

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY**

**Financial Statements
June 30, 2011**

(With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon)

**ROBERT J. RIVERA, CPA, PC
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO 87505-4761**

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
June 30, 2011**

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FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
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**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
June 30, 2011**

Official Roster

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>
Angela "Spence" Pacheco	District Attorney
Lucas Gauthier	Chief Financial Officer

FINANCIAL SECTION

ROBERT J. RIVERA, CPA, PC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Angela "Spence" Pacheco
First Judicial District Attorney
and
Hector H. Balderas
New Mexico State Auditor
Santa Fe, New Mexico

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund (general fund), the general fund budgetary comparison, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of New Mexico, First Judicial District Attorney (District Attorney), a component unit of the State of New Mexico, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the District Attorney's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We also have audited the financial statements of each of the District Attorney's non-major governmental funds presented in the accompanying individual fund financial statements and the budgetary comparison statements presented as supplementary information as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District Attorney's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in **Government Auditing Standards**, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the agency's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 1.A., the financial statements of the District Attorney, are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of only that portion of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of New Mexico that is attributable to the transactions of the District Attorney. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of New Mexico as of June 30, 2011, and changes in its financial position and budgetary comparisons, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund (general fund), and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District Attorney, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each of the nonmajor governmental funds of the District Attorney, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and budgetary comparisons thereof, for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with **Government Auditing Standards**, we have also issued our report dated November 4, 2011, on our consideration of the District Attorney's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with **Government Auditing Standards** and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages vii through xii are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District Attorney's basic financial statements and the District Attorney's non-major governmental funds presented in the combining and individual fund statements and the budget comparison statements. The accompanying supplementary information listed as Schedule 1, *Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities-Agency Funds*, in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.



Robert J. Rivera, CPA, PC
Santa Fe, New Mexico
November 4, 2011

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2011**

The First Judicial District Attorney's (District Attorney(s) discussion and analysis is designed to provide an overview of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

The Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include Government-wide financial statements and Fund financial statements. This is in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). In addition, it consists of combining financial statements and individual fund budget comparison statements.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis also explains the structure and contents of each of the statements and is included as required supplementary information explaining and supporting the information in the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the District Attorney's Office as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the government assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The government-wide financial statements report the District Attorney's net assets and how they have changed.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District Attorney's significant funds. Funds are accounting devices that the District Attorney uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

The District Attorney's Office operates on the following governmental-type funding sources:

- State General Fund Appropriation; and
- Federal Awards granted by the Federal Government.

The District Attorney's budget is approved by the state legislature each year.

Fiduciary Fund

The District Attorney's Office collects fees for the Worthless Check and Pre-Prosecution Diversion Programs and are distributed to victims and the Administrative Office of the District Attorneys (AODA). The monies are deposited into an account maintained by the AODA who is responsible for the subsequent transfer to the State Treasurer's Office. The fees are collected pursuant to State Statute and are deposited as they are received into an account maintained by the AODA. These funds are fiduciary to the District Attorney, and are non-budgetary funds.

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2011**

Budget Comparison Statement

The budget comparison statement presents the original and final appropriated budget for the reporting period as well as actual inflows and outflows stated on the budgetary basis. A separate column reports the variance between the final budget and actual amounts.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Government-wide condensed financial information is displayed in the tables below. Comparative information from the previous fiscal year is included for the reader's information:

**Table 1
First Judicial District Attorney's Net Assets – Governmental Activities**

	<u>FY 2011</u>	<u>FY 2010</u>	<u>Change</u>
<u>Assets</u>			
Investment in the State Treasurer General Fund			
Investment Pool	\$ 315,278	\$ 342,900	\$ (27,622)
Due from other state agencies	24,242	25,681	(1,439)
Due from federal government	31,640	55,464	(23,824)
Other receivables	970	970	-
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	<u>150,854</u>	<u>165,538</u>	<u>(14,684)</u>
Total assets	<u>522,984</u>	<u>590,553</u>	<u>(67,569)</u>
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Accounts payable and other liabilities	231,542	306,266	(74,724)
Compensated absences payable - current	138,499	152,425	(13,926)
Compensated absences payable - long-term	<u>56,841</u>	<u>29,648</u>	<u>27,193</u>
Total liabilities	<u>426,882</u>	<u>488,339</u>	<u>(61,457)</u>
<u>Net Assets</u>			
Investment in capital assets	150,854	165,538	(14,684)
Restricted	140,588	118,749	21,839
Net assets, unrestricted	<u>(195,340)</u>	<u>(182,073)</u>	<u>(13,267)</u>
Total net assets	<u>\$ 96,102</u>	<u>\$ 102,214</u>	<u>\$ (6,112)</u>

There is \$140,588 of net assets that is subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining portion of the net assets (\$195,340) that does not represent the investment in capital assets of \$150,854, is at a deficit, which is the direct result of the compensated absences payable.

The main factors that caused net assets to decrease by (\$6,112) was a decrease in capital asset additions (\$29,567), which was less than depreciation expense (\$44,639); and an increase in compensated absences payable from \$182,073 to \$195,340, and current year revenue of \$45,117, from the Southwest Border Prosecution Initiative award program.

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2011**

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Cont'd)

**Table 2
First Judicial District Attorney Changes in Net Assets – Governmental Activities**

	<u>FY 2011</u>	<u>FY 2010</u>	<u>Change</u>
Revenues and Transfers:			
General Fund appropriation	\$ 4,565,500	\$ 4,851,400	\$ (285,900)
Federal revenues	142,528	133,056	9,472
Donated capital assets	5,272	-	5,272
Miscellaneous revenue	1,103	-	1,103
Other reversions to State General Fund	(20,618)	(31,901)	11,283
	<u>4,693,785</u>	<u>4,952,555</u>	<u>(258,770)</u>
Expenses:			
Personal services and employee benefits	4,302,377	4,429,245	(126,868)
Contractual services	13,000	29,261	(16,261)
Other costs	340,269	436,296	(96,027)
Depreciation	44,639	44,311	328
	<u>4,700,285</u>	<u>4,939,113</u>	<u>(238,828)</u>
Change in net assets	<u>(6,500)</u>	<u>13,442</u>	<u>(19,942)</u>
Net assets, beginning, as reported	102,214	88,772	13,442
Restatements:			
Prior period adjustment	388	-	388
Net assets, beginning, as restated	<u>102,602</u>	<u>88,772</u>	<u>13,830</u>
Net assets, ending	<u>\$ 96,102</u>	<u>\$ 102,214</u>	<u>\$ (6,112)</u>

The District Attorney uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements, providing useful information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources (modified accrual basis.) Unreserved fund balance serves as a measure of net resources available for future appropriation. Because unexpended balances in SHARE fund 15500 (General Operating Fund) generally must revert to the State General fund, the unassigned fund balance should always be zero, except for that portion which is either committed or assigned to subsequent year expenditures (\$140,588). At June 30, 2011, the General fund had an unassigned fund balance of \$ -0-.

Governmental funds revenue decreased by \$258,770 or 5.2%. This decrease was from General Fund appropriations which decreased by \$285,900. Federal grant awards increased by \$9,472. Governmental expenditures decreased by \$238,828 or 4.8%.

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2011**

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Cont'd)

The composition of the fund balance at the end of the current fiscal year appears below:

First Judicial District Attorney's Fund Balances

	<u>FY 2011</u>	<u>FY 2010</u>	<u>Change</u>
Fund Balance:			
Assigned to subsequent year expenditures	\$ 140,588	\$ 118,749	\$ 21,839
Unassigned	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
 Total fund balance	 <u>\$ 140,588</u>	 <u>\$ 118,749</u>	 <u>\$ 21,839</u>

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The State of New Mexico Legislature makes annual appropriations to the District Attorney's Office. Amendments to the budget require approval by the State Budget Division of the Department of Finance and Administration. Over the course of fiscal year 2011, the District Attorney's Office budget was reduced by 8%.

Capital Assets

The District Attorney's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation is \$150,854. There is no debt related to these capital assets. Significant additions to fixed assets consisting of automobiles totaling \$24,295, and a computer network server totaling \$5,272 for the year. The District Attorney deleted capital assets totaling \$20,917 and related accumulated depreciation of \$20,917. Depreciation expense for the year totaled \$44,639. The investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation changed from \$165,538 to \$150,854 for a net decrease of \$14,684.

Long-Term Debt

The District Attorney's Office had long-term debt at June 30, 2011, for compensated absences amounting to \$195,340, and \$182,073 at June 30, 2010. This was an increase of \$13,267 from the prior year.

Governmental Accounting and Auditing Environment and Next Year's Budget

Due to implementation of the Accountability in Government Act (AGA), Chapter 15, Laws of 1999, six performance measures were incorporated into the appropriation for the District Attorney's Office. They are:

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2011**

Governmental Accounting and Auditing Environment and Next Year's Budget (Cont'd)

Performance Measures		
<u>Type</u>	<u>Measure</u>	<u>FY 2011 Target</u>
Outcome	Percent of cases dismissed under the 6-month rule	<1%
Output	Number of cases dismissed under the 6-month rule	<40
Efficiency	Average time from filing of petition to final disposition, in months	6
Efficiency	Average attorney caseload	266
Output	Number of cases prosecuted	4,000
Output	Number of cases referred for screening	6,800

The District Attorney's Office is obligated to provide prosecution services to the citizens of the State of New Mexico under Article VI, Section 24 of the New Mexico Constitution. The purpose of the District Attorney is to enforce state laws and to ensure and improve the protection, safety, welfare, health, and quality of life of the citizens and visitors within Santa Fe, Rio Arriba and Los Alamos Counties. The District Attorney's Office's services include investigation, victim/witness assistance, trial preparation, administration, worthless checks, Pre-Prosecution Diversion, law enforcement technical assistance, and community outreach. Beneficiaries of the District Attorney's Office services are the citizens of New Mexico and its visitors, because prosecuting those suspected of criminal activity is essential to ensure equal justice under the law.

The First Judicial District encompasses approximately 7900 square miles of north central New Mexico and serves over 202,000 residents. The administration has placed great emphasis on outreach and visibility for issues that involve "public Integrity" and the misuse of public monies, vowing to hold violators accountable for their actions. In 2011 the District Attorney's "Public Integrity" attorney, a position that is unique from all other District offices, processed 39 criminal cases which resulted in criminal convictions and over \$375,000 in ordered restitution to the State of New Mexico's General Fund. The Public Integrity Unit works with Taxation and Revenue Department's Tax Fraud Division, New Mexico State Police, Human Services Department, Office of the State Auditor, Federal Bureau of Investigation, as well as various local law enforcement agencies to prosecute cases where State monies are misused. The administration has also placed great emphasis and energy with establishing working relationships with the courts and law enforcement. This administration identified a need and has increased its presence in Los Alamos County, by creating rapport and re-establishing an office in that county. In 2011 the District Attorney's Office processed over 7400 cases, an 8% increase over the previous year.

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2011**

Governmental Accounting and Auditing Environment and Next Year's Budget (Cont'd)

Major issues affecting the District Attorney's Office:

- A continued turbulent economic climate has led to an increase in criminal activity the district has experienced a growth in criminal cases over 30% since 2008, most notably burglaries, domestic violence, and DWI. This has also led to an increase in re-offending, increased probation violations and has also increased the case load of attorneys and victim/witness advocates.
- Since 2009 the District Attorney's budget has been incrementally decreased by 16%, forcing vacancies, increased attorney caseloads, and has hampered its ability to efficiently prosecute criminal offenses, often prosecution of non-violent offenses has suffered.
- Budget reductions has increased employee turnover at the District Attorney's Office. Out of the 27 authorized attorney positions 17 attorneys have come and gone in fiscal year 2011 alone, an approximate 60% turnover rate. In an effort to operate at its reduced funding level the District has had to hire lesser experienced attorneys to fill entry level attorney positions. Most are fresh out of law school and have just passed the BAR examination. These attorneys gain experience and several trials in their tenure at the District Attorney's office before they leave for other employment. Due to insufficient funding the office does not have the ability to compete with other agencies that offer higher salaries thus it is difficult to retain experienced attorneys. The high attorney turnover has caused frequent shifts in caseloads which has created time limit issues for the prosecution of cases in the First Judicial District.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the First Judicial District Attorney's Office. If you have questions regarding this report or need additional information, please contact:

**Lucas Gauthier
Chief Financial Officer
First Judicial District Attorney's Office
327 Sandoval Street
Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504**

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Statement of Net Assets
June 30, 2011**

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
<u>Assets</u>	
Investment in the State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool (note 2)	\$ 315,278
Due from other state agencies (note 7)	24,242
Due from federal government (note 12)	31,640
Other receivables	970
	<hr/>
Total current assets	372,130
	<hr/>
Capital assets (note 3)	554,184
Less accumulated depreciation	(403,330)
	<hr/>
Total capital assets, net of depreciation	150,854
	<hr/>
Total assets	522,984
	<hr/>
<u>Liabilities and Net Assets</u>	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	64,979
Accrued salaries payable	107,569
Payroll taxes payable	12,598
Payroll benefits payable	22,350
Due to State General Fund (note 6)	20,618
Due to other state agencies (note 7)	3,428
Compensated absences payable: (note 4)	
Due within one year	138,499
Due after one year	56,841
	<hr/>
Total liabilities	426,882
	<hr/>
Net Assets:	
Investment in capital assets (note 3)	150,854
Restricted	140,588
Unrestricted (deficit)	(195,340)
	<hr/>
Total net assets	\$ 96,102
	<hr/>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2011**

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Expenses:	
Judicial:	
Personal services and employee benefits	\$ 4,302,377
Contractual services	13,000
Other costs	340,269
Depreciation expense	<u>44,639</u>
Total expenses	4,700,285
Program revenues:	
Federal operating grants	<u>142,528</u>
Net program expense	<u>(4,557,757)</u>
General Revenues and Transfers:	
State General Fund appropriation (note 8)	4,565,500
Donated capital assets	5,272
Miscellaneous revenue	1,103
Reversion to State General Fund (FY2011) (note 6)	<u>(20,618)</u>
Total general revenues and transfers	<u>4,551,257</u>
Change in net assets	<u>(6,500)</u>
Net assets, beginning, as reported	102,214
Restatements:	
Prior-period adjustment (note 3)	<u>388</u>
Net assets, beginning, as restated	<u>102,602</u>
Net assets, ending	<u>\$ 96,102</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2011

	<u>Major</u> <u>Fund 15500</u> <u>General</u> <u>Fund</u>	<u>Non-Major</u> <u>Other</u> <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u> <u>Governmental</u> <u>Funds</u>
<u>Assets</u>			
Investment in the State Treasurer			
General Fund Investment Pool (note 2)	\$ 314,332	\$ 3,349	\$ 317,681
Due from other state agencies (note 7)	21,839	2,403	24,242
Due from federal government (note 12)	31,640	-	31,640
Other receivables	970	-	970
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total assets	\$ <u>368,781</u>	\$ <u>5,752</u>	\$ <u>374,533</u>
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balance</u>			
Liabilities:			
Investment in the State Treasurer General			
Fund Investment Pool-deficit (note 2)	\$ -	\$ 2,403	\$ 2,403
Accounts payable	64,979	-	64,979
Accrued salaries payable	107,569	-	107,569
Payroll taxes payable	12,598	-	12,598
Payroll benefits payable	22,350	-	22,350
Due to State General Fund (note 6)	20,618	-	20,618
Due to other state agencies (note 7)	79	3,349	3,428
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total liabilities	<u>228,193</u>	<u>5,752</u>	<u>233,945</u>
Fund Balance:			
Assigned to:			
Subsequent year expenditures	140,588	-	140,588
Unassigned	-	-	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total fund balance	<u>140,588</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>140,588</u>
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ <u>368,781</u>	\$ <u>5,752</u>	\$ <u>374,533</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2011

Total fund balance for the governmental fund (balance sheet) - (Exhibit C)	\$	140,588
<p>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:</p>		
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		150,854
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		<u>(195,340)</u>
Net assets of governmental activities (statement of net assets) - (Exhibit A)	\$	<u><u>96,102</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	<u>Major</u> <u>Fund 15500</u> <u>General</u> <u>Fund</u>	<u>Non-Major</u> <u>Other</u> <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u> <u>Governmental</u> <u>Funds</u>
Revenues:			
Federal grants	\$ 142,528	\$ -	\$ 142,528
Miscellaneous revenue	1,103	-	1,103
	<u>143,631</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>143,631</u>
Total revenues			
Expenditures:			
Judicial:			
Current:			
Personal services and employee benefits	4,289,110	-	4,289,110
Contractual services	13,000	-	13,000
Other costs	340,269	-	340,269
Capital outlay	24,295	-	24,295
	<u>4,666,674</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,666,674</u>
Total expenditures			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>(4,523,043)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(4,523,043)</u>
Other financing sources (uses):			
State General Fund appropriation (note 8)	4,565,500	-	4,565,500
Reversion to State General Fund (note 6)	(20,618)	-	(20,618)
	<u>4,544,882</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,544,882</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)			
Net change in fund balance	21,839	-	21,839
Fund balance, beginning of year	<u>118,749</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>118,749</u>
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 140,588</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 140,588</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Net change in fund balance - Governmental Funds	
(Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance)-(Exhibit E)	\$ 21,839

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets and fair market value of donated assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:

Capital outlay purchases	\$	24,295	
Donated capital assets		5,272	
Depreciation expense		<u>(44,639)</u>	
Excess of capital outlay expense and donated capital assets over depreciation			(15,072)
Net change in long-term and current portions of compensated absences			<u>(13,267)</u>
Change in net assets of governmental activities (Statement of Activities)-(Exhibit B)	\$		<u><u>(6,500)</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Statement of Revenues and Expenditures
Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)
Major Governmental Funds
General Fund (Fund 15500)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budget Basis	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:				
State General Fund appropriation	\$ 4,718,600	\$ 4,565,500	\$ 4,565,500	\$ -
Federal grants	78,800	165,806	142,528	(23,278)
Miscellaneous revenue	-	-	1,103	1,103
Total revenues	4,797,400	4,731,306	\$ <u>4,709,131</u>	\$ <u>(22,175)</u>
Fund balance budgeted	-	-		
Total budgeted resources	\$ <u>4,797,400</u>	\$ <u>4,731,306</u>		
Expenditures:				
Judicial:				
Current:				
Personal services and employee benefits	\$ 4,446,200	\$ 4,306,389	\$ 4,289,110	\$ 17,279
Contractual services	21,500	58,117	13,000	45,117
Other costs	329,700	366,800	364,564	2,236
Total expenditures	\$ <u>4,797,400</u>	\$ <u>4,731,306</u>	\$ <u>4,666,674</u>	\$ <u>64,632</u>
Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to GAAP Basis:			Revenue	Expenditures
Budgetary Basis			\$ 4,709,131	\$ 4,666,674
Adjustments:				
None			-	-
GAAP Basis			\$ <u>4,709,131</u>	\$ <u>4,666,674</u>

Note:

The actual expenditures on the budgetary basis do not include any accounts payable that required a request to pay prior-year bills out of the FY 2012 budget.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the First Judicial District Attorney (District Attorney) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles and applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. They are applied to the government-wide financial statements. The more significant of the District Attorney's accounting policies are described below:

A. Reporting Entity and Component Units

The Office of the District Attorney is an elective office established by the Constitution of the State of New Mexico, Article VI, Section 24. The District Attorney is elected to a four-year term. Functions of the District Attorney are defined in Section 36-1-1 through 36-1-26, NMSA, 1978 as amended.

It is the duty of the District Attorney to prosecute and defend the state, in all courts of record, in all cases criminal and civil, in which the state or any county in the district may be a party. The District Attorney must represent any county in the district, at the request of the Board of County Commissioners. The District Attorney may also appear before the Board, without being requested to do so, when the Board is sitting as a Board of Equalization. The District Attorney must advise all county and state officers, whenever requested. The District Attorney is required to represent any county in the district before the Supreme Court or the Court of Appeals in all civil cases in which the county may be concerned, but not in suits brought in the name of the state.

Section 36-1A-1 through 36-1A-15, cited the "District Attorney Personnel and Compensation Act", established for all district attorneys, a uniform, equitable and binding system of personnel administration.

Each district attorney shall establish a pre-prosecution diversion program in his judicial district in accordance with the provisions of the Pre-prosecution Diversion Act (31-16A-1 to 31-16A-8) to the extent public or private funds permit. The program includes individual counseling and guidance; required restitution where applicable to the extent practical and may require public service. The District Attorney may refer clients for treatment and rehabilitation. Based on financial circumstances, the defendant is required to reimburse the District Attorney for costs related to participation in the program. On July 1, 1993, as a result of a grant from the New Mexico Department of Public Safety, the District Attorney implemented the Pre-prosecution Domestic Violence Diversion Program (DVDP).

The District Attorney is also authorized to assess processing fees against any person who is convicted of violating Section 30-36-4, NMSA, 1978 of the Worthless Check Act (Section 30-36-1 through 30-36-10).

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

A. Reporting Entity and Component Units (Cont'd)

The District Attorney is legally separate and fiscally independent of other state agencies, has decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters. The District Attorney does not have any component units.

The District Attorney is a user organization of the *Statewide Human Resource, Accounting, and Management Reporting System (SHARE)*. The service organization is the Department of Finance and Administration (DFA).

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The **government-wide financial statements**, the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District Attorney. The District Attorney has one fiduciary activity. When applicable, the effect of interfund activity between two *SHARE* funds is removed from the statement of net assets in order to avoid a grossing up effect on assets and liabilities within the statement. The District Attorney does not have any business-type activities; therefore, only governmental activities are shown. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The **governmental fund financial statements**, the balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, are presented to report additional and detailed information about the District Attorney.

Emphasis is on the major funds of the governmental category. Non-major funds are summarized into a single column as "other funds." The District Attorney has one major fund, its general fund.

The governmental funds in the fund financial statements are presented on a current financial resource measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. This presentation is deemed more appropriate to demonstrate legal and covenant compliance, to demonstrate the source and use of liquid resources and to demonstrate how the District Attorney's actual experience conforms with the budget or fiscal plan. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements governmental column, a reconciliation is presented on the page following each statement, which briefly explains the adjustment necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental column of the government-wide presentation.

The District Attorney's fiduciary fund is presented in the fund financial statement. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated in the government-wide statements.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

1. **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)**

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Cont'd)

The financial transactions of the District Attorney are recorded in individual funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues, expenditures or expenses and other financing sources or uses. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The new model sets forth the minimum criteria (percentage of the assets liabilities, revenues or expenditures of either fund category of the governmental and enterprise combines) for the determination of major funds. The non-major funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements and detailed in the combining section.

The following fund types are used by the District Attorney.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

All governmental fund types are accounted for on a spending or financial flow measurement focus. Only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of available spendable resources. Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of available spendable resources during a period. Due to their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types is limited to exclude amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District Attorney. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

SHARE Fund

15500

General Operating - The operating account for the District Attorney. This is a reverting fund. Fund balances reflected as reserved for subsequent year expenditures are appropriated for use into subsequent fiscal years, per language appropriating the funds.

Special Revenue Funds - The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2011**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Cont'd)

SHARE Fund

- | | |
|-------|---|
| 25800 | <i>CVRC-STOP VAWA Grant Fund</i> - No activity during FY 2011. Used to account for Victims of Crime Act (VOCA) Victims Assistance Grant Program Funds, US Department of Justice, passed through the State of New Mexico, Crime Victims Reparation Commission. These funds do not revert to the State General Fund. VOCA is authorized by the Crime Victims Reparation Commission (CVRC) as authorized by the Victims of Crime Act of 1984. |
| 25900 | <i>Federal Grants-DOJ Rural Fund</i> - No activity during FY 2011. Used to account for Drug Control and Systems Improvement grant funds, US Department of Justice, passed through the State of New Mexico, Department of Public Safety (DPS). These funds do not revert to the State General Fund. |
| 72200 | <i>Bureau of Justice Assistance Grant Fund</i> - No activity during FY 2011. Used to account for the Region III Narcotics Task Force grant for the prosecution of drug cases. These funds do not revert to the State General Fund. |

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES

Fiduciary fund types include trust and agency funds, which are used to account for assets held by the District Attorney in the capacity of trustee or agent.

Agency Fund - Agency funds are used to account for assets held as an agent for other governmental units, individuals and other funds. The agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

The agency fund is used to account for activities in which the District Attorney is acting in an agency capacity for the Administrative Office of the District Attorneys, District Attorney Fund. Cost reimbursements for processing fees are received from clients/offenders as authorized in the Pre-prosecution Diversion Act (31-16A-1 through 31-16A-8 NMSA, 1978) and the Worthless Check Act (Section 30-36-1 through 30-36-10 NMSA, 1978). All amounts collected are deposited directly into the Administrative Office of the District Attorneys account.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting is related to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The **government-wide financial statements** are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Interfund activity (between or within funds) due to/due from other funds are eliminated in the government-wide financial

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Cont'd)

statements. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions*, which was adopted by the District Attorney as of July 1, 2000. Program revenues consist of federal operating grants. The revenue recognition policy for operating grants is when the eligibility requirements have been met, and costs have been incurred. Capital assets are reported at historical cost and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation expense is reported in the statement of activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities demonstrates the direct expenses of the single function (Judicial) of the District Attorney which is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or identifiable activity. The District Attorney has no indirect expenses and, therefore, indirect expenses are not required to be allocated to functions in the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include federal and state operating grants provided by a particular function or program. Other revenues not identifiable with a particular function or program are included as general revenue. The general revenues support the net costs of the function or program not covered by program revenues.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both unrestricted and restricted net assets are available, the District Attorney first uses restricted resources then unrestricted resources.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered a measure of available spendable resources.

Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balance. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of available spendable resources during a period. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are available if collectible within the current period or soon enough afterwards to pay liabilities of the current period. The District Attorney considers revenues to be available if collected within sixty days of the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. The District Attorney does not have any debt service expenditures. The current portion of the compensated absences liability is not included in the fund financial statements because the State of New Mexico does not budget for any compensated absences in the current year and because a material amount was not paid out during the first three months of the following fiscal year.

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2011**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

D. Receivables and Payables

When applicable, amounts "due to/from other state agencies" shown in the financial statements reflect outstanding balances of the receivables and payables between the District Attorney and other departments of the State of New Mexico. Amounts shown as "due to the state general fund" reflect current year reversions for unexpended appropriations and stale dated warrant amounts for the current fiscal year.

E. Capital Assets

Capital assets of the District Attorney include data processing equipment, furniture and fixtures, equipment and automobiles. The District Attorney does not have any infrastructure. Capital assets are defined in Section 12-6-10 NMSA 1978. Section 12-6-10 NMSA 1978, was amended effective June 19, 2005, changing the capitalization threshold of movable chattels and equipment from items costing more than \$1,000 to items costing more than \$5,000. The District Attorney has adopted this change in an accounting estimate, per Accounting Principles Board (APB) 20. Old inventory items that do not meet the new capitalization threshold will remain on the inventory list and continue to be depreciated. Any items received after July 1, 2005, will be added to the inventory only if they meet the new capitalization policy. Such assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Computer software which is purchased with data processing computer equipment is included as part of the capitalized computer equipment in accordance with 2.20.1.9 C (5) The cost of maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. The District Attorney does not undertake major capital projects involving interest costs during the construction phase. There is no debt related to the capital assets. Capital assets of the District Attorney are depreciated using zero salvage value and the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Furniture and fixtures	10
Data processing equipment	5
Equipment	6
Automobiles	5
Software	3

F. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District Attorney follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. No later than September 1st, the District Attorney prepares a budget request by appropriation unit to be presented to the next legislature.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

F. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Cont'd)

2. The appropriation request is submitted to the Department of Finance and Administration's Budget Division (DFA) and to the Legislative Finance Committee (LFC).
3. DFA makes recommendations and adjustments to the appropriation request which become the Governor's proposal to the Legislature.
4. LFC holds hearings on the appropriation request, also submitting recommendations and adjustments before presentation to the Legislature.
5. Both the DFA and LFC recommended appropriation proposals are presented to the Legislature for approval of the final budget plan.
6. The legal level of budgetary control is at the appropriation program level (P-Code level). Section 9 of the General Appropriation Act of 2010, allows all agencies to request category transfers among personal services and employee benefits, contractual services and other. Budget Adjustment Requests (BARs) are approved by the DFA Budget Division.
7. According to subsection M of Section 3 of the General Appropriation Act of 2010 (Laws of 2010 Second Special Session, House Bill 2) "for the purpose of administering the General Appropriation Act of 2010 and approving operating budgets, the state of New Mexico shall follow the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds in accordance with the manual of model accounting practices issued by the department of finance and administration. The only exception would be an amount payable at June 30, 2011 that did not get paid by the statutory deadline after the end of the fiscal year. The cash to pay such a payable is reverted to the State General Fund on September 30, 2011, creating a negative fund balance. Those payables must be paid out of the following year's budget after a request to pay prior year bills out of the current year budget has been approved by DFA. The District Attorney did not have any such exceptions at June 30, 2011.
8. The original budgets differs from the final budgets presented in the budget comparison exhibits and statements by amendments made during the fiscal year.
9. Single-year appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Accounts payable amounts related to goods and services received by June 30th that were paid within the 31 day statutory period are accrued as accounts payable in the budget basis expenditures. Accounts payable that were not paid within the 31 day statutory time period that require a request for approval to pay prior year bills with current year funds, are paid out of the next year's budget. The District Attorney did not have any accounts payables at June 30, 2011 that were not paid within the required time period.

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2011**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

F. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Cont'd)

In accordance with the requirements of Section 2.2.210.A (2) (b) of 2.2.2 NMAC *Requirements for Contracting and Conducting Audits of Agencies* and the allowance made by GASB 34 footnote 53, the budgetary comparison statements for the General Fund and major special revenue funds have been included as part of the basic financial statements.

G. Accrued Compensated Absences

Annual leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics are accrued as a liability as benefits are earned by employees if: the employees' right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered; and it is probable that the employer will compensate employees for benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

Where applicable, the compensated absence liability is presented in two parts in the government-wide financial statements, a current portion and long-term portion. The current portion is the amount expected to be expended during fiscal year 2011. It is an estimate management determined by applying a percentage to the June 30, 2011 liability. The percentage used was determined by comparing the amount actually paid out during fiscal year 2011 compared to the liability balance at June 30, 2010.

Employees accumulate annual leave at a rate based on appointment date and length of continuous service. A maximum of 240 hours of annual leave may be carried forward after the pay period beginning in December and ending in January. When employees terminate, they are compensated at their current hourly rate for accumulated unpaid annual leave as of the date of termination, up to a maximum of 240 hours.

Employees accumulate sick leave at a rate of 3.69 hours per pay period. There is no limit to the amount of sick leave that an employee may accumulate. State agencies are allowed to pay fifty percent of each employees hourly rate for accumulated sick leave over 600 hours, up to 120 hours. Payment may be made only once per fiscal year at a specified pay period in either January or July. Additionally, upon retirement those employees with over 600 hours accumulated sick leave have the option to convert 400 hours of such leave to cash at one half of their hourly rate.

Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) states that nonexempt employees accumulate compensation time at a rate of 1.5 times the number of hours worked, in excess of forty hours per week, based on their regular hourly rate. Exempt and classified employees who are FLSA exempt accumulate compensation time at the same rate as the number of hours worked. Exempt employees could not carry forward unused compensation time into January of the 2011 calendar year. Overtime must be preapproved by management. Payment of this liability can be made by compensated leave time or cash payment. At June 30, 2011, there was no compensation time owed to any employees.

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2011**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

G. Accrued Compensated Absences (Cont'd)

In accordance with GASB 16, accrued compensated absences consist of accumulated annual leave, sick leave between 600 and 720 hours, compensatory leave for employees, including the related employers' matching FICA and Medicare payroll taxes.

H. Reversions

Unless otherwise indicated by specific legislation, any unexpended balance remaining in SHARE fund 15500 is reverted to the State General Fund. Accordingly, reversions have been recorded in the current year for State General Fund appropriations.

The General Appropriations Act Chapter 6, Laws of 2010, Section 3, Paragraph M, states that "for the purpose of administering the General Appropriations Act of 2010 and approving operating budgets, the State of New Mexico shall follow the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds in accordance with the manual model accounting practices issued by the Department of Finance and Administration." In accordance with the Department of Finance and Administration's "Basis of Accounting-Modified Accrual and the Budgetary Basis," the District Attorney has accrued as accounts payable, amounts owed for goods and services received by June 30, 2011. In addition, any funds appropriated by the legislature for subsequent year use is reflected in the fund balance of the District Attorney's General Fund as assigned to subsequent year expenditures. The District Attorney had \$140,588 at June 30, 2011, assigned to subsequent year expenditures. Any remaining General Fund - fund balance not reserved is being reverted to the State General Fund. This amounted to \$20,618 at June 30, 2011. All other District Attorney special revenue funds (SHARE fund 25800, SHARE fund 25900, fund SHARE 72200 and SHARE fund 93100) are nonreverting per statutory authority which established these funds.

I. Net Assets/Fund Equity/Fund Balances

In the **government-wide financial statements**, net assets consist of three components: invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. The District Attorney has no debt related to capital assets; therefore, net assets invested in capital assets equal the capital assets, net of related accumulated depreciation. The District Attorney's financial statements report net assets restricted of \$140,588 because it has resources remaining in the net assets that were received or earned with the explicit understanding between the District Attorney and the resource provider (grantor, contributor, other government, or enabling legislation) that the funds would be used for a specific purpose. This was a deficit of \$195,340 at June 30, 2011. Therefore, all remaining net assets that are not related to capital assets are shown as unrestricted.

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2011**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

I. Net Assets/Fund Equity/Fund Balances

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definition, was implemented by the District Attorney's Office for the year ending June 30, 2011. Statement No. 54 replaces the old fund balance terminology ("reserved", "unreserved", "designated", and "undesignated") with new financial reporting categories for fund balances of governmental funds.

In the **fund financial statements**, governmental fund balances are now divided into five classifications based on the extent to which government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in that fund can be spent.

Non-spendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable fund categories can be depicted as follows:

Restricted are amounts that are so due to enabling legislation, constitutional provisions, externally imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or by creditors, such as through debt covenants.

Committed are amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority before the end of the fiscal year, and removal of the constraint would require a formal action by the same authority.

Assigned consists of amounts that are intended to be used for a specific purpose established by the government's highest level of decision-making authority, or their designated body or official. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount in the fund balance.

Unassigned represents the residual amount after all classifications have been considered for the government's general fund, and could report a surplus or a deficit.

Assigned to subsequent year expenditures - fund balance assigned to subsequent year expenditures, \$140,588 in the General Fund is the amount of fund balance available at June 30, 2011. Pursuant to Section 5, Chapter 124, Laws 2009, any unexpended balances remaining at the end of fiscal year 2009 or any year thereafter from revenue received by a district attorney as grants from the United States Department of Justice pursuant to the Southwest Border Prosecution Initiative shall not revert to the State General Fund but shall remain with the recipient district attorney office for expenditure in that or future fiscal years.

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2011**

2. Investment in the State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool and Cash on Deposit in Banks

Cash accounts of the District Attorney at June 30, 2011:

<u>Name of Depository</u>	<u>Account Name</u>	<u>Agency Number</u>	<u>SHARE Fund #</u>	<u>Balance per Depository</u>	<u>Out-standing Warrants</u>	<u>Balance per Books</u>
<u>Governmental Funds</u>						
State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool:						
State Treasurer Investment Pool	First Judicial D.A. General Operating	25100	15500	\$ 314,332	-	\$ 314,332
State Treasurer Investment Pool	First Judicial D.A. CVRC STOP VAWA	25100	25800	(2,403)	-	(2,403)
State Treasurer Investment Pool	First Judicial D.A. Federal Grants DOJ Rural	25100	25900	705	-	705
State Treasurer Investment Pool	First Judicial D. A. BJA Grant	25100	72200	2,644	-	2,644
Total government funds				<u>\$ 315,278</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ 315,278</u>

All cash is on deposit with the State Treasurer and is invested in the State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool. The State Treasurer has the power to invest money held in demand deposits and not immediately needed for the operation of state government in securities in accordance with Sections 6-10-10 I through P, NMSA 1978, as amended. The State Treasurer with the advice and consent of the state board of finance can invest money held in demand deposits and investments not immediately needed for the operation of state government in:

- (a) Securities issued by the United States (U.S.) government or by its departments or agencies and direct obligations of the U.S. or are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government or agencies sponsored by the U.S. government;
- (b) Contracts for the present purchase and resale at a specified time in the future, not to exceed one year or, in the case of bond proceeds, not to exceed three years, of specific securities at specified prices at a price differential representing the interest income to be earned by the state. No such contract shall be invested in unless the contract is fully secured by obligations of the United States of other securities backed by the United States having a market value of at least one hundred two percent of the amount of the contract;

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2011**

2. Investment in the State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool and Cash on Deposit in Banks (Cont'd)

- (c) Contracts for the temporary exchange of state-owned securities for the use of broker-dealers, banks or other recognized institutional investors in securities, for periods not to exceed one year for a specified fee rate. No such contract shall be invested in unless the contract is fully secured by exchange of an irrevocable letter of credit running to the state, cash or equivalent collateral of at least one hundred two percent of the market value of the securities plus accrued interest temporarily exchanged. The collateral required for either of the forms of investment in sections (b) and (c) shall be delivered to the fiscal agent of New Mexico or its designee contemporaneously with the transfer of funds or delivery of the securities at the earliest time industry practice permits, but in all cases, settlement shall be on the same-day basis. Neither of the contracts in (b) or (c) shall be invested in unless the contracting bank, brokerage firm or recognized institutional investor has a net worth in excess of five hundred million dollars;
- (d) Any of the following investments in an amount not to exceed forty percent of any fund that the state treasurer invests: (1) commercial paper rated "prime" quality by a national rating service, issued by corporations organized and operating within the U.S.; (2) medium-term notes and corporate notes with a maturity not exceeding five years that are rated A or its equivalent or better by a nationally recognized rating service and that are issued by a corporation organized and operating in the U.S.; or (3) an asset-backed obligation with a maturity not exceeding five years that is rated AAA or its equivalent by a nationally recognized rating service;
- (e) Shares of a diversified investment company registered pursuant to the federal Investment Company Act of 1940 that invests in U.S. fixed income securities or debt instruments authorized pursuant to (a), (b) and (d) above provided that the investment company has total assets under management of at least one billion dollars and the investments made by the State Treasurer pursuant to this paragraph are less than five percent of the assets of the investment company; or
- (f) Individual, common or collective trust funds of banks or trust companies that invest in U.S. fixed income securities or debt instruments authorized pursuant to (a), (b) and (d) above provided that the investment manager has assets under management of at least one billion dollars and the investments made by the state treasurer pursuant to this paragraph are less than five percent of the assets of the individual, common or collective trust fund.

No public funds can be invested in negotiable securities or loans to financial institutions fully secured by negotiable securities at current market value shall be paid out unless there is a contemporaneous transfer of the securities at the earliest time industry practice permits, but in all cases, settlement shall be on a same-day basis either by physical delivery or, in the case of uncertificated securities, by appropriate book entry on the books of the issuer, to the purchaser or to a reputable third-party safekeeping financial institution acting as agent or trustee for the purchaser, which agent or trustee shall furnish timely confirmation to the purchaser.

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2011**

2. Investment in the State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool and Cash on Deposit in Banks (Cont'd)

For additional GASB 40 disclosure information regarding cash held by the State Treasurer, the reader should see the separate audit report for the State Treasurer's Office for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

3. Changes in Capital Assets

Summaries of changes in capital assets and related accumulated depreciation follow:

	<u>Balance 06/30/2010</u>	<u>Adj's</u>	<u>Adjusted Balance 6/30/2010</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance 6/30/2011</u>
Capital Assets - Historical Cost						
Data processing equip.	\$ 88,051	\$ (7,066)	\$ 80,985	\$ 5,272	\$ (20,917)	\$ 65,340
Furniture and fixtures	56,682	37,647	94,329	-	-	94,329
Equipment	64,864	(30,581)	34,283	-	-	34,283
Automobiles	335,937	-	335,937	24,295	-	360,232
Total capital assets	<u>\$ 545,534</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 545,534</u>	<u>\$ 29,567</u>	<u>\$ (20,917)</u>	<u>\$ 554,184</u>
Related Accumulated Depreciation						
Data processing equip.	\$ 78,372	\$ (1,131)	\$ 77,241	\$ 1,070	\$ (20,917)	\$ 57,394
Furniture and fixtures	12,652	37,602	50,254	5,517	-	55,771
Equipment	66,663	(36,537)	30,126	1,522	-	31,648
Automobiles	222,309	(322)	221,987	36,530	-	258,517
Total accum. depreciation	<u>\$ 379,996</u>	<u>\$ (388)</u>	<u>\$ 379,608</u>	<u>\$ 44,639</u>	<u>\$ (20,917)</u>	<u>\$ 403,330</u>
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation						
Data processing equip.	\$ 9,678	\$ (5,935)	\$ 3,744	\$ 4,202	\$ -	\$ 7,946
Furniture and fixtures	44,031	45	44,075	(5,517)	-	38,558
Equipment	(1,799)	5,956	4,157	(1,522)	-	2,635
Automobiles	113,628	322	113,950	(12,235)	-	101,715
Net capital assets	<u>\$ 165,538</u>	<u>\$ 388</u>	<u>\$ 165,926</u>	<u>\$ (15,072)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 150,854</u>

Depreciation expense for the fiscal year was \$44,639.

The accumulated depreciation balance was restated as of June 30, 2010, (prior-period) to reflect the actual balance recorded by the District Attorney's Office.

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2011**

4. Changes in Compensated Absences

A summary of changes in the current and long-term portion of compensated absences follows:

	<u>Balance</u> <u>6/30/2010</u>		<u>Increase</u>		<u>(Decrease)</u>		<u>Balance</u> <u>6/30/2011</u>
Amount Due Within One Year							
Compensated Absences Payable	\$ 152,425	\$	133,013	\$	(146,939)	\$	138,499
Long-Term							
Compensated Absences Payable	<u>29,648</u>		<u>54,459</u>		<u>(27,266)</u>		<u>56,841</u>
Total							
Compensated Absences Payable	\$ <u>182,073</u>	\$	<u>187,472</u>	\$	<u>(174,205)</u>	\$	<u>195,340</u>

Compensated absences are paid with state General Fund appropriations from the District Court's General Fund - SHARE Fund 15500.

5. Operating Leases

The District Attorney has various operating leases primarily for office space and equipment which can be terminated if the state legislature does not appropriate money to the District Attorney. Operating lease expenditures for these leases for the year ended June 30, 2011, totaled \$23,505.

Minimum future annual rental payments under all operating leases are as follows:

<u>Year Ending</u> <u>June 30</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2012	\$ 34,134
2013	34,134
2014	34,134
2015	30,607
2016	<u>19,234</u>
Total	<u>\$152,243</u>

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2011**

6. Due to State General Fund

Federal funds are co-mingled with reverting state General Fund appropriations by the District Attorney; however, federal funds are separately tracked in the District Attorney's accounting records. The following is a summary of the amount due to the state General Fund at June 30, 2011, from the General Operating Account (Fund 15500):

Cash Balance - June 30, 2011 (Fund 15500)	\$	314,332
Add:		
Due from federal government - HIDTA -June 30, 2011		31,640
Due from other state agencies - AODA -June 30, 2011		21,839
Other receivables - June 30, 2011		970
Less:		
Accounts payable - June 30, 2011		(64,979)
Accrued payroll - June 30, 2011		(107,569)
Payroll taxes payable- June 30, 2011		(12,598)
Payroll benefits payable - June 30, 2011		(22,350)
Due to other state agencies - June 30, 2011		(79)
Reserve for subsequent year's appropriation (SWBPI) - June 30, 2011		(140,588)
Due to State General Fund - June 30, 2011	\$	<u>20,618</u>
Source of reversion amounts by budget fiscal year are:		
FY 2011	\$	20,618
FY 2010		-
	\$	<u>20,618</u>

7. Due To/Due From Other State Agencies

	<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Due From</u>		<u>Due To</u>
<u>Fund 15500-General Fund</u>				
Due to Department of Finance and Admin.	Payroll tax and employee benefits liability errors-SHARE	\$ -	\$	79
Due from Administrative Office of the DA's	Southwest Border Prosecution Initiative Award	21,839		-
<u>Fund 25800-CVRC-STOP VAWA Grant Fund</u>				
Due to Department of Finance and Admin.	Payroll tax and employee benefits liability errors-SHARE	-		705
<u>Fund 72200-Bureau of Justice Assist. Grant Fund</u>				
Due to Department of Finance and Admin.	Payroll tax and employee benefits liability errors-SHARE	-		2,644
<u>Fund 25900-DOJ Rural Grant Fund</u>				
Due from Department of Finance and Admin.	Payroll tax and employee benefits liability errors-SHARE	2,403		-
		<u>\$ 24,242</u>	\$	<u>3,428</u>

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2011**

8. Transfers In/Out

The District Attorney had the following actual cash transfers in/out during the fiscal year:

<u>Transferring Agency</u>	<u>Agency No.</u>	<u>From Fund No.</u>	<u>To Fund No.</u>	<u>Transfer Amount</u>	<u>Purpose of Transfer</u>
DFA	34100	85300	15500	\$ 4,565,500	Appropriation allotment - State General Fund
First District Attorney	25100	15500	85300	(46,254)	FY 2010 & prior-Reversions to State General Fund
First District Attorney	25100	15500	85300	(230)	FY 2011 Reversion to State General Fund-state dated warrants
Administrative Office of DA's	26400	91680	15500	23,278	Southwest Border Prosecution
General Services Dept.	35000	19704	15500	1,103	EAP Refunds-FY08, FY09, FY10
				<u>\$ 4,543,397</u>	

9. Pension Plan - Public Employees Retirement Association

Plan Description. Substantially all of the District Attorney's full-time employees participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978). The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) is the administrator of the plan, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement benefits, disability benefits, survivor benefits and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. PERA issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to PERA, P.O. Box 2123, Santa Fe, NM 87504-2123. The report is also available on PERA's website at www.pera.state.nm.us.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute 8.92% (ranges from 4.00% to 16.65% depending upon the plan, i.e., state general, state hazardous duty, state police and adult correctional officers, municipal general, municipal police, municipal fire, municipal detention officer) of their gross salary. The District Attorney is required to contribute 15.09% (ranges from 7.0% to 25.72% depending upon the plan) of the gross covered salary. The contribution requirements of plan members and the District Attorney's are established in State statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. The District Attorney's contributions to PERA for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$471,856, \$502,164, and \$554,968, respectively, which equal the amount of the required contributions for each fiscal year.

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2011**

10. Post Employment Benefits - State Retiree Health Care Plan

Plan Description. The District Attorney contributes to the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (RHCA). The RHCA provides health care insurance and prescription drug benefits to retired employees of participating New Mexico government agencies, their spouses, dependents, and surviving spouses and dependents. The RHCA Board was established by the Retiree Health Care Act (Chapter 10, Article 7C, NMSA 1978). The Board is responsible for establishing and amending benefit provisions of the healthcare plan and is also authorized to designate optional and/or voluntary benefits like dental, vision, supplemental life insurance, and long-term care policies.

Eligible retirees are: 1) retirees who make contributions to the fund for at least five years prior to retirement and whose eligible employer during that period of time made contributions as a participant in the RHCA plan on the person's behalf unless that person retires before the employer's RHCA effective date, in which event the time period required for employee and employer contributions shall become the period of time between the employer's effective date and the date of retirement; 2) retirees defined by the Act who retired prior to July 1, 1990; 3) former legislators who served at least two years; and 4) former governing authority members who served at least four years.

The RHCA issues a publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the postemployment healthcare plan. That report and further information can be obtained by writing to the Retiree Health Care Authority at 4308 Carlisle NE, Suite 104, Albuquerque, NM 87107.

Funding Policy. The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-13 NMSA 1978) authorizes the RHCA Board to establish the monthly premium contributions that retirees are required to pay for healthcare benefits. Each participating retiree pays a monthly premium according to a service based subsidy rate schedule for the medical plus basic life plan plus an additional participation fee of five dollars if the eligible participant retired prior to the employer's RHCA effective date or is a former legislator or former governing authority member. Former legislators and governing authority members are required to pay 100% of the insurance premium to cover their claims and the administrative expenses of the plan. The monthly premium rate schedule can be obtained from the RHCA or viewed on their website at www.nmrhca.state.nm.us.

The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978) is the statutory authority that establishes the required contributions of participating employers and their employees. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the statute required each participating employer to contribute 1.666% of each participating employee's annual salary; each participating employee was required to contribute .833% of their salary. In the fiscal years ending June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2013 the contribution rates for employees and employers will rise as follows:

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2011**

10. Post Employment Benefits - State Retiree Health Care Plan (Cont'd)

For employees who are not members of an enhanced retirement plan, (police, firefighters, municipal detention officers, or Judicial Retirement Act participants) the contribution rates will be:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Employer Contribution Rate</u>	<u>Employee Contribution Rate</u>
FY12	1.834%	.917%
FY13	2.000%	1.000%

Also, employers joining the program after January 1, 1998, are required to make a surplus-amount contribution to the RHCA based on one of two formulas at agreed-upon intervals.

The RHCA plan is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. The employer, employee and retiree contributions are required to be remitted to the RHCA on a monthly basis. The statutory requirements for the contributions can be changed by the New Mexico State Legislature.

The District Attorney's contributions to the RHCA for the years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009, were \$51,720, \$41,143, and \$39,970, respectively, which equal the required contributions for each year.

11. Risk Management and Litigation

The District Attorney is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. Section 15-7-2, NMSA 1978 requires the General Services Department, Risk Management Division (RMD) to be responsible for the acquisition and administration of all insurance purchased by the state. Since 1977, various state statutes have been passed which allow RMD to insure, self-insure or use a combination of both. For the past several years, the RMD has elected to self-insure, and has not obtained liability coverage from commercial insurance companies. The RMD has effectively managed risk through various employee education and prevention programs. Risk management expenditures for the District Attorney are accounted for in the General Fund. Any claims are processed through RMD.

There are no pending or known threatened legal proceedings involving material matters to which the District Attorney is a party.

12. Due From Federal Government

During fiscal year 2011, the District Attorney was awarded funding from the High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas (HIDTA) program through the Office of National Drug Control Policy totaling \$119,889. At June 30, 2011, expenses totaling \$31,640 had not been reimbursed.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
 FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
 Combining Balance Sheet
 Non-Major Governmental Funds
 June 30, 2011

	Special Revenue Funds			Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
	Fund 72200	Fund 25800	Fund 25900	
	Bureau of Justice Assistance Grant	CVRC- Stop VAWA Grant	DOJ Rural Grant	
<u>Assets</u>				
Investment in the State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool (note 2)	\$ 2,644	\$ 705	\$ -	\$ 3,349
Due from other state agencies (note 7)	-	-	2,403	2,403
Total assets	\$ 2,644	\$ 705	\$ 2,403	\$ 5,752
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balance</u>				
Liabilities:				
Investment in the State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool-deficit (note 2)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,403	\$ 2,403
Due to other state agencies (note 7)	2,644	705	-	3,349
Total liabilities	2,644	705	2,403	5,752
Fund Balances:				
Unassigned	-	-	-	-
Total fund balances	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,644	\$ 705	\$ 2,403	\$ 5,752

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balances
Non-Major Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Special Revenue Funds			Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
	Fund 72200 Bureau of Justice Assistance Grant	Fund 25800 CVRC- Stop VAWA Grant	Fund 25900 DOJ Rural Grant	
Revenues:				
Federal funds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total revenues	-	-	-	-
Expenditures:				
Judicial:				
Current:				
Personal services and employee benefits	-	-	-	-
Other costs	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	-	-	-	-
Change in fund balance	-	-	-	-
Fund balance, beginning of year	-	-	-	-
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities
Agency Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2011**

**Worthless Check and
Pre-Prosecution Fees
Agency Fund:**

	<u>Balance June 30, 2010</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	<u>Balance June 30, 2011</u>
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash in banks (note 2)	\$ -	\$ 45,455	\$ (45,455)	\$ -
Total assets	\$ -	\$ 45,455	\$ (45,455)	\$ -
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Due to other state agencies	\$ -	\$ 45,455	\$ (45,455)	\$ -
Total liabilities	\$ -	\$ 45,455	\$ (45,455)	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

ROBERT J. RIVERA, CPA, PC

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Angela "Spence" Pacheco
First Judicial District Attorney
and
Mr. Hector Balderas
New Mexico State Auditor
Santa Fe, New Mexico

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund (general fund), and the budgetary comparison statement for the general fund, and the combining and individual funds of the State of New Mexico, First Judicial District Attorney (District Attorney) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the State of New Mexico, District Attorney's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 4, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District Attorney's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District Attorney's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District Attorney's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal controls such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.



Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in the internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District Attorney's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under **Government Auditing Standards**.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the District Attorney's management, others within the agency, the State Auditor, the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration, and the New Mexico Legislature, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



Robert J. Rivera, CPA, PC
Santa Fe, New Mexico
November 4, 2011

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Schedule of Findings and Responses
June 30, 2011**

I. PRIOR-YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

a. Repeated in current-year

None

b. Resolved and not included in current-year

2010-1 Failure to Revert Unexpended State General Fund Appropriations to the
 State General Fund

**II. CURRENT-YEAR FINDINGS PERTAINING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WHICH ARE
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED**

None

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Preparation of Financial Statements
and Exit Conference
June 30, 2011**

Preparation of Financial Statements

The audited financial statements were prepared by the First Judicial District Attorney's staff with the assistance of the independent certified public accountant performing the audit. Management is responsible for ensuring that the books and records adequately support the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and that records are current and in balance. Management has reviewed and approved the financial statements.

The District Attorney's Office has prepared the Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Exit Conference

An exit conference was held on November 17, 2011, to discuss the audit. The following individuals were in attendance:

First Judicial District Attorney

Angela "Spence" Pacheco, District Attorney
Lucas Gauthier, Chief Financial Officer
Leroy A. Garcia, Office Manager

Audit Firm (Robert J. Rivera, CPA, PC)

Robert J. Rivera, CPA
William J. Valdes