STATE OF NEW MEXICO FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2018

(With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon)

ROBERT J. RIVERA, CPA, PC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO 87505-4761

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

OFFICIAL ROSTER

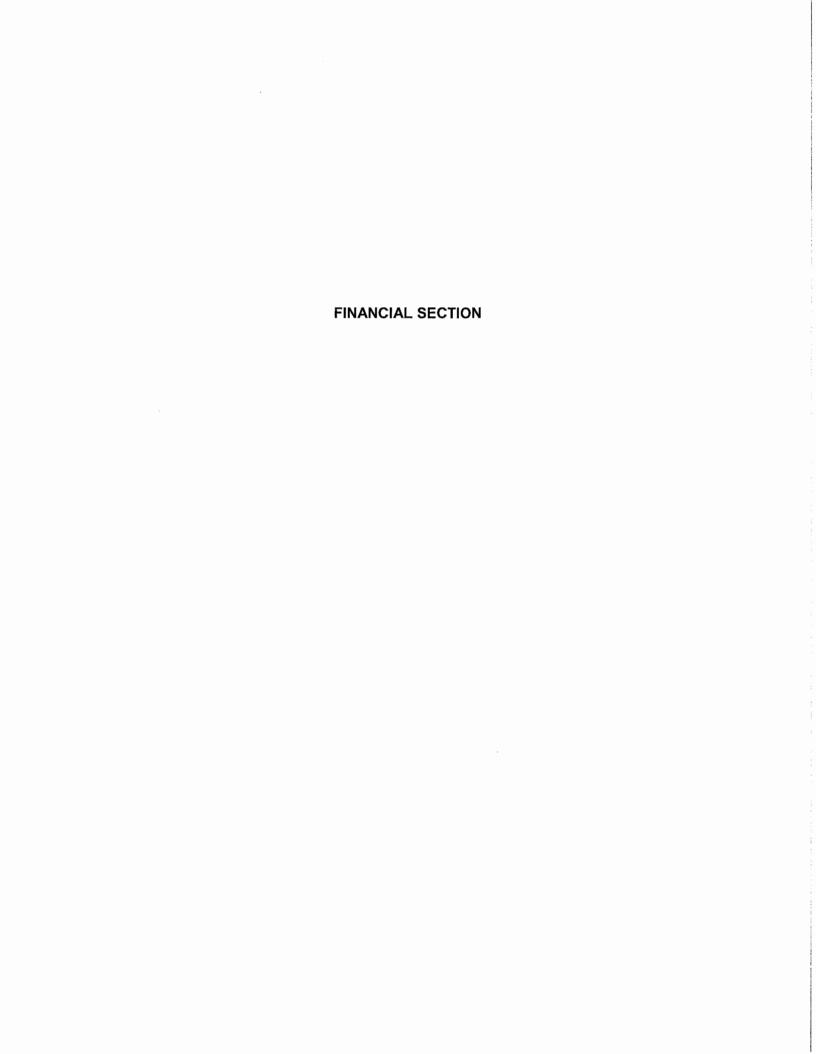
June 30, 2018

<u>Judges</u>

Honorable Francis J. Mathew	Division 1
Honorable Gregory S. Shaffer	Division 2
Honorable Raymond Z. Ortiz	Division 3
Honorable Sylvia LaMar	Division 4
Honorable Jason C. Lidyard	Division 5
Honorable David K. Thomson	Division 6
Honorable T. Glenn Ellington	Division 7
Honorable Mary L. Marlowe Sommer (Chief Judge)	Division 8
Honorable Matthew J. Wilson	Division 9

Administrative Officials

Stephen T. Pacheco Kathleen J. Vigil Court Executive Officer Deputy Court Executive Officer



Robert J. Rivera, CPA, PC

Certified Public Accountants 6 Calle Medico, Suite 4 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505-4761

(505) 983-6002

Fax (505) 983-6474

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mary L. Marlowe S, Chief Judge
First Judicial District Court
Santa Fe, New Mexico
and
Wayne Johnson
New Mexico State Auditor
Santa Fe, New Mexico

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds of the State of New Mexico - First Judicial District Court (Court), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Court's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also

includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds of the State of New Mexico – First Judicial District Court, as of June 30, 2018 and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 2, the financial statements of the District Court are intended to present the financial position, and the changes in financial position of only that portion of the governmental activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information and the budgetary comparison for the general fund and special revenue funds that are attributable to the transactions of the State of New Mexico – First Judicial District Court. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of New Mexico as of June 30, 2018, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages viii through xii be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the State of New Mexico – First Judicial District Court's basic financial statements. The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, the budgetary comparisons for the non-major funds, the other schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC (Schedules 1-3), and the Introductory Section, as listed in the table of

contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, the budgetary comparisons for the non-major funds, the other schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC (Schedules 1-3), and the Introductory Section is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, the budgetary comparisons for the non-major funds, the other schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC (Schedules 1-3), and the Introductory Section is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 26, 2018, on our consideration of the State of New Mexico – First Judicial District Court's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Court's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Court's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Robert J. Rivera, CPA, PC Santa Fe, New Mexico

Column CPA, PC

October 26, 2018

STATE OF NEW MEXICO FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information)

June 30, 2018

The First Judicial District Court's "Management's Discussion and Analysis" is intended to provide an overview of the Court's activities and programs resulting in planning and expenditure of the annual budget. The Court's annual budget consists of several fund sources which include: (1) State General Fund appropriations, (2) court fees, and (3) fund transfers from other state agencies.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The annual report consists of four parts: (1) Management's Discussion and Analysis, (2) the basic financial statements, (3) the combining and individual fund financial statements, and (4) other supplementary information that presents schedules. The basic financial statements include two types of statements that present a different view of the Court.

- The first two are government-wide financial statements that provide both long and short-term information about the Court's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the Court. The governmental fund statements identify how the general government service was financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. In addition to these required items, we have included a supplementary information section with supporting schedules.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide information about the Court as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector entities. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The government-wide financial statements identify the Court's net position and how it has changed. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. earned but uncollected grant revenues and earned but unused vacation leave). The government-wide financial statements present the expenses of the Court by function. The Court has only one function - Judicial Services - which is a governmental activity. The Court does not have any business-type activities or any component units. "Net position" is one way to measure the Court's financial position or "health." Over a period of time, increases or decreases in the Court's net position is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

Government-wide Condensed Financial Information

Government-wide condensed financial information is displayed below. Comparative information from the previous fiscal year is included for the reader's information.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information)

Required	Supplementary Informat	Ŀ
	June 30, 2018	

Statement of Net Position	_	6/30/2018		6/30/2017		Increase (Decrease) Change
Assets:						
Current assets	\$	855,169	\$	744,868	\$	110,301
Capital assets, net		422,835		504,236		(81,401)
Total assets	_	1,278,004		1,249,104		28,900
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities		606,850		5 7 9,524		27,326
Long-term liabilities	_	31,962		35,071	_	(3,109)
Total liabilities	_	638,812	_	614,595		24,217
Net position:						
Invested in capital assets, net		422,835		504,236		(81,401)
Restricted		216,480		130,273		86,207
Unrestricted	_	(123)	-	-	_	(123)
Total net position	\$_	639,192	\$ =	634,509	\$ _	4,683
Changes in Net Position						
Program revenues - court fees	\$	596,419	\$	583,325	\$	13,094
Operating grants		298,537		245,598		52,939
Miscellaneous revenues	_	632	-	360	_	272
Total program revenue		895,588	_	829,283	_	66,305
General revenue, transfers and						
special items:						
State appropriations		6,904,200		6,814,800		89,400
Reversion to State General Fund		(22,551)		(28,939)		6,388
Other state funds Donated capital assets		85,164		83,496		1,668
transferred from other agencies		_	_	35,775	_	(35,775)
Total general revenue,						
transfers and special items	_	6,966,813	_	6,905,132	_	61,681
Program expenses		7,842,502	_	7,793,784	_	48,718
Total expenses		7,842,502	_	7,793,784	_	48,718
Change in net position		19,899		(59,369)		79,268
Beginning net position, as adjusted		619,293	_	693,878		(74,585)
Ending net position	\$	639,192	\$ _	634,509	\$ _	4,683

STATE OF NEW MEXICO FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information)
June 30, 2018

Financial Analysis of the Changes in Net Position

During the fiscal year, the Court received State General Fund appropriations to pay the operating expenses of the Court. Any unused balance of the appropriation is reverted. General Fund appropriations increased by \$89,400, from \$6,814,800 for FY 2017 to \$6,904,200 for Fiscal Year 2018. Reversion of unused appropriations for FY 2018 was \$22,551 compared to \$28,939 for FY 2017. The net position of the Court's increased by \$4,683.

Financial Analysis of the Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Court's significant funds rather than the Court as a whole. "Funds" are accounting devices that the Court uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and expenditures for special purposes.

- 1. **General Fund:** All of the agency's core judicial services are reflected in the general appropriations fund and provide information to help the user determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that are available to finance the Court's core programs.
- 2. **Mediation Fund:** Funds collected as docket fees on certain type of court cases and used by the Court to operate a domestic mediation program.
- 3. **Child Support Hearing Officer Fund:** Funds transferred from the NM Human Services Department and used by the Court to operate a Child Support Enforcement Program.
- 4. **Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) Fund:** Funds collected as a surcharge on certain type of cases and used by the Court to operate an Alternative Dispute Resolution program.
- 5. **Drug Court Program Fees:** Fees collected from adult drug court participants to offset client service costs of the drug court program.
- 6. **Drug Court Special Revenue Fund:** Funds provided as a federal grant award from the Health and Human Services Department, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). Grant funds are used to enhance the Adult Drug Court and Treatment Court to better serve the high risk/high needs population and to improve overall graduation and retention rates.

Mediation revenue collected as docket fees was used to support the Court's ongoing Mediation Program. In Fiscal Year 2018, the level of revenue collection for this program decreased slightly over the Fiscal Year 2017 levels to approximately \$142,000. Alternative Dispute Resolution revenue is collected as a surcharge on certain case types. Revenue collected in Fiscal Year 2018 increased by \$14,988 over the Fiscal Year 2017 level to approximately \$69,300. Child Support Hearing Enforcement revenue is received from the NM Human Services Department and remained stable at \$256,548 for the audit year. The Court did receive and expend funding from the Administrative Office of the Courts in support of the Court's Drug Court Programs in Rio Arriba and Santa Fe Counties. The amount allocated to the First Judicial District Court totaled \$306,600 with Adult Drug Court receiving \$196,600, Juvenile Drug Court receiving \$69,750 and Treatment Court receiving \$40,250. In addition, the Adult Drug Court and Treatment Court programs received federal grant funding in the amount of \$63,600 from the Health and Human Services Department, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA).

STATE OF NEW MEXICO FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information) June 30, 2018

Budgetary Highlights - General Fund

The First Judicial District Court processed budget adjustments during the fiscal year in an effort to better service the internal and external customers of the Court. The adjustments were necessary to reflect minor changes to court operations. General Fund revenue (Fund 14100 and Fund 91800) increased by \$110,036 from \$7,521,078 in FY 2017 to \$7,631,114.

Capital Assets and Long-Term Debt

The Court purchased capital assets during the year totaling \$79,690. Depreciation expense was \$145,997. Net capital assets decreased by \$81,401. The long-term debt for compensated absences decreased by \$3,109, from \$35,071 to \$31,962. The Court does not own any infrastructure assets.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

Relatively flat revenues for the State of New Mexico resulted in a slight increase in General Fund Appropriations for the First Judicial District Court. The General Fund for FY18 increased by \$89,400 over the fiscal year 2017 amount. This funding supported phase one of the Workforce Investment Plan which allowed for pay adjustments for employees in the Judicial Specialist (Court Clerks) series. In FY19, the First Judicial District Court's General Fund Appropriation will increase by \$238,000 in order to provide agency-wide compensation increases as well as targeted increases for specific employee classifications.

AGENCY HIGHLIGHTS

The First Judicial District Court operates under the New Mexico state statutes, Sections 34-6-1, 34-6-3, 34-6-7, 34-6-17, through 34-6-46 NMSA, 1978 Compilation. The district court is a state court of general jurisdiction and is authorized to hear and determine all civil and criminal cases, which are not specifically exempted from its jurisdiction.

The First Judicial District Court (Agency 231) is comprised of three counties: Santa Fe, Rio Arriba and Los Alamos. The District Court is authorized nine (9) district judges, eight are based in Santa Fe (Santa Fe County), New Mexico and one is based in Tierra Amarilla (Rio Arriba County), New Mexico. Trials, hearings and other judicial activities are also occasionally conducted in Los Alamos (Los Alamos County). The First Judicial District Court covers 7,870 square miles of area in north central New Mexico. Since Santa Fe is the state capitol, all case filings involving state government are filed in Santa Fe. Another driver for case file trends in our Court is the location of a maximum-security prison within Santa Fe County.

The current total caseload for the First Judicial District Court is over 10,000 new and reopened cases. The adjudication of this caseload is distributed among all nine presiding District Judges.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information) June 30, 2018

CONTACTS ON THE AGENCY'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The State of New Mexico - First Judicial District Court financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, legislators and creditors with general overview of the agency and to demonstrate the agency's accountability for the funds it receives. If there are any questions about this report or if additional information is needed, please contact:

Mr. Stephen Pacheco, Court Executive Officer First Judicial District Court P. O. Box 2268 Santa Fe, NM 87504

STATE OF NEW MEXICO FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

		Governmental Activities
<u>Assets</u>		
Interest in the State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool	\$	805,787
Petty cash		850
Other receivables		29,636
Due from grantor		18,394
Due from other state agencies		502
Total current assets		855,169
Capital assets		929,332
Less accumulated depreciation	_	(506,497)
Total capital assets, net of depreciation		422,835
Total assets	\$	1,278,004
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Liabilities:		
Vouchers payable	\$	97,763
Accrued payroll		120,030
Payroll taxes payable		44,945
Payroll benefits payable		97,291
Due to State General Fund		632
Compensated absences payable:		
Due within one year		246,189
Due after one year		31,962
Total liabilities	<u>. </u>	638,812
Net Position:		
Invested in capital assets		422,835
Restricted for program expenditures, subsequent years		216,480
Unrestricted (deficit)		(123)
Total net position		639,192
Total liabilities and net position	\$	1,278,004

STATE OF NEW MEXICO FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2018

	_	Governmental Activities		
Expenses:				
Judicial:				
Administrative services	\$	7,696,505		
Depreciation expense		145,997		
Total expenses		7,842,502		
Program revenues:				
Charges for services		596,419		
Operating grants		298,537		
Miscellaneous revenues		632		
Total program revenue		895,588		
Net program expenses		(6,946,914)		
General revenue, transfers and special items:				
Transfers:				
General fund appropriation		6,904,200		
Reversion to State General Fund		(22,551)		
Other state funds		85,164		
Total general revenue, transfers and special items		6,966,813		
Change in net position		19,899		
Net position, beginning, as reported Restatements:		634,509		
Adjustment to accumulated depreciation-prior-period adjustment		(15,093)		
Adjustment to Due from State General fund-prior-period adjustment		(123)		
Net position, beginning, as restated		619,293		
Net position, ending	\$	639,192		

STATE OF NEW MEXICO FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

		Maj	Funds					
	_	Fund 14100 and Fund 91800 General Fund		Fund 91700 Mediation Spec. Rev. Fund	(Stmt. 4) Other Governmental Funds	Interfund Eliminations	_	Total Governmental Funds
<u>Assets</u>								
Interest in the State Treasurer								
General Fund Investment Pool	\$	531,473	\$	106,352	\$ 182,155	\$ (14,193)	\$	805,787
Petty cash		850		-	-	-		850
Other receivables		27,257		1,794	585	-		29,636
Due from grantor		-		-	18,395			18,395
Due from other state agencies	-	502					-	502
Total assets	\$_	560,082	\$	108,146	\$ 201,135	\$ (14,193)	\$_	855,170
Liabilities and Fund Balance								
Liabilities:								
Interest in the State Treasurer								
General Fund investment Pool (deficit)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 14,193	\$ (14,193)	\$	-
Vouchers payable		93,470		34	4,259	-		97,763
Accrued payroll		120,030		-	_	-		120,030
Payroll taxes payable		44,945		-	-	-		44,945
Payroll benefits payable		97,291		-	-	-		97,291
Due to State General Fund	-	632		<u> </u>	-		_	632
Total liabilities	-	356,368		34	18,452	(14,193)	_	360,661
Fund Balance:								
Non-spendable		850		-	-			850
Restricted		202,987		108,112	182,683	-		493,782
Committed		-		-	-	-		_
Assigned		_		_	-	-		-
Unassigned	_	(123)					-	(123)
Total fund balance	_	203,714		108,112	182,683		_	494,509
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$_	560,082	\$	108,146	\$ 201,135	(14,193)	\$_	855,170

STATE OF NEW MEXICO FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

Total fund balance for the governmental funds (Balance Sheet) Exhibit C			\$	494,509
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:				
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of the following:				
Capital assets Accumulated depreciation	\$ _	929,332 (506,497)		
Total capital assets				422,835
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of the following:				
Compensated absences Rounding			_	(278,151) (1)
Net position of governmental activities (statement of net position) Exhibit A			\$	639,192

STATE OF NEW MEXICO FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Major Funds						
		Fund 14100 and Fund 91800 General Fund		Fund 91700 Mediation Spec. Rev. Fund		(Stmt. 5) Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:							
Federal grants - interagency Charges for services - interagency Charges for services - court fees Miscellaneous revenues	\$	256,548 306,654 77,916 632	\$	- - 142,080 	\$	41,989 - 69,769 	\$ 298,537 306,654 289,765 632
Total revenues		641,750	ı	142,080		111,758	895,588
Expenditures: Judicial: Current:							
Administrative services Capital outlay		7,550,825 79,690		77,861 		45,138 	7,673,824 79,690
Total expenditures	-	7,630,515		77,861		45,138	7,753,514
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(6,988,765)		64,219		66,620	(6,857,926)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in:							
State general fund appropriation Other state funds Transfers out:		6,904,200 85,164		- -		-	6,904,200 85,164
Reversion to State General Fund	_	(22,551)		-			(22,551)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	6,966,813					6,966,813
Net change in fund balance		(21,952)		64,219		66,620	108,887
Fund balance, beginning, as reported Restatements:		225,789		43,893		116,063	385,745
Adjustment to Due from State General Fund	_	(123)					(123)
Fund balance, beginning, as restated	_	225,666		43,893		116,063	385,622
Fund balance, end of year	\$ <u>_</u>	203,714	\$	108,112	\$	182,683	\$ 494,509

STATE OF NEW MEXICO FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Government-wide Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2018

Net change in fund balance - Governmental Funds (Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance) Exhibit E		\$ 108,887
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period these amounts are:		
Capital outlay	\$ 79,690	
Depreciation expense	 (145,997)	(00 007)
Excess of depreciation over capital outlay expense Expenses recognized in the statement of activities, not reported in governmental funds:		(66,307)
Increase in current and long term compensated absences		(22,679)
Rounding		 (2)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Statement of Activities) Exhibit B		\$ 19,899

STATE OF NEW MEXICO FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures
Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)
Major Governmental Funds

General Fund - All Accounts Year Ended June 30, 2018

	General Fund - All Accounts (From Statement 3, pg. 3 of 3)							
						Actual		Variance
		Original		Final		Budget		Favorable
		Budget	_	Budget	_	Basis	_	(Unfavorable)
Revenues:								
State appropriations	\$	6,904,200	\$	6,904,200	\$	6,904,200	\$	-
Federal contract - interagency		256,500		256,500		256,548		48
Other financing sources-other state funds		85,200		85,200		85,164		(36)
Charges for services - interagency		336,000		336,000		306,654		(29,346)
Charges for services - court fees		70,000		70,000		77,916		7,916
Miscellaneous revenue		-		-	-	632		632
Total revenues		7,651,900		7,651,900	\$	7,631,114	\$	(20,786)
Cash balance appropriated	-			25,000	-			
Total budgeted resources	\$	7,651,900	. \$	7,676,900	=			
Expenditures:								
Administrative services:								
Personal services and benefits	\$	6,831,000	\$	6,697,100	\$	6,687,600	\$	9,500
Contractual services		499,500		471,900		435,639		36,261
Other costs	-	321,300		507,900	-	507,276		624
Total expenditures	\$_	7,651,800	\$	7,676,900	\$	7,630,515	\$	46,385
Reconciliation of GAAP basis to budgetary	ba:	sis:		Revenues		Expenditures		
GAAP basis			\$	7,631,114	\$			
Adjustments: None			Ψ.	-	. *	-		
Budgetary basis			\$	7,631,114	. \$	7,630,515		

Note:

The actual expenditures on the budget basis do not include any accounts payable that required a request to pay prior-year bills out of the FY 2019 budget.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures

Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) Major Governmental Funds

Court Mediation Special Revenue Fund (Fund 91700) Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Court Mediation Special Revenue Fund (Fund 91700)						
	_	Original Budget		Final Budget	•	Actual Budget Basis	_	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:								
Charges for services - court fees	\$_	257,300	\$.	257,300	\$	142,080	\$_	(115,220)
Total revenues		257,300		257,300	\$	142,080	\$_	(115,220)
Cash balance appropriated	_		-					
Total budgeted resources	\$_	257,300	\$_	257,300				
Expenditures:								
Administrative services:								
Personal services and benefits	\$	173,600	\$	173,600	\$	71,760	\$	101,840
Contractual services		20,000		20,000		-		20,000
Other costs		63,700	-	63,700		6,101	-	57,599
Total expenditures	\$_	257,300	\$_	257,300	\$	77,861	\$_	179,439
Reconciliation of GAAP basis to budgetary basis:		_	Revenues		Expenditures			
GAAP basis			\$	142,080	\$	77,861		
Adjustments: None			-					
Budgetary basis			\$_	142,080	\$	77,861		

Note:

The actual expenditures on the budget basis do not include any accounts payable that required a request to pay prior-year bills out of the FY 2019 budget.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2018

		Agency Funds	
<u>Assets</u>	-		
Cash in banks State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP)	\$ 	5,912,106 72,611	
Total Assets	\$	5,984,717	
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Deposits held for others	\$	5,984,717	
Total Liabilities	\$	5,984,717	

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the First Judicial District Court (Court) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Court's accounting policies are described below:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The First Judicial District Court operates under Section 34-6-1, 34-6-2, 34-6-4 and 34-6-17 through 34-6-46, NMSA 1978 Compilation. The First Judicial District Court covers Santa Fe, Rio Arriba and Los Alamos Counties. The District Court is the State Court of general jurisdiction and is authorized to hear and determine all civil and criminal cases which are not specifically exempted from its jurisdiction. Financing of the Court is by state appropriation.

The financial reporting entity as defined by GASB Statement 14 consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. This definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability as the "cornerstone of all financial reporting in government."

The First Judicial District Court is a component unit of the Judicial Branch and these financial statements include all funds and activities over which the Court has oversight responsibility. The Court is part of the primary government of the State of New Mexico and its financial data should be included with the financial data of the state. New Mexico issues an audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report inclusive of all agencies of the primary government. The District Court has decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters. The Court has no component units that are required to be reported in its financial statements.

The accounting policies of the First Judicial District Court conform to generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP) as applicable to governments. It is the policy of the Court to apply Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. A summary of the Court's significant accounting policies follows:

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

In the **government-wide financial statements**, the statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the Court, the primary government, as a whole, without displaying individual funds or fund types. Generally, these statements distinguish between activities that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. The

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Court has no business-type activities; therefore, these statements only reflect governmental activities. Government-wide financial statements exclude information about fiduciary funds and component units that are fiduciary in nature.

The **fund financial statements**, the balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances are presented to report additional and detailed information about the Court. The accounts of the Court are organized on a fund basis, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which spending activities are controlled. The following fund types are used by the Court.

Governmental Funds

General Fund

General Fund - Court Regular Account - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District Court. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Unless any state general fund appropriations are designated for expenditure in subsequent fiscal years, any unexpended balance remaining in the General Fund at the end of the fiscal year reverts to the State General Fund of New Mexico. The fund is a major fund and the SHARE fund number is 14100.

General Fund - Child Support Hearing Officer Account - The Child Support Hearing Officer fund is a component of the General fund. It was created through a contract with the New Mexico Human Services Department (See Schedule 4). The major fund is non-reverting, the SHARE fund number is 91800, and the fund is not required to maintain a minimum balance.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds account for revenues sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. No expenditures can be made from special revenue funds for operations of the Court.

Court Mediation Special Revenue Fund - The Court has established a domestic relations mediation program pursuant to Section 40-12-5 NMSA 1978 of the Domestic Relations Mediations Act. Deposits to this fund shall include payments made through the imposition of a sliding fee scale and the collection of a surcharge provided for in the Domestic Relations Mediation Act. The major fund is non-reverting, the SHARE fund number is 91700 and the fund is not required to maintain a minimum balance.

<u>Alternative Dispute Resolution Special Revenue Fund</u> - The Court has established an Alternative Dispute Resolution Fund pursuant to Section 34-6-45 NMSA 1978. The fund

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

obtains its resources from the imposition of a \$15 fee on all new and reopened civil cases. The non-major fund is non-reverting, the SHARE fund number is 87800 and the fund is not required to maintain a minimum balance.

<u>Drug Court Special Revenue Fund</u> - This non-major fund accounts for federal funds received under Title V of the Violent Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 and transfers from the NM Administrative Office of the Courts for the Drug Court operation by the Court. The fund is non-reverting, the SHARE fund number is 01600 and the fund is not required to maintain a minimum balance.

<u>Drug Court Fees Special Revenue Fund</u> - This non-major fund accounts for a drug court fee collected by the Court pursuant to Section 34-6-47 NMSA 1978. Money in the fund is administered to offset client service costs of the drug court program, consistent with standards approved by the Supreme Court. The fund is non-reverting, the SHARE fund number is 51600 and the fund is not required to maintain a minimum balance.

STB Capital Outlay Special Revenue Fund - This non-major fund was established to account for a special capital outlay appropriation for information technology from the State Legislature (Laws of 2014, Chapter 66) that was funded from Severance Tax Bond Series 2014A. Any unexpended balance as of June 30, 2016 reverts to the severance tax bond fund. The SHARE fund number is 89200 and the fund is not required to maintain a minimum balance. The fund had no activity during FY 2018.

Fiduciary Funds

Agency Funds - Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the Court in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Court's Litigant Agency Fund is used to account for bonds collected from persons involved in pending litigation which are deposited in the fund and held until a court order is issued. The Court Clerk-agency fund is used to account for various fees collected by the Court that are deposited in the agency fund bank accounts and then transferred to the State Treasurer for distribution to other state agencies including the Court.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Presentation (Continued)

The **government-wide financial statements** are reported using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, in exchange transactions, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. In non-exchange transactions, revenues, expenses, gains, and losses, are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASBS 33, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions*, as amended. Depreciation expense is reported in the Statement of Activities and charged to the Judicial function. Program revenues consist of charges for services (court fines and fees) and operating grants for court programs. Appropriations are recorded when received and grant revenue is recorded when all applicable eligibility or reimbursement requirements are met.

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on a current financial-resources measurement focus and on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible in the current period or within 60 days after fiscal-year end to pay current liabilities. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. The presentation is deemed appropriate to (a) demonstrate legal compliance, (b) demonstrate the source and use of liquid resources, and (c) demonstrate how the Court's actual experience conforms to the budget or fiscal plan. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation is presented on the page following each fund financial statement which explains the adjustments necessary to convert the fund based financial statements to the government-wide presentation.

The Court's fiduciary fund (agency funds) is presented in the fund financial statements. The agency fund is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated in the government-wide financial statements.

During fiscal year 2014, the Court adopted the following GASB statement: GASBS 63 amended previous guidance on deferred revenue in the government-wide financial statements to include deferred outflow of resources, which is the consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period and deferred inflow of resources, which is acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance</u>

1. Cash and Investments

The Court's cash and cash equivalents are in the State Treasurer's General Fund Investment Pool. The Court's Agency Funds are in demand deposit accounts at two banks and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool.

2. Capital Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, property, plant and equipment is accounted for as capital assets. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. New Mexico Laws of 2005, Chapter 237, Section 1, changed the capitalization threshold for movable chattel and equipment from items costing more than \$1,000 to \$5,000. Under the new law, items in the capital asset inventory that do not meet the new capitalization threshold continue to be depreciated in future periods until they are fully depreciated. Any software acquired is also included in capital assets and depreciated. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Furniture and Fixtures 10 years
Equipment and Machinery 5-10 years
Data Processing 3 years
Library 5 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

3. Compensated Absences Payable

The Court's policies regarding annual leave permits employees to accumulate earned but unused annual and sick leave. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as current and non-current liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

4. Equity-Net Position/Fund Balances

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)</u>

4. Equity-Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)

- a. Investment in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by any outstanding debt. The Court has no outstanding debt relating to capital assets.
- b. Restricted net position, consists of net position with constraints placed on their use by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The amount of net position restricted by enabling legislation is \$216,480.
- c. *Unrestricted net position* are all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, the Court first uses restricted resources then unrestricted resources.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Per GASB Statement 54, effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2010, fund balances are classified into spendable and non-spendable classifications. The non-spendable classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained. The spendable classifications are restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances.

In the governmental fund financial statements, restricted fund balances are reported when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: 1) Externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or 2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. As of June 30, 2018, the fund balance restricted by laws and enabling legislation is: \$202,987 for the Child Support Hearing Officer, \$108,112 for Domestic Relations Mediation, \$174,274 for Alternative Dispute Resolution and \$8,409 for the Drug Court.

Committed fund balances consist of amounts which can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority (policy action). The Court has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2018.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)</u>

4. Equity-Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)

Assigned fund balances consist of fund balances which are constrained by the government intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither committed nor restricted. Intent can be expressed by 1) the governing body itself or 2) a body (such as a budget or finance committee) or official to which the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The Court has \$850 (petty cash) of assigned fund balance in the General Fund as of June 30, 2018 for the court clerk activity.

Unassigned fund balances consist of all other fund balances which have not been assigned to other funds and have not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. Generally, the policy of the Court is to first apply committed resources when an expense is incurred for purposes which have committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances available for use. The Court has no unassigned fund balances as of June 30, 2018.

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The First Judicial District Court follows these procedures in establishing the budget data reflected in the financial statements:

- No later than September 1, the First Judicial District Court submits to the Judicial Budget Office (JBO), the Legislative Finance Committee (LFC) and the Department of Finance and Administration an appropriation request for the fiscal year commencing the following July. The appropriation includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Appropriation request hearings are scheduled by the JBO. Recommendations are made by the JBO to the Supreme Court for their approval. The Supreme Court approved appropriation request is then submitted to the Legislature as the Supreme Court's recommended appropriation request for the First Judicial District Court.
- Budget hearings are scheduled before the New Mexico House Appropriations and Senate Finance Committees. The final outcome of these hearings is incorporated into the General Appropriations Act.
- 4. The Act is signed into law by the Governor of the State of New Mexico within the legally prescribed time limit.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

- 5. The First Judicial District Court submits, no later than May 1, to DFA an annual operating budget by category and line item based upon the appropriations made by the Legislature. The DFA Budget Division reviews and approves the operating budget which becomes effective in July. All subsequent budget adjustments must be approved by the JBO and the director of the DFA Budget Division. The current year budget was revised in a legal manner. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless specifically re-appropriated by the Legislature.
- 6. Legal budget control for expenditures is by appropriation unit and formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the fiscal year for the Governmental Funds.
- 7. The budget for the General Fund and special revenue funds are adopted on a modified accrual basis of accounting. The modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds is the budgetary basis of accounting for the State of NM. Per the General Appropriations Act, Laws of 2012, Chapter 19, Section 3, Paragraph M, the budgetary basis is modified accrual. However, there is a statutory exception; the budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting except for accounts payable accrued at the end of the fiscal year that do not get paid by the statutory deadline per Section 6-10-4 NMSA 1978. Those accounts payable require approval to pay prior year bills out of the FY 2019 budget.

F. Compensated Absences Payable

Vacation and sick leave earned and not taken is cumulative; however, upon termination of employment, sick pay for such leave hours accumulated up to 600 hours is forfeited, and vacation pay is limited to payment of 240 hours. Vacation leave up to the maximum of 240 hours is payable upon separation from service at the employee's current hourly rate. Sick leave is payable semiannually to qualified employees for hours accumulated above 600 hours at a rate equal to 50 percent of their hourly rate, not to exceed 120 hours each semiannual period. Upon retirement, payment for sick leave is limited to 400 hours accumulated above 600 hours at a rate equal to 50 percent of their hourly rate, not to exceed 120 hours each semi-annual period. Accrued vacation and sick leave pay are recorded as a liability and as an increase or decrease in expenses in the Government-Wide financial statements. Qualified employees accumulate 3.69 hours of sick leave per pay period and accumulate annual leave as follows:

Years of Service	Hours Earned Per Pay Period
0 - 3 years	4.62
Over 3 - 7 years	5.54
Over 7 - 14 years	6.46
Over 14 years	7.39

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

F. Compensated Absences Payable (Continued)

The maximum accrued annual leave may be carried forward into the beginning of the next calendar year and any excess is lost. In addition, the First Judicial District Court allows FLSA non-exempt employees to accumulate compensatory leave in certain approved circumstances. Compensatory leave may be carried forward into the next calendar year and any unused portion is paid at termination to non-exempt employees under the Federal Labor Standards Act.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

H. Inter-fund Activity

Inter-fund transactions are treated as transfers. It is the Court's policy to eliminate internal activity such as inter-fund receivables and payables in the government-wide statements; therefore, transfers and balances between governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide statements. In the government-wide and fund financial statements, the amounts due from external parties (Court Clerk Agency Fund) at June 30, 2018 represent court fees collected on or before June 30, 2018 but not distributed to the governmental funds until after fiscal year end.

I. Program Revenues

Program revenues include federal and state grants, charges for tapes and copies of court proceedings, and court fees collected per state statute.

2. Cash in Banks

Section 6-10-17 NMSA 1978 requires that banks or savings and loans provide additional collateral on funds held that exceed the FDIC insurance limit. These excess funds are required to be fifty percent collateralized. The collateralization of the Court's bank accounts is monitored by the New Mexico State Treasurer's Office. The State Treasurer issues separate financial statements which disclose the collateral pledged to secure these deposits.

2. <u>Cash in Banks</u> (Continued)

Cash and cash equivalents at year-end are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds:	_	Bank Balance		Book Balance
Petty cash			\$_	850
Agency Funds:				
Cash in Banks:				
Wells Fargo Bank (Bonds and Litigants) NM Bank & Trust (Bonds and Litigants) Wells Fargo Bank (Court Clerk-Escrow Account) NM Bank & Trust (Court Clerk-Escrow Account)	\$	5,747,574 169,757 - 4,186	\$	5,738,405 167,757 5,944
Total Cash In Banks		5,921,517	\$	5,912,106
Less FDIC coverage Total uninsured public funds 50% collateral requirements (Section 6-10-17 NMSA 1978) Pledged Security	-	423,973 6,345,490 (3,172,745) *		
Pleaged Security	=			

^{*} The actual amount and detail of pledged collateral for the uninsured public funds is not available because the banks commingle pledged collateral for all state funds they hold and provide proof of collateral sufficient to cover all state funds deposited with the NM State Treasurer's Office.

3. <u>Investment in the State General Fund Investment Pool and Local Government Investment Pool</u>

State law (Section 8-6-3 NMSA 1978) requires the Court's cash to be managed by the New Mexico State Treasurer's Office. Accordingly, the investments of the Court consist of an interest in the State General Fund Investment Pool (SGFIP) and the Local Government Investment Pool LGIP).

Investments at year-end are classified as follows:		State reasurer Balance	Book Balance		
Governmental Funds:					
State Treasurer's State General Fund Investment Pool (GFIP)	\$	827,706	\$	805,787	
Agency Funds:					
State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP)		72,611		72,611	
Total In External Investment Pools	\$	900,317	\$_	878,398	

3. <u>Investment in the State General Fund Investment Pool and Local Government Investment Pool (Continued)</u>

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> - The New Mexico State Treasurer's Office has an investment policy that limits investment maturities to five years or less on allowable investments. This policy is the means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. This policy is reviewed and approved annually by the New Mexico State Board of Finance.

<u>Credit risk</u> - The State Treasurer's State General Fund Investment Pool is not rated.

The State Treasurer has the authority to invest money held in demand deposits and not immediately needed for the operation of state government in securities in accordance with Section 6-10-10 I through O, NMSA 1978, as amended. For additional GASBS 40 disclosure information regarding cash held by the New Mexico State Treasurer, the reader should see the separate audit report for the New Mexico State Treasurer's Office for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Court's deposits may not be returned. The Court's policy with regard to custodial credit risk is to adhere to the statutes of the State of New Mexico, Sections 6-10-15 through 6-10-21 NMSA 1978. As of June 30, 2018, \$5,451,572 of the Court's bank balances totaling \$5,921,517 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and collateral held by pledging bank not in the name of the Court or the State of New Mexico \$5.4

\$5,451,572

New Mexico LGIP

The Court invests a portion of its litigant agency funds in the State Treasurer's New Mexico Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), a money market fund which is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's.

The following additional disclosures are provided for the Court's investment in the New Mexico LGIP as of June 30, 2018:

Interest Rate Risk
Weighted Average
Account Balance Credit Risk Maturity (WAM)

\$72,611 AAAm (50) day WAM(R); (100) day WAM(F)

With respect to foreign currency risk, all investments in the LGIP are in U.S. dollar denominated assets. Therefore, the LGIP has no foreign currency risk. With respect to custodial credit risk, public funds are not required to disclose custodial credit risk for external investment pools.

3. <u>Investment in the State General Fund Investment Pool and Local Government Investment Pool</u> (Continued)

Therefore, the LGIP is exempt from this requirement. With respect to concentration of credit risk, public funds are not required to disclose concentration of credit risk for external investment pools. Therefore, the LGIP is exempt from this requirement.

State General Fund Investment Pool Reconciliation Update

According to the State Controller in a letter dated August 8, 2016 (Statewide Cash Reconciliation Update), "the Financial Control Division (FCD) in collaboration with the State Treasurer's Office implemented a comprehensive reconciliation model that compared aggregated agency claims on the State General Fund Investment Pool and to the associated resources held by the State Treasurer's Office. This process has now been reviewed by the IPAs performing audits of the State General Fund, the Department of Finance and Administration and the State of New Mexico's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for fiscal year 2015. Each review of the process deemed it to be adequate and the findings related to Cash Reconciliation were significantly reduced or eliminated. Successfully addressing this issue allowed the Department to reinstate \$100 million that had been reserved as a loss contingency. For FY2017, the following assertions are provided: 1) The calculated difference between resources maintained by STO and the agency claims has remained stable and within a narrow and acceptable range (less than \$200,000 standard deviation) over the last twelve months; 2) Resources are sufficient to cover claims and there is no need to adjust any specific business unit claim on the State General Fund Investment Pool; and 3) All claims will be honored at face value." As of June 30, 2018, the STO has reported that business process changes enacted through the continuation of the DFA/DOIT Cash Remediation Project 2 have resulted in significant improvements to the timeliness of accounting entries for disbursements with warrants for all remediated agencies now being processed through SHARE A/P. Additionally, agencies using third-party processors to generate ACH payments are providing transaction-level detail to A/P at approximately the same time that the ACH origination files are transmitted to the fiscal agent bank and STO confirms that each agency's interest in the SGFIP is stated correctly in all material respects.

The First Judicial District Court has reconciliation policies and procedures in place to ensure that the cash balances in SHARE are correct to the extent that the Court has control (i.e. collection, depositing, reconciling, bank statement validation, and documentation of outstanding reconciling items) of the cash it receipts and transfers to the State General Fund and other state agencies pursuant to state statute. The Court has four bank accounts, two for Rio Arriba County and two for Santa Fe/Los Alamos Counties. One bank account in each county is held under the oversight of the State Treasurer's Office and one account in each county is held for litigant and court clerk trust funds. To the extent possible, the Court reconciles all fines, fees and transfers that come into its possession including those receipts that are statutorily mandated to be sent to the State General Fund. The cash transactions processed by the Court flow through the State General Fund Investment Pool. Since SHARE was implemented, the Court recognized the statewide cash reconciliation issue and in response, developed internal reconciliation procedures to ensure that cash receipts and disbursements recorded in the SHARE system are in fact transactions that have been initiated by Court. The reconciliation occurs each month and any required adjustments

3. <u>Investment in the State General Fund Investment Pool and Local Government Investment Pool</u> (Continued)

State General Fund Investment Pool Reconciliation Update (Continued)

are forwarded to DFA/FCD for correction. Monthly reconciliation procedures throughout the fiscal year, include, but are not limited to, validation of allotments, deposits, expenditures, all general entries, operating transfers, payroll expenditures and liabilities by fund, and review of outstanding warrants within the Court's statewide case management system. The Court reports the timely completion of the reconciliation process to Court management monthly and conducts monthly management budget reviews to ensure that all cash deposits and financial transactions are accurately recorded and posted to the SHARE system. This monthly internal reconciliation of cash receipts and disbursements flowing through Court's share of the State General Fund Investment Pool provides management assurance that the balance reflected in State General Fund Investment Pool account is accurate as of the end of the reporting period. In addition, the Court reconciles other asset and liability accounts on the balance sheet of each fund type. This process also provides additional assurance that transactions affecting the Court's share in the State General Fund Investment Pool are accurate.

4. GASB Statements Adopted

GASB 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting for OPEB provided to the employees of state and local government employers through OPEB plans.

GASB 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. This statement establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes.

GASB Statement No. 81, Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements, was issued in March 2016. The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements periods beginning after December 15, 2016. This Statement requires that a government that receives resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement recognize assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the inception of the agreement. This Statement also requires that a government recognize assets representing its beneficial interests in irrevocable split-interest agreements that are administered by a third party, if the government controls the present service capacity of the beneficial interests. This Statement requires that a government recognize revenue when the resources become applicable to the reporting period. The District Court is still evaluating how this pronouncement will affect the financial statements.

4. GASB Statements Adopted (cont'd)

GASB Statement No 85, *Omnibus 2017*, was issued in March 2017. The requirements of the Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including the following:

- Blending a component unit in circumstances in which the primary government is a business-type activity that reports in a single column for financial statement presentation
- Reporting amounts previously reported as goodwill and "negative" goodwill
- Classifying real estate held by insurance entities
- Measuring certain money market investments and participating interest earning investment contracts at amortized cost
- Timing the measurement of pension or other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liabilities and expenditures recognized in financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus
- Recognizing on-behalf payments for pensions or OPEB in employer financial statements
- Presenting payroll-related measures in required supplementary information for purposes of reporting by OPEB plans and employers that provide OPEB
- Classifying employer-related member contributions for OPEB
- Simplifying certain aspects of the alternative measurement method for OPEB
- Accounting and financial reporting for OPEB provided through certain multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plans.

The District Court is still evaluating how the pronouncement will affect the financial statements.

5. Capital Assets - Governmental Activities

Cost	_	Balance 06/30/2017		Adjust- ments	_	Balance 06/30/2017	Additions	_	Deletions	-	Balance 06/30/2018
Furniture and fixtures	\$	697,047	\$	_	\$	697,047	\$ -	\$	(57,037)	\$	640,010
Equipment and machinery		133,052		-		133,052			(54,911)		78,141
Data processing		197,296		-		197,296	44,690		(84,030)		157,956
Vehicles		18,225		-		18,225	35,000		-		53,225
Library	_	29,974			_	29,974	-	-	(29,974)	-	
Total capital assets	_	1,075,594	. <u>-</u>		_	1,075,594	79,690		(225,952)	_	929,332
Accumulated Depreciation											
Furniture and fixtures		(323,328)		-		(323,328)	(90,285)		57,037		(356,576)
Equipment and machinery		(90,230)		-		(90,230)	(13,124)		54,911		(48,4 4 3)
Data processing		(123,877)		(15,094)		(138,971)	(38,943)		84,030		(93,884)
Vehicles		(3,949)		-		(3,949)	(3,645)		-		(7,594)
Library	_	(29,974)	. –		_	(29,974)		_	29,974	_	
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(571,358)		(15,094)	_	(586,452)	(145,997)	_	225,952	_	(506,497)
Net investment in capital assets	\$_	504,236	\$_	(15,094)	\$_	489,142	\$ (66,307)	\$_		\$_	422,835

5. <u>Capital Assets - Governmental Activities</u> (cont'd)

Current year depreciation expense of \$145,997 was charged to the judicial expenditure function In the Statement of Activities (Exhibit B). During the fiscal year, the Court capitalized equipment and data processing equipment for \$79,690.

6. <u>Due to/Due from Other State Agencies</u>

Due From Due to Agency-Fund Agency-Fund	Name of Other Agency	Du	e From	Due To	
33300-00000 23100-14100	Taxation & Revenue DeptMVD	\$	502 \$		
		\$	502 \$	_	

7. Summary of Changes in Compensated Absences Payable

		Balance			1			Balance
		6/30/2017		Increase		(Decrease)		6/30/2018
Amount Due Within One Year:	-				_			
Compensated absences payable	\$	220,401	\$	305,676	\$	(279,888)	\$	246,189
Long-Term:								
Compensated absences payable	_	35,071		21,277		(24,386)	_	31,962
Total:								
Compensated absences payable	\$_	255,472	\$_	326,953	\$_	(304,274)	\$_	278,151

The Court's General Fund (#14100) resources have been used to liquidate accrued compensated absences in the past.

8. Operating Leases

The First Judicial District Court has various leases for photocopy and other machines which can be terminated, with no penalty to the Court, if the NM State Legislature does not appropriate funds to the Court. Total lease and rent of equipment expenditures for FY2018 were \$48,019. For operating leases with remaining terms in excess of one year as of June 30, 2017, the minimum future rental payments for each of the next five years in the aggregate are as follows:

Year Ending J	une	<u>Amount</u>
2019	\$	20,637
2020		8,002
2021		5,501
2022		500
2023		-
	\$_	34,640

9. Pension Plan - Public Employees Retirement Association

Plan Description. Substantially all of the Court's full-time employees participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978). The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) is the administrator of the plan, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement benefits, disability benefits, survivor benefits and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. PERA issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to PERA, P.O. Box 2123, Santa Fe, NM 87504-2123. The report is also available on PERA's website at www.pera.state.nm.us.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute 8.92% (ranges from 6.28% to 18.15% depending upon the plan - i.e. state general, state hazardous duty, state police and adult correctional officers, municipal general, municipal police, municipal fire, municipal detention officer) of their gross salary. The Court is required to contribute 16.99% (ranges from 7.0% to 25.72% depending upon the plan) of the gross covered salary. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Court are established in State statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. The Court's employer contribution to PERA for the years ending June 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were \$624,592, \$620,479 and \$657,048, respectively, equal to the amount of the required contributions for each year.

GASB 68 – Financial Reporting and Disclosure for Multiple-Employer Cost Sharing Pension Plans by Employers. Compliant with the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, the State of New Mexico has implemented the standard for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016. The First Judicial District Court, as part of the primary government of the State of New Mexico, is a

9. Pension Plan - Public Employees Retirement Association (cont'd)

contributing employer to a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA). Disclosure requirements for governmental funds apply to the primary government as a whole, and as such, this information will be presented in the Component Appropriation Funds Annual Financial Report (General Fund) and the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the State of New Mexico. Information concerning the net pension liability, pension expense, and pension-related deferred inflows and outflows of resources of the primary government will be contained in the General Fund and the CAFR and will be available, when issued, from the Office of the State Controller, Room 166, Bataan Memorial Building, 407 Galisteo Street, Santa Fe, New Mexico, 87501.

10. Pension Plan - Judicial Retirement Act

Plan Description. Substantially all of the First Judicial District Court's Judges or Justices participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Judicial Retirement Act. The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) is the administrator of the plan, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement, disability benefits, and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. PERA issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to PERA, P.O. Box 2123, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2123. The report is also available on PERA's website at www.pera.state.nm.us.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10.5% of their gross salary. The Court is required to contribute 15% of the gross covered salary. The Court's contributions to JRA for the years ending June 30, 2018, 2017, and 2016 were \$154,219, \$160,715 and \$160,100, respectively, equal to the amount of the required contributions for each year.

In addition to the above, the Court remits \$38 of each filing fee collected by the Court into the Judicial Retirement Act plan as required by Section 10-12b-11 NMSA 1978. These fees are remitted directly to PERA and are not included within the accompanying financial statements. The Court remitted \$203,519 in filing fees for the year ending June 30, 2018.

GASB 68 – Financial Reporting and Disclosure for Single Employer Pension Plan (Judicial) by Employers. Compliant with the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, the State of New Mexico has implemented the standard for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. The First Judicial District Court, as part of the primary government of the State of New Mexico, is a single employer defined benefit pension plan (Judicial Retirement) administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA). Disclosure requirements for governmental funds apply to the primary government as a whole, and as such, this information will be presented in the Component Appropriation Funds Annual Financial Report (General Fund) and the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the State of New Mexico. Information concerning the net pension liability, pension expense, and pension-related deferred inflows and outflows of resources of the primary government will be contained in the General Fund and the

10. Pension Plan - Judicial Retirement Act (cont'd)

CAFR and will be available, when issued, from the Office of the State Controller, Room 166, Bataan Memorial Building, 407 Galisteo Street, Santa Fe, New Mexico, 87501.

11. Deferred Compensation

The State of New Mexico offers state, local government and school district employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all state employees and those local government and school district employees whose employers have elected participation in the plan, permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

There are employees that are making contributions to the Deferred Compensation Plan. Neither the Court nor the State of New Mexico make any contributions to the Deferred Compensation Plan. All contributions withheld from participants by the First Judicial District Court have been paid to the New Mexico Public Employee's Retirement Association, which administers the plan.

12. Post-Employment Benefits - State Retiree Health Care Plan

Compliant with the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the State of New Mexico has implemented this standard for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

The Court, as part of the State of New Mexico, is a contributing employer to a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan that provides comprehensive group health insurance for persons who have retired from certain public service positions in New Mexico. The other postemployment benefits (OPEB) Plan is administered by the Retiree Health Care Authority of the State of New Mexico (Retiree Health Care Fund). Overall, total OPEB liability exceeds OPEB Plan net position resulting in a net OPEB liability. The State has determined the State's share of the net OPEB liability to be a liability of the State as a whole, rather than any agency or department of the State and the liability will not be reported in the department or agency level financial statements of the State. All required disclosures will be presented in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the State of New Mexico.

Information concerning the net liability, benefit expense, and benefit related deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources of the primary government will be contained in the CAFR for the year ended June 30, 2018 and will be available, when issued, from the Office of the State Controller, Room 166, Bataan Memorial Building, 407 Galisteo Street, Santa Fe, New Mexico, 87501.

Contributions. Employer and employee contributions to the Retiree Health Care Fund (Fund) total 3% for non-enhanced retirement plans and 3.75% of enhanced retirement plans of each participating employee's salary as required by Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978. The contributions are established by statute and are not based on an actuarial calculation. All employer and employee contributions are non-refundable under any circumstance, including termination of the employer's participation in the Fund.

12. Post-Employment Benefits - State Retiree Health Care Plan (cont'd)

Contributions to the Fund by the Court were \$99,225 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

13. Risk Management and Litigation

The Court is insured through the Risk Management Division of the State of New Mexico, General Services Department. Coverage includes liability (general, automotive and civil rights), workers compensation, property, auto physical damage, and boiler & machinery. These coverages are designed to satisfy the requirements of the State Tort Claims Act. Coverage is provided for all employees of the Court for bonded losses up to \$2,000,000 with a \$2,500 deductible per claim by the State of New Mexico for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018.

There is a pending and threatened legal proceeding against the Court which is being covered by the policy with the Risk Management Division. At June 30, 2018, the Court had no claims which the Risk Management Division has determined would not be covered and which would become the responsibility of the Court.

14. Restatement of Net Position and Fund Balance - Prior Period Adjustments

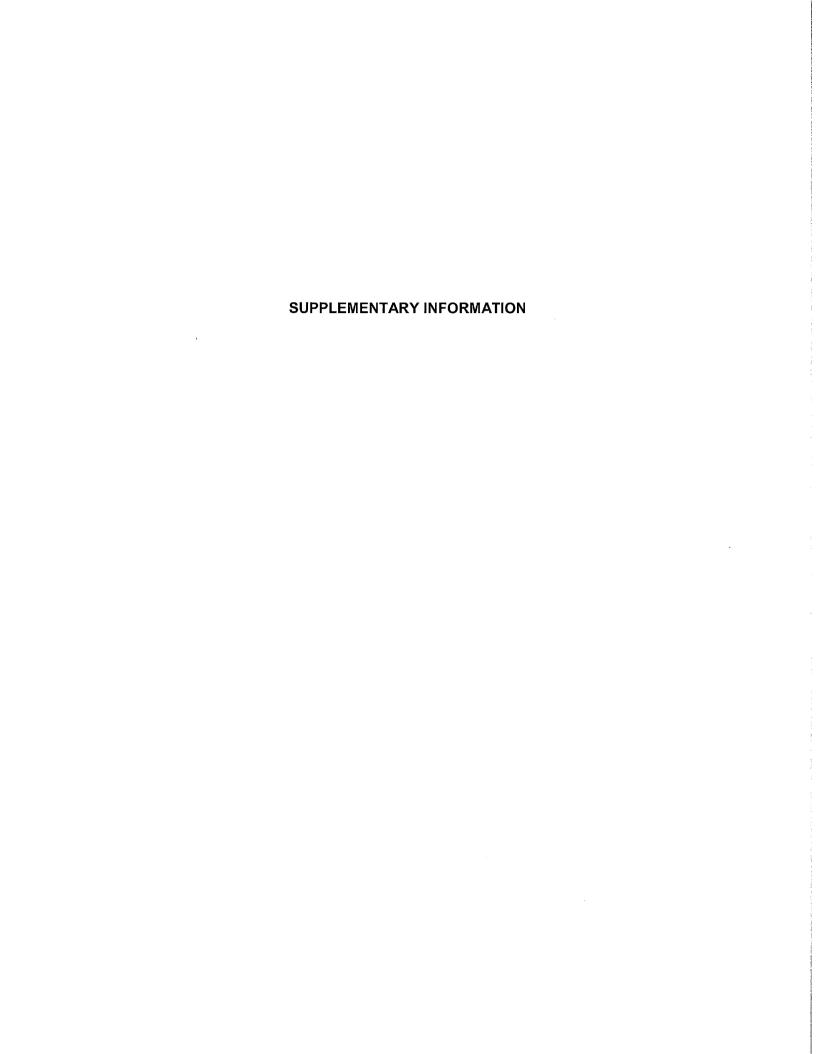
Accumulated depreciation on capital assets at June 30, 2017 was adjusted by a decrease of (\$15,094) in the Government-wide financial statements to correct a previous year error. In addition, Due from the State General Fund at June 30, 2017 was adjusted by a decrease of (\$123) in the Government-wide and General Fund financial statements to correct a previous year error.

15. Reversions to the State General Fund

Reversions to the State General Fund for FY 2018 resulted from unused State General Fund appropriations totaling \$14,003, excess receipts over budgeted court fees revenue of \$7,916 and miscellaneous revenue of \$632. The total reversions to the State General Fund amounted to \$22,551. Of the amount, \$21,919 was transferred to the State General Fund prior to September 30, 2018. The balance of \$632 is due to the State General Fund as of June 30, 2018.

15. Subsequent Events Review

A review of subsequent events through October 26, 2018 revealed no subsequent events which require disclosure.



Combining Balance Sheet General Fund - All Accounts June 30, 2018

		Gene			
	_	Fund 14100	Fund 91800	•	
		Court	Hearing		Total
		Regular	Officer		General
	_	Account	Account		Fund
<u>Assets</u>					
Interest in the State Treasurer General Fund					
Investment Pool	\$	316,699	\$ 214,774	\$	531,473
Petty cash		850	-		850
Other receivables		27,257	-		27,257
Due from other state agencies	_	502	 -		502
Total assets	\$_	345,308	\$ 214,774	\$	560,082
Liabilities and Fund Balance					
Liabilities:					
Vouchers payable	\$	93,409	\$ 61	\$	93,470
Accrued payroll		114,382	5,648		120,030
Payroll taxes payable		42,775	2,170		44,945
Payroll benefits payable		93,383	3,908		97,291
Due to State General Fund	_	632		. ,	632
Total liabilities	_	344,581	11,787		356,368
Fund Balance:					
Non-spendable		850	-		850
Restricted		-	202,987		202,987
Committed		-	-		-
Assigned		-	-		-
Unassigned	_	(123)	-		(123)
Total fund balance	_	727	202,987	,	203,714
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$_	345,308	\$ 214,774	\$	560,082

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and

Changes in Fund Balances General Fund - All Accounts

Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Genei			
		Fund 14100	 Fund 91800		Total
		Court	Hearing		General
		Regular Acct.	Officer Acct.	_	Fund
Revenues:					
Federal grants - interagency	\$	-	\$ 256,548	\$	256,548
Charges for services - interagency		306,654	-		306,654
Charges for services - court fees		77,916	-		77,916
Miscellaneous revenue		632		_	632
Total revenues		385,202	256,548	_	641,750
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Administrative Services		7,272,325	278,500		7,550,825
Capital outlay		79,690		_	79,690
Total expenditures		7,352,015	278,500	_	7,630,515
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(6,966,813)	(21,952)	_	(6,988,765)
Other financing sources:					
Transfer in:					
State general fund appropriation		6,904,200	_		6,904,200
Other state funds		85,164	_		85,164
Transfers out:		,			·
Reversion to State General Fund		(22,551)	_	-	(22,551)
Total other financing sources (uses)		6,966,813	<u> </u>	_	6,966,813
Net change in fund balances		-	(21,952)	_	(21,952)
Fund balance, beginning of year, as reported		850	224,939		225,789
Restatements:					
Adjustment to Due from State General Fund	-	(123)		-	(123)
Fund balance, beginning of year, as restated	-	727	224,939	-	225,666
Fund balance, end of year	\$	727	\$ 202,987	\$ _	203,714

Combining Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)

General Fund - Court Regular Account - (Fund 14100)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	General Fund - Court Regular Account - Fund 14100								
	•					Current Year			
						Actual		Variance	
		Original		Final		Budget		Favorable	
	_	Budget	_	Budget	_	Basis		(Unfavorable)	
Revenues:									
State appropriations	\$	6,904,200	\$	6,904,200	\$	6,904,200	\$	-	
Other financing sources - other state funds		85,200		85,200		85,164		(36)	
Charges for services - interagency		336,000		336,000		306,654		(29,346)	
Charges for services - court fees		70,000		70,000		77,916		7,916	
Miscellaneous revenue	_	-			-	632		632_	
Total revenues		7,395,400		7,395,400	\$	7,374,566	\$	(20,834)	
Cash balance appropriated	_	-			_				
Total budgeted resources	\$	7,395,400	\$	7,395,400					
	-		i		•				
Expenditures:									
Administrative services:									
Personal services & benefits	\$	6,584,600	\$	6,420,600	\$	6,412,499	\$	•	
Contractual services		489,500		466,900		435,639		31,261	
Other costs (includes capital outlay)	_	321,300		507,900		503,877		4,023	
Total expenditures	\$_	7,395,400	\$	7,395,400	\$	7,352,015	\$	43,385	
Reconciliation of GAAP basis to budgetary basis:			Revenues		Expenditures				
GAAP basis			\$	7,374,566	\$	7,352,015			
Adjustments: None			•	-					
Budgetary basis			\$	7,374,566	\$	7,352,015			

Note:

The actual expenditures on the budget basis do not include any accounts payable that required a request to pay prior-year bills out of the FY 2019 budget.

Combining Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)

General Fund - Hearing Officer Account (Fund 91800) Year Ended June 30, 2018

		General Fund - Hearing Officer Account - Fund 91800								
	_	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Budget Basis		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues:										
Federal contract - Interagency	\$_	256,500	. \$.	256,500	. \$	256,548	\$	48_		
Total revenues		256,500		256,500	\$	256,548	\$	48		
Cash balance appropriated	-	-		25,000						
Total budgeted resources	\$_	256,500	\$ _	281,500						
Expenditures:										
Administrative services:										
Personal services & benefits	\$	246,500	\$	276,500	\$	275,101	\$	1,399		
Contractual services		10,000		5,000		-		5,000		
Other costs	-	-				3,399		(3,399)		
Total expenditures	\$=	256,500	\$ =	281,500	\$	278,500	\$	3,000		
Reconciliation of GAAP basis to budg	etary b	asis:	_	Revenues		Expenditures				
GAAP basis			\$	256,548	\$	278,500				
Adjustments: None			-	-						
Budgetary basis			\$_	256,548	\$	278,500				

Note:

The actual expenditures on the budget basis do not include any accounts payable that required a request to pay prior-year bills out of the FY 2019 budget.

Combining Statement of Revenues and Expenditures

Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)

Total General Fund - Court Regular Account (Fund 14100) and Hearing Officer Account (Fund 91800)

Year Ended June 30, 2018

(To Ex	hibit G)
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Total General Fund

(10 = 1.1	Court Regular (Fund 14100) and Hearing Officer (Fund 91800)							
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Budget Basis		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:	_		•					
State appropriations	\$	6,904,200	\$	6,904,200	\$	6,904,200	\$	-
Federal contract - interagency		256,500		256,500		256,548		48
Other financing sources - other state funds		85,200		85,200		85,164		(36)
Charges for services - interagency		336,000		336,000		306,654		(29,346)
Charges for services - court fees		70,000		70,000		77,916		7,916
Miscellaneous revenue	_	-	-	-		632		632
Total revenues		7,651,900		7,651,900	\$ _	7,631,114	\$	(20,786)
Cash balance appropriated	_		_	25,000				
Total budgeted resources	\$_	7,651,900	\$ _	7,676,900				
Expenditures:								
Administrative services:								
Personal services & benefits	\$	6,831,100	\$	6,697,100	\$	6,687,600	\$	9,500
Contractual services		499,500		471,900		435,639		36,261
Other costs (includes capital outlay)	_	321,300	-	507,900		507,276		624
Total expenditures	\$_	7,651,900	\$_	7,676,900	\$_	7,630,515	\$	46,385

Reconciliation of GAAP basis to budgetary basis:		Revenues	Expenditures
GAAP basis	\$	7,631,114	\$ 7,630,515
Adjustments: None	_	-	
Budgetary basis	\$_	7,631,114	\$ 7,630,515

Note:

The actual expenditures on the budget basis do not include any accounts payable that required a request to pay prior-year bills out of the FY 2018 budget.

Combining Balance Sheet Other Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

		Sp	ds		(Exhibit C)			
Assets		Fund 87800 Alternative Dispute Resolution	•	Fund 51600 Drug Court Fees		Fund 01600 Drug Court	•	Total Other Governmental Funds
Interest in the State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool Other receivables Due from grantor	\$	173,746 585 -	\$	8,409 - 	\$	- - 18,395	\$	182,155 585 18,395
Total assets	\$	174,331	\$	8,409	\$	18,395	\$	201,135
Liabilities and Fund Balance Liabilities: Interest in the State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool (deficit) Vouchers payable Total liabilities	\$	- 57 57	\$	- - -	\$	14,193 4,202 18,395	\$	14,193 4,259 18,452
Fund balance: Non-spendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total fund balance	-	- 174,274 - - - - 174,274		- 8,409 - - - - 8,409		- - - -		- 182,683 - - - - - 182,683
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$_	174,331	\$	8,409	\$	18,395	\$	201,135

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Other Non-Major Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Sp	(Exhibit E)			
		Fund 87800 Alternative Dispute Resolution	Fund 51600 Drug Court Fees	Fund 01600 Drug Court	Total Other Governmental Funds	
Revenues:						
Federal grants - operating	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 41,989	\$ 41,989	
Charges for services - court fees		69,339	430		69,769	
Total revenues	-	69,339	430	41,989	111,758	
Expenditures: Current:						
Administrative Services	-	3,149		41,989	45,138	
Net change in fund balance		66,190	430	-	66,620	
Fund balance, beginning of year	-	108,084	7,979		116,063	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	174,274	\$ 8,409	\$ 	\$ 182,683	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) Non-Major Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Alternative Dispute Resolution Special Revenue - Fund 87800							
	_	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Budgetary Basis		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues:									
Charges for services - court fees	\$_	132,100	\$.	132,100	\$	69,339	\$	(62,761)	
Total revenues	\$ =	132,100	\$	132,100	\$	69,339	\$	(62,761)	
Expenditures: Administrative services:									
Personal services & benefits	\$	101,700	\$	101,700	\$	_	\$	101,700	
Contractual services	Ψ	15,000	Ψ	15,000	Ψ	_	Ψ	15,000	
Other costs	_	15,400	_	15,400		3,148		12,252	
Total expenditures	\$_	132,100	\$_	132,100	\$	3,148	\$	128,952	
Reconciliation of GAAP basis to budgetary basis:			· -	Revenues		Expenditures			
GAAP basis			\$	69,339	\$	3,148			
Adjustments: None.			-	-		-			
Budgetary basis			\$_	69,339	\$	3,148			

Note: The actual expenditures on the budget basis do not include any accounts payable that required a request to pay prior-year bills out of the FY 2019 budget.

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) Non-Major Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

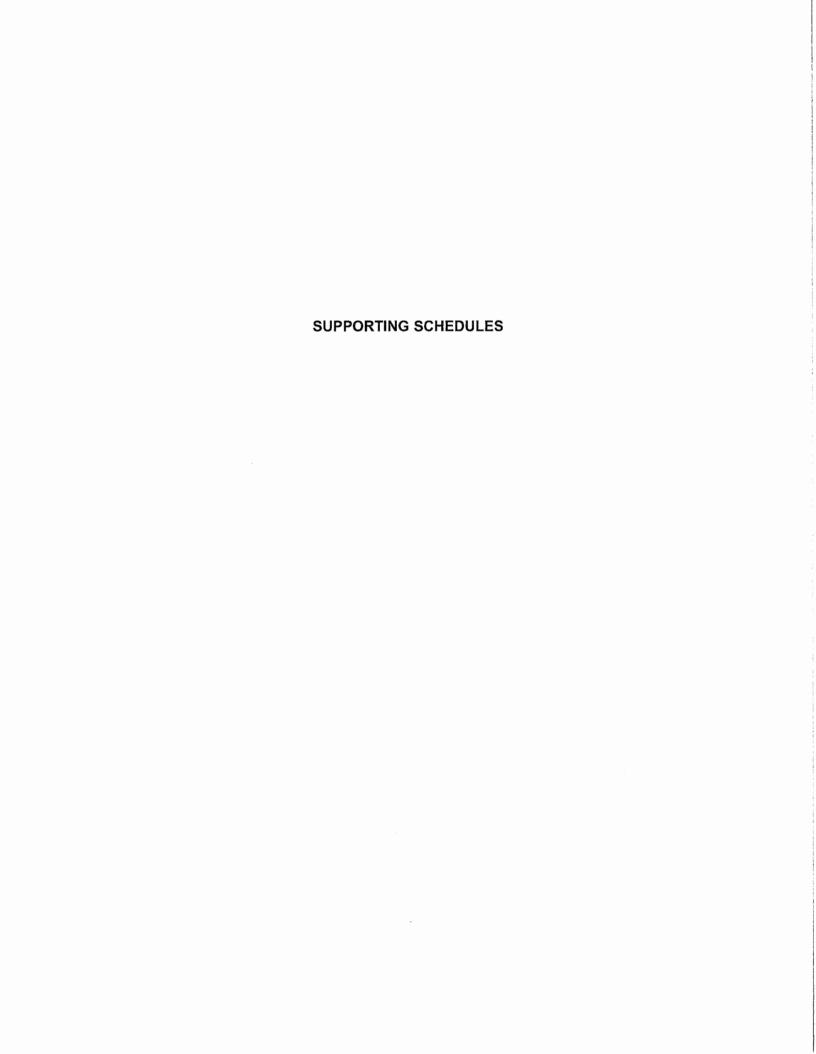
		Drug Court Fees Special Revenue - Fund 51600								
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Budgetary Basis		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues:										
Charges for services - court fees	\$_	5,000	\$_	5,000	\$.	430	\$.	(4,570)		
Total revenues	\$_	5,000	\$_	5,000	\$	430	\$.	(4,570)		
Expenditures:										
Administrative services: Personal services & benefits	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-		
Contractual services		-		-		-		-		
Other costs	_	5,000	-	5,000				5,000		
Total expenditures	\$_	5,000	\$_	5,000	\$	-	\$	5,000		
Reconciliation of GAAP basis to budgetary basis:				Revenues		Expenditures				
GAAP basis			\$	430	\$	-				
Adjustments: None.			-	-						
Budgetary basis			\$_	430	\$	-				

Note: The actual expenditures on the budget basis do not include any accounts payable that required a request to pay prior-year bills out of the FY 2019 budget.

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) Non-Major Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Drug Court Account Special Revenue - Fund 01600									
	_					Actual		Variance			
		Original		Final		Budgetary		Favorable			
		Budget		Budget		Basis	(1	Jnfavorable)			
Revenues:	_		-		-		·				
Federal grants	\$_	63,600	\$_	63,600_	\$_	41,989	\$_	(21,611)			
Total revenues		63,600		63,600	\$_	41,989	\$_	(21,611)			
Cash balance appropriated	_	<u> </u>	_								
Total budgeted resources	\$_	63,600	\$_	63,600							
Expenditures:											
Administrative services:											
Personal services & benefits	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-			
Contractual services		51,700		51,700		37,815		13,885			
Other costs	_	11,900	_	11,900	_	4,174	_	7,726			
Total expenditures	\$_	63,600	\$_	63,600	\$_	41,989	\$_	21,611			
Reconciliation of GAAP basis to budgetary basis:				Revenues	E	Expenditures					
GAAP basis			\$	41,989	\$	41,989					
Adjustments: None.			_		_	-					
Budgetary basis			\$_	41,989	\$_	41,989					

Note: The actual expenditures on the budget basis do not include any accounts payable that required a request to pay prior-year bills out of the FY 2019 budget.



STATE OF NEW MEXICO FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Beginning Balance		Additions		Deletions	Ending Balance
<u>Assets</u>							
Cash and cash equivalents:							
Court Clerk Accounts	\$	10,319	\$	1,104,217	\$	(1,108,592) \$	
Bond and Litigant Accounts	-	12,829,702		2,606,965	-	(9,457,894)	5,978,773
Total Assets	\$_	12,840,021	\$_	3,711,182	\$_	(10,566,486)	5,984,717
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Deposits Held for Others:							
First Judicial District Court:							
General Fund - Court Regular	\$	1,244	\$	80,376	\$	(80,062) \$	•
Alternative Dispute Resolution Drug Court Fees		465		68,463 430		(68,568) (430)	360
Mediation		1,780		142,762		(144,081)	461
		3,489		292,031		(293,141)	2,379
E double Borton						_	
External Parties: State General Fund		1,145		119,282		(119,877)	550
Other State Agencies		5,685		665,743		(668,413)	3,015
Litigants	_	12,829,702		2,606,965	_	(9,457,894)	5,978,773
	_	12,836,532		3,391,990	_	(10,246,184)	5,982,338
Total Deposits Held for Others	-	12,840,021	. <u>-</u>	3,684,021	_	(10,539,325)	5,984,717
Total Liabilities	\$	12,840,021	\$	3,684,021	\$	(10,539,325) \$	5,984,717

STATE OF NEW MEXICO FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT Schedule of Operating Transfers Year Ended June 30, 2018

	From SHARE	To SHARE	Account			Tra	ansfe	fer	
	Agency/Fund	Agency/Fund	Number	Title		In		Out	
1	21800/13900	23100/14100	499905	Administrative Office of the Courts	\$	85,164	\$		
2	34101/85300	23100/14100	499105	Department of Finance and Administration		6,904,200		-	
3	23100/14100	34101/85300	566100	Department of Finance and Administration	_			21,919	
					\$	6,989,364	\$	21,919	

¹ Administrative Office of the Courts - Cass and Water appropriation - FY 2018

² State General Fund appropriatrion - FY 2018

³ State General Fund appropriation reversion - FY 2018

STATE OF NEW MEXICO FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT Schedule of Deposits and Investments June 30, 2018

		Balance		Reco	nci ems	_		Reconciled Balance		
	Type of	Fund		per	-	Outstanding	J	Deposits in		at
	Account	No.	-	Depository		Checks		Transit		June 30, 2018
Governmental Funds										
Interest in State General Fund Investment Pool:										
General Fund - Court Regular	Operating	14100	\$	338,618	\$	(21,919)	\$	-	\$	316,699
Child Support Hearing Officer	Operating	91800		214,774		-		-		214,774
Court Mediation	Operating	91700		106,352		-		-		106,352
Drug Court Alternative Dispute Resolution	Operating Operating	01600 87800		(14,193) 173,746		-		-		(14,193) 173,746
STB Capital Outlay	Operating	89200		173,740		-		<u>-</u>		-
Drug Court Fees	Operating	51600	_	8,409						8,409
				827,706		(21,919)		-		805,787
Petty Cash	N/A		_	850						850
Total Governmental Funds			\$_	828,556	\$	(21,919)	\$		\$	806,637
			_							
Agency Funds										
Litigant Accounts:										
Wells Fargo Bank (Bonds)	Checking		\$	5,747,574	\$	(9,169)	\$	-	\$	5,738,405
NM Bank & Trust (Bonds)	Checking		_	169,757		(2,000)		<u></u>		167,757
New Marine Level Covernment				5,917,331		(11,169)		-		5,906,162
New Mexico Local Government Investment Pool	Interest		_	72,611				-		72,611
				5,989,942		(11,169)		-		5,978,773
Court Clerk Accounts:			_							
Wells Fargo Bank	Checking			-		-		5,944		5,944
NM Bank & Trust	Checking		_	4,186		(4,186)				-
			_	4,186		(4,186)		5,944		5,944
Total Agency Funds			\$_	5,994,128	\$	(15,355)	\$	5,944	\$	5,984,717



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mary L. Marlowe Sommer, Chief Judge First Judicial District Court Santa Fe, New Mexico and Mr. Wayne Johnson New Mexico State Auditor Santa Fe, New Mexico

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons of the general fund and major special revenue funds of the State of New Mexico - First Judicial District Court (Court), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Court's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 26, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Court's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Court's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Court's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any

deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Court's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Robert J. Rivera, CPA, PC Santa Fe, New Mexico

Collect J. Kwéra, CPA, PC

October 26, 2018

STATE OF NEW MEXICO FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT Schedule of Findings and Responses June 30, 2018

I. STATUS OF PRIOR-YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

a. Repeated in current-year

None.

b. Resolved and not included in current-year

None.

II. CURRENT-YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

None.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT Financial Statement Preparation and Exit Conference June 30, 2018

Financial Statement Preparation

The financial statements and schedules were prepared by the independent certified public accountant performing the audit with the assistance of the Court's staff. Management of the Court is responsible for ensuring that the books and records adequately support the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and that records are current and in balance. Management has reviewed and approved the financial statements and schedules.

Exit Conference

An exit conference was held on October 30, 2018, to discuss the results of the audit and the contents of this report. The following individuals were in attendance:

State of New Mexico - First Judicial District Court

Honorable Mary L. Marlowe Sommer, Chief Judge Stephen T. Pacheco, Court Executive Officer Kathleen J. Vigil, Deputy Court Executive Officer Nina T. Ulibarri, Financial Specialist Supervisor

Audit Firm - Robert J. Rivera, CPA, PC

Robert J. Rivera, CPA William J. Valdes