

SENTENCING COMMISSION

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2011

MOSS-ADAMS LLP

Certified Public Accountants | Business Consultants

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO SENTENCING COMMISSION

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO SENTENCING COMMISSION Official Roster June 30, 2011

Chair - Marron Lee

Vice Chair - Billy Blackburn

Members

Cynthia Aragon **Bob Cleavall Raymond Cobos** Jacqueline Cooper Yolanda Deines Mark Donatelli Gorden E. Eden Jr. Joel Garnett **Gary King** Ricky Madrid **Gregg Marcantel** Amy Orlando Arthur Pepin John Pope Jerry Ritter David Schmidt Hanna Skandera Martin Suazo Michael Vigil Kevin Washburn

<u>Staff</u>

Tony Ortiz, Executive Director Linda Freeman, Deputy Director Renee Cordova, Business Manager



Report of Independent Auditors

Mr. Hector H. Balderas New Mexico State Auditor and State of New Mexico Sentencing Commission

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund and budgetary comparison, of the State of New Mexico Sentencing Commission (Commission) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Commission's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 2, the basic financial statements of the Commission are intended to present the financial position, and the changes in financial position of only that portion of the governmental activities and the major fund of the State of New Mexico that is attributable to the transactions of the Commission. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of New Mexico as of June 30, 2011, and the changes in its financial position and the budgetary comparisons, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Mr. Hector H. Balderas New Mexico State Auditor and State of New Mexico Sentencing Commission

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Commission as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2011 on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 7 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Albuquerque, New Mexico

Mess adams LLP

December 12, 2011

STATE OF NEW MEXICO SENTENCING COMMISSION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2011

The Sentencing Commission (Commission) discussion and analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant issues, (b) provide an overview of the Commission's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the Commission's financial position, (d) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (e) identify fund issues or concerns.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the Commission's financial statements.

AGENCY BACKGROUND

Financial Highlights

The New Mexico Sentencing Commission (originally known as the Criminal and Juvenile Justice Coordinating Council) was created under Section 9-3-10 NMSA 1978 in 1994 and officially began its activities in September 1995. During the 2003 legislative session, House Bill 510 became law, changing the agency's name to New Mexico Sentencing Commission (Commission) and expanding its duties.

The New Mexico Sentencing Commission (NMSC) serves as a criminal and juvenile justice policy resource to the State of New Mexico. NMSC provides information, analysis, recommendations, and assistance from a coordinated cross-agency perspective to the three branches of government and interested citizens so that those citizens have the information and resources they need to make policy decisions that benefit the criminal and juvenile justice systems.

The Commission consists of members from diverse parts of the criminal justice system, including members of the Executive and Judicial branches, representatives of lawmakers, law enforcement officials, criminal defense attorneys, and members of citizens' interest groups.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The financial report includes the sections described below.

Management Discussion and Analysis

This section includes information on the use of the annual report, and management's analysis of the financial position and results of operations for the Commission.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO SENTENCING COMMISSION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) June 30, 2011

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to be corporate-like in that all governmental activities are consolidated into one column. The Commission has no business type activities. The focus of the Statement of Net Assets (Unrestricted Net Assets) is designed to be similar to a bottom line for the Commission and its governmental activities. This statement, for the first time, combines and consolidates governmental fund's current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long term liabilities.

The Statement of Activities is focused on cost of various activities which are provided by the Commission's general and other revenues. This is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the cost of services.

Fund Financial Statements

The Commission only has one fund – the general fund.

The Governmental Fund presentation is presented on a sources and uses of liquid resources basis. This is the manner in which the financial plan (budget) is typically developed. The flow and availability of liquid resources is a clear and appropriate focus of any analysis of a government. Funds are established for various purposes and the financial statement allows the demonstration of sources and uses and/or budgeting compliance associated therewith.

Budgetary Comparisons

In addition to MD&A, GASB Statement No. 34 requires budgetary comparison schedules for the general fund and for each major governmental fund that has a legally adopted annual budget to be presented. The budgetary comparison schedules should present both the original and the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as the actual inflows, outflows and balances, stated on the government's budgetary basis.

As required by the Office of the State Auditor under 2 NMAC 2.2, the Statements of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual are also presented. This information is provided at the approved budget level to demonstrate compliance with legal requirements.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO SENTENCING COMMISSION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) June 30, 2011

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Assets - Governmental Activities

tatement of Net Assets - dovernmental Activities		2011	2010
Current assets	<u>\$</u>	223,369	311,397
Current liabilities	<u>\$</u>	202,264	290,292
Net assets Unrestricted	<u>\$</u>	<u>21,105</u>	21,105

The assets and liabilities decreased due to timing issues in the final payments of the MOU in the prior year.

Statement of Activities

The following schedule represents the revenues and expenses for government activities for the years ended June 30:

,		2011	2010
State General Fund appropriations	\$	657,700	724,800
Contract revenue		132,343	169,301
Transfers-in		30,000	30,000
Reversions to the State General Fund		(390)	(44,233)
Total revenue		819,653	879,868
Program expenses		<u>819,653</u>	<u>879,868</u>
Change in net assets		-	-
Net assets, beginning of year		<u>21,105</u>	21,105
Net assets, end of year	<u>\$</u>	21,105	21,105

Revenues and expenses decreased due to legislative decreases in the Commission's budget for FY11.

THE COMMISSION'S FUNDS

The Commission has one governmental fund, which is the General Fund.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO SENTENCING COMMISSION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) June 30, 2011

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

There were no significant changes to the overall original operating budget. During 2011, the Commission received three contracts and expended \$132,343 under these contracts during the year. While it should have been, this activity was not budgeted.

FINANCIAL CONTACT

The Commission's financial statements are designed to present users with the general overview of the Commission's finances and to demonstrate the Commission's accountability. If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, contact the Commission's CFO at 1915 Los Lomas, Albuquerque, NM 87131.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO SENTENCING COMMISSION STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities		
ASSETS			
Interest in State General Fund Investment Pool Due from other state agencies	\$	179,072 44,297	
Total assets		223,369	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable		157,577	
Due to University of New Mexico		44,297	
Due to State General Fund		390	
Total liabilities		202,264	
NET ASSETS			
Unrestricted	\$	21,105	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO SENTENCING COMMISSION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2011

		_	Program R			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
	_	_	Charges for	Operating		Governmental
	ŀ	Expenses	Services	Grants		Activities
Governmental Activities Judicial research services	\$	(819,653)	-	132,343	\$	(687,310)
General Revenues State General Fund appropriations Reversions Transfers in						657,700 (390) 30,000
Total general revenues						687,310
Change in net assets						-
Net assets, beginning of year					_	21,105
Net assets, end of year					\$	21,105

STATE OF NEW MEXICO SENTENCING COMMISSION BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2011

		General Fund
ASSETS Interest in State General Fund Investment Pool Due from other state agencies	\$	179,072 44,297
Total assets	\$	223,369
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to University of New Mexico Due to State General Fund Total liabilities	\$	157,577 44,297 390 202,264
Fund balance Committed Total liabilities and fund balance	 \$	21,105 223,369

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
SENTENCING COMMISSION
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Year Ended June 30, 2011

Fund balances - total governmental fund	\$ 21,105
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 21,105

STATE OF NEW MEXICO SENTENCING COMMISSION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2011

	General Fund	
Revenue		
Contract revenue	\$	132,343
Expenditures		
Current		
In-state travel		4,210
Professional services		815,443
Total expenditures		819,653
Excess of expenditures over revenue		(687,310)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
State General Fund appropriations		657,700
Reversions		(390)
Transfers in		30,000
		687,310
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and other financing sources		-
Fund balance, beginning of year, as restated		21,105
Fund balance, end of year	\$	21,105

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
SENTENCING COMMISSION
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Year Ended June 30, 2011

Net change in fund balances - total governmental fund	\$
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$

STATE OF NEW MEXICO SENTENCING COMMISSION STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Budget Original	Final	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues				
State General Fund appropriation	\$ 657,700	657,700	657,700	-
Intra-State transfers	30,000	30,000	30,000	-
Grant revenue	-	-	132,343	132,343
Reversions	 -	-	(390)	(390)
Total revenues	 687,700	687,700	819,653	131,953
Expenditures Contractual services	683,100	683,100	815,443	(132,343)
Other	4,600	4,600	4,210	390
Total expenditures	 687,700	687,700	819,653	(131,953)
Excess of revenue over expenditures	\$ -	-	-	-

NOTE 1. ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS

The New Mexico Sentencing Commission (originally known as the Criminal and Juvenile Justice Coordinating Council) was created under Section 9-3-10 NMSA 1978 in 1994 and officially began its activities in September 1995. During the 2003 legislative session, House Bill 510 became law, changing the agency's name to New Mexico Sentencing Commission (Commission) and expanding its duties. Currently, the Commission is a state agency vouchering through the Department of Finance and Administration (DFA).

The New Mexico Legislature created the Commission to assess, monitor and report to the legislature on the impact of any enacted sentencing standards and guidelines on state and local correctional resources and programs and the need for further sentencing reform.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Commission have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental entities. The more significant of the Commission's accounting policies are described below:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The chief executive of the Commission is the Executive Director, who is appointed by the majority of the Board of Directors. The Commission is a department of the executive branch and these financial statements include all funds and activities over which the Executive Director has oversight responsibility.

The Commission is included in the financial statements of the State of New Mexico. The Commission has no component units.

B. Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the Commission as a whole) and fund financial statements. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements (within the basic financial statements) categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The Commission is a single purpose government entity and has no business type activities. In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, the governmental activities are presented on a consolidated basis and are

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

reflected on the full accrual, economic resource basis, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government except for fiduciary funds (the Commission does not have any).

The net cost by function is normally covered by general revenue. Since the Commission only has one program, it does not employ indirect cost allocation in the financial statements. Program revenues consist of contract revenues.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Commission as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period.

As permitted by GASB Statement No. 20, the Commission has elected not to apply pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

The governmental funds in the fund financial statements are presented on a current financial resource and modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. This presentation is deemed more appropriate to demonstrate legal and covenant compliance, to demonstrate the source and use of liquid resources and to demonstrate how the Commission's actual experience conforms with the budget or fiscal plan. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements governmental column, a reconciliation is presented on the page following each statement, which briefly explains the adjustment necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental column of the government-wide presentation. The Commission, however, had no reconciling items for the year ended June 30, 2011. The Commission's major fund is its general fund.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The following fund types are used by the Commission:

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

All governmental fund types are accounted for on a spending or financial flow measurement focus. Only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of available spendable resources. Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of available spendable resources during a period. Due to their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types is limited to exclude amounts represented by non-current liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Commission. It is used to account for all financial resources (SHARE Fund #00347).

C. Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applies. The Government–Wide Financial Statements are presented on an accrual basis of accounting. The Governmental Funds in the Fund Financial Statements are presented on a modified accrual basis. Under the accrual method of accounting revenues are recognized when earned and expenditures are recognized when incurred.

All governmental funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues and other governmental fund financial resource increments are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual - that is, when they become both measurable and

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period; available meaning collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

Revenues from taxes are recorded when both earned and are considered available, that is received within 60 days of year-end. Contributions and other monies held by other state and local agencies are recorded as a receivable at the time the money is made available to the specific fund. All other revenues are recognized when they are received and are not susceptible to accrual.

Contract revenues are recorded when all eligibility requirements have been met, typically when the underlying expenditures have been incurred.

Expenditures are recorded as liabilities when incurred. Expenditures charged to federal programs are recorded utilizing the cost principles described by the various funding sources.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Legal compliance is monitored through the establishment of a budget and a financial control system which permits a budget to actual expenditure comparison. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations for each budget at the appropriation unit level. Budgeted appropriation unit amounts may be amended upon approval from the Budget Division of the State of New Mexico Department of Finance and Commission within the limitations as specified in the General Appropriations Act. The budget amounts shown in the financial statements are the final authorized amounts as legally revised during the year.

The Commission follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. No later than September 1, the Commission submits to the Legislative Finance Committee (LFC), and the Budget Division of the Department of

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

Finance and Administration (DFA), an appropriation request for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The appropriation request includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

- 2. Budget hearings are scheduled before the New Mexico House Appropriations and Senate Finance Committees. The final outcome of those hearings is incorporated into the State's General Appropriations Act.
- 3. The Act is then signed into Law by the Governor of the State of New Mexico within the legally prescribed time limit, at which time the approved budget becomes a legally binding document.
- 4. Not later than May 1, the Commission submits to DFA an annual operating budget by appropriation unit and object code based upon the appropriation made by the Legislature. The DFA-Budget Division reviews and approves the operating budget which becomes effective on July 1.

All subsequent budgetary adjustments must be approved by the Director of the DFA-Budget Division and LFC.

The budget is adopted on a modified accrual basis of accounting (General Appropriations Act, Laws of 2006, Chapter 109, Section 3, Subsection O and N) except for accounts payable accrued at the end of the fiscal year that do not get paid by the statutory deadline (Section 6-10-4 NMSA 1978) that must be paid out of the next year's budget. A reconciliation of budgetary basis to GAAP basis will be necessary if any accounts payable at the end of the fiscal year are not paid by the statutory deadline. The Commission has not included such reconciliation for fiscal year 2011 as all payable were paid by the statutory deadline.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the fiscal year for the General Fund.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Fund Balance

In the fund level financial statements, fund balance reserves represent those portions of fund equity not available for appropriation or expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54), the Sentencing Commission classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Non-spendable includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.
- Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as grantors or amounts constrained due to enabling legislation.
- Committed includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority and does not lapse at year-end.
- Assigned includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the management.
- Unassigned includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The funds remaining at year-end do not revert to the State General Fund. At the time the Sentencing Commission was first considered a state agency subject to the State's budgetary law, it had funds that do not revert at year end. These funds were originally obtained from private sources. This amount is carried forward from year to year and will be rebudgeted in the future. They are therefore considered committed.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. Net Assets

The government-wide and business types Fund Financial Statements utilize a net asset presentation. Net Assets are categorized as invested in capital assets (net of related debt), restricted and unrestricted.

Unrestricted Net Assets – represent unrestricted liquid assets. The Commission only has unrestricted net assets.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3. INTEREST IN THE STATE GENERAL FUND INVESTMENT POOL

Cash is on deposit with the New Mexico State Treasurer. State law requires the Commission to keep its funds in the State General Fund Investment Pool. For GASB 40 disclosure information related to this Investment Pool the reader should see the separate audit report for the State Treasurer.

Cash on deposit with State General Fund Investment Pool - SHARE 00347

\$ 179,072

NOTE 4. FUND BALANCE

Due to the agency being small, reverting and non-reverting funds are commingled. The agency tracks expenditures related to reverting and non-reverting funds separately. As of June 30, 2011, fund balance was made up of the following:

Non-reverting funds from prior year's

\$ 21,205

NOTE 5. OPERATING LEASES

The Commission leases an automobile for traveling to board meetings in Santa Fe and around the State of New Mexico with a lease term of less than one year.

Lease expenditure for the automobile for the year ended June 30, 2011 was \$3,319.

NOTE 6. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Commission, as a State Agency defined in the New Mexico Tort Claims Act, is insured through the Risk Management Division of the State of New Mexico. Annual premiums are paid to the Office of Risk Management Division for coverage provided in the following areas:

- 1. Liability and civil rights protection for claims made by others against the State of New Mexico:
- 2. Coverage's to protect the State of New Mexico's property and assets; and
- 3. The Commission is not involved in pending legal matters as of June 30, 2011.

NOTE 7. MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the Commission entered into a memorandum of understanding with the University of New Mexico (UNM). Under this agreement, UNM provides administrative and record keeping services along with office space and other support services. The cost of these services to the Commission shall not exceed \$750,000.

NOTE 8. REVERSIONS

Unexpended and unencumbered cash balances of certain funds revert to the State General Fund at year end. Reversions due to State General Fund are comprised of the following at June 30, 2011:

General Fund - SHARE Fund 00347

Budget year 2011 reversion \$\frac{\$390}{\$}\$ **Total reversions due to State General Fund** \$\frac{\$390}{\$}\$

NOTE 9. CONTRACT ACTIVITY

In 2011, the Commission received three contracts with revenues and expenditures totaling \$132,343 from the following agencies: Crime Victims Reparation Commission (VAWA), Children, Youth, and Families Department (CYFD), and New Mexico Corrections Department (NMCD). This activity was not budgeted as required by state statute. The Commission plans to budget this activity in the future.

NOTE 10. DUE FROM OTHER STATE AGENCIES

Due from other state agencies consisted of the following at June 30, 2011:

New Mexico Corrections Department	
(NMCD) (Business Unit #77000)	\$ 8,000
Crime Victims Reparation	
Commission (VAWA) (Business Unit # 78000)	6,494
Children, Youth, and Families	
Department (CYFD) (Business Unit #69000)	 29,803
Total	\$ 44,297

NOTE 11. TRANSFERS FROM OTHER STATE AGENCIES

The Commission received transfers from the State General Fund (SHARE Fund #85300) in the amount of \$30,000 during both fiscal year 2011 and 2010 for its annual appropriation.

NOTE 12. RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE/GASB 54

GASB Statement No. 54 clarifies the existing governmental fund type definitions and provides clearer fund balance categories and classifications. The new hierarchical fund balance classifications are based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to follow constraints on resources in governmental funds and includes terms: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. GASB 54 was implemented in the current fiscal year. Details of the Commission's fund balance classifications and policies are reflected in Note 1.

The governmental fund types used by the Commission were evaluated based on the provisions of GASB 54 and there were no changes from prior years.



Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Mr. Hector H. Balderas New Mexico State Auditor and State of New Mexico Sentencing Commission

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund and budgetary comparison of the New Mexico Sentencing Commission (Commission) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the Commission is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Commission's internal control over financing reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.



Mr. Hector H. Balderas New Mexico State Auditor and State of New Mexico Sentencing Commission

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified a deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting as item 08-01. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commission's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 06-01.

The Commission's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit the Commission's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Mr. Hector H. Balderas New Mexico State Auditor and State of New Mexico Sentencing Commission

This report is intended for the information of the Commission, others within the Commission, the State Auditor and the New Mexico Legislature and its committees, and the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Albuquerque, New Mexico

Mess adams LLP

December 12, 2011

STATE OF NEW MEXICO SENTENCING COMMISSION STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS June 30, 2011

06-01 ReversionsUpdated and Repeated08-01 Contract Accounting & BudgetUpdated and Repeated

STATE OF NEW MEXICO SENTENCING COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES June 30, 2011

06-01 REVERSIONS (Non-Compliance)

CONDITION

During our audit we noted that the New Mexico Sentencing Commission's (Commission) current year reversion of \$390 had not yet been reverted to the Department of Finance and Administration.

CRITERIA

The NMSA 1978, Sec. 6-5-10 A states all unreserved undesignated fund balances in reverting funds and accounts as reflected in the SHARE system as of June 30 shall revert by September 30 to the State General Fund. The NMAC Sec. 2.2.12 A.(6)(b) states that failure to transfer reverting funds timely in compliance with the statute requires an audit finding.

EFFECT

The Commission is not in compliance with statutory requirements and its future funding could be impacted.

CAUSE

The Commission erroneously filed a General Fund Reversion Notification for the wrong amount. The corrected form was submitted in November 2011.

RECOMMENDATION

We recommend that the Commission implement procedures to transfer the reversions to the State General Fund in timely manner.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

Although the FY 11 Reversion Form had been submitted to the Financial Control Division by the September 30th deadline, the operating transfer has not yet been processed. To ensure all proper procedures will take place within the required deadline, we have noted the process and will ensure that in the future fiscal year end closing this will take place in a timely manner. The operating transfer procedure for submissions after October 1 will be followed as stated in the Year-end Deadlines for Fiscal Year 2011 and Deadlines for Fiscal Year 2012.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO SENTENCING COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (CONTINUED) June 30, 2011

08-01 CONTRACT ACCOUNTING AND BUDGET VIOLATION (Significant Deficiency)

CONDITION

During our audit, we noted that the Commission received three contracts during 2011. From these contracts, \$132,343 in revenues and related expenditures were accounted for directly by UNM. The revenue activity was recorded however; the related expense activity was not recorded in the Commission's general ledger, nor was the activity budgeted.

CRITERIA

State Statutes require that expenditures be budgeted before they are expended and NMAC 2.2.2.10.P requires an audit finding if budgets are exceeded. Sections 6-5-1 to 6 establish a central accounting system (SHARE) and under the requirements developed by the Department of Finance and Administration require that each state agency record transactions in SHARE.

EFFECT

Because the activity was not recorded in the Commission's general ledger, the financial reports were not accurate.

CAUSE

The Commission staff worked with DFA to implement a procedure to post grant revenues, however attempts to post expenditures were denied due to the lack of budget.

RECOMMENDATION

We recommend that the Commission implement procedures to record all of its transactions in the SHARE general ledger and process budget adjustment requests to budget grant activity.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO SENTENCING COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (CONTINUED) June 30, 2011

08-01 CONTRACT ACCOUNTING AND BUDGET VIOLATION (CONTINUED)

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

Regarding contracts that the New Mexico Sentencing Commission (NMSC) receives that are outside our general fund appropriation, NMSC staff have inquired with the Department of Finance and Administration (DFA) on several occasions to get guidance on how to appropriately reflect these contracts in the Share system. It appears that this year we did have success in getting the revenue and expenditures records in the general ledger. We will continue to work with DFA to figure out how to show the budget for these contracts in the future. NMSC's unique relationship with the University of New Mexico (UNM) presents a challenge when explaining why these entries need to be recorded into the Share system even though all the revenue and expenditures are done on the UNM side. NMSC uses these contracts to further its research mission and the work is done by UNM Institute for Social Research staff with direction from the NMSC.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO SENTENCING COMMISSION EXIT CONFERENCE June 30, 2011

An exit conference was held on December 12, 2011, and attended by the following individuals:

New Mexico Sentencing Commission

Marron Lee, Chair Tony Ortiz, Executive Director Linda Freeman, Deputy Director, CFO Renee Cordova, Business Manager

Moss Adams LLP

Larry Carmony, Partner Julie Knight, Manager

The financial statements were prepared with the assistance of Moss Adams LLP from the books and records of the Commission.