division will continue to make every effort to gather pertinent partnership information, valuation-related and other, necessary to perform ongoing analysis and review of the investments.

10-02 Performance Appraisals

CONDITION

During our audit, we became aware that the PERA did not provide a timely performance evaluation on approximately 6 employees in our test sample of twenty five.

CRITERIA

Performance appraisals shall be completed on at least an annual basis per 1.7.9.9 B NMAC by the employee's anniversary date.

CAUSE

The performance appraisal was not completed due to oversight.

EFFECT

Career employees are not receiving timely performance feedback, which relates to increased quality performance benefits for both the employee and the Board.

RECOMMENDATION

The performance appraisal should be completed and the evaluation schedule reaffirmed.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

The Board will comply with standards set forth in 1.7.9.9 B NMAC.

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF NEW MEXICO EXIT CONFERENCE

June 30, 2010

We discussed the recommendations contained in this letter during the exit conference held November 9, 2010. The exit conference was attended by the following individuals:

Public Employees Retirement Association

Terry Slattery Executive Director
Kurt Weber Deputy Director
Mary Frederick Deputy Director

Susan Pittard Director of Legal Division
Joelle Mevi Director of Investments

Renae Herndon Comptroller

Nancy Hewitt State Member
Oscar Arevalo State Member
Annette Martinez-Varela State Member
Francis Page State Member
Patricia French Municipal Member

Susan Biernacki Municipal Member
David Baca County Member
Victor Montoya Retiree Member
John Lucero Retiree Member
James Lewis Ex-Officio Member
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