# STATE OF NEW MEXICO EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY

Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2016

(With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon)

# INTRODUCTORY SECTION

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY June 30, 2016

# Table of Contents

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	Page
Title Page	i II-III iv
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	v-vii
Management's Discussion and Analysis vi	ii-xiii
Basic Financial Statements Exhibit	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position A	1
Statement of Activities B	2
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	3
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position - Governmental Funds	4
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	5
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Funds	6
Budgetary Comparison Statements	
Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - Major Governmental Funds - General Fund (Fund 16200) G	7
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds	8
Notes to Financial Statements	9-25

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY June 30, 2016

# **Table of Contents**

### Individual Fund Financial Statements

# **Non-Major Governmental Funds** Individual Fund Budget Comparison Statements Statement Page Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - Non-Major Revenue Fund (Fund 89200) SUPPLEMENTAL SECTION Schedule Supplementary Information Schedule of Inter-Agency Transfers ..... 1 27 28 Schedule of Vendor Information for Purchases **Other Reports** Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Schedule of Findings and Responses ..... 32

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY June 30, 2016

# Official Roster

Name	<u>Title</u>
Donald Gallegos	District Attorney
Suzanne Valerio Chief	Office Manager
Paula Sisneros Chief	Financial Officer

# FINANCIAL SECTION

Robert J. Rivera, CPA, PC

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Donald Gallegos, District Attorney Office of the District Attorney Eighth Judicial District Taos, New Mexico and Honorable Timothy Keller New Mexico State Auditor Santa Fe, New Mexico

#### **Report on Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, (general fund) the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison for the general fund of the State of New Mexico, Eighth Judicial District Attorney (District Attorney), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the State of New Mexico, Eighth Judicial District Attorney's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We have also audited the financial statements of each of the District Attorney's non-major governmental funds, and the budgetary comparisons for all non-major funds presented as supplementary information as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, in the accompanying individual fund financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or

error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# <u>Opinions</u>

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above, present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund (general fund), and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of New Mexico, Eighth Judicial District Attorney, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each nonmajor governmental funds of the State of New Mexico, Eighth Judicial District Attorney as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparisons for all non-major funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Other Matters

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages viii through xiii be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the State of New Mexico, Eighth Judicial District Attorney's financial statements, the individual fund financial statements and the budgetary comparisons. The other schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC (schedules 1-3) as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, these other schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Schedule of Vendor Information for Purchases Exceeding 60,000 as listed in the Supplementary Information section of the table of contents required by 2.2.2.10(A)(2)(g) NMAC has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of the State of New Mexico, Eighth Judicial District Attorney are intended to present the financial position and the changes in financial position of only that portion of the governmental activities, the major fund and its budgetary comparison of the State of New Mexico that is attributable to the transactions of the District Attorney. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of New Mexico as of June 30, 2016, and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with **Government Auditing Standards**, we have also issued our report dated November 3, 2016, on our consideration of the State of New Mexico, Eighth Judicial District Attorney's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with **Government Auditing Standards** in considering the State of New Mexico, Eighth Judicial District Attorney's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

elunt Rivera, CPA, PC

Robert J. Rivera, CPA, PC Santa Fe, New Mexico November 3, 2016

The Eighth Judicial District Attorney's (District Attorney) Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to provide an overview of the District Attorney's activities and programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

# OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The annual report consists of four part - Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information that presents schedules, and other reports. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District Attorney.

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District Attorney's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District Attorney. The governmental funds statements tell how the general government service was financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. In addition to these required elements, we have included a section with supporting schedules. The remainder of this overview section of Management's Discussion and Analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

# **Government-Wide Statements**

The two government-wide statements report information about the District Attorney as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District Attorney's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District Attorney's net position and how it has changed. Net position - the difference between the District Attorney's assets and liabilities - is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District Attorney's net position is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating respectively.

The District Attorney has only one activity - Judicial Services - which is a governmental activity. The District Attorney does not have any business-type activities or any component units.

# **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District Attorney's significant governmental funds - not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District Attorney uses to keep track of specific sources of spending for particular purposes.

This District Attorney has three types of funds:

- General Fund All of the District Attorney's services are reflected in the general fund and provide information to help the user determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be used to finance the District Attorney's program. This fund is a reverting fund. All money remaining at the end of the fiscal year, except for other revenue sources which are designated for subsequent years' expenditures, will be reverted to the state's general fund.
- STB Capital Outlay Special Revenue Fund This fund is for a special appropriation from Severance Tax Bonds proceeds issued by the State Board of Finance of the State of New Mexico for the purchase of vehicles.
- Worthless Check and Pre-Prosecution Diversion Agency Fund This fund is for fees collected for worthless check and pre-prosecution diversion fees and distributed to victims and the Administrative Office of the District Attorney. This is an agency fund and all monies received are paid out to the parties mentioned. Agency funds are not presented in the government-wide financial statements, in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) standards.

### GOVERNMENT-WIDE HIGHLIGHTS - FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

#### Condensed Financial Comparison for the current and prior fiscal year.

Statement of Net Position		Current Year- June 30, 2016		Prior Year- June 30, 2015	, ,	Increase or (Decrease)
Assets Current assets Capital assets, net	\$	115,775 73,514	\$	109,220 53,064	\$	6,555 20,450
Total assets	\$_	189,289	\$	162,284	\$	27,005
Liabilities Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities	\$	189,851 16,701 206,552	\$	190,585 22,452 213,037	\$	(734) (5,751) (6,485)
Net Position Investment in capital assets Restricted for subsequent years expenditures Unrestricted (deficit)	-	73,514 1,202 (91,979)	, .	53,064 4,207 (108,024)		20,450 (3,005) 16,045
Total net position	_	(17,263)		(50,753)	•	33,490
Total liabilities and net position	\$_	189,289	\$	162,284	\$	27,005

# **GOVERNMENT-WIDE HIGHLIGHTS - FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE**

# Condensed Financial Comparison for current and prior fiscal year (Cont'd)

Statement of Activities	Current Year- June 30, 2016	Prior Year- June 30, 2015	Increase or (Decrease)
Program revenue and expenses: Program revenue \$ Program expenses	1,121 (2,683,051)	\$	\$ (3,197) (29,039)
Net revenue (expense)	(2,681,930)	(2,649,694)	(32,236)
General revenues (expenses): State General fund appropriations Other sources-compensation appropriation Other sources-STB appropriation appropriation Miscellaneous	2,676,400 - 39,020 -	2,625,300 46,600 - -	51,100 (46,600) 39,020
Total general revenue (expenses)	2,715,420	2,671,900	43,520
Reversion to State General Fund		(8,738)	8,738
Change in net position	33,490	13,468	20,022
Beginning net position	(50,753)	(64,221)	13,468
Ending net position \$	(17,263)	\$(50,753)	\$33,490

# **Overall Financial Position and Results of Operations**

The overall financial position of the District Attorney's office has increased by \$33,490. The increase is not significant.

The increase in government-wide assets of \$27,005 is attributable to an increase in cash of \$6,555, an increase of \$20,450 in net capital assets, an decrease in other receivables of (\$2,500), and an increase in prepaid postage of \$3,386. Current liabilities decreased by (\$734). This is attributable to a decrease in accounts payable of (\$2,682), an increase in the accrued payroll, payroll taxes payable, and payroll benefits payable of \$17,594, a decrease of (\$8,738) in the amount due to the State General Fund, and a decrease in current compensated absences payable of (\$6,908).

Long-term liabilities decreased by (\$5,751).

The change in net position was an increase of \$20,022. Program revenues and general revenues increased by \$40,323, expenses increased by \$29,039, and the reversion to the State General Fund decreased by \$8,738.

### **Overall Financial Position and Results of Operations (Cont'd)**

The increase in revenues of \$40,323 was attributable to an increase in State General Fund appropriations and STB capital outlay special appropriations of \$90,120, and a decrease in compensation appropriations of (\$46,600). Court fines and forfeitures revenue decreased by(3,197).

The increase of \$29,039 in expenses was insignificant.

### Individual Fund Highlights

The fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$381 during the current year. This change was the result of Southwest Border Initiative program expenses of \$3,005 which were available to be expended during the current year, and the increase in prepaid postage of \$3,386.

State General Fund appropriations appropriations lapse at year end. State General fund appropriations totaled \$2,676,400 and Severance Tax Bond Special Capital Outlay appropriations totaled \$40,000, of which \$39,020 was drawn down. The Severance Tax Bond Special Capital Outlay appropriation authorized by Chapter 3, Laws 2015, Section 12, in the amount of \$40,000 lapses at the end of fiscal year 2018. All of the appropriations were expended during the year; therefore there is no reversion to the State General Fund for FY 2016

#### **Budgetary Analysis**

Differences between the original and final amended budgets for expenditure in the General Fund resulted in a 0.56% decrease. The change was not significant and was the result of a legislative reduction in State General Fund appropriations subsequent to the original appropriation.

The operating budget for the General Fund from fiscal year 2015 to fiscal year 2016 decreased by (\$8,230), a 0.31% decrease. The decrease was mainly attributed to an increase of \$4,500 in State General Fund appropriations, a decrease of (\$3,197) in Court fines and Forfeitures revenue and a decrease of (\$9,533) in fund balances budgeted from the Southwest Border Prosecution Program.

#### Capital Assets and Long-Term Debt

The District Attorney's capital assets consist of furniture and equipment, a portable building and vehicles. Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, were \$73,514 at June 30, 2016, an increase of \$20,450 from fiscal year 2015. This is attributable to current year additions of capital assets of \$39,020 and current year depreciation expense of \$18,570. There were no current year deletions of capital assets. The District Attorney does not own any real property or infrastructure assets.

The long-term debt consists of compensated absences payable that are due to employees for annual and sick leave accrued. In fiscal year 2016, the ending long-term debt accumulated portion was \$16,701. That is a decrease of (\$5,751) from fiscal year 2015.

### **Other Financial Highlights**

Pursuant to state statute, the District Attorney maintains two bank checking accounts in an agent capacity. Cost reimbursements or processing fees are received from clients/offenders and disbursed to injured parties. Fees associated with the worthless checks and pre-prosecution diversion programs are also collected. All monies in the accounts are held in trust.

The District Attorney will continue to operate under the same financial procedures and policies as it has in the past. No federal or state grants are expected.

#### **Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions**

There are no known facts, decisions or conclusions that are expected to have a significant effect on the financial position, results of operations or other changes at June 30, 2016. For FY 2017, the State Legislature and the Governor, during the first special session of the 2016 Legislative session, enacted a 3% decrease in State General Fund appropriation which had been authorized during initial 2016 Legislative session.

### AGENCY HIGHLIGHTS

The Eighth Judicial District is comprised of Taos, Colfax and Union Counties. The District Attorney oversees all functions of each county and the administrative office is located in Taos, New Mexico. There are 83 miles separating the Colfax and Union County offices. From Taos, the District attorney travels approximately 95 miles to Colfax County and 162 miles to Union County.

Our agency has 33 full-time employees and one vacant position. Again, our agency receives its revenues mainly from the state general fund appropriations.

In addition to prosecuting felony and misdemeanor cases, the District Attorney also handles civil, mental and drug commitment cases, violations of the New Mexico Subdivision Acts and violations of the Acequia laws.

The District Attorney has participated in community outreach projects such as the New Mexico Department of Labor Career Day, Acequia Festival, Graffiti Clean-up and many school related activities.

Training for law enforcement has been a priority for this office. A series of training ranging from basic report writing to advanced investigations has been offered and well received by law enforcement agencies. Forums on specific subjects have been offered to the public as well.

This administration has made a commitment to technological advances and to applying these advances in investigations and prosecution. We have brought technology to the courtroom by using Power Point presentations to present audit/visual aides to juries. We have also used digital recreation software to recreate crime scenes. Resources will continue to be sought and budgeted to keep up with technological trends. We are always seeking ways to improve our community to reduce crime and seek justice in our

district.

### CONTACTING THE AGENCY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, legislators and creditors with a general overview of the District Attorney's finances and to demonstrate the District Attorney's accountability for the funds it receives. If you have any questions about this report, or need additional information, contact:

Donald Gallegos, District Attorney Eighth Judicial District 105 Albright Street, Suite L Taos, New Mexico 87571 (575) 758-8683

# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

	_	Governmental Activities
<u>Assets</u> Investment in the State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool Prepaid postage expense	\$	109,673 6,102
Total current assets	_	115,775
Capital assets Less accumulated depreciation	_	259,979 (186,465)
Total capital assets, net of depreciation	_	73,514
Total assets	\$_	189,289
Liabilities and Net Position		
Liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued salaries payable Payroll taxes payable Payroll benefits payable Due to State General Fund (note 5) Compensated absences payable - current Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences payable Total liabilities	\$	20,446 40,281 16,327 31,417 - - 81,380 189,851 16,701 206,552
Net Position: Investment in capital assets Restricted for subsequent years expenditures Unrestricted (deficit) (note 7) Total net position	_	73,514 1,202 (91,979) (17,263)
Total liabilities and net position	\$	189,289

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities
Program Expenses: Judicial:	
Administrative services Depreciation expense	\$ 2,664,481 18,570
Total program expenses	2,683,051
Program revenue:	
Court fines and forfeitures	1,121
Total program revenue	1,121
Net program expense	(2,681,930)
General revenues, transfers and special items:	
State General Fund appropriations - transfers in (net of \$16,100 legislative reduction)	2,676,400
Other financing sources-STB appropriation - transfers in	39,020
Total general revenues, transfers and special items	2,715,420
Change in net position	33,490
Net position, beginning	(50,753)
Net position, ending	\$(17,263)

### Exhibit C

### STATE OF NEW MEXICO EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

	Major General		Non-Major STB Capital Outlay Special Revenue		1	Total Governmental
Acceto	]	Fund - 16200	)	Fund - 89200	)	Funds
Assets						
Investment in the State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool	\$	109,673	\$	-	\$	109,673
Prepaid postage expense	_	6,102				6,102
Total assets	\$_	115,775	\$		\$	115,775
Liabilities and Fund Balance						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	20,446	\$	-	\$	20,446
Accrued salaries payable		40,281		-		40,281
Payroll taxes payable Payroll benefits payable		16,327 31,417		-		16,327 31,417
Due to State General Fund (note 5)	_	-		-		-
Total liabilities	_	108,471				108,471
Fund Balance:						
Non-spendable - prepaid postage		6,102		_		6,102
Restricted		-		-		-
Committed		-		-		-
Assigned to subsequent years expenditures Unassigned	_	1,202		- 		1,202 
Total fund balance	_	7,304				7,304
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$_	115,775	\$	-	\$	115,775

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

Total fund balance for the governmental funds (Balance Sheet - Exhibit C)	\$ 7,304
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	73,514
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	 (98,081)
Net position of governmental activities (Statement of Net Position - Exhibit A)	\$ (17,263)

#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Major General Fund - 16200	Non-Major STB Capital Outlay Special Revenue Fund - 89200	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:			
Court fines and forfeitures	\$1,121	_ \$	\$1, <b>1</b> 21
Total revenues	1,121		1,121
Expenditures: Current:			
Judicial: Personal services and employee benefits	2,475,280	-	2,475,280
Contractual services	55,136	-	55,136
Other costs	146,724	-	146,724
Capital outlay		39,020	39,020
Total expenditures	2,677,140	39,020	2,716,160
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			
expenditures	(2,676,019)	(39,020)	(2,715,039)
Other financing sources (uses):			
State General Fund appropriations - transfers in	2,676,400	-	2,676,400
(net of \$16,100 of legislative reductions) Other financing sources-STB appropriation - transfers in		39,020	39,020
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,676,400	39,020	2,715,420
Net change in fund balance	381	-	381
Fund balance, beginning of year	6,923		6,923
Fund balance, end of year	\$7,304	\$	\$7,304

#### Exhibit F

#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Net change in fund balance - Governmental Funds (Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Exhibit E)	\$	381
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:		
Capital outlay additions	\$ 39,020	
Depreciation expense	 (18,570)	00 450
Excess of capital outlay expense over depreciation		20,450
Net change in long term and current portion of compensated absences	-	12,659
Change in net assets of governmental activities (Statement of Activities-		
Exhibit B)	\$ _	33,490

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) Major Governmental Funds General Fund (Fund 16200) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Budget Basis	_	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:								
Court fines and forfeitures State General Fund appropriations Other financing sources	\$ _	- 2,692,500 -	\$	1,121 2,676,400 -	\$	1,121 2,676,400 -	\$	- - -
Total revenues		2,692,500		2,677,521	\$_	2,677,521	\$	
Cash balance budgeted	_	1,707		1,707				
Total budgeted revenue	\$_	2,694,207	\$	2,679,228	:			
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Judicial:								
Personal services and employee								
benefits	\$	2,513,900	\$	2,473,800	\$	2,475,280	\$	(1,480)
Contractual services		20,807		54,928		52,636		2,292
Other costs (includes capital outlay)		159,500		150,500	· _	150,110		390
Total expenditures	\$_	2,694,207	\$_	2,679,228	\$_	2,678,026	\$	1,202
Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to G	ΑΑΡ	Basis:				Revenue		Expenditures
Budgetary Basis					\$	2,677,521	\$	2,678,026
Prepaid postage increase						-		(3,386)

 Expense charged to prior year
 2,500

 GAAP Basis
 \$
 2,677,521
 \$
 2,677,140

Note:

The actual expenditures on the budgetary basis do not include any accounts payable that required a request to pay prior-year bills out of the FY 2017 budget.

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2016

#### Assets

Cash in banks (note 3) Pre-prosecution Diversion Program Worthless Check Program	\$ 660 50
Total assets	 710
Liabilities	
Assets held for others	 710
Total liabilities	 710
Total net assets	\$ 

### 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The financial statements of the Eighth Judicial District Attorney (District Attorney) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District Attorney's accounting policies are described below:

# Financial Reporting Entity

The District Attorney operates under Article 6, Section 24, NMSA 1978 Compilation. The District Attorney provides law enforcement as its primary service. Financing of the District Attorney is by state appropriation.

The Office of the District Attorney is a component unit of the State of New Mexico and these financial statements include all funds and activities over which the District Attorney has oversight responsibility. The District Attorney has decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters. The District Attorney is part of the primary government of the State of New Mexico does issue a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report inclusive of all agencies of the primary government. The District Attorney has no component units that are required to be reported in its financial statements.

The District Attorney is a user organization of the *Statewide Human Resource, Accounting, and Management Reporting System (SHARE)* - Agency 25800. The service organization is the Department of Finance and Administration (DFA).

# A. Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements. The reporting model focus is on either the District Attorney as a whole or major individual funds. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as governmental activities.

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied. The governmental funds of the District Attorney follow Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) statements and interpretations.

# B. Basis of Presentation

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements (Basic Financial Statements)

The statement of net position and the statement of activities are the District Attorney's basic financial statements and display information about the District Attorney, the primary

# 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

# B. <u>Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting</u> (Cont'd)

# Government-Wide Financial Statements (Basic Financial Statements) (Cont'd)

government, as a whole, without displaying individual funds or fund types. Generally these statements distinguish between activities that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. The District Attorney has no business-type activities. Therefore, these statements only reflect governmental activities. Government-wide financial statements exclude information about fiduciary funds and component units that are fiduciary in nature. Interfund receivables and payables between funds within the governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position. The government-wide statements are prepared using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic assets used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASBS 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-Exchange Transactions. The revenue recognition policy for grants is when the eligibility requirements have been met, and costs have been incurred.

The government-wide Statement of Activities demonstrates the direct expenses of the single function (Judicial) of the District Attorney which is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or identifiable activity. The District Attorney has no indirect expenses and, therefore, indirect expenses are not required to be allocated to functions in the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include:

1) Federal and state operating grants provided by a particular function or program. Other revenues not identifiable with a particular function or program are included as general revenue. The general revenues support the net costs of the function or program not covered by program revenues.

GASBS 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position,* amended previous guidance on deferred revenue in the government-wide financial statements to include a deferred outflow of resources, which is the consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period and deferred inflow of resources, which is acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period.

# **Governmental Fund Financial Statements**

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Only current

# 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### B. <u>Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting</u> (Cont'd)

#### Governmental Fund Financial Statements (Cont'd)

assets and current liabilities are included in the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered a measure of available spendable resources. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within sixty days of year-end in order to pay current liabilities. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

This presentation is deemed appropriate to (a) demonstrate legal compliance, (b) demonstrate the source and use of liquid resources and (c) demonstrate how the District Attorney's actual experience conforms to the budget or fiscal plan. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements, a reconciliation is presented on the page following each statement (Exhibits D and F), which briefly explains the adjustment necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the government-wide presentation.

The District Attorney's fiduciary fund (agency trust fund) is presented in the fund financial statements. The agency fund is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated in the government-wide statements.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, the District Attorney first uses restricted resources then unrestricted resources.

The accounts of the District Attorney are organized on a fund basis, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which spending activities are controlled. The following fund types are used by the District Attorney:

#### Governmental Fund Types

**General Fund** - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District Attorney and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the District Attorney not encompassed within other funds. The SHARE fund number and description of the General Fund of the District Attorney is #16200 - Eighth Judicial District Attorney. The fund is a reverting fund.

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (Cont'd)

**STB Capital Outlay Special Revenue Fund** - This fund accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the STB Capital Outlay Special Revenue Fund of the District Attorney. The SHARE fund number and description of the fund is #89200 - STB Capital Outlay Special Revenue Fund. The fund is a reverting fund.

# Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary fund types include trust and agency funds which are used to account for assets held by the District Attorney in the capacity of trustee or agent.

**Agency Trust Fund** - Agency trust funds are used to account for assets held as an agent for other governmental units, individuals and other funds. The agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

The agency trust fund is used to account for activities in which the District Attorney is acting in an agency capacity for the Administrative Office of the District Attorneys. Cost reimbursements or processing fees are received from clients/offenders as authorized in the Pre-prosecution Diversion Act (31-16A-1 through 31-16A-8 NMSA, 1978) and the Worthless Check Act (Section 30-36-1 through 30-36-10 NMSA, 1978). All amounts collected are payable to the Administrative Office of the District Attorneys.

During fiscal year 2016, the District Attorney adopted the following GASB statements:

GASBS 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The Statement is to provide guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes, and for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. This statement will no have a material impact on the District Attorney's financial statements.

GASB 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments.* The Statement is to identify, in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment, the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and nonauthoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. The Statement will not have a material impact on the District Attorney's financial statements.

# 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

# C. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

### Cash in Banks and Investment in the State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool

The District Attorney's cash is in demand deposits and the State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool. Deposits are non-interest bearing. The carrying value of such deposits is shown in Note 3. All funds allotted to the District Attorney are held on deposit with the State Treasurer. The State Treasurer issues separate financial statements which disclose the collateral pledged to secure these deposits. In addition, the District Attorney has cash on deposit with a local bank for the Worthless Check and Pre-Prosecution Diversion Programs for which the District Attorney acts in a fiduciary capacity.

### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets of the District Attorney include furniture and equipment, a portable building and vehicles. The District Attorney does not have any infrastructure. Capital assets are defined in Section 12-6-10 NMSA 1978. Section 12-6-10 NMSA 1978, was amended effective June 19, 2005, changing the capitalization threshold of movable chattels and equipment from items costing more than \$1,000, to items costing more than \$5,000. Old inventory items that do not meet the new capitalization threshold will remain on the inventory list and continue to be depreciated. Any items received after July 1, 2005, will be added to the inventory only if they meet the new capitalization policy. Such assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Computer software which is purchased with data processing computer equipment is included as part of the capitalized computer equipment in accordance with 2.20.1.9 C (5). The cost of maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend the asset's life, is not capitalized. The District Attorney does not undertake major capital projects involving interest costs during the construction phase. There is no debt related to the capital assets. Capital assets of the District Attorney are depreciated using zero salvage value and the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Furniture and equipment	5 -7 years
Portable building	15 years
Vehicles	5 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in the governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

#### Long-Term Liabilities

<u>Compensated Absences Payable</u> - Vacation and sick leave earned and not taken is cumulative; however, upon termination of employment, sick pay for such leave hours accumulated up to 600 hours is forfeited, and vacation pay is limited to payment of 240 hours. Vacation leave up to the maximum of 240 hours is payable upon separation from service at

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

### C. Assets, Liabilities and Equity (Cont'd)

### Long-Term Liabilities (Cont'd)

the employee's current hourly rate. Sick leave is payable semi-annually to qualified employees for hours accumulated above 600 hours at a rate equal to 50 percent of their hourly rate. In accordance with GASB 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, accrued compensated absences consists of accumulated annual leave, sick leave between 600 and 720 hours, and compensatory leave for employees, including related employers' matching FICA and medicare payroll taxes. Accrued vacation and sick leave pay are recorded as a liability and as an expenditure in the government-wide financial statements. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds do not report compensated absences liability payable since expendable available financial resources are not available.

Qualified employees accumulate annual leave as follows:

Years of Service	Hours Earned Per Month
1 month - 4 years	10
Over 4 - 8 years	11
Over 8 - 12 years	12
Over 12 -16 years	13
Over 16 years	14

The maximum accrued annual leave may be carried forward into the beginning of the next calendar year and any excess is lost.

In addition, the District Attorney allows FLSA nonexempt employees to accumulate compensatory leave in certain approved circumstances. Compensatory leave may be carried forward into the next calendar year and any unused portion is paid at termination to nonexempt employees under the Federal Labor Standards Act.

District Attorney General Fund resources are used to liquidate accrued compensated absences.

# Equity

#### Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

1. Investment in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by any outstanding debt. The District Attorney

# 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

### C. Assets, Liabilities and Equity (Cont'd)

has no outstanding debt relating to capital assets.

- 2. Restricted net position, consists of net assets with constraints placed on their use by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position is all other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "investment in capital assets, net of related debt."

### Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned, as per GASBS 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions.* 

### D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District Attorney follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. No later than September 1, the District Attorney submits to the Legislative Finance Committee (LFC), and the Budget Division of the Department of Finance and Administration (DFA), an appropriation request for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The appropriation request includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Budget hearings are scheduled before the New Mexico House Appropriations and Senate Finance Committees. The final outcome of those hearings is incorporated into the state's General Appropriations Act.
- 3. The Act is signed into Law by the Governor of the State of New Mexico within the legally prescribed time limit.
- 4. The District Attorney submits, no later than September 1, to DFA an annual operating budget by category and line item based upon the appropriations made by the Legislature. The DFA-Budget Division reviews and approves the operating budget which becomes effective on July 1. All subsequent budgetary adjustments must be approved by the Director of the DFA Budget Division and LFC. The current year budget was revised in a legal manner.
- 5. Legal budgetary control for expenditures is at the "appropriation unit" level.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the

# 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Cont'd)

fiscal year for the General Fund.

- 7. The budget for the General Fund is adopted on a modified accrual basis per the General Appropriations Act, Chapter 63, Laws of 2014, Section 3, Paragraph L. Budgetary comparisons presented in this report are on the modified accrual budgetary basis. However, there is statutory exception. The budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting except for accounts payable accrued at the end of the fiscal year that do not get paid by the statutory deadline per Section 6-10-4 NMSA 1978. Those accounts payable require approval to pay prior year bills out of the FY 2017 budget. At June 30, 2016, there were none.
- 8. The original budgets differ from the final budget presented in the budget comparison statements (Exhibit G and Statement 1) by amendments made during the fiscal year.
- 9. General Fund appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year except for those amounts related to goods and services received by June 30. All amounts within the General Fund revert to the State General Fund.

In accordance with the requirements of Section 2.2.2 10.A (2) (b) of 2.2.2. NMAC *Requirements for Contracting and Conducting Audits of Agencies* and the allowance made by GASBS 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments,* footnote 53, the budgetary comparison statements for the General Fund has been included as part of the basic financial statements.

### E. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### F. <u>Program Revenues</u>

Program revenues include federal and state operating grants designated for operations. Revenue recognition is restricted to meeting the requirements of a particular function.

# G. <u>Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources</u>

GASBS 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities,* became effective for financial statements for period beginning after December 15, 2012. The objective of this statement is to provide financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Concepts Statement No. 4, *Elements of Financial Statements,* introduced and defined those elements as a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable

# 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### G. Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources (Cont'd)

to a future reporting period, and an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, respectively. Previous financial reporting standards do not include guidance for reporting those financial statement elements, which are distinct from assets and liabilities. Concepts Statement No. 4 also identifies net position as the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of financial position. This statement amends the net assets reporting requirements in GASBS 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments*, and other pronouncements by incorporating deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources into the definitions of the required components of the residual measure and by renaming that measure of net position, rather than net assets.

### H. <u>Reversions</u>

The General Appropriations Act of 2004 established the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds in accordance with the manual of model accounting practices issued by the department of finance and administration. The General Appropriations Act of 2014 continues the use of the modified accrual basis. In accordance with the department of finance and administration's *"Basis of Accounting-Modified Accrual and the Budgetary Basis,"* the District has accrued as payables, amounts owed for goods and services received by June 30, 2016. Any remaining SHARE fund 16200 fund balance not assigned for program expenditures in future periods is reverted to the State General Fund in accordance with Section 6-5-10, NMSA 1978.

# 2. Collateral Pledged by Financial Institutions

Section 6-10-17, NMSA 1978 compilation, requires that banks or savings and loans provide additional collateral on funds held that exceed the FDIC insurance limit. These excess funds are required to be 50 percent collateralized. All deposits with financial institutions were covered by FDIC insurance at June 30, 2016.

### 3. Cash in Banks and Investment in the State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool

State law (Section 8-6-3 NMSA 1978) requires the District Attorney's cash be managed by the New Mexico State Treasurer's Office. Accordingly, the investments of the District Attorney consist of an interest in the General Fund Investment Pool managed by the New Mexico State Treasurer's Office.

At June 30, 2016, cash accounts of the District Attorney which are in local banks and in the State Treasurer's General Fund Investment Pool consisted of the following:

				Balance			
Name of	Account	Account	SHARE	per	Outstanding	Deposits	per
Depository	Name	Number	Fund #	Depository	Checks	in Transit	Books
Governmental Activitie	es:						
State Treasurer	Eighth Judicial D.A.						
	Operations	25800-16200	16200 \$	109,673	\$\$	\$\$	109,673
Total Governmental Acti	vities			109,673			109,673
Fiduciary - Agency Fur	nds:						
First Community Bank	Worthless Checks	Confidential	N/A	2,244	(2,194)	-	50
First Community Bank	Pre-prosecution Div.	Confidential	N/A	10,437	(9,777)	-	660
Total Fiduciary - Agency	Funds			12,681	(11,971)		710
Total cash and cash e	quivalents		\$	122,354	ة <u>(11,971)</u>	\$\$	110,383

Pooled cash and investments of \$109,673 are on deposit with the New Mexico State Treasurer. In general, state statute requires that all deposits held by the State Treasurer be collateralized at a minimum level of 50%.

The June 30, 2016, New Mexico State Treasurer's General Fund Investment audited financial statements were not available as of November 3, 2016. Based on the State Treasurer's unaudited information, the management of the District Attorney has presented pooled cash and investments at a value which approximates fair value as required by GASBS 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> - The New Mexico State Treasurer's Office has an investment policy that limits investment maturities to five years or less on allowable investments. This policy is means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. This policy is reviewed and approved annually by the New Mexico State Board of Finance.

<u>Credit Risk</u> - The New Mexico State Treasurer pools are not rated.

### 3. Cash in Banks and Investment in the State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool (Cont'd)

For additional GASBS 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, disclosure information regarding cash held by the New Mexico State Treasurer, the reader should see the separate audit report for the New Mexico State Treasurer's Office for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

# **State General Fund Investment Pool**

For cash management and investment purposes, funds of various state agencies are deposited in the State General Fund Investment Pool (SGFIP), which is managed by the Office of the New Mexico State Treasurer. Claims on the Pool are reported as assets by the various agencies investing in the Pool.

As communicated by the DFA in prior letters and memoranda, recorded agency claims against the State General Fund Investment Pool and fiduciary resources held at the State Treasurer's Office to fulfill those claims were not reconciled from the inception of SHARE, July 2006, through January 2013. A late 2014 effort to reconcile transactions which occurred during this period, also referred to as the Historical Cash Reconciliation Project, was unsuccessful in part due to incomplete data sets. The absence of all required data suggests that future efforts would be equally inconclusive and therefore not meriting additional energy.

While the results of the Historical Cash Reconciliation Project did not yield the hope for closure, significant progress has been made in the overall reconciliation process and the Financial Control Division (FCD) now has an operational model that effectively compares statewide claims against the SGFIP and resources held at the State Treasurer's Office. This process has been operational since March 2015.

Under the direction of the State Controller/Financial Control Division Director, the Financial Control Division (FCD) of the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration undertook action to address the situation. DFA/FCD initiated the Cash Management Remediation Project (Remediation Project) in partnership with the STO, the NM Department of Information Technology, and a contracted third party with expertise in the Enterprise System Software used by the State.

The Remediation Project has made changes to the State's SHARE system configuation, cash accounting policies and procedures, business practices, and banking structure. This has enabled DFA to complete timely and accurate reconciliation of bank to book balances at the state and business unit level on a post implementation basis. As of June 30, 2016, the FCD in collaboration with the STO implemented a comprehensive reconciliation model that compared aggregated agency claims on the Pool and to the associated resources held by the STO. This process now has been reviewed by the independent public accountants performing audits of the State General Fund, the DFA, and the State of New Mexico's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year 2015. Each review of the process deemed it to be adequate and the findings related to cash reconciliations were significantly reduced or eliminated.

# 3. <u>Cash in Banks and Investment in the State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool</u> (Cont'd)

# State General Fund Investment Pool (Cont'd)

The District Attorney has cash reconciliation policies and procedures in place which are performed on a monthly basis to ensure that the agency's cash balances in SHARE are correct and to mitigate the risk that the agency's cash balances would be misstated as of June 30, 2016.

### 4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

						Adjusted						
		Balance				Balance						Balance
	(	06/30/2015		Adjustments		06/30/2015		Additions		Deletions	_	06/30/2016
Capital Assets-Historical Cost	-											
Furniture and equipment	\$	15,428	\$	-	\$	15,428	\$	-	\$	- :	\$	15,428
Portable Buildings		1,500		-		1,500		-		-		1,500
Vehicles	_	204,031				204,031		39,020			-	243,051
Total capital assets	\$	200,596	\$	-	\$	220,959	\$	39,020	\$		\$_	259,979
Related Accumulated Depreciation												
Furniture and equipment	\$	(15,445)	\$	-	\$	(15,445)	\$	-	\$		\$	(15,445)
Portable Buildings		(1,056)		-		(1,056)		-		-		(1,056)
Vehicles	_	(151,394)				(151,394)		(18,570)			-	(169,964)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	(175,836)	\$		\$	(167,895)	\$	(18,570)	\$		\$_	(186,465)
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation												
Net capital assets	\$	24,760	\$		\$	53,064	\$	20,450	\$		\$_	73,514

Current depreciation expense is \$18,750.

# 5. Due to State General Fund

The District Attorney receives a State General Fund appropriation annually. Any unexpended funds at the end of the fiscal year revert to the State General Fund. In addition, any other revenue received in the fund which is not specifically appropriated by the legislature also reverts to the State General Fund, except for federal funds and funds assigned for program expenditures in future periods. For fiscal year 2016, the District Attorney's office was appropriated \$2,676,400 from the State General Fund. The following is the computation of the amount due to the State General Fund:

Cash balance, June 30, 2016 Add:			\$	109,673
Other receivables				-
Less:				
Accounts payable, 6/30/2016	\$	(20,446)		
Accrued payroll, 6/30/2016		(40,281)		
Payroll taxes payable, 6/30/2016		(16,327)		
Payroll benefits payable, 6/30/2016		(31,417)		
Assigned for Southwest Border Initiative, reauthorized	_	(1,202)	_	(109,673)
Due to State General Fund, June 30, 2016			\$_	

#### 6. Compensated Absences Payable

At June 30, 2016, accrued compensated absences payable for accumulated employee leave totaled \$98,081. The following is a summary of changes in compensated absences:

		Balance 06/30/2015		Increase		(Decrease)	Balance 06/30/2016
Current	-		-		_	<u> </u>	
Compensated Absences Payable	\$	88,288	\$	90,085	\$	(96,993)	\$ 81,380
Long-Term							
Compensated Absences Payable	_	22,452	-	18,487	_	(24,238)	16,701
Total							
Compensated Absences Payable	\$_	105,783	\$	108,572	\$_	(121,231)	\$ 98,081

State General Fund appropriation revenues are used to liquidate compensated absences.

### 7. Net Position Deficit

GASBS 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's* Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, requires capitalized assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and the inclusion of long-term debt in the Government-wide Statement of Net Position. This results in an unrestricted net asset deficit of (\$91,979). This deficit is created by compensated absences payable (annual and sick leave) of (\$98,081) which will be paid from State General Fund Appropriations to the District Attorney in future years and prepaid postage expense of \$6,102.

#### 8. Operating Leases

The District Attorney has various operating leases, primarily for office equipment, which can be terminated if the state legislature does not appropriate money to the District Attorney with no penalty

## 8. Operating Leases (Cont'd)

to the District Attorney. Operating lease expenditures for these leases for the year ended June 30, 2016, totaled \$19,013.

Minimum future annual rental payments under all operating leases are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Amount
2017	\$18,854
2018	18,032
2019	15,561
2020	6,362
2021	
Total	\$ <u>58,809</u>

## 9. Pension Plan - Public Employees Retirement Association

**Plan Description.** Substantially all of the District Attorney 's full-time employees participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978). The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) is the administrator of the plan, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement benefits, disability benefits, survivor benefits and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. PERA issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to PERA, P.O. Box 2123, Santa Fe, NM 87504-2123. The report is also available on PERA's website at: www.pera.state.nm.us.

*Funding Policy.* Plan members are required to contribute 8.92% (ranges from 6.28% to 18.15% depending upon the plan, i.e., state general, municipal police, municipal fire, municipal detention officer) of their gross salary. The District Attorney is required to contribute 16.99% (ranges from 7.0% to 25.72% depending upon the plan) of the gross covered salary. The contribution requirements of plan members and the District Attorney's are established in State statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. The District Attorney's contribution to PERA for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 were \$276,917, \$264,690, and \$251,850, respectively, which equal the amount of the required contributions for each fiscal year.

# Financial Reporting and Disclosure for Multiple-Employer Cost Sharing Pension Plans by Employers

Compliant with the requirements of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, the State of New Mexico has implemented the standard for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016.

# 9. <u>Pension Plan - Public Employees Retirement Association</u> (Cont'd)

# Financial Reporting and Disclosure for Multiple-Employer Cost Sharing Pension Plans by Employers (Cont'd)

The District Attorney, as part of the primary government of the State of New Mexico, is a contributing employer to a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA). Disclosure requirements for governmental funds apply to the primary government as a whole, and as such, this information will be presented in the Component Appropriation Funds Annual Financial Report (General Fund) and the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the State of New Mexico. Information concerning the net pension liability, pension expense, and pension-related deferred inflows and outflows of resources of the primary government will be contained in the General Fund and the CAFR and will be available, when issued, from the Office of the State Controller, Room 166, Bataan Memorial Building, 407 Galisteo Street, Santa Fe, New Mexico, 87501.

## 10. Post Employment Benefits - State Retiree Health Care Plan

*Plan Description*. The District Attorney contributes to the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (RHCA). The RHCA provides health care insurance and prescription drug benefits to retired employees of participating New Mexico government agencies, their spouses, dependents, and surviving spouses and dependents. The RHCA Board was established by the Retiree Health Care Act (Chapter 10, Article 7C, NMSA 1978). The Board is responsible for establishing and amending benefit provisions of the healthcare plan and is also authorized to designate optional and/or voluntary benefits like dental, vision, supplemental life insurance, and long-term care policies.

Eligible retirees are: 1) retirees who make contributions to the fund for at least five years prior to retirement and whose eligible employer during that period of time made contributions as a participant in the RHCA plan on the person's behalf unless that person retires before the employer's RHCA effective date, in which event the time period required for employee and employer contributions shall become the period of time between the employer's effective date and the date of retirement; 2) retirees defined by the Act who retired prior to July 1, 1990; 3) former legislators who served at least two years; and 4) former governing authority members who served at least four years.

The RHCA issues a publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the postemployment healthcare plan. That report and further information can be obtained by writing to the Retiree Health Care Authority at 4308 Carlisle NE, Suite 104, Albuquerque, NM 87107.

*Funding Policy.* The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-13 NMSA 1978) authorizes the RHCA Board to establish the monthly premium contributions that retirees are required to pay for

## 10. Post Employment Benefits - State Retiree Health Care Plan (Cont'd)

healthcare benefits. Each participating retiree pays a monthly premium according to a service based subsidy rate schedule for the medical plus basic life plan plus an additional participation fee of five dollars if the eligible participant retired prior to the employer's RHCA effective date or is a former legislator or former governing authority member. Former legislators and governing authority members are required to pay 100% of the insurance premium to cover their claims and the administrative expenses of the plan. The monthly premium rate schedule can be obtained from the RHCA or viewed on their website at www.nmrhca.state.nm.us.

The employer, employee and retiree contributions are required to be remitted to the RHCA on a monthly basis. The statutory requirements for the employer and employee contributions can be changed by the New Mexico State Legislature. Employers that choose to become participating employers after January 1, 1998, are required to make contributions to the RHCA fund in the amount determined to be appropriate by the board.

The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978) is the statutory authority that establishes the required contributions of participating employers and their employees. For employees that were members of an enhanced retirement plan (state police and adult correctional officer member coverage plan 1; municipal police member coverage plans 3, 4 or 5; municipal fire member coverage plan 3, 4 or 5; municipal detention officer member coverage plan 1; and members pursuant to the Judicial Retirement Act) during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the statute required each participating employer to contribute 2.5% of each participating employee's annual salary; and each participating employee was required to contribute 1.25% of their salary. For employees that were not members of an enhanced retirement plan during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the statute required each participating employer to contribute 2.0% of each participating employee's annual salary; each participating employee was required to contribute 1.0% of their salary. In addition, pursuant to Section 10-7C-15(G) NMSA 1978, at the first session of the Legislature following July 1, 2014, the legislature shall review and adjust the distributions pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1 NMSA 1978 and the employer and employee contributions to the authority in order to ensure the actuarial soundness of the benefits provided under the Retiree Health Care Act.

The District Attorney's contributions to the RHCA for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 were \$32,598, \$31,169, and \$30,413, respectively, which equal the required contributions for each year.

## 11. Risk Management and Litigation

The District Attorney is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. Section 15-7-2, NMSA 1978 requires the General Services Department, Risk Management Division (RMD) to be responsible for the acquisition and administration of all insurance purchased by the state. Since 1977, various state statutes have been passed which allow RMD to insure, self-insure or use

### 11. Risk Management and Litigation (Cont'd)

a combination of both. For the past several years, the RMD has elected to self-insure, and has not obtained liability coverage from commercial insurance companies. The RMD has effectively managed risk through various employee education and prevention programs. Risk management expenditures for the District Attorney are accounted for in the General Fund. Any claims are processed through RMD.

There are no pending or known threatened legal proceedings involving material matters to which the District Attorney is a party.

#### 12. Special Appropriations

The Eighth Judicial District Attorney received the following special appropriations during the current fiscal year which is still available to expend in subsequent years:

		Unexpended	Appropriation
Agency Fund	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Lapses</u>
34103-50260	\$40,000	\$980	06/30/2018

Purpose Severance Tax Bond appropriations- Purchase Vehicles, Laws 2015, CH. 3, Sec.12

#### 13. Subsequent Events Review

A review of subsequent events through November 3, 2016, which is the date the financial statements were available for issuance, revealed no significant subsequent events which require disclosure.

## STATE OF NEW MEXICO EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY Non-Major Governmental Funds STB Capital Outlay Special Revenue Fund (Fund 89200) Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2016

	-	Original Approved Budget		Final Approved Budget		Actual Budget Basis	_	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues: Other financing sources-STB appropriatior	\$_	40,000	\$_	40,000	\$	39,020	\$_	(980)
Total revenues		40,000		40,000	\$	39,020	\$_	(980)
Cash balance re-budgeted	-	-	_	-				
Total budgeted revenues	\$_	40,000	\$_	40,000				
Expenditures: Current: General government: Personal services and employee								
benefits Contractual services Other-capital outlay	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	- 39,020	\$	- - 980
Total expenditures	\$_	40,000	\$_	40,000	\$_	39,020	\$_	980
<b>Reconciliation of GAAP basis to budget ba</b> GAAP basis: Adjustments: None	sis:		\$	Revenues 39,020	\$ \$	xpenditures 39,020 -		
Budget basis			\$_	39,020	\$	39,020		

Note: The actual expenditures on the budget basis do not include any accounts payable that required a request to pay prior-year bills out of the FY 2017 budget.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# SUPPLEMENTAL SECTION

#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY Schedule of Inter-Agency Transfers Year Ended June 30, 2016

		From	То	_	Trar	nsfer	s
<u>Genera</u> Fund 10		Fund No.	Fund No.	_	In		Out
(1)	Department of Finance and Administration State General Fund Appropriation	85300	16200	\$	2,692,500	\$	-
(2)	Department of Finance and Administration State General Fund Approp. Reduction	16200	85300	\$_		\$	16,100
<u>STB Ca</u> Fund 89	pital Outlay Special Revenue Fund 9200				2,692,500		16,100
(3)	Department of Finance and Administration Sev. Tax Bond special appropriation	50260	89200	_	39,020		_
				\$_	2,731,520	\$	16,100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

Pre-prosecution Diversion Program	Beginning Balance	Additions	(Deletions)	Ending Balance
<u>Assets</u> Cash in bank	\$ <u>1,850</u> _	\$ <u>25,886</u>	\$ <u>(27,076)</u> \$	660
<u>Liabilities</u> Assets held for others	\$ <u>1,850</u>	\$ <u>25,886</u>	\$ <u>(27,076)</u> \$	660
Worthless Check Program				
<u>Assets</u> Cash in Bank	\$20	\$ <u>13,133</u>	\$ <u>(13,103)</u> \$	50
Liabilities Assets held for others	\$20	\$ <u>13,133</u>	\$ <u>(13,103)</u> \$	<u> </u>
Total Agency Funds				
<u>Assets</u> Cash in Bank	\$1,870_	\$ <u>39,019</u>	\$ <u>(40,179)</u> \$	5 <u>710</u>
<u>Liabilities</u> Assets held for others	\$ <u>1,870</u>	\$ <u>39,019</u>	\$ <u>(40,179)</u> \$	5710_

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY SCHEDULE OF VENDOR INFORMATION For Purchases Exceeding \$60,000 (excluding GRT) Prepared by: Paula Sisneros Title: Chief Financial Officer Date: November 2, 2016

The Eighth Judicial District Attorney's Office did not have any vendor purchases exceeding \$60,000 (excluding GRT) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016

RFB#/RFP#	Type of Procurement	Awarded Vendor		\$ Amount of Amended Contract	Name and Physical Address per the procurement documentati on, of <u>ALL</u> Vendor(s) that responded	In-State/ Out- of-State Vendor (Y or N) (Based on Statutory Definition)	Was the vendor in- state and chose Veteran's preference (Y or N) For federal funds answer N/A	Brief Description of the Scope of Work
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

OTHER REPORTS

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# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Donald Gallegos, District Attorney Office of the District Attorney Eighth Judicial District Taos, New Mexico and Mr. Tim Keller New Mexico State Auditor Santa Fe, New Mexico

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund (general fund), the aggregate remaining fund information, the budgetary comparisons of the general fund of the State of New Mexico, Eighth Judicial District Attorney (District Attorney), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the State of New Mexico, Eighth Judicial District Attorney's basic financial statements and the individual funds and related budgetary comparisons of the District Attorney, presented as supplemental information, and have issued our report thereon dated November 3, 2016.

## **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the State of New Mexico, Eighth Judicial District Attorney's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the State of New Mexico, Eighth Judicial District Attorney's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the State of New Mexico, Eighth Judicial District Attorney's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the State of New Mexico, Eighth Judicial District Attorney's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under **Government AuditingStandards**.

# Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with **Government Auditing Standards** in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

elunt J. Krivera, cpa, PC

Robert J. Rivera, CPA, PC Santa Fe, New Mexico November 3, 2016

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY Schedule of Findings and Responses June 30, 2016

## I. PRIOR-YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

a. <u>Repeated in current-year</u>

None

b. Resolved and not included in current-year

None

## II. CURRENT-YEAR FINDINGS PERTAINING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WHICH ARE REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED

None

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY Financial Statement Preparation and Exit Conference June 30, 2016

## **Financial Statement Preparation**

The financial statements were prepared by the District Attorney's staff with the assistance of the independent certified public accountant performing the audit. Management is responsible for ensuring that the books and records adequately support the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and that records are current and in balance. Management has reviewed and approved the financial statements.

# Exit Conference

An exit conference was held on November 28, 2016, to discuss the audit. The following individuals were in attendance:

## State of New Mexico - Eighth Judicial District Attorney

Donald Gallegos, District Attorney - Eighth Judicial District Paula Sisneros, Chief Financial Officer Suzanne Valerio, Chief Office Manager

# Audit Firm - Robert J. Rivera, CPA, PC

Robert J. Rivera, CPA