NEW MEXICO PUBLIC SCHOOLS INSURANCE AUTHORITY

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2014 and 2013

(With Independent Auditors' Reports Thereon)



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OFFICIAL ROSTER

June 30, 2014

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

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New Mexico Association of School Administrators

National Education Association National Education Association

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"29 Years of Excellence"

807 Camino De Monte Rey Post Office Box 1847 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504 (505) 983-3387 (505) 988-2505 FAX (800) 983-1040 Toll Free ba@barraclough.com



Principals

John E. Barracfough, Jr., C.P.A.
Annette V. Hayden, C.P.A.
Sandra M. Shell, C.P.A./A.B.V., C.V.A.
Rhonda G. Williams, C.P.A.
Katherine M. Rowe, C.P.A.

Managers

Douglas W. Fraser, C.P.A. Laura Parker, C.P.A. Rick W. Reynolds, C.P.A.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Mr. Hector Balderas, New Mexico State Auditor and Board of Directors New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Authority

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of the New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Authority, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Authority basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We also have audited the budgetary comparison information presented as supplementary information, as defined by the Government Accounting Standards Board, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



Auditors' Responsibility (Continued)

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of the New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Authority as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows for the years then ended and its respective budgetary comparison for the year ended June 30, 2014 in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

As discussed in Note A, the financial statements of the New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Authority are intended to present the net position, and the changes in net position and cash flows, where applicable, of only that portion of the business-type activities of the State of New Mexico that is attributable to the transactions of the New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Authority. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the net position of the State of New Mexico as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, and the changes in its net position and its cash flows, where applicable, for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 9 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of American, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the New Mexico Public School Insurance Authority's basic financial statements and the budgetary comparison information presented as Schedule 1 in the supplemental information. The supplementary information included in Schedules 2 through 4 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Matters (Continued)

Other Information (Continued)

The supplementary information included in Schedule 5 is also presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements of the New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Authority. This information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 18, 2014 on our consideration of the New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Barraclough & Associates, P.C.

Santa Fe, New Mexico November 18, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2014

This section represents a discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Authority (NMPSIA) for the year ended June 30, 2014, compared to the year ended June 30, 2013. Please read it in conjunction with the basic financial statements, which follow this section.

OVERVIEW OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NMPSIA's basic financial statements are prepared on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental entities that act as a business type operation such as an insurance pool.

Statement of Position – This statement presents information reflecting NMPSIA's assets, liabilities and net assets. Net assets represent the amount of total assets less total liabilities. The balance sheet is categorized as to current and non-current assets and liabilities. For purposes of the basic financial statements, current assets and liabilities are those assets and liabilities with immediate liquidity or which are collectable or becoming due within twelve months of the statement date. NMPSIA's long-term investment portfolio strategy is to hold investments which exceed one year in maturity or equity holdings with long-term gains in mind. NMPSIA's long-term investment portfolio has increased by \$4,778,725.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – This statement reflects NMPSIA's operating revenues and expenses, as well as non-operating revenues during the operating year. The major source of operating revenues is premium income, with major sources of operating expenses being claims expense both for medical and risk claims, premiums paid for vision, life, disability, property/liability and workers' compensation excess coverage. The change in net position for an enterprise fund is similar to net profit or loss for an insurance company. See page 11 of the financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows – The statement of cash flows is presented on the direct method of reporting which reflects cash flows from operating, capital and investing activities. Cash collections and payments are reflected in this statement to arrive at the net increase or decrease in cash for the fiscal year. See pages 12 and 13 of the financial statements.

Statement of Budgetary Basis Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual reflects NMPSIA's budgetary basis of accounting and NMPSIA was in compliance with its budget. See page 33 of the financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data in the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 14 through 32 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain other supplementary information including the Schedule of Cash and Cash Equivalents and financial information on the three functional activities of NMPSIA. Unaudited ten-year development information is also presented.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

Required Supplementary Information (Continued)

June 30, 2014

NMPSIA's total net position for the year ended June 30, 2014 increased by \$3,723,935. The majority of this increase can be attributed to a surplus of \$10.6 million in the Employee Benefits Program. Even though revenues were below the original projections for the Employee Benefits Program (\$288.9 million compared to \$299.7 million projected), claims expenditures of \$252.2 million were less than the projected amount of \$275.8 million by \$23.6 million. The Risk Program fared much better generating \$66.0 million in revenues as compared to the projected amount of \$71.1 million, a difference of \$5.1 million. The Risk Program also experienced a similar reduction in claims expenses incurring a total of \$29.9 million as compared to a projected amount of \$34.5 million, a favorable difference of \$4.6 million.

The long-term investments portfolio had gains of approximately \$4,778,725 compared to gains of \$5,657,779 in fiscal year 2013. During fiscal year 2014 NMPSIA's long-term investments portfolio was managed by the State of New Mexico Investment Council and are invested in their Core Bond, Large Cap Index, Non US Developed Markets, Non US Emerging Markets and Mid/Small Cap funds. The Benefits Program's gains represented the largest share at \$2,430,323 and the Risk Program with the balance of \$2,348,402. NMPSIA's short term funds are invested in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). NMPSIA also has two Money Market accounts with the fiscal agent bank, one for the Employee Benefits Program and one for the Risk Program, in an attempt to provide more flexibility for daily cash requirements. These accounts were also expected to provide an alternative to the State Treasurer's LGIP accounts with rates of return comparable to those provided by the LGIP. However, the spread in yield rates between the fiscal agent bank accounts and the LGIP accounts have been minimal. The flexibility to meet daily cash requirements continues to be the most important advantage of these Money Market accounts. In fiscal year 2014, both the LGIP and the fiscal agent bank yield rates remained constant, however short term interest income was far less than originally projected.

Total liabilities increased by approximately \$7,375,255 in the current year. This increase was largely due to an increase in the Risk Program claims reserve for property, liability and workers' compensation and increases in Incurred But Not Reported reserves of \$1,460,521. The Employee Benefits Program experienced an increase in Incurred But Not Reported reserves of \$1,916,017. Fiscal year 2014 premium revenue of \$348.3 million increased from the 2013 fiscal year amount of \$321.5 million. In fiscal year 2014, both major medical premiums and risk premiums increased and were assessed to the school districts, charter schools and other educational entities.

In fiscal year 2014 risk premium expenses increased by 7.3% or, \$2.44 million as compared to fiscal year 2013. Workers' compensation, property and liability excess insurance coverage accounted for the majority of the increase at \$2.4 million. The increase in property and liability excess insurance premiums assessed by the insurance carriers is an attempt to recoup losses for previous periods and the anticipation of continued large losses. Increases in property values for school districts statewide also contributed with additional property excess insurance premiums accounting for over \$528,530 of the total increase.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

Required Supplementary Information (Continued)

June 30, 2014

General administrative and servicing expenses accounted for 5.3% of NMPSIA's total expenses in fiscal year 2014 as compared to 5.6% for fiscal year 2013.

NMPSIA did not receive any General Fund Appropriation in fiscal year 2014 or 2013.

NMPSIA had no capital asset additions during 2014 and 2013. NMPSIA did not issue any short-term or long debt during 2014 or during 2013.

NMPSIA's budget is on a modified accrual basis of accounting. Depreciation expense is a GAAP expense but not for budgetary purposes. An original budget of \$370,344,400 was required. There were two budget adjustment requests for the year ended June 30, 2014. One was to increase the budget for other costs in the amount of \$27,000 and the other was to increase contractual services in the amount of \$8,500,000.

The Employee Benefits Program began fiscal year 2014 with a net position of \$31,599,328 and increased \$10,663,267 to a fiscal year 2014 net position of \$42,262,595. The increase in the fund balance was due to an increase in participant premium revenue and lower than expected claims expenses.

The Risk Program began fiscal year 2014 with a fund balance of \$12,341,780 and decreased by \$6,916,382 in fiscal year 2014 to \$5,425,398. The decrease in the fund balance was due to an increase in the amount of losses and loss adjustments net of recoveries. The increase in losses was covered by the fund balance which had grown steadily over the past four fiscal years. Property and Liability claims resulted in a decrease of the fund balance by \$4.2 million.

The Benefit Program actuarial report for fiscal year 2014 required an increase to Incurred But Not Reported (IBNR) for the Benefits Program. This increase in IBNR of \$1,916,017 decreased the Benefits Fund Balance by that amount. The Risk Program actuarial report for fiscal year 2014 required increasing the IBNR by \$1,460,521. This decreased the Risk Fund Balance by that respective amount.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

Required Supplementary Information (Continued)

June 30, 2014

During 2014, the Risk Program continued to use the discounted (present value) basis to account for the Risk Program's reserve for losses and loss adjustment expenses. This methodology reflects the interest income earning power, which in 2014 computed at the rate of 2.0%, of the fund's cash reserves. This same rate was used for fiscal year 2013.

For the third year in a row, there have been no catastrophic property losses. However, the frequency of claims associated with lack of maintenance (roof leaks, etc.) continues. Catastrophic property losses are difficult to project since they generally result from hailstorms, floods, windstorms, etc. Property insurance rates are relatively stable at this time. Barring unforeseen catastrophic events, property claims should continue at a predictable level.

On the liability side of the Risk Program, several serious claims have occurred including a wrongful death suit and hazing incidents. Because they involve multiple claimants and alleged perpetrators, the hazing events could result in extremely large damage awards. Civil rights cases, particularly those resulting from employment practices, occur with alarming frequency. Fortunately, the damage awards have not reached the catastrophic level. Average settlements continue to increase each year. NMPSIA continues to provide educational resources to members in an effort to control these losses, but employee turnover presents a challenge in these efforts.

The future for workers' compensation is the most problematic area for NMPSIA. Claim losses are on the rise. This is likely due to several factors, including: 1) overall prescription drug costs and the prescribing of expensive narcotic drugs for pain; 2) New Mexico's medical costs continue to increase faster than that of other regions in the country; and 3) the additional administrative costs, claim dollars and fines that result from Medicare and Medicaid set aside regulations. These problems, along with the aging workforce and ongoing frequency in repetitive motion injuries, present significant challenges to the NMPSIA in its cost containment efforts.

NMPSIA expects minimal increases in premiums assessed to its members for the next fiscal year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

Required Supplementary Information (Continued)

June 30, 2014

The following table summarizes the financial position of NMPSIA's operations as of and for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013:

	2014	2013	Increase (Decrease)
Cash and investments	\$ 94,619,142	\$ 88,600,327	\$ 6,018,815
Other current assets	750,343	427,687	322,656
Total current assets	95,369,485	89,028,014	6,341,471
Investments-long-term	30,253,153	25,474,428	4,778,725
Capital assets, net	337,570	358,576	(21,006)
Total non current assets	30,590,723	25,833,004	4,757,719
Total assets	\$ 125,960,208	\$ 114,861,018	\$ 11,099,190
Reserve for losses	\$ 24,403,589	\$ 22,487,572	\$ 1,916,017
Other current liabilities	7,482,597	4,624,185	2,858,412
Total current liabilities	31,886,186	27,111,757	4,774,429
Total noncurrent liabilities-reserve for losses	45,584,098	42,983,272	2,600,826
Total liabilities	77,470,284	70,095,029	7,375,255
Net position-invested in capital assets	337,570	358,576	(21,006)
Net position-restricted for future claims	47,687,993	43,941,108	3,746,885
Net position-unrestricted	464,361	466,305	(1,944)
Total net position	48,489,924	44,765,989	3,723,935
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 125,960,208	\$ 114,861,018	\$ 11,099,190

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

Required Supplementary Information (Continued)

June 30, 2014

	2014	2013	Increase (Decrease)
Premium revenue and other	\$ 348,326,657	\$ 321,549,388	\$ 26,777,269
Claims loss and loss adjustments	284,716,901	268,295,445	16,421,456
Premium expense	46,324,602	44,833,591	1,491,011
Insurance services	17,238,315	17,398,323	(160,008)
General administrative and other expenses	1,309,350	1,255,557	53,793
Total operating expenses	349,589,168	331,782,916	17,806,252
Operating (loss) income	(1,262,511)	(10,233,528)	8,971,017
Nonoperating revenues and expenses	4,986,446	5,911,920	(925,474)
Changes in net position	3,723,935	(4,321,608)	8,045,543
Net position, beginning of year	44,765,989	49,087,597	(4,321,608)
Net position, end of year	\$ 48,489,924	\$ 44,765,989	\$ 3,723,935

NMPSIA's financial statements are designed to present users with the general overview of the NMPSIA's finances and to demonstrate NMPSIA's accountability. If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, please contact New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Authority, 410 Old Taos Highway, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501.

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2014 and 2013

	2014	2013
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents New Mexico State Treasurer's State Fund Investment Pool New Mexico State Treasurer's Local Government	\$ 63,912,871 554,593	\$ 52,967,096 548,625
Investment Pool	30,151,678	35,084,606
Accrued interest receivable	7,321 486,842	6,230 165,277
Receivables from excess insurers and others, net Prepaid expenses and deposits	256,180	256,180
Total current assets	95,369,485	89,028,014
NON CURRENT ASSETS		
Investments -long-term	30,253,153	25,474,428
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	337,570	358,576
Total non current assets	30,590,723	25,833,004
Total assets	\$ 125,960,208	\$114,861,018
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
CURRENT LIABILITIES Reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses	\$ 24,403,589	\$ 22,487,572
Unearned premium revenue and carrier advances	66,404	89,318
Due to insurance carriers for claims paid	6,030,838	3,249,913
Accounts payable	1,323,406	1,226,379
Accrued payroll	10,091	15,792
Accrued compensated absences	51,858	42,783
Total current liabilities	31,886,186	27,111,757
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES Reserve for losses and loss adjustment expenses	45,584,098	42,983,272
Total liabilities	77,470,284	70,095,029
NET POSITION Restricted for future benefits Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	47,687,993 337,570 464,361	43,941,108 358,576 466,305
Net position	48,489,924	44,765,989
Total liabilities and net position	\$125,960,208	\$114,861,018

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Years Ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

	2014	2013
REVENUES		
Participant premiums	\$342,725,405	\$317,783,516
Settlement reimbursements and rebates	5,601,252	3,765,872
Total revenues	348,326,657	321,549,388
EXPENSES		
Losses and loss adjustment expenses, net of excess recoveries Premiums for health maintenance organizations, life, disability, dental insurance, property/liability, workers' compensation,	284,716,901	268,295,445
and boiler and machinery	46,324,602	44,833,591
Insurance servicing and administration fees	17,238,315	17,398,323
General and administrative	1,309,350	1,255,557
Total expenses	349,589,168	331,782,916
Operating (loss)	(1,262,511)	(10,233,528)
NONOPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES		
Investment income, gains and (losses), net	4,976,046	5,853,253
Other income, net	10,400	58,667
Total nonoperating revenues	4,986,446	5,911,920
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	3,723,935	(4,321,608)
Net position, beginning of year	44,765,989	49,087,597
Net position, end of year	\$ 48,489,924	\$ 44,765,989

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Years Ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

2014	2013
	\$318,423,769
5,601,252	3,765,872
(280,200,058)	(268,296,296)
(43,543,677)	(45,456,100)
(18,426,258)	(18,850,702)
5,812,185	(10,413,457)
10,400	58,667
-	18,300,000
196,230	201,620
196,230	18,501,620
<u> </u>	
6.010.015	8,146,830
0,010,013	6,140,630
88,600,327	80,453,497
\$ 94,619,142	\$ 88,600,327
	\$342,380,926 5,601,252 (280,200,058) (43,543,677) (18,426,258) 5,812,185 10,400 196,230 196,230 6,018,815 88,600,327

^{*}Includes investment in the New Mexico State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool, New Mexico State Treasurer State Funds Investment Pool and money market funds.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - CONTINUED

Years Ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

	 2014	2013
Reconciliation of operating earnings to net cash		
provided by operating activities		
Operating (loss)	\$ (1,262,511)	\$ (10,233,528)
Adjustments to reconcile excess of revenues over expenses		
to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation expense	21,006	21,006
Increase (decrease) in reserves for losses and loss		
adjustment expenses	4,516,843	(851)
(Increase) decrease in receivables from excess insurers		
and others	(321,565)	628,289
(Decrease) increase in unearned premium revenue	(22,914)	11,964
Increase (decrease) due to insurance carriers for		
claims paid	2,780,925	(622,509)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued payroll	91,326	(217,913)
Increase in accrued compensated absences	9,075	85
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 5,812,185	\$ (10,413,457)

NON-CASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

For the year ended June 30, 2014, the net increase in the fair value of investments was \$4,778,725. There were no realized gains on investments for the year ended June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2013, the net increase in the fair value of investments was \$5,657,779. There were no realized gains on investments for the year ended June 30, 2013.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS

The New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Authority (NMPSIA) was formed April 5, 1985 under the New Mexico Public School Insurance Authority Act of the New Mexico Statutes Annotated (NMSA 1978), as amended, as an insurance fund to provide health, disability, and life insurance (benefits) coverage and property, casualty, and workers' compensation insurance (risk) coverage to participating public schools, school board members and retirees, and public school employees within the State of New Mexico and is not a reverting fund. Because NMPSIA is a self-insurance pool pursuant to Section 22-2 NMSA 1978, NMPSIA is not construed to be transacting insurance activity otherwise subject to the laws of the State of New Mexico that regulate insurance companies. Therefore, NMPSIA is not subject to minimum statutory reserve requirements.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 as amended by FASB 39 and 61, The Financial Reporting Entity, establishes the standards for defining and reporting on the financial reporting entity. GASB 14 defines the financial reporting entity as consisting of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. A primary government is any state government or general-purpose local government, consisting of all the organizations that make up its legal entity. All funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that are not legally separate are, for financial reporting purposes, part of the primary government. NMPSIA, therefore, is part of the primary government of the State of New Mexico, and its financial data should be included with the financial data of the State.

NMPSIA has developed criteria to determine whether the participating public schools should be included within its financial reporting entity. The criteria include, but are not limited to, whether NMPSIA exercises oversight responsibility on financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters, scope of public service, and special financing relationships. Based on this criteria, management of NMPSIA has determined that no other such entities should be included in its financial reporting entity and no component units are included in these financial statements.

Participation in NMPSIA is mandatory unless the school district is granted a waiver by NMPSIA. Once NMPSIA has awarded insurance contracts, no school district may withdraw from NMPSIA for the entire term of the contract. Upon withdrawal from NMPSIA, there is no refund of premiums. NMPSIA's own insurance coverage is also included as part of the pool.

The participants pay premiums for workers' compensation, and property and casualty coverage based on their own experience in the pool in past years. If the premium for a policy year does not cover the claims paid for that participant during the year, no additional premium will be assessed for that year. However, the next years' premiums will be increased to cover the excess claims. Premiums for health coverage are based on the experience of the total pool and are assessed on a premium per participating employee basis. Employees of all participants pay premiums based on a single premium schedule. Approximately 46 retired school board members participate and pay 100% of their premiums. Thus, there is no liability for post retirement benefits recorded. If premiums assessed in one year do not cover the claims of that year, the premium schedule may be adjusted upward for the next year. Outstanding receivables at year end due from participants and excess insurers are fully collectable. Accordingly no allowance for uncollectable receivables has been recorded.

14 (Continued)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS - CONTINUED

NMPSIA did not receive any appropriations or bond proceeds from the State of New Mexico in 2014 and 2013, respectively. Any unexpended or unencumbered funds remaining at the end of the fiscal year do not revert to the State of New Mexico. Investment earnings are budgeted to fund general and administrative expenses. Excess investment earnings are used to offset premiums to participants and increase reserves.

Activities of NMPSIA are largely performed by third party administrators under contractual arrangements. These activities are as follows:

Benefits – encompasses activities to provide health, disability, and life insurance coverage to enrolled employees and retired employees of the participants. (SHARE #35000)

Risk – encompasses activities to provide property, casualty, and workers' compensation insurance coverage to the participants. (SHARE #35100)

Administration – encompasses expenses incurred to administer NMPSIA's activities. (SHARE #34900)

NOTE B - BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of NMPSIA have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). NMPSIA adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments (GASB Statement 34). With the implementation of GASB Statement 34, the NMPSIA has prepared required supplementary information titled "Management's Discussion and Analysis" which precedes the basic financial statements, has prepared a balance sheet classified between current and noncurrent assets and liabilities, and has categorized net position as invested in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

1. Fund Accounting

Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. All operations of NMPSIA are accounted for as an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful for sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities are provided to outside parties. NMPSIA follows GASB 62, which incorporates Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, APB Opinions and Research Bulletins which do not conflict or contradict GASB statements.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE B - BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

2. Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operating of these funds are included on the statement of net position.

The accrual basis of accounting is used by proprietary fund types. NMPSIA follows GASB 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liabilities are incurred. Operating income reported in proprietary fund financial statements includes revenues and expenses related to the primary, continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for proprietary funds are charges to participants for premiums. Principal operating expenses are the costs of providing insurance coverage, administrative costs and depreciation of capital assets. Transactions not included as operating activities for the statements of cash flows are classified as nonoperating revenues and expenses in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is NMPSIA's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

3. Statements of Cash Flows and Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include checking accounts, money market accounts and amounts on deposit in the New Mexico State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool and State Fund Investment Pool with original maturities of three months or less. A summary of cash and cash equivalents that reconciles to the statement of cash flows is as follows at June 30:

13
67,096
48,625
84,606
00,327
)

Cash in bank accounts is insured up to \$250,000 per bank at June 30, 2014. As required by state law, 50 percent of the uninsured balance is required to be secured by pledges of qualifying securities held by the depository. The State Treasurer's Office has determined that all NMPSIA's bank accounts at Wells Fargo are covered by the State Treasurer's Collateralization Policy. As such, all bank accounts at Wells Fargo are covered by the provision in the State Fiscal Agency Contract entered into between Wells Fargo and the State Board of Finance. That contract specifies that the State Fiscal Agent must identify total State monies on deposit on a monthly basis in order that the State Board of Finance may require adjustment of collateralization levels of State money as necessary to comply with the State law requirements. All bank accounts at Wells Fargo are therefore covered by these collateralization requirements. Funds with the State Treasurer are required to be collateralized at a minimum level of 50 percent. The State Treasurer issues separate financial statements, which disclose the collateral pledged to secure these deposits, the categories of risk involved, and the market value of purchased investments.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE B - BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

4. Investment in the New Mexico State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool, New Mexico State Treasurer's State General Fund Investment Pool and New Mexico State Investment Council Long-Term Investment Pool

The Board of NMPSIA shall determine which money of NMPSIA constitutes long-term reserves for investment purposes. The State Treasurer shall invest the money in the fund that does not constitute the long-term reserves of the fund in accordance with the applicable provisions of Chapter 6, Article 10.

Investments in the New Mexico State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (Pool) are carried at cost, which approximates market, plus accrued interest and are secured by obligations of the U.S. government or its agencies. Interest income is allocated to NMPSIA on the basis of its invested balance to the Pool's total invested balance. Amounts can be withdrawn by NMPSIA on demand except for \$34,778 which is being held in the Reserve Contingency Fund (see page 27 for further information).

State law (Section 8-6-3 NMSA 1978) requires NMPSIA's administrative cash be managed by the New Mexico State Treasurer's Office. Accordingly, the investments of NMPSIA consist of an interest in the State General Fund Investment Pool managed by the New Mexico State Treasurer's Office.

At June 30, 2014 NMPSIA had the following invested in the State General Fund Investment Pool:

State General Fund Investment Pool \$554.593

For cash management and investment purposes, funds of various state agencies are deposited in the State General Fund Investment Pool (the GFIP), which is managed by the Office of the New Mexico State Treasurer. Claims on the GFIP are reported as assets by the various agencies investing in the GFIP.

The GFIP represents cash and short-term investments. The State Treasurer invests excess cash balances on behalf of certain earmarked funds of state agencies identified by State statute and local governments. Interest earnings are distributed based on average outstanding cash balances for local governments and the state agencies where interest is allowed to be earned. All other interest earnings are transferred to the State General Fund.

The State Treasurer deposits public monies with New Mexico financial institutions in denominations which generally are in excess of the \$250,000 in insurance coverage provided by federal agencies. Accordingly, the State Treasurer requires that depository financial institutions provide additional collateral for such investments. The collateral generally is in the form of marketable debt securities and is required in amounts ranging from 50% to 102% of the par value of the investment dependent upon the institution's operating results and capital. Collateral for the fiscal agent account is required in amounts equal to 50% of the average investment balance.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – The New Mexico State Treasurer's Office has an investment policy that limits investment maturities to five years or less on allowable investments. This policy is a means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. This policy is reviewed and approved annually by the New Mexico State Board of Finance.

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(Continued)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE B - BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

4. <u>Investment in the New Mexico State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool, New Mexico State Treasurer's State General Fund Investment Pool and New Mexico State Investment Council Long-Term Investment Pool (Continued)</u>

<u>Credit Risk</u> – The New Mexico State Treasurer pools are not rated.

For additional GASB 40 disclosure information regarding cash held by the New Mexico State Treasurer, the reader should see the separate audit report of the New Mexico State Treasurer's Office for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

State General Fund Investment Pool Reconciliation Issue

In June 2012, an independent diagnostic report revealed that GFIP balances had not been reconciled at a "business unit by fund" level since the inception of the Statewide Human Resources, Accounting, and Management Reporting System (SHARE) system in July 2006. This report, entitled "Current State Diagnostic of Cash Control," also described a difference between GFIP bank balances and the corresponding general ledger balances and indicated that the effect of reconciling items were unknown. The report, dated June 20, 2012, is available on the website of the New Mexico Department of Finance & Administration.

By state statute, the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration (DFA) is responsible for the performance of monthly reconciliations with the balances and accounts kept by the State Treasurer. Therefore, under the direction of the State Controller/Financial Control Division Director, the Financial Control Division (FCD) of the New Mexico Department of Finance & Administration undertook action to address the situation. DFA/FCD initiated the Cash Management Remediation Project (Remediation Project) in partnership with the Office of the New Mexico State Treasurer, the New Mexico Department of Information Technology, and a contracted third party with expertise in the Enterprise System Software used by the State.

Phase 1 of the Cash Management Remediation Project (completed in May 2013) implemented statewide business process changes and corrected numerous SHARE System configurations. As a result of the changes and corrections, DFA/FCD was able to begin reconciling activity reported by the State's fiscal agent bank to the SHARE general ledger on a *point-forward basis* beginning February 1, 2013. However, additional critical business process changes and corrections to configurations within the SHARE System remain to be completed.

On July 11, 2014, DFA/FCD commenced the Historical Cash Reconciliation Project in partnership with Deloitte & Touche, LLP. The scope of this project is July 1, 2006 (SHARE implementation) to January 31, 2013 (the point at which DFA/FCD began reconciling cash activity as noted in the paragraph above). These cash balances have not been reconciled to the accounts maintained at the State Treasurer's Office since the implementation of the SHARE System. DFA management considers it unlikely that this separate initiative will be successful in allocating all historical reconciling items to the State entities invested in the Pool. As a result, any remaining differences post specific allocation to GFIP participants, will be reported in the State General Fund.

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(Continued)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE B - BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

4. Investment in the New Mexico State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool, New Mexico State Treasurer's State General Fund Investment Pool and New Mexico State Investment Council Long-Term Investment Pool (Continued)

State General Fund Investment Pool Reconciliation Issue (Continued)

In prior years, DFA management recorded a loss contingency in the General Fund based on its estimate of the effect of issues related to the reconciliation of the GFIP, that estimate is still current. Because no specific loss amount is determinable, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, the amount accrued is the minimum amount that management considers to be probable. Ultimately, the loss could exceed the amount accrued, perhaps by a substantial amount.

NMPSIA believes the impact of the cash reconciliation historical reconciling items does not have a material impact on its financial statements since the main source of deposits for the NMPSIA's administrative cash are internal transfers from its other cash accounts. NMPSIA has internal controls to account for its expenditures. NMPSIA believes the balance in the GFIP of \$554,593 is materially correct at June 30, 2014. Adjustments, if any, to NMPSIA's financial statements cannot be determined until the reconciliation process is complete.

NMPSIA had funds that represented the long-term reserves invested in stocks and bonds formerly managed by independent third parties following NMPSIA's investment policy. During fiscal year 2004, stewardship of all funds were transferred to the New Mexico State Investment Council by a joint powers agreement that will expire only when either party terminates the agreement.

Investments are stated at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, with increases or decreases in fair market value recognized in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position at the end of each month. Fair value is based on quoted market value at year-end. Investment transactions are recorded on the trade date. Dividends are recognized as income when declared.

5. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets consist of premises and equipment which are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation. Capital assets are defined by the state as assets which have a cost of \$5,000 acquired during the 2007 fiscal year and thereafter, and \$1,000 or more at the date of acquisition for prior years. Purchased assets are valued at historical cost. Donated assets are recorded at their fair market value at the date of donation. There is no debt related to capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value to the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Generally, estimated useful lives are as follows:

Building improvements	10 - 30	years
Building	30	years
Computer equipment	3 - 7	years
Furniture and fixtures	7	years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE B - BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

6. Participant Premiums

Participant premiums for benefits coverage are recognized as revenue on a pro rata basis over the applicable contract period. Premiums for risk coverage are recognized as revenue in the applicable contract period (coincides with the fiscal year).

7. Excess Insurance Premiums

Excess insurance premiums for risk coverage are recognized as expense in the applicable contract period (coincides with the fiscal year). Premium adjustments for retrospectively adjusted excess insurance policies are estimated and recorded as revenue or expense over the period of policy coverage.

8. Reserve for Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses

Insurance losses and related loss adjustment expenses are charged to operations as incurred. The reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses are determined based upon case-basis evaluations and actuarial projections, and include a provision for claims incurred but not reported. The actuarial projections of ultimate losses on reported claims and the estimate of claims incurred but not reported are based on a composite of NMPSIA's experience and benefits, property, casualty, and workers' compensation insurance industry data, which supplements NMPSIA's historical experience and includes the effects of inflation and other factors. Losses are reported net of estimated amounts recoverable from excess insurance, salvage and subrogations, and the deductible portion of claims. Adjustments to the probable ultimate liability for losses and loss adjustment expenses are made continually, based on subsequent developments and experience, and are included in operations as made.

During 2003, NMPSIA changed its methodology for accounting for its risk fund reserve for losses and loss adjustment expenses from an undiscounted basis to a discounted basis. The change was made to adjust the reserves to present value and to better reflect income.

In the opinion of NMPSIA's management and NMPSIA's independent actuary, the reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses are reasonably stated to cover the present value of the ultimate net cost of loss adjustment expenses.

As discussed above, NMPSIA's management has discounted the losses and loss adjustment expenses for property, casualty, and workers' compensation to present values. Estimated outstanding losses were determined by NMPSIA's actuary to be \$48,511,321 and \$45,805,646 at June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The indicated discounted losses and loss adjustment expenses are \$45,584,098 at June 30, 2014 and \$42,983,272 at June 30, 2013. Discounting is based on estimated payment dates and an appropriate assumed rate of return. The estimated unpaid losses as of June 30, 2014 and 2013 were discounted using an interest rate of and 2.0% for 2014 and 2013.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE B - BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

9. Income Taxes

NMPSIA provides an essential governmental function to its members as described in Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code and is exempt from federal income taxes pursuant to the Code.

10. Budgetary Process

An operating budget is submitted annually for review to the Public Education Department, the Budget Division of the Department of Finance and Administration and the Legislative Finance Committee of the State of New Mexico. The budget is prepared on a modified accrual basis and monthly modified accrual basis reports of receipts and expenditures are required to be submitted to the state. This modified accrual basis used for budget purposes differs from the accrual basis of accounting in that purchases of fixed assets are recorded as expenditures and depreciation and compensated absences are not recorded. Also, any accounts payable that does not get paid by the statutory deadline must be paid out of next year's budget. There were no differences between GAAP and budgetary basis accounts payable amounts. Budget amendments must be reviewed by the Department of Finance and Administration. For the administrative function budget, line item expenditures within budget appropriation unit may legally exceed amounts budgeted; however the budget appropriation unit expenditures may not legally exceed the total approved budget amount. Unfavorable variances by expense category are not a budget violation. There are no legal restrictions on the Benefits and Risk functions' expenditures.

11. Budget Adjustments

There were two budget adjustment requests for the year ended June 30, 2014. One was to increase the budget for other costs in the amount of \$27,000 and the corresponding \$27,000 decrease to contractual services. The other was to increase contractual services in the amount of \$8,500,000 and the corresponding \$8.500,000 increase to interest and other state funds.

12. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly actual results may differ from those estimates.

At June 30, 2014, NMPSIA has total current and non-current reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses in the amount of \$69,987,687. The allocation of current and non-current is an estimate. Due to the uncertainty of future claims, this amount could significantly change in fiscal year 2015.

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(Continued)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE B - BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

13. Net Position

The government-wide fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net positions are categorized as investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. Net position is defined by GAAP as the residual of all assets, liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. There were no deferred inflows or deferred outflows for the year.

Net Investment in Capital Assets – is intended to reflect the portion of net positions which are associated with non-liquid, capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt. NMPSIA did not have any related debt during the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013.

Unrestricted Net Position – consist of net positions not restricted to pay claims and expenses or invested in capital assets.

Restricted Net Position – net positions should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use are either:

- Externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Enabling legislation must be legally enforceable. Legal enforceability means that a government can be compelled by an external party such as citizens, public interest groups or the judiciary to use resources only for the purposes specified by legislation. The legislation establishing NMPSIA are not available to the State of New Mexico for appropriation or other purposes. Net positions for benefits and risk functions of NMPSIA meet the criteria.

Restricted net position are to provide payments of claims and expenses in future years due to the legislation establishing NMPSIA and these funds are not available to the State of New Mexico for appropriation or other purposes.

14. Reclassifications

Certain 2013 balances have been reclassified to conform with the 2014 presentation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE C - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets consist of premises and equipment and the balances are as follows at June 30:

	Balance at June 30,	A 1111	Divi	Balance at June 30,
	2013	Additions	Deletions	2014
Assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$235,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 235,000
Art	1,765	-	1-27	1,765
Assets being depreciated				
Building and building improvements	543,666	-	-	543,666
Furniture	59,177	-	(1,301)	57,876
	839,608		(1,301)	838,307
Accumulated Depreciation				
Building and building improvements	(424,524)	(20,243)	-	(444,767)
Furniture	(56,508)	(763)	1,301	(55,970)
	(481,032)	(21,006)	1,301	(500,737)
Total	\$358,576	\$ (21,006)	\$ -	\$ 337,570

Depreciation expense of \$21,006 is included in general and administrative expenses on the financial statements for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013.

NOTE D - EXCESS INSURANCE

NMPSIA has entered into contracts with various commercial excess insurance carriers to minimize exposure on risks above NMPSIA's self-insurance retention.

As of June 30, 2014, the per occurrence self-insurance retention for workers' compensation losses is \$600,000 and the property, automobile and casualty losses is \$750,000.

Property and casualty aggregate losses are self-insured up to certain amounts during each policy year. Each coverage part maintains a separate aggregate limit and is reinsured by commercial excess insurance carriers. For the policy year July 1, 2013 to July 1, 2014, the property policy aggregate limit is unlimited. The liability policy aggregate limit is \$11,000,000. The aggregate limit limits the annual amounts that NMPSIA would be responsible for in funding its self-insured losses.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE E - RESERVES FOR LOSSES AND LOSS ADJUSTMENT EXPENSES

The reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses represent, in management's opinion, the best estimate of the ultimate cost of settling all reported and unreported claims. The actuarial projections of ultimate losses on reported claims and the estimate of claims incurred but not reported are based on a composite of NMPSIA's experience and benefits, property, casualty and workers' compensation insurance industry data. However, due to the historical experience of NMPSIA, there exists a range of variability around the best estimate of the ultimate cost of settling all unpaid NMPSIA claims. Accordingly, the amount reflected in the accompanying financial statements as reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses at June 30, 2014 and 2013 and the related provisions for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, may not ultimately be the actual cost of settling all unpaid claims.

24 (Continued)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE E - RESERVES FOR LOSSES AND LOSS ADJUSTMENT EXPENSES - CONTINUED

Components of the reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses are as follows:

	Benefits 2014	fits 2013	Workers' C	Workers' Compensation 2013	Property and Casualty 2014 201	d Casualty 2013	1 otal 2014	tal 2013
Estimated reserves for claims	\$ 24,403,589	\$ 22,487,572	\$ 31,258,825	\$ 30,502,467	\$ 17,252,496	\$ 15,303,179	\$ 72,914.910	S 68,293,218
to excess insurance contracts on specific and aggregate loss occurrences								
Reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses at end-of-year (undiscounted)	\$ 24,403,589	\$ 22,487,572	\$ 31,258,825	\$ 30,502,467	\$ 17,252,496	\$ 15,303,179	S 72,914,910	\$ 68,293,218
Changes in the reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses are as follows: Reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses at beginning of year (undiscounted)	\$ 22,487,572	\$ 20,539,310	\$ 30,502,467	\$ 29,610,605	\$ 15,303,179	\$ 18,052,996	\$ 68,293,218	\$ 68,202,911
Incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses Provision for insured events of the current year	262,406,884	256,739,949	12,772,000	12,535,000	6,925,322	3,704,077	282,104,206	272,979,026
Increase (decrease) in provision for events of prior years	1,894,512	1,933,369	775,850	1,195,915	7,770,671	5,132,715	10,441,033	8,261,999
Total incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses	264,301,396	258,673,318	13,547,850	13,730,915	14,695,993	8,836,792	292,545,239	281,241,025
Payments (net of amounts receivable pursuant to excess insurance contracts) Losses and loss adjustment expenses attributable to events of the current year	238,003,295	234,252,377	3,347,954	3,469,501	3,697,287	2,141,119	245,048,536	239,862,997
Losses and loss adjustment expenses attributable to events of prior year	24,382,084	22,472,679	9,443,538	9,369,552	9,049,389	9,445,490	42,875,011	41,287,721
Total payments and adjustment expenses	262,385,379	256,725,056	12,791,492	12,839,053	12,746,676	11,586,609	287,923,547	281,150,718
Reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses at end-of-year (undiscounted)	24,403,589	22,487,572	31,258,825	30,502,467	17,252,496	15,303,179	72,914,910	68.293.218
Less discount factor			2,365,270	2,316,058	561,953	506,316	2,927,223	2,822.374
*Reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses at end-of-year (discounted)	\$ 24,403,589	\$ 22,487,572	\$ 28,893,555	\$ 28,186,409	\$ 16,690,543	\$ 14,796,863	8 69.987,687	\$ 65,470,844

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE F – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

NMPSIA follows GASB statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures* for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013. NMPSIA investments held by the State Investment Council at June 30, 2014 and 2013 were as follows:

	June 30	0, 2014	2014 June 30, 2013	
	Benefits	Risk	Benefits	Risk
Large Cap Index	\$ 7,363,869	\$ 7,191,239	\$ 5,877,839	\$ 5,740,045
Core Bonds	4,234,755	4,273,035	3,956,937	3,984,238
Mid/Small Cap	1,947,659	1,881,277	1,555,872	1,502,844
Non US Emerging Markets	951,617	968,658	830,823	845,701
Non US Developed Markets	726,132	714,912	594,659	585,470
Total	\$15,224,032	\$15,029,121	\$12,816,130	\$12,658,298

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to change in market interest rates. NMPSIA has exposure to interest rate risk by its investment in the Core Bond holdings with the State Investment Council.

The carrying amounts of NMPSIA's deposits at financial institutions as of June 30, 2014 and 2013 were \$63,912,871 and \$52,967,096, respectively. Bank balances before reconciling items were \$63,913,439 and \$52,967,657 at June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, NMPSIA's deposits may not be recovered. The bank balances for 2014 and 2013 were insured or covered by the State Treasurer's Collateralization Policy.

The New Mexico State Treasurer Local Government Investment Pool (Pool) is not SEC registered. Section 6-10-10 I, NMSA 1978 empowers the State Treasurer, with the advice and consent of the State Board of Finance, to invest money held in the short-term investment fund in securities that are issued by the United States government or by its departments or agencies and are either direct obligations of the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States government or are agencies sponsored by the United States government that have AAA credit quality ratings. The Pool investments are monitored by the same investment committee and the same policies and procedures that apply to all other state investments. The weighted average maturity of the Pool at June 30, 2014 was 48.6 days WAM(R) and 116.2 days WAM (F), which reduces the Pool's interest rate risk. The Pool is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

The pool does not have unit shares. Per Section 6-10-10.1F, NMSA 1978, at the end of each month all interest earned is distributed by the State Treasurer to contributing entities in amounts directly proportionate to the respective amounts deposited in the fund and the length of time the fund amounts were invested. The Pool does not have any foreign currency risk as all holdings are denominated in US dollars. Participation in the Pool is voluntary.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE F - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

NMPSIA recorded a loss from its investment in the Pool during fiscal year 2009. In September 2008, the Pool reportedly had 23% of the Pool (\$281.7 million) invested in the Reserve Primary Fund. On September 17, 2008 Standard & Poor's lowered the Reserve Primary Fund (Reserve) rating from AAAm to Dm because of its exposure to Lehman Brothers Holdings, Inc., which declared bankruptcy, and caused a material decline in net assets. The rating for the Reserve was completely withdrawn on January 6, 2009 and Standard & Poor's dropped the pools rating from AAAm to Dm and then back to AAAm on March 5, 2009.

The Pool created a Reserve Contingency Fund to hold that portion of a participant's pool holdings that were attributable to the Reserve position as of September 15, 2008, that had not yet been recovered. Funds held in this non-interest bearing account will remain restricted and unavailable until recovery of the final payout amount from the Reserve and the final reconciliation by the Pool.

As of June 30, 2014, NMPSIA had \$30,186,456 still invested in the Pool, of which \$34,778 was being held in the Reserve Contingency Fund. NMPSIA has recorded a loss of \$274,062 related to this investment in the Reserve Contingency Fund during the year ended June 30, 2009. NMPSIA received distributions of \$239,284 in prior years from the Reserve Contingency Fund. The New Mexico State Treasurer's Office does not believe that there will be additional distributions from the Reserve Contingency Fund.

Total investment income and gains from investment is as follows:

	2014	2013
Investment income Unrealized gain	\$ 197,321 4,778,725	\$ 195,474 5,657,779
Total investment income	\$ 4,976,046	\$ 5,853,253

NMPSIA does not engage in any securities lending arrangements, reverse repurchase agreements or in the use of derivatives.

All investments are managed by the New Mexico State Investment Council which is audited annually. That report can be obtained by writing to the New Mexico State Investment Council, 41 Plaza la Prensa, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87507.

NOTE G – JOINT POWERS AGREEMENT

An agreement exists among NMPSIA, New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority, Albuquerque Public Schools, and the State's Risk Management Division of the General Services Department (collectively, the Interagency Benefits Advisory Committee). The purpose is to authorize the parties to exercise their common powers to provide and administer health care insurance programs, and to implement the purposes of the Health Care Purchasing Act. Each agency acts as its own fiscal agent for cost purposes. The agreement was effective March 15, 1999, and continues in force until terminated by any party upon 90 days written notice to the other parties.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE H - INSURANCE SERVICING AND ADMINISTRATION AGREEMENTS

NMPSIA has entered into agreements with third parties for claims administration, administration of excess insurance contracts, accounting, administrative services, and related matters. These agreements are generally renewable on an annual basis. Fees for such services for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 were as follows:

	2014	2013
Administrative fees of Health Care Providers	\$ 13,024,842	\$13,083,267
Third party administrations claims processing and other management fees Wellness management services	4,208,973 4,500	4,307,556 7,500
	\$17,238,315	\$17,398,323

NOTE I – PENSION PLAN – PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION

Plan Description. Substantially all of NMPSIA's full-time employees participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978). The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) is the administrator of the plan, which is a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement, disability benefits, survivor benefits and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. PERA issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to PERA, P.O. Box 2123, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2123. The report is also available on PERA's website at www.pera.state.nm.us.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute 8.92% of their gross salary for the year ended June 30, 2014. NMPSIA is required to contribute 16.59% of the gross covered salary for the year ended June 30, 2014. The contribution requirements of plan members and NMPSIA are established under Chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. NMPSIA's contributions to PERA, for the years ending June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$95,837, \$84,048, and \$70,185, respectively, which equal the amount of the required contributions for each fiscal year.

NOTE J - POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - STATE RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN

Plan Description. The NMPSIA contributes to the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post employment healthcare plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (RHCA). The RHCA provides health care insurance and prescription drug benefits to retired employees of participating New Mexico government agencies, their spouses, dependents, and surviving spouses and dependents. The RHCA Board was established by the Retiree Health Care Act (Chapter 10, Article 7C, NMSA 1978). The Board is responsible for establishing and amending benefit provisions of the healthcare plan and is also authorized to designate optional and/or voluntary benefits like dental, vision, supplemental life insurance, and long term care policies.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE J - POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - STATE RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN - CONTINUED

Eligible retirees are: 1) retirees who make contributions to the fund for at least five years prior to retirement and whose eligible employer during that period of time made contributions as a participant in the RHCA plan on the person's behalf unless that person retires before the employer's RHCA effective date, in which event the time period required for employee and employer contributions shall become the period of time between the employers' effective date and the date of retirement; 2) retirees defined by the Act who retired prior to July 1, 1990; 3) former legislators who served at least two years; and 4) former governing authority members who served as least four years.

The RHCA issues a publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the postemployment healthcare plan. That report and further information can be obtained by writing to the Retiree Health Care Authority at 4308 Carlisle NE, Suite 104, Albuquerque, NM 87107.

Funding Policy. The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-13 NMSA 1978) authorizes the RHCA Board to establish the monthly premium contributions that retirees are required to pay for healthcare benefits. Each participating retiree pays a monthly premium according to a service based subsidy rate schedule for the medical plus basic life plan plus an additional participation fee of five dollars if the eligible participant retired prior to the employer's RHCA effective date or is a former legislator or former governing authority member. Former legislators and governing authority members are required to pay 100% of the insurance premium to cover their claims and the administrative expenses of the plan. The monthly premium rate schedule can be obtained from the RHCA or viewed on their website at www.nmrhca.state.nm.us.

The employer, employee and retiree contributions are required to be remitted to the RHCA on a monthly basis. The statutory requirements for the employer and employee contributions can be changed by the New Mexico State Legislature. Employers that choose to become participating employers after January 1, 1998, are required to make contributions to the RHCA fund in the amount determined to be appropriate by the Board.

The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978) is the statutory authority that establishes the required contributions of participating employers and their employees. For employees that were members of an enhanced retirement plan (state police and adult correctional officer member coverage plan 1; municipal police member coverage plans 3, 4 or 5; municipal fire member coverage plan 3, 4 or 5; municipal detention officer member coverage plan 1; and members pursuant to the Judicial Retirement Act) during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the statute required each participating employer to contribute 2.5% of each participating employee's annual salary; and each participating employee was required to contribute 1.25% of their salary. For employees that were not members of an enhanced retirement plan during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the statute required each participating employer to contribute 2.0% of each participating employee's annual salary; each participating employee was required to contribute 1.0% of their salary. In addition, pursuant to Section 10-7C-15(G) NMSA 1978, at the first session of the Legislature following July 1, 2013, the legislature shall review and adjust the distributions pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1 NMSA 1978 and the employer and employee contributions to the authority in order to ensure the actuarial soundness of the benefits provided under the Retiree Health Care Act.

NMPSIA's total contributions to the RHCA for the year ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$11,574, \$11,147, and \$9,596, respectively, which equal the required contributions for each fiscal year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE K - ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

NMPSIA accounts for accumulated annual and sick leave on the accrual basis. Employees are entitled to accumulate annual leave at a graduated rate based on years of service. In accordance with State law, NMPSIA has recorded a liability included in accrued compensated absences for each employee for annual leave up to 240 hours at 100% of the employee's hourly wage. State law requires that sick leave be accrued for each employee for hours in excess of 600, but not over 720 (a maximum of 120 hours).

Upon termination of employment, sick pay for hours accumulated for 600 hours is forfeited and vacation pay is limited to payment of 240 hours at 100% of the employee's hourly wage. Sick leave is payable semiannually to qualified employees for hours accumulated over 600 hours but not over 720 at 50% of the employee's hourly wage. Upon retirement, payment for sick leave is limited to 400 hours accumulated in excess of 600 hours at 50% of the employee's hourly wage. A detail of accrued compensated absences is as follows:

	Balance = 30, 2013	AdditionsDele			eletions	Balance June 30, 2014		
Annual leave Sick leave	\$ 40,293 2,490	\$	13,927 877	\$	4,743 986	\$	49,477 2,381	
Total accrued compensated absences	\$ 42,783	\$	14,804	\$	5,729	\$	51,858	

Based on expected usage during the 2015 fiscal year all of the accrued compensated absences balance has been classified as a current liability.

NOTE L - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

NMPSIA leases two vehicles, a phone system and other office equipment for use in its operations under operating leases. Total rent expense paid for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 was \$22,948 and \$24,878, respectively. Remaining lease payments under the leases are as follows:

Fiscal Years June 30:	
2015	\$ 9,700
2016	9,700
2017	9,700
2018	3,233
2019	
	\$ 32,333

NOTE M - DUE FROM AND DUE TO OTHER STATE AGENCIES

There were no amounts due from or due to other state agencies at June 30, 2014 and 2013.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE N - OPERATING TRANSFERS

The following operating transfers occurred between the NMPSIA functional activities during the years ended June 30:

SHARE#	# 2014			2013			
	From	То	From	То			
Administration Fund (34900)	\$ 1,286,400	\$ -	\$ 1,272,600	\$ -			
Benefits Fund (35000)	-	643,200	4	636,300			
Risk Fund (35100)		643,200		636,300			
	\$ 1,286,400	\$ 1,286,400	\$ 1,272,600	\$ 1,272,600			

These annual transfers were to pay for administration fund operating costs as approved by the NMPSIA board and by the budgetary process.

NOTE O - LITIGATION

NMPSIA is subject to various legal proceedings, claims and liabilities, which arise in the ordinary course of NMPSIA's operations. In the opinion of NMPSIA's management and legal counsel, the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse impact on the financial position or results of operations of NMPSIA.

NOTE P - ACCOUNTING STANDARD PRONOUNCEMENTS

In March 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities* (GASB 65). GASB 65 establishes accounting and reporting standards that reclassify certain items that are currently reported as assets and liabilities to deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources and that recognizes certain items currently being reported as assets and liabilities as outflows and inflows of resources. In addition, it limits the use of the term "deferred" in the financial statement presentation. NMPSIA has implemented these standards effective in the 2014 fiscal year with no financial statement impact.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has published Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans and No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. These standards revise existing guidance for governments that provide their employees with pension benefits. Significant change is the requirement to record each governmental entity's pro rate share of unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) on its financial statements including multi-employer cost sharing plans. The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA), is a multi-employer cost sharing plan. The changes arising from these statements are significant and NMPSIA will comply with these changes as implementation information is provided by the State of New Mexico and PERA. The implementation date for Statement No. 68, most relevant to NMPSIA, is for fiscal year 2015.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE P – ACCOUNTING STANDARD PRONOUNCEMENTS - CONTINUED

The status of the PERA Plan at June 30, 2013, the most recent audited financial statement available, has an unfunded accrued actuarial liability of approximately \$4.6 billion. The impact of GASB 68 could be material to the financial statements.

In January 2013, GASB issued Statement No. 69, Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations (GASB 69). GASB 69 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards related to government combinations and disposals of government operations. GASB 69 is effective for financial statement periods beginning after December 15, 2013. Management is reviewing the provisions of this statement but does not expect it to have an impact on its financial statements as it has no disposals of operations.

In April 2013, GASB issued Statement No. 70, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees (GASB 70). GASB 70 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for financial guarantees that are nonexchange transactions (nonexchange financial guarantees) extended or received by a state or local government. GASB 70 is effective for financial statement periods beginning after June 15, 2013. Management is reviewing the provisions of this statement but does not expect it to have an impact on its financial statements.

NOTE Q - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

NMPSIA has evaluated subsequent events through November 18, 2014, which is the date the financial statements have been issued and have determined no events require disclosure or adjustment to the financial statements.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Fund	Agency #	SHARE#
Benefits	342	35000
Risk	342	35100
Administration	342	34900

STATEMENT OF BUDGETARY BASIS REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

June 30, 2014

	Total Actual		Original Budget		Budget as Amended		Variance Favorable Jnfavorable)
Revenues							
Employee insurance and other insurance premiums Interest and other state funds Miscellaneous income Other financing sources	\$ 342,725,405 4,976,046 5,611,652 1,286,400	\$	358,177,000 100,000 3,986,600 1,286,400	\$	358,177,000 8,600,000 3,986,600 1,286,400	\$	(15,451,595) (3,623,954) 1,625,052
Subtotal	354,599,503		363,550,000		372,050,000	\$	(17,450,497)
Cash balance carryforward			6,794,400		6,794,400		
Total	354,599,503	\$	370,344,400	\$	378,844,400		
Expenditures	070 175	¢r.	000 000	\$	888,800	\$	10,625
Personal services	878,175 346,585,553	\$	888,800 367,952,300	Ф	376,425,300	Φ	29,839,747
Contractual services Other costs	239,755		216,900		243,900		4,145
Other financing uses	1,286,400		1,286,400	_	1,286,400		(8)
	348,989,883	\$	370,344,400	\$	378,844,400	_\$	29,854,517
Excess of revenues over expenditures	5,609,620						
Adjustment from modified accrual to accrual basis: Audit adjustment to adjust claims expense for reserve for losses and loss							
adjustment expenses	(1,855,604)						
Depreciation expense	(21,006)						
Audit adjustment to increase compensated absences	(9,075)						
Total adjustments to reconcile to GAAP	(1,885,685)						
Changes in net position	\$ 3,723,935						

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - RECONCILIATION FROM BOOKS TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2014

	 Benefits		Risk	Adm	inistration	_	Total
Interest bearing checking and money market accounts:							
Wells Fargo: Employee benefits depository Employee benefits short term investment	\$ 210,707	\$	×	\$:=	\$	210,707
account	26,371,178		<u> </u>		1 60		26,371,178
Employee benefits disbursement account	=		Ξ.		H		*
Risk depository account	326	3	0,154,425		4		30,154,425
Risk short term investment account	~		7,177,129		<u> </u>		7,177,129
Total cash balance per bank	26,581,885	3	7,331,554	9	-		63,913,439
Reconciling items:							
Less outstanding checks	 (568)	=			====	_	(568)
Total cash and cash equivalents per the balance sheet	\$ 26,581,317	\$ 3	7,331,554	\$	<u> </u>	\$	63,912,871
New Mexico State Treasurer's General Fund Investment Pool				\$	554,593		

The outstanding warrants at June 30, 2014 was not provided to NMPSIA by the State Treasurer's Office. Also see the footnote disclosure on pages 18 and 19 for information on the New Mexico State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool that is not reconciled at June 30, 2014.

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION INFORMATION BY FUNCTIONAL ACTIVITY

June 30, 2014

	Benefits	Risk	Administration	Total
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents New Mexico State Treasurer's State Fund	\$ 26,581,317	\$ 37,331,554	\$	\$ 63,912,871
Investment Pool Investments New Mexico State Treasurer's Local	-	+	554,593	554,593
Government Investment Pool	30,028,013	123,665	-	30,151,678
Accrued interest receivable	3,986	3,335		7,321
Receivables from excess insurers and others, net	418,382	68,460	-	486,842
Prepaid expenses and deposits	F.	256,180		256,180
Total current assets	57,031,698	37,783,194	554,593	95,369,485
NON CURRENT ASSETS				20.052.152
Investments – long-term	15,224,032	15,029,121	227 570	30,253,153
Capital assets, net	-		337,570	337,570
Total non current assets	15,224,032	15,029,121	337,570	30,590,723
Total assets	\$ 72,255,730	\$ 52,812,315	\$ 892,163	\$ 125,960,208
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses	\$ 24,403,589	\$	\$	\$ 24,403,589
Unearned premium revenue and carrier advances	66,404		-	66,404
Due to insurance carriers for claims paid	4,503,983	1,526,855	20.202	6,030,838
Accounts payable	1,019,159	275,964	28,283	1,323,406 10,091
Accrued payroll			10,091 51,858	51,858
Accrued compensated absences				
Total current liabilities	29,993,135	1,802,819	90,232	31,886,186
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES Reserve for losses and loss adjustment expenses		45,584,098		45,584,098
Total liabilities	29,993,135	47,386,917	90,232	77,470,284
NET POSITION Restricted for future benefits Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	42,262,595	5,425,398	337,570 464,361	47,687,993 337,570 464,361
Net position	42,262,595	5,425,398	801,931	48,489,924
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 72,255,730	\$ 52,812,315	\$ 892,163	\$ 125,960,208

REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INFORMATION BY FUNCTIONAL ACTIVITY

June 30, 2014

	Benefits	Risk	Administration	Total
REVENUES Participant premiums Settlement reimbursements and rebates	\$ 280,781,921 5,601,252	\$ 61,943,484	\$ -	\$ 342,725,405 5,601,252
Total revenues	286,383,173	61,943,484		348,326,657
EXPENSES Losses and loss adjustment expenses, net of excess recoveries Premiums for health maintenance organizations, life, disability, dental insurance, property/	254,147,237	30,569,664	4	284,716,901
liability, workers' compensation, and boiler and machinery Insurance servicing and administration fees General and administrative	10,154,159 13,294,441	36,170,443 3,943,874	1,309,350	46,324,602 17,238,315 1,309,350
Total expenses	277,595,837	70,683,981	1,309,350	349,589,168
Operating income (loss)	8,787,336	(8,740,497)	(1,309,350)	(1,262,511)
NONOPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES Investment income, gains and (losses), net Other income, net	2,508,904 10,227	2,467,142 173		4,976,046 10,400
Total nonoperating revenues	2,519,131	2,467,315		4,986,446
Transfers in (out)	(643,200)	(643,200)	1,286,400	
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	10,663,267	(6,916,382)	(22,950)	3,723,935
Net position, beginning of year	31,599,328	12,341,780	824,881	44,765,989
Net position, end of year	\$ 42,262,595	\$ 5,425,398	\$ 801,931	\$ 48,489,924

Note: The information above reflects the functional activities of NMPSIA and includes transfers of reserves as approved and authorized by management, the Board of Directors, and the New Mexico State Legislature.

TEN-YEAR CLAIMS DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

Ten Years Ended June 30, 2014

The following table illustrates how NMPSIA's earned revenues (net of reinsurance) and investment income compare to related costs of loss (net of loss assumed by re-insurers) and other expenses assumed by NMPSIA as of the end of each of the last ten years. The rows of the table are defined as follows:

- (1) This line shows the total of each fiscal year's earned contribution revenues and investment revenues.
- (2) This line shows each fiscal year's other operating costs, including overhead and claims expense not allocable to individual claims.
- (3) This line shows NMPSIA's incurred claims and allocated claim adjustment expense (both paid and accrued) as originally reported at the end of the first year in which the event that occurred triggered coverage under the contract (called policy year).
- (4) This section of ten rows shows the cumulative amounts paid as of the end of successive years for each policy year.
- (5) This section of ten rows shows how each policy years incurred claims increased or decreased as of the end of successive years. This annual re-estimation results from new information received on known claims, reevaluation of existing information on known claims, as well as emergence of new claims not previously known.
- This line compares the latest re-estimated incurred claims amount to the amount originally established (line 3) and shows whether the latest estimate of claims cost is greater or less than originally thought. As data for individual policy years mature, the correlation between original estimates and re-estimated amounts is commonly used to evaluate the incurred claims currently recognized in less mature policy years.

The columns of the table show data for successive policy years.

TEN-YEAR CLAIMS DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED

Ten Years Ended June 30, 2014

1	_	3	7	9	4	
2014	\$ 306,988,501	5,522,823	287,923,547	245,048,536	287,923,547	€9
2013	\$ 282,627,712	5,570,613	281,150,718	239,862,997 245,422,529	281,150,718 276,228,199	\$ (4,922,519)
2012	\$ 281,118,806	7,222,667	270,953,635	235,713,317 240,427,472 243,331,130	270,953,635 265,603,783 263,578,328	\$ (7,375,307)
2011	\$ 293,708,019	6,696,198	270,658,035	235,603,145 243,563,999 247,508,334 250,523,638	270,658,035 265,296,208 263,282,222 261,807,751	\$ (8,850,284)
2010	\$291,631,299	8,237,630	262,512,816	223,916,746 229,730,216 231,640,021 233,076,567 234,215,983	262,512,816 256,697,345 254,117,542 252,807,848 252,089,242	\$ (10,423,574)
2009	\$ 283,917,670	7,859,548	260,759,518	226,635,639 231,064,002 234,075,702 236,682,892 238,179,844 238,726,163	260,759,518 254,379,796 252,189,456 250,802,393 250,197,996 249,628,678	\$ (11,130,840)
2008	\$ 265,841,170	8,304,838	263,721,520	208,882,151 212,461,499 214,157,616 215,137,907 216,132,069 217,116,147 217,527,589	263,721,520 258,321,274 255,766,447 254,960,857 254,065,875 253,357,040 252,975,425	\$ (10,746,095)
2007	\$ 270,132,104	7,598,157	255,130,017	197,057,681 201,295,193 202,879,462 203,776,130 203,875,731 204,693,276 205,071,282 205,361,977	255,130,017 245,005,575 242,895,889 241,705,687 241,065,050 240,534,135 240,285,773 239,911,838	\$ (15,218,179)
2006	\$ 241,727,367	7,612,117	213,467,502	183,096,907 188,019,560 189,307,772 190,670,395 191,576,179 191,660,945 192,186,480 191,928,785	213,467,502 207,472,874 200,852,606 200,561,399 199,710,616 199,148,785 198,678,251 198,447,646 198,242,999	\$ (15,224,503)
2005	\$ 226,321,224	7,332,282	201,927,714	171,668,631 175,015,767 177,301,518 177,392,784 177,895,449 178,237,200 178,406,756 178,406,756 178,834,309 179,171,600	201,927,714 193,825,598 190,220,890 186,471,439 186,195,071 185,483,934 185,107,868 184,782,827 184,740,928	\$ (17,699,277)
	Net earned required contribution and investment revenues	Unallocated expenses	Estimated incurred claims and expense, end of policy year	Net paid (cumulative) as of: End of policy year One year later Two years later Three years later Four years later Five years later Six years later Six years later Six years later Six years later Seven years later Nine years later	Re-estimated net incurred claims and expenses: End of policy year One year later Two years later Three years later Four years later Five years later Six years later	Increase (decrease) in estimated net incurred claims and expenses from end of original policy year

"29 Years of Excellence"

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Principals

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Annette V. Hayden, C.P.A.
Sandra M. Shell, C.P.A./A B.V., C.V.A.
Rhonda G. Williams, C.P.A.
Katherine M. Rowc, C.P.A.

Managers

Douglas W. Fraser, C.P.A. Laura Parker, C.P.A. Rick W. Reynolds, C.P.A.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Mr. Hector H. Balderas, New Mexico State Auditor and Board of Directors New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Authority

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the New Mexico Public School Insurance Authority's basic financial statements, and the related budgetary comparison of the New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Authority presented as supplementary information, and have issued our report thereon dated November 18, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, of the financial statements, we considered the New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness of the New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Continued)

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ennugh & Hauch f. E.

Barraclough & Associates, P.C.

Santa Fe, New Mexico November 18, 2014

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES AND STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDING

June 30, 2014

Section I - Summary of Audit Results

Financial Statements

1.	Туре о	Unmodified	
2.	Interna		
	a.	Material weakness identified?	No
	b.	Significant deficiency identified not considered to be a material weakness?	No
	c.	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No

Section II - Current Year Findings

None

Section III - Prior Year Findings

12-01 SHARE Reconciliation Resolved

EXIT CONFERENCE

June 30, 2014

Exit Conference

An exit conference was held on December 4, 2014 to discuss the current report. Those in attendance were as follows:

New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Authority

Mary Parr-Sanchez, President Karon Axtell, Secretary Lowell Irby, Board Member Esther Marquez, Board Member Chris Parrino, Board Member

Sammy J. Quintana, Executive Director Christy Edwards, Deputy Director Don Gonzales, Comptroller Norma Henderson, Financial Manager Richard Valerio, Accountant

Barraclough & Associates, P.C.

Douglas W. Fraser, CPA, Senior Audit Manager

The financial statements were prepared by Barraclough & Associates, P.C. with assistance provided by NMPSIA personnel. NMPSIA is responsible for the fair presentation of the financial statements.

Barraclough & Associates, P.C. would like to acknowledge the courtesy and assistance extended to us during the course of the audit.