FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES
WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS'
REPORT THEREON
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY THIRTEENTH JUDICAL DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2017

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## STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY THIRTEENTH JUDICAL DISTRICT OFFICIAL ROSTER JUNE 30, 2017

### **ATTORNEYS**

Lemuel L. Martinez District Attorney

Ron P. Lopez Chief Deputy District Attorney

R. David Pederson Deputy District Attorney – Cibola County

Barbara Romo Deputy District Attorney – Sandoval County

Joshua Jimenez Deputy District Attorney – Valencia County

### **ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF**

Reyna Aragon District Office Manager / CFO



### **Independent Auditors' Report**

Honorable Timothy Keller
New Mexico State Auditor
Santa Fe, New Mexico
and
Lemuel L. Martinez, District Attorney
Thirteenth Judicial District Attorney
Bernalillo, New Mexico

#### **Report on Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information and the budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and the major special revenue funds of the State of New Mexico, Office of the District Attorney, Thirteenth Judicial District (the Attorney), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprises the Attorney's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness on the Attorney's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Attorney as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparisons of the general fund and the major special revenue funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

Required Supplementary Information:

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 6 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information:

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the Attorney's financial statements, the combining and individual fund financial statements and the budgetary comparisons. The other schedules required by Section 2.2.2 NMAC are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

These other schedules required by Section 2.2.2 NMAC are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, these other schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated October 6, 2017 on our consideration of the Attorney's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provision of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Attorney's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kubiak Melton & Associates, LLC

Kubiak Melton & Associates, LLC Auditors – Business Consultants – CPAs

Albuquerque, New Mexico October 6, 2017

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Required Supplementary Information) JUNE 30, 2017

**Management's Discussion and Analysis** offers readers of the Thirteenth Judicial District Attorney's (the Attorney) financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Attorney for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Attorney's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The financial statements consist of the following: government-wide financial statements, governmental funds statements, and a statement reconciling the above mentioned statements.

### **Basic Financial Statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities)**

Basic financial statements report information about the Attorney as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The basic financial statements report the Attorney's net position and how it has changed.

### <u>Fund Financial Statements (Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance)</u>

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Attorney's significant funds. Funds are accounting devices that the Attorney uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

The Attorney operates on its State General Fund appropriations and a budget which is approved by the State Legislature each year.

### <u>Analysis of Financial Position (Statement of Net Position)</u>

<u>Total Assets:</u> Consist of cash of \$764,197 on deposit, due from other governments of \$55,679 and capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$150,750. Total assets are \$970,626.

Total Liabilities: Consist of Total liabilities \$334,601.

<u>Net Position:</u> Consist of \$150,750 net investment in capital assets, \$673,046 restricted and (\$187,771) unrestricted.

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Required Supplementary Information) JUNE 30, 2017

Analysis of Thirteenth Judicial District Attorney's overall Financial Position and Results of Operation:

There are changes in the Thirteenth Judicial District Attorney's Financial Position (Statement of Net Position) and Operations (Statement of Activities) from prior year. Total assets decreased 8% from \$1,053,904 to \$970,626. Net position decreased 2% from \$649,845 to \$636,025.

### Condensed Statements of Net Position June 30,

		2017	2016			ncrease ecrease)
ASSETS		2017		2016	(D	ecrease)
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets, Net	\$	819,876 150,750	\$	827,873 226,031	\$	(7,997) (75,281)
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	970,626	\$	1,053,904	\$	(83,278)
LIABILITIES Current & Long-Term Liabilities Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u> \$	334,601 334,601	<u>\$</u> \$	404,059 404,059	<u>\$</u> \$	(69,458) (69,458)
NET POSITION  Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	150,750 673,046 (187,771)	\$	226,031 642,309 (218,495)	\$	(75,281) 30,737 30,724
Total Net Position	\$	636,025	\$	649,845	\$	(13,820)

#### Results of Operation (Statement of Activities):

Total Revenues: Consists of \$4,873,900, State General Fund appropriation, \$52,800, federal grants, \$124,057 state and local grants, \$10,710 in other revenue and \$23,600 from other financing sources for a donated vehicle.

Total Expenses: Consists of \$5,090,641, mainly for operational, employee salaries and benefits and operating costs purposes.

Changes in Net Position: The Thirteenth Judicial District Attorney's total net position decreased from \$649,845 to \$636,025.

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Required Supplementary Information) JUNE 30, 2017

Condensed financial comparisons for the current and prior fiscal year:

### Condensed Statements of Activities For the Year Ended June 30,

		2017	2016	Increase Decrease)
REVENUES				 
Program and Other Revenues Other Financing Sources	\$	211,167	\$ 209,673	\$ 1,494
General Appropriation, Net of Reversion		4,865,654	5,064,700	 (199,046)
Total Revenues		5,076,821	5,274,373	 (197,552)
EXPENSES				
Public Safety		5,090,641	5,568,017	 477,376
Total Expenses	_	5,090,641	5,568,017	 477,376
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	<u>\$</u>	(13,820)	\$ (293,644)	\$ 279,824

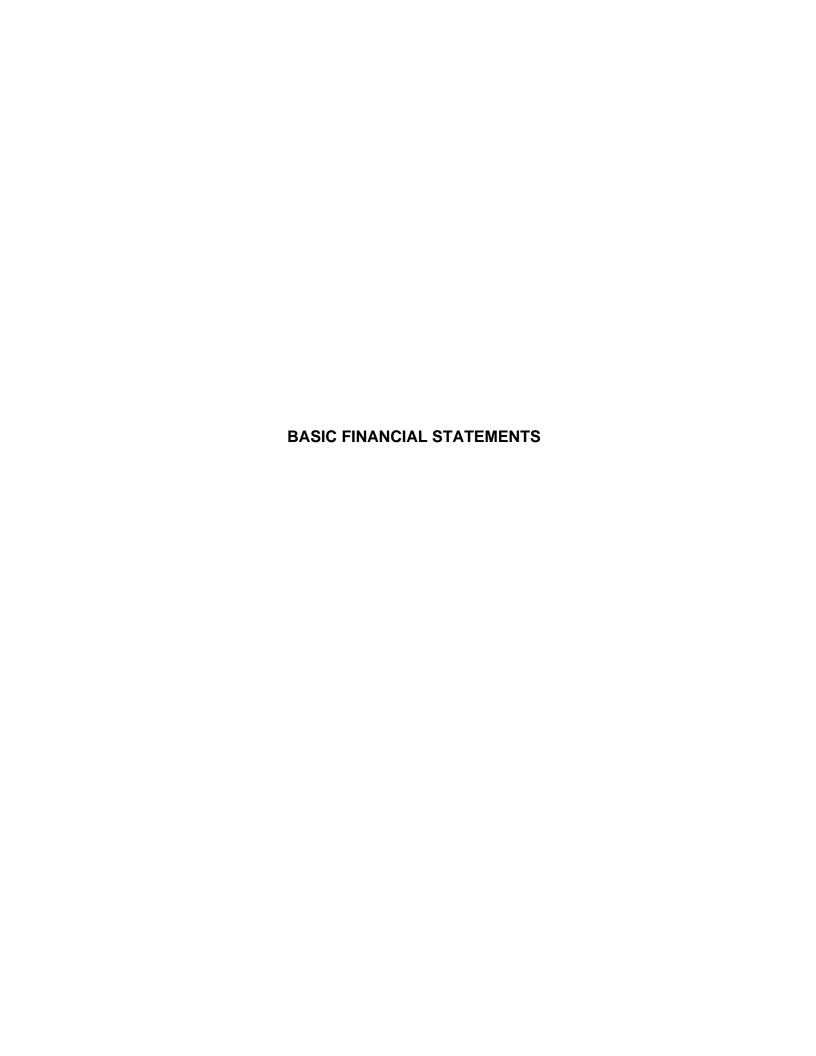
### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The State Legislature makes annual appropriations to the Thirteenth Judicial District Attorney. Amendments to the budget require approval by the Budget Division of the Department of Finance and Administration (DFA).

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is prepared to provide a general overview of the Attorney's finances for all those with an interest in its finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Chief Financial Officer P.O. Box 1750 Bernalillo, New Mexico 87004



## STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

		Governmental Activities	
ASSETS			
Current Assets Investment with State Treasurer Due From State Agencies Due From Other Governments	\$	764,197 5,929	
Total Current Assets		49,750 819,876	
Capital Assets, Net		150,750	
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	970,626	
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities Accounts Payable Accrued Payroll and Related Liabilities Due to State General Fund Compensated Absences (due within one year) Total Current Liabilities	\$ 	18,915 150,093 - 76,465 245,473	
Long-Term Liabilities Compensated Absences Payable Total Liabilities	_	89,128 334,601	
NET POSITION  Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted Total Net Position  Total Liabilities and Net Position	<del></del> \$	150,750 673,046 (187,771) 636,025 970,626	

## STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	 Governmental Activities		
Program Expenses			
General Government			
Public Safety	\$ 4,991,760		
Depreciation Expense	 98,881		
	5,090,641		
Program Revenues			
Federal Grants	52,800		
State & Local Grants	124,057		
Other Revenue	10,710		
Total Program Revenues	187,567		
Net Program Expense	(4,903,074)		
General Revenues and Transfers			
State General Fund Appropriations	4,873,900		
Other Financing Sources	23,600		
Reversion to State General Fund	 (8,246)		
<b>Total General Revenues and Transfers</b>	 4,889,254		
Change in Net Position	(13,820)		
Net Position - Beginning of Year	 649,845		
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 636,025		

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	General Fund 16700		VAWA 11650		MOU/SWB 11640		Total
ASSETS							
Current Assets							
Investment in State Treasurer	\$	131,235	\$	-	\$	638,891	\$ 770,126
Due From State Agencies		-		5,929		-	5,929
Due From Local Governments		-		-		49,750	49,750
Due From Other Funds		_		_		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>
Total Assets	\$	131,235	\$	5,929	\$	688,641	\$ 825,805
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Current Liabilities							
Deficiency in SGFIP	\$	-	\$	5,929	\$	-	\$ 5,929
Accounts Payable		3,320		-		15,595	18,915
Accrued Payroll		150,093		-		-	150,093
Due To Other Funds		-		-		-	-
Other Liabilities		-		-		-	-
Due To State General Fund				<u>-</u>			 
Total Liabilities		153,413		5,929		15,595	 174,937
FUND BALANCES							
Assigned		_		-		673,046	673,046
Unassigned		(22,178)		-		<u>-</u>	(22,178)
Total Fund Balances		(22,178)			_	673,046	 650,868
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	131,235	\$	5,929	\$	688,641	\$ 825,805

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds

\$ 650,868

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different as follows:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as asset in governmental funds. These assets consist of:

Capital Assets, Net

150,750

Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds:

Compensated Absences Payable

(165,593)

**Net Position of Governmental Activities** 

\$ 636,025

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	General Fund 16700	VAWA 11650	MOU/SWB 11640	Total
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental Revenue - Federal	\$ -	\$ 52,800	\$ -	\$ 52,800
Intergovernmental Revenue - St. & Local	-	-	124,057	124,057
Other Revenue	-	_	10,710	10,710
Total Revenues		52,800	134,767	187,567
EXPENDITURES				
General Government				
Personal Services & Benefits	4,144,913	52,800	-	4,197,713
Contract Services	171,600	-	38,470	210,070
Other Costs	549,141	-	65,560	614,701
Capital Outlay				
Total Expenditures	4,865,654	52,800	104,030	5,022,484
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over Expenditures	(4,865,654)		30,737	(4,834,917)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
State General Fund Appropriation	4,873,900	-	-	4,873,900
Other Financing Sources	-	-	-	-
Reversion To State General Fund	(8,246)		<u> </u>	(8,246)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	4,865,654			4,865,654
Net Change In Fund Balances	-	-	30,737	30,737
Fund Balances, Beginning	(22,178)		642,309	620,131
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ (22,178)	\$ -	\$ 673,046	\$ 650,868

### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	30,737
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Transfer of Vehicle from Other Agency Depreciation Expense		23,600 (98,881)
Expenses reported in the Statement of Activities that do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:		
Decrease in Compensated Absences	_	30,724
Change In Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$	(13,820)

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) - GENERAL FUND (Fund 16700) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

**Variances** 

(8,246)

(8,246)

**Budgeted Amounts Favorable** Original **Final Actual** (Unfavorable) Revenues \$ \$ Intergovernmental Revenue \$ \$ Other **Total Revenues** Add: Budgeted Fund Balances **Expenditures** Current General Government Personal Services & Benefits 4,367,400 4,151,737 4,144,913 6,824 **Contract Services** 94,600 171,600 171,600 Other Costs 411,900 550,563 549,141 1,422 **Total Expenditures** 4,873,900 4,873,900 4,865,654 8,246 **Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures** (4,865,654)Other Financing Sources (Uses)

4.873.900

4,873,900

4,873,900

4,873,900

4,873,900

\$ 4,865,654

\$ 4,865,654

4,865,654

(8,246)

\$

State General Fund Appropriation

Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Net Change In Fund Balances

Capital Outlay

Expenditures per Budgetary Basis

Expenditures per Modified Accrual Basis

Other Financing Sources (Uses) Reversion To State General Fund

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES

### BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) – VAWA STOP GRANT (Fund 11650) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts						Variances Favorable		
	C	Original		Final Actual		(Unfavorable)			
Revenues Intergovernmental Revenue Other	\$	66,000	\$	52,800 -	\$	52,800 -	\$	- -	
Total Revenues Add: Budgeted Fund Balances		66,000 - 66,000	_	52,800 - 52,800		52,800			
Expenditures Current General Government Personal Services & Benefits Contract Services Other Costs Total Expenditures		66,000 - - 66,000		52,800 - - 52,800		52,800 - - 52,800		- - - -	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures									
Other Financing Sources (Uses) State General Fund Appropriation Other Financing Sources (Uses) Reversion To State General Fund Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	- - - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - - -	
Net Change In Fund Balances					\$				

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) – MOU/SWB (Fund 11640)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts			riances vorable
		Original		Final	Actual	(Unf	avorable)
Revenues Intergovernmental Revenue Other	\$	147,700	\$	147,700	\$ 124,057 10,710	\$	(23,643) 10,710
Total Revenues		147,700		147,700	 134,767		(12,933)
Add: Budgeted Fund Balances					 		_
		147,700	_	147,700			
Expenditures Current General Government							
Personal Services & Benefits		137,700		137,700	_		137,700
Contract Services		200,000		200,000	52,718		147,282
Other Costs		360,000	_	360,000	 65,560		294,440
Total Expenditures		697,700		697,700	 118,278		579,422
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures					 16,489		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) State General Fund Appropriation Other Financing Sources (Uses) Reversion To State General Fund				- - -	- - -		- -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ _	\$	
Net Change In Fund Balances					\$ 16,489		
Expenditures per Budgetary Basis					\$ 118,278		
Expenditures per Modified Accrual Basis	;				 104,030		
					\$ 14,248		

## STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES – AGENCY FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2017

ASSETS	Worthless Check Fees		Pre-Prosecution Diversion Fees	Total		
Cash in Bank	\$	1,708	<u>\$</u> _	\$	1,708	
LIABILITIES						
Deposits Held for Others	\$	1,708	\$ -	\$	1,708	

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Thirteenth Judicial District Attorney (the Attorney) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Government Accounting Standards Board, (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Attorney's accounting policies are described below.

### Financial Reporting Entity

The Attorney is given authority under Section 24 of the New Mexico State Constitution and Sections 36-1-1 through 36-1-27 of the New Mexico State Statutes Annotated, 1978 Compilation, and is a component unit of the state of New Mexico. The District Attorney is elected to serve a four-year term by the qualified voters within the District, which comprises all of Sandoval, Valencia and Cibola County. The function of the Attorney involves criminal prosecutions of violators of state law and civil representation and advice to the counties served and the officers thereof.

The Attorney's basic financial statements include all activities and accounts of the Attorney.

The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, and other organization for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and either it is able to impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens, on the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it.

A primary government has the ability to impose its will on an organization if it can significantly influence the programs, projects, activities, or level or services performed or provided by the organization. A financial benefit or burden relationship exists if the primary government (a) is entitled to the organization's resources; (b) is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (c) is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization.

The Attorney has no component units.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### A. Basis of Accounting- GASB Statement No. 34

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as governmental activities.

### B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Attorney, the primary government, as a whole, without displaying individual funds or fund types. Generally, these statements distinguish between activities that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. The Attorney has no business-type activities; therefore, these statements only reflect governmental activities. Government-wide financial statements exclude information about fiduciary funds and component units that are fiduciary in nature.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available". Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days in order to pay current liabilities. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

This presentation is deemed appropriate to (a) demonstrate legal compliance, (b) demonstrate the source and use of liquid resources, and (c) demonstrate how the Attorney's actual experience conforms to the budget or fiscal plan. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements, reconciliations that briefly explain the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the government-wide statements are presented on the page following each fund statement.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The Attorney's fiduciary fund (agency fund) is presented in the fund financial statements. The agency fund is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated in the government-wide financial statements.

The accounts of the Attorney are organized on a fund basis, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which spending activities are controlled. The following Governmental fund types are used by the Attorney:

**General Fund -** The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District Attorney. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Any unexpended balance remaining in the General Fund at the end of the fiscal year reverts to the General Fund of the State of New Mexico. The SHARE fund number and description of the General Fund of the Attorney is 16700.

**VAWA STOP Grant Fund (11650)** – A Federal Grant award authorized by the Crime Victim Reparation Commission as referenced in the Violence against Women Act. These funds do not revert to the State General Fund.

**Southwest Border Prosecution Initiative Fund, Fund 11640** – A Federal Grant awarded through The U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Assistance. The grant provides funding to eligible jurisdictions in Arizona, California, New Mexico and Texas to prosecute and resolve felony and misdemeanor cases that occur along the border. These funds do not revert to the State General Fund. Reported under MOU/SWB.

The City of Grants Fund, Fund 11640 – A Memorandum of Understanding between the City of Grants and the 13th Judicial District Attorney which provides funding to represent the City of Grants in municipal court cases. These funds do not revert to the State General Fund. Reported under MOU/SWB.

The Pueblo of Acoma Fund, Fund 11640 – A Memorandum of Understanding between The Pueblo of Acoma and the District Attorney's Office which provides funding to investigate and prosecute state crimes that occur on Pueblo of Acoma lands. These funds do not revert to the State General Fund. Reported under MOU/SWB.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The Pueblo of Santa Ana Fund, Fund 11640 – A Memorandum of Understanding between the Pueblo of Acoma and the District Attorney's Office which provides funding to investigate and prosecute state crimes that occur on the Pueblo of Santa Ana lands. These funds do not revert to the State General Fund. Reported under MOU/SWB.

#### Fiduciary Funds

Agency Funds - Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the Attorney in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Attorney collects fines, fees and bonds from litigants. The fines and fees are deposited in the agency fund and then transferred to the State Treasurer for distribution to the benefiting agencies. The SHARE number of the Agency Fund is 106200, Worthless Check Fund.

### C. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources and Net Position / Fund Balance</u>

#### Investment in the State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool

The Attorney's cash and cash equivalents are demand deposits and savings accounts. The fiduciary fund's cash and cash equivalents are demand deposits. The State Treasurer issues separate financial statements which disclose the collateral pledged to secure these deposits. The State Treasurer has the authority to invest money held in demand deposits and not immediately needed for the operation of state government in securities in accordance with Section 6-10-10 I through O. NMSA 1978 as amended.

#### Inventory

Office supply inventory items are expensed when purchased. Therefore, the financial statements do not reflect inventories of office supplies on hand at June 30, 2017.

#### Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as inter-fund balance. Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable from available resources.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### Capital Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, property, plant and equipment is accounted for as capital assets. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Capital assets with a value exceeding \$5,000 are capitalized and depreciated. Any software acquired with a value exceeding \$5,000 is also included in capital assets and depreciated.

New Mexico Laws of 2005, Chapter 237, Section 1 changed the capitalization threshold for movable chattel and equipment items costing more than \$5,000. Under this new law, items in the capital asset inventory that do not meet the new capitalization threshold continue to be depreciated in future periods until they are fully depreciated. Depreciation is shown over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Furniture and Fixtures	7
Equipment and Machinery	5
Automotive	5
Data Processing	3
(Including Computer Software)	

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

#### Long-Term Liabilities

Compensated Absences - The Attorney's policies regarding annual leave permits employees to accumulate earned, but unused annual leave. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide statements. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absences liability payable from expendable available financial resources.

#### Compensated Absences Payable

Vacation and sick leave earned and not taken is cumulative; however, upon termination of employment, sick pay for such leave hours accumulated up to 600 hours is forfeited, and vacation pay is limited to payment of 240 hours. Vacation leave up to the maximum of 240 hours is payable upon separation from service at the employee's current hourly rate. Sick leave is payable semiannually to qualified employees for hours accumulated above 600 hours at a rate equal to 50 percent of their hourly rate, not to exceed 120 hours each semiannual period.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Upon retirement, payment for sick leave is limited to 400 hours accumulated in excess of 600 hours at the 50 percent hourly rate. Accrued vacation and sick leave pay are recorded as a liability and as an increase or decrease in expenses in the Government-wide financial statements.

Qualified employees accumulate annual leave as follows:

	<b>Hours Earned Per</b>
Years of Service	Month
1 Month - 3 Years	10
Over 3 - 7 Years	12
Over 7 - 14 Years	14
Over 14 Years	16

#### Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources

GASB 63 amended previous guidance on deferred revenue in the government-wide financial statements to include deferred outflows, which is the consumption of net position by the government which is applicable to a future reporting period and deferred inflow of resources, which is the acquisition of net position by the government which is applicable to a future reporting period. The Attorney has no deferred outflows or inflows of resources at June 30, 2017.

**Net Position:** The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as follows:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by any outstanding debt. The Attorney has no outstanding debt relating to capital assets.
- 2. Restricted net position, consists of net assets with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. *Unrestricted net position* are all other net assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net position or invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the Attorney first uses restricted resources then unrestricted resources.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

**Fund Balance:** The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the Attorney is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent.

The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

<u>Non-spendable</u>: the non-spendable balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally, contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash; it also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans.

<u>Restricted</u>: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u>: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Attorney. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Attorney removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u>: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the Attorney's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Attorney or through the Attorney delegating this responsibility to the Chief Executive Officer through the budgetary process. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund.

<u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund, or, in other words, all amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

The Attorney would typically use *restricted* fund balances first, followed by *committed* resources, and then Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend *unassigned* resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District Attorney follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. By September 1st, the District Attorney prepares a budget appropriations request by category to be presented to the next Legislature.
- 2. The appropriation request is submitted to the Department of Finance and Administration's Budget Division (DFA) and to the Legislative Finance Committee (LFC).
- 3. DFA makes recommendations and adjustments to the appropriation request which become the Governor's proposal to the Legislature.
- 4. LFC holds hearings on the appropriations request, also submitting recommendations and adjustments before presentation to the Legislature.
- 5. Both the DFA's and LFC's recommended appropriation proposals are presented to the Legislature for approval of the final budget plan.
- 6. Budgetary control is exercised at the expenditure category level of the District Attorney and changes between category totals and/or fund levels require the approval of the DFA.
- 7. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund.
- 8. The District Attorney's budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017, was amended in a legally permissible manner by re-allocating line item category totals as the need arose during the fiscal year. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original budget.
- 9. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year except for those amounts encumbered. Any unspent General Fund appropriations from the State revert back to the State General Fund.
- 10. Budgets for the General Fund and any Special Revenue Funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Encumbrances related to single year appropriations lapse at year end. The portion of an encumbrance representing goods and services received by the last day of the fiscal year should be reclassified as accounts payable. Any remaining encumbrances related to single year appropriations must be reclassified as unreserved fund balance and a liability recorded to recognize any amount subject to reversion.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgetary comparisons presented for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds in this report are on the modified accrual basis except for the year end accounts payable that are not paid timely, they must be paid out of next year's budget.

11. There were no budgets adopted and no activity in the non-major funds.

### E. Inter-fund transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues or expenditures. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed. All other inter-fund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All inter-fund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Inter-fund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due from on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

### F. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

### G. Interfund Activity

Interfund transactions are treated as transfers and interfund payables and receivables at year end. Transfers between governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

### H. Program Revenues

Program revenues are made up of various state grants. There are no other revenue types included in program revenues.

### NOTE 2. INVESTMENT IN THE STATE TREASURER GENERAL FUND INVESTMENT POOL

State law (Section 8-6-3 NMSA 1978) requires the Attorney's cash be managed by the New Mexico State Treasurer's Office. Accordingly, the investments of the Department consist of an interest in the General Fund Investment Pool managed by the New Mexico State Treasurer's Office.

Section 6-5-21 (J) NMSA 1978 requires the Department of Finance to complete, on a monthly basis, reconciliation with the balances kept by the State Treasurer and adopt and promulgate rules regarding reconciliation for state agencies.

The following is a summary of the cash balances of the District Attorney with the New Mexico State Treasurer:

Fund Name	Agency #	Fund #	 Amount
General Fund	26300	16700	\$ 131,235
MOU/SWB	26300	11640	638,891
VAWA Stop Grant	26300	11650	 _
Total			\$ 770,126

### **Custodial Credit Risk-Deposit**

Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Attorney's deposits may not be returned. The Attorney does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2017, none of the Attorney's bank balances totaling \$751,736 was exposed to custodial credit risk. Since all of the bank accounts are considered to be under the State Treasurer's control, the bank accounts are appropriately collateralized.

Section 6-10-17, NMSA 1978 compilation requires that banks or savings and loans provide additional collateral on funds held that exceed the FDIC insurance limit. These excess funds are required to be fifty percent collateralized. The collateralization of the Attorney's bank accounts is monitored by the State Treasurer's Office. The State Treasurer issues separate financial statements which disclose the collateral pledged to secure these deposits. Any collateralization required to secure the accounts held by the State Treasurer is the responsibility of the State Treasurer's office.

The District Attorney deposits its funds from the worthless check fees and pre-prosecution diversion fees in a local bank in accordance with state statute.

Fiduciary fund types include trust and agency funds which are used to account for assets held by the District in the capacity of trustee or agent.

### NOTE 2. INVESTMENT IN THE STATE TREASURER GENERAL FUND INVESTMENT POOL

Agency trust funds are used to account for assets held as an agent for other government units, individuals and other funds; they are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

The agency trust fund is used to account for activities in which the Thirteenth Judicial District Attorney is acting in an agency capacity for the Administrative Office of the District Attorneys, District Attorney Fund.

Cost reimbursements or processing fees are received from clients/offenders as authorized in the Preprosecution Division Act and the Worthless Checks Act.

All amounts collected are payable to the Administrative Office of the District Attorneys.

The following schedule is presented to comply with the requirements of New Mexico State Statute 12-6-5, NMSA, 1978, as interpreted by the New Mexico State Auditor's Rule 2 NMAC 2.2.

The District Attorney did not purchase, hold or sell investments during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

#### **NOTE 3. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS**

As of June 30, 2017, the Attorney had amounts due from other governments totaling \$55,679. These amounts consisted of \$5,929 due from state agencies and \$49,750 due from local governments. These amounts are expected to be fully collected.

#### **NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS**

The following schedule shows the changes in capital assets during the year ended June 30, 2017:

	Balance			Balance	
	June 30, 2016	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2017	
Capital Assets being Depreciated:					
Furniture and Fixtures	\$ 25,846	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,846	
Data Processing Equipment	24,954	-	-	24,954	
Office Equipment	25,252	-	-	25,252	
Vehicles	639,055	23,600		662,655	
Total	715,107	23,600		738,707	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Furniture and Fixtures	25,846	-	-	25,846	
Data Processing Equipment	24,954	-	-	24,954	
Office Equipment	25,252	-	-	25,252	
Vehicles	413,024	98,881		511,905	
Total	489,076	98,881		587,957	
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 226,031	<u>\$ (75,281)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 150,750	

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the Eleventh Judicial District Attorney – Division I purchased a vehicle on behalf of the Thirteenth Judicial District Attorney. The vehicle and ownership was transferred to the Thirteenth Judicial District Attorney during fiscal year 2017 and recorded as an addition above in the amount of \$23,600. The amount of \$23,600 was also recorded as "Other Financing Sources" on the Statement of Activities. The vehicle transfer was not completed in fiscal year 2016 due to the thirty day waiting period required by the State Auditor's Office when disposing of an asset by the Eleventh Judicial District Attorney – Division I.

Depreciation expense was \$98,881 for the year ended June 30, 2017 and has not been allocated to any function on the Statement of Activities.

#### NOTE 5. DUE TO STATE GENERAL FUND

In accordance with NMAC 2.2.2.12A(6); the Due to State General Fund consists of a \$0 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017.

### NOTE 6: REVERSION TO STATE GENERAL FUND

The Reversion to the State General Fund in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances consists of \$8,246 reversion that was remitted to the state general fund for fiscal year ending June 30, 2017.

### **NOTE 7. COMPENSATED ABSENCES**

The following is a summary of the changes in compensated absences:

	Balance 06/30/2016		Additions		Deletions		Balance 06/30/2017		Due Within One Year	
Compensated Absences	\$	196,317	\$	76,465	\$	(107,189)	\$	165,593	\$	76,465

Compensated absences will be paid using the general fund and grant funds where allowable.

#### **NOTE 8. OPERATING LEASES**

The Thirteenth Judicial District Attorney has the following leases that can be terminated, with no penalty to the Attorney if the Legislature does not approve funding.

- Lease with LexisNexis, contract ends December 31, 2017. 48 Monthly payments of \$1,358.
- Lease with Ricoh, contract ends June 30, 2020. 48 Monthly payments of \$446.
- Lease with Ricoh, contract ends June 30, 2020. 48 monthly payments of \$207.
- Lease with Lenovo, 36 monthly payments of \$2,184.

Schedule of future lease payments for the next five years:

	Lease
Year	Payment
2018	\$ 57,751
2019	49,463
2020	23,253
2021	3,855
2022	
Total	\$ 134,322

Rent and lease expense was \$61,413 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

### NOTE 9. PENSION PLAN – Public Employees Retirement Association

Compliant with the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, the State of New Mexico has implemented the standard for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017.

The Attorney, as part of the primary government of the State of New Mexico, is a contributing employer to a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA). Disclosure requirements for governmental funds apply to the primary government as a whole, and as such, this information will be presented in the Component Appropriation Funds Annual Report (General Fund) and the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the State of New Mexico. Information relating to the net pension liability, pension expense, and pension-related deferred inflows and outflows of resources of the primary government will be contained in the General Fund and the CAFR and will be available when issued from the Office of the State Controller, Room 166, Bataan Memorial Building, 407 Galisteo, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501.

#### Plan Description

Substantially all of the Office's full-time employees participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978). The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) is the administrator of the plan, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement benefits, disability benefits, survivor benefits and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. PERA issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to PERA, P.O. Box 2123, Santa Fe, NM 87504-2123. The report is also available on PERA's website at <a href="https://www.pera.state.nm.us">www.pera.state.nm.us</a>.

### **Funding Policy**

Plan members are required to contribute 9% of their gross salary. The Office is required to contribute 16.59% of the gross covered salary. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Tenth Judicial District Office are established under Chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. The District Attorney's contributions to PERA for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015 were \$485,162, \$536,194, and \$486,962, respectively, which equal the amount of the required contributions for each fiscal year.

### NOTE 10. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - STATE RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN

#### Plan Description

The District Attorney contributes to the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (RHCA). The RHCA provides health care insurance and prescription drug benefits to retired employees of participating New Mexico government agencies, their spouses and dependents. The RHCA Board was established the Retiree Health Care Act (Chapter 10, Article 7C, NMSA 1978). The Board is responsible for establishing and amending benefit provisions of the healthcare plan and is also authorized to designate optional and /or voluntary benefits like dental, vision, supplemental life insurance and long-term care policies.

Eligible retirees are: (1) retirees who make contributions to the fund for at least five years prior to retirement and whose eligible employer during that period of time made contributions as a participant in the Retiree Health Care Act on the person's behalf, unless that person retires before the employer's RHCA effective date, in which event the time period required for employee and employer contributions shall become the period of time between the employer's effective date and the date of retirement; (2) retirees defined by the Act who retired prior to July 1, 1990; (3) and former legislators who served at least two years.

The RHCA issues a publicly stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements for the postemployment healthcare plan. The report can be obtained by writing to the Retiree Health Care Authority at 4308 Carlisle NE, Suite 104 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87107.

#### **Funding Policy**

The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-13 NMSA 1978) authorizes the RHCA Board to establish the monthly premium contributions that retires are required to pay for healthcare benefits. Each participating retiree pays a monthly premium according to a service based subsidy rate schedule for the medical plus basic life plan plus an additional participation fee of five dollars if the eligible participant retired prior to the employer's RHCA effective date. The monthly premium rate schedule can be obtained from the RHCA or viewed on their website at <a href="https://www.nmrhca.state.nm.us">www.nmrhca.state.nm.us</a>.

The employer, employee and retiree contributions are required to be remitted to the RHCA on a monthly basis. The statutory requirements for the employer and employee contributions can be changed by the New Mexico State Legislature. Employers that choose to become participating employees after January 1, 1998 are required to make contributions to the RHCA fund in the amount determined to be appropriate by the board.

The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978) is the statutory authority that establishes the required contributions of participating employers and their employees.

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

## NOTE 10. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – STATE RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

For employees that were members of an enhanced retirement plan (state police and adult correctional officer member coverage plan 1; municipal police member coverage plans 3, 4 or 5; municipal fire member coverage plan 3, 4 or 5; municipal detention officer member coverage plans 3, 4 or 5; and members pursuant to the Judicial Retirement Act) during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the statutes required each participating employer to contribute 2.5% of each participating employee's annual salary; and each participating employee was required to contribute 1.25% of their salary. For employers that were not members of an enhanced retirement plan during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the statute required each participating employer to contribute 2% of each participating employee's annual salary; each participating employee was required to contribute 1% of their salary. In addition, pursuant to Section 10-7C-15(G) NMSA 1978, at the first session of the Legislature following July 1, 2013, the legislature shall review and adjust the distributions pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1 NMSA 1978 and the employer and employee contributions to the authority in order to ensure the actuarial soundness of the benefits provided under the Retiree Health Care Act.

The District Attorney contributions to the RHCA for the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015 were \$57,113, \$63,120, and \$57,343, respectively, which equal the required contributions for each year.

## **NOTE 11. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN**

The State of New Mexico offers state, local government and school district employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan available to all State employees and those local government and school district employees whose employers have elected participation in the plan permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

There are employees that are making contributions to the Deferred Compensation Plan. Neither the District Attorney nor the State of New Mexico make any contributions to the deferred compensation plan. All contributions withheld from participants by the District Attorney have been paid to the New Mexico Public Employees' Retirement Association, which administers the plan.

## NOTE 12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Attorney is exposed to various risks of loss relating to torts, thefts of, damage to, and destruction of property, errors and omissions and natural disasters. The Attorney participates with other New Mexico State agencies in the Coverage obtained through the State of New Mexico Risk Management Division of the General Services Department.

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

## **NOTE 12. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

The General Services Department, Risk Management Division, is responsible for the acquisition and administration of all insurance purchased by the State. Various statutes have been passed which allow the Risk Management Division to insure, self-insure or use a combination of both in all areas of insurance.

The insurance programs apply to all State Agencies as defined by the Tort Claims Act. Risk Management Division provides coverage in the following three major areas:

- 1) Liability and Civil Rights protection for claims made by others against the State.
- 2) Coverage to protect the State property and assets.
- 3) Fringe benefits coverage to the State employees.

## NOTE 13. RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS TO GAAP BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For funds where there were differences between budgetary basis and GAAP basis, the reconciling schedule is shown at the bottom of the Budget – Actual statements.

## **NOTE 14. DEFICIT FUND BALANCE**

The general fund, fund 16700, had a deficit fund balance of \$22,178 at June 30, 2017.

## **NOTE 15. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

The Attorney is party to various claims and lawsuits arising in the normal course of business. Management and the Attorney's attorney are unaware of any material pending or threatened litigation, claims or assessments against the Attorney which are not covered by the Attorney's insurance as described in Note 12.

### NOTE 16. FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GRANTS

In the normal course of operations, the Attorney receives grant funds from various federal and state agencies. Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as a result of these audits is not believed to be material.

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

## **NOTE 17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

A review of subsequent events through October 6, 2017, which is the date the financial statements were available for issuance, revealed no significant subsequent events which require disclosure in the financial statements.



# STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUND DESCRIPTIONS JUNE 30, 2017

## FIDUCIARY FUNDS

**WORTHLESS CHECK FUND (Fund 1062)** - Fees charged upon the collection of worthless checks. Fees are paid by persons who write the useless check. Fees are remitted to the State Treasurer for the account of the Administration Office of the District Attorneys.

**PRE-PROSECUTION DIVERSION PROGRAM – Fund 94500** - Fees charged to individuals in the pre-prosecution diversion program, in accordance with agreements between the program participant and the district attorney. Fees are remitted to the State Treasurer for the account of the Administration Office of the District Attorneys.

## STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUNDS

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES – AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Balance at June 30, 2016		Additions		Deductions		Balance at June 30, 2017	
Worthless Check Charges:								
ASSETS Cash in Bank	\$	100	<b>¢</b>		<b>¢</b>	100	¢	_
Total Assets	\$ \$	100	<u>\$</u> \$		<u>\$</u> \$	100	<u>\$</u> \$	
Total Assets	Ψ	100	Ψ		Ψ	100	Ψ	<del></del>
LIABILITIES								
Deposits Held for Others	\$	100	\$	100	\$		\$	_
Total Liabilities	\$	100	\$	100	\$		\$	
Pre-Prosecution Diversion Fees: ASSETS								
Cash in Bank	\$	4,214	\$	30,094	\$	32,600	\$	1,708
Total Assets	\$	4,214	\$	30,094	\$	32,600	\$	1,708
LIABILITIES								
Deposits Held for Others	\$	4,214	\$	32,600	\$	30,094	\$	1,708
Total Liabilities	\$	4,214	\$	32,600	\$	30,094	\$ \$	1,708
Total: ASSETS								
Cash in Bank	\$	4,314	\$	30,094	\$	32,700	\$	1,708
Total Assets	\$	4,314	\$	30,094	\$	32,700	\$	1,708
LIABILITIES								
Deposits Held for Others	\$	4,314	\$	32,700	\$	30,094	\$	1,708
Total Liabilities	\$	4,314	\$	32,700	\$	30,094	\$	1,708



# STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY SCHEDULE OF OPERATING TRANSFERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	SHARE Fund	TITLE		TRANSFER			
				IN		OUT	
(1)	16700	Department of Finance and Administration	\$	4,873,900	\$	-	
(2)	16700	Department of Finance and Administration		-		(8,246)	
(3)	16500	Eleventh Judicial District Attorney - Division I		23,600		-	

- (1) State General Fund Appropriation as per Laws of 2016, Chapter 179
- (2) General Fund Reversion
- (3) Transfer of Vehicle (From Agency # 26100)

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT MEMORANDUMS OF UNDERSTANDING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The Thirteenth Judicial District has the following Memorandums of Understanding in effect for the year ended June 30, 2017:

**MOU** with the Pueblo of Acoma

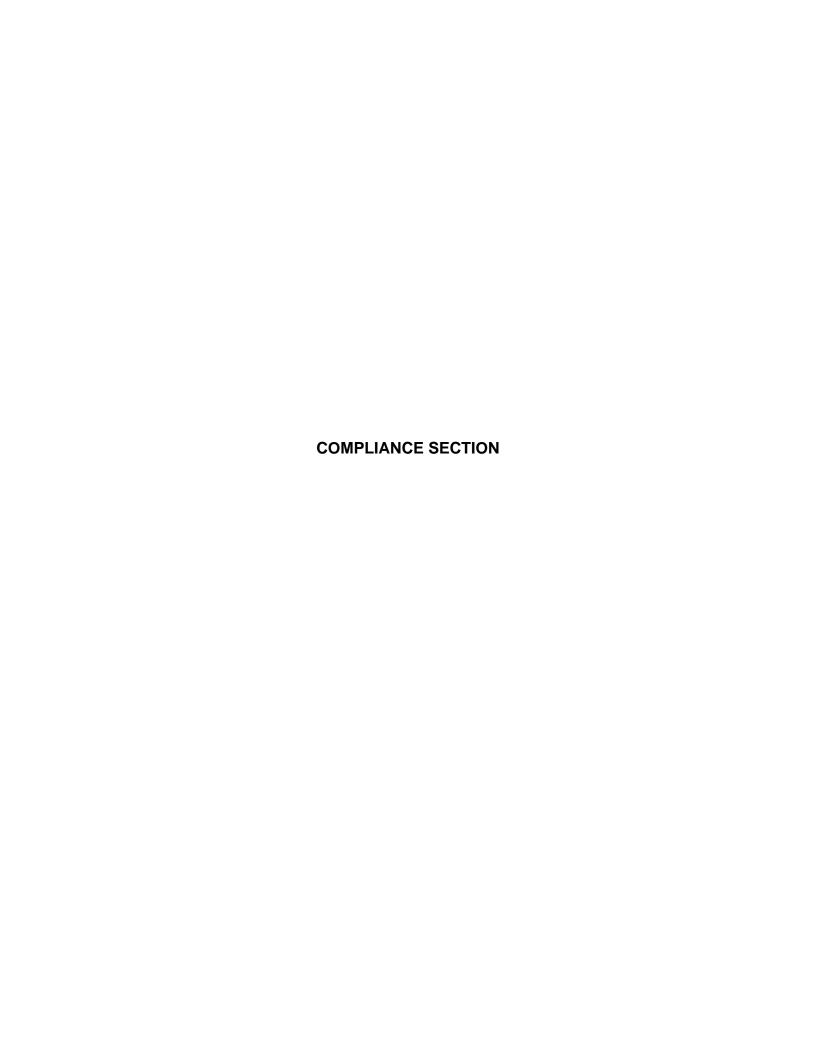
Participants:	Thirteenth DA's Office and Acoma Pueblo
Party Responsible for Operations:	Thirteenth DA's Office
	For prosecution of state crimes committed on Pueblo
Description:	Lands
Beginning and Ending Dates:	4/23/2003, renewable annually
Total Amount of Project:	\$50,000 per year
Portion Applicable to Agency:	All
Amount Contributed by the 13th DA in FY	
2017:	\$50,000
Audit Responsibility:	Thirteenth DA's Office
Fiscal Agent:	N/A
Name of Agency where revenues and	
expenditures are reported:	Thirteenth DA's Office

**MOU** with the City of Grants

Participants:	Thirteenth DA's Office and City of Grants
Party Responsible for Operations:	Thirteenth DA's Office
Description:	13th DA will serve as attorney for the City
Beginning and Ending Dates:	7/1/1998, renewable annually
Total Amount of Project:	\$10,200 per year
Portion Applicable to Agency:	All
Amount Contributed by the 13th DA in FY	
2017:	\$10,200
Audit Responsibility:	Thirteenth DA's Office
Fiscal Agent:	N/A
Name of Agency where revenues and	
expenditures are reported:	Thirteenth DA's Office

MOU with the Santa Ana Pueblo

Participants:	Thirteenth DA's Office and Santa Ana Pueblo
Party Responsible for Operations:	Thirteenth DA's Office
	For prosecution of state crimes committed on Pueblo
Description:	Lands
Beginning and Ending Dates:	3/9/2000, renewable annually
Total Amount of Project:	\$87,500
Portion Applicable to Agency:	All
Amount Contributed by the 13th DA in FY	
2017:	\$87,500
Audit Responsibility:	Thirteenth DA's Office
Fiscal Agent:	N/A
Name of Agency where revenues and	
expenditures are reported:	Thirteenth DA's Office





## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Timothy Keller New Mexico State Auditor Santa Fe, New Mexico and Lemuel L. Martinez, District Attorney Thirteenth Judicial District Attorney Bernalillo, New Mexico

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, the budgetary comparisons of the general fund and the major special revenue funds, of the State of New Mexico, Office of the District Attorney, Thirteenth Judicial District (the Attorney) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report dated October 6, 2017.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Attorney's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness of the Attorney's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Attorney's internal control.

A *deficiency* in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Attorney's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Attorney's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Attorney's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kubiak Melton & Associates, LLC

Kubiak Melton & Associates, LLC Auditors – Business Consultants – CPAs

Albuquerque, New Mexico October 6, 2017

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

## Section I – Current Year Financial Statement Findings

There are no current year findings.

## <u>Section II – Status of Prior Year Findings</u>

2016-001 - Disposition of Capital Assets - Other Non-compliance - Resolved

## STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT EXIT CONFERENCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

An exit conference was held on October 6, 2017. In attendance were the following:

Representing the Thirteenth Judicial District Attorney:

Lemuel Martinez, District Attorney Reyna Aragon, District Office Manager / CFO

Representing Kubiak Melton & Associates, LLC:

Daniel O. Trujillo, CPA, CFE, CGFM, CGMA

## **Preparation of Financial Statements**

The audited financial statements of the Thirteenth Judicial District Attorney were prepared by the independent certified public accountants performing the audit. Management is responsible for ensuring the books and records to adequately support the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and that the information is current and in balance. Management has reviewed and approved the financial statements as presented.