



# HINKLE + LANDERS

Certified Public Accountants + Business Consultants

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO  
JUDICIAL STANDARDS  
COMMISSION  
Independent Auditors' Report  
And Financial Statements  
For The Year Ended  
June 30, 2012**



**STATE OF NEW MEXICO  
 JUDICIAL STANDARDS COMMISSION  
 INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT  
 AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
 For The Year Ended June 30, 2012**

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**STATE OF NEW MEXICO  
 JUDICIAL STANDARDS COMMISSION  
 OFFICIAL ROSTER  
 As of June 30, 2012**

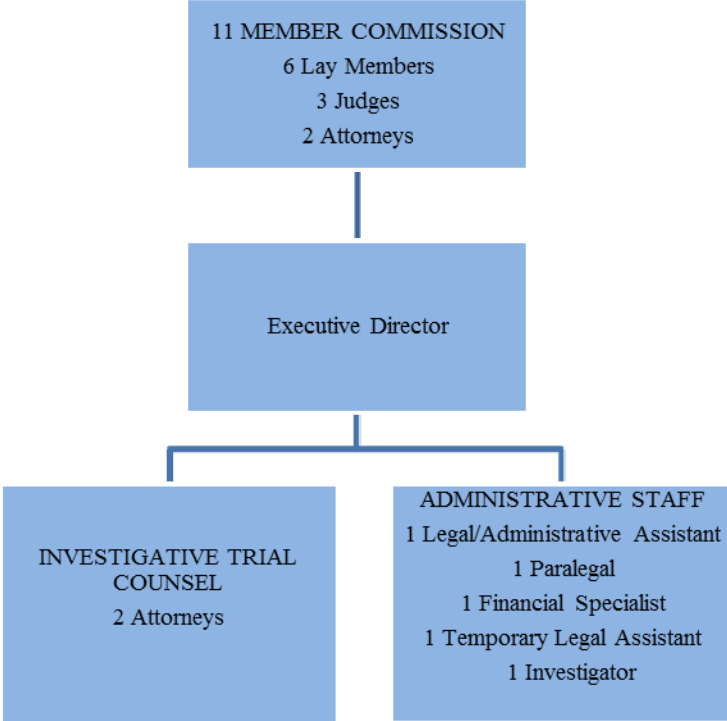
**Commissioners**

<b>Name</b>	<b>Position</b>	<b>Appointed By</b>
Ms. Joyce Bustos	Chair	Governor
Ms. Malinda Williams	Vice-Chair	Governor
Mr. Michael Castro	Commissioner	Governor
Ms. Elizabeth Paiz	Commissioner	Governor
Mr. Alfonso Solis	Commissioner	Governor
Ms. Darla Wax	Commissioner	Governor
Hon. Buddy J. Hall	Commissioner	Supreme Court
Hon. Nan G. Nash.	Commissioner	Supreme Court
Hon. Jerry H. Ritter, Jr.	Commissioner	Supreme Court
Ms. Rosemary Maestas-Swazo, Esq.	Commissioner	Board of Bar Commissioners
Mr. Norman S. Thayer, Esq.	Commissioner	Board of Bar Commissioners

**Administrative Officers**

<b>Name</b>	<b>Position</b>
Mr. Randall D. Roybal, Esq.	Executive Director

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO  
JUDICIAL STANDARDS COMMISSION  
ORGANIZATIONAL CHART  
As of June 30, 2012**





**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

Mr. Randall D. Roybal, Executive Director  
State of New Mexico Judicial Standards Commission  
and  
Mr. Hector Balderas, New Mexico State Auditor

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the budgetary comparisons of the general fund and the major special revenue fund of the State of New Mexico Judicial Standards Commission (Commission) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Commission's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note IA, the financial statements of the Commission are intended to present the financial position and results of operations of only that portion of the financial reporting entity of the State of New Mexico that is attributable to the transactions of the Commission.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Commission as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons of the general fund and the special revenue fund for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 27, 2012, on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 8 be presented to supplement the basic

financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



Hinkle + Landers, P.C.  
November 27, 2012

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO  
JUDICIAL STANDARDS COMMISSION  
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012**

**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Financial data presented in these financial statements is for the activities of the Judicial Standards Commission as a single agency. It does not purport to represent the State of New Mexico as a whole.

All of the Commission's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus largely on the establishment of an appropriation by the state legislature and the expenditure of this money in accordance with a budget. General fund appropriations not expended or encumbered at year-end revert to the general fund. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The differences between governmental activities and governmental funds are reconciled on pages 11 and 12.

The Commission implemented the provisions of GASB 34 effective July 1, 2001. With the implementation of this statement, the presentation of the financial statements are significantly different from the previous general-purpose financial statements.

The new financial model includes: Management's Discussion and Analysis

This document is used to provide an objective analysis of the Commission's financial activities based on currently known facts, decision, or conditions. It provides an analysis of the Commission's overall financial position and results of operations, to assist users in assessing whether the financial position of the Commission has improved as a result of the year's activities. Additionally, it provides an analysis of significant changes that have occurred in funds and significant budget variances. It should be read in conjunction with the financial statements, which begin on page 9.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to be corporate-like in that all governmental and business-type activities are consolidated into columns that add to a total for the Commission and consist of a statement of net assets and a statement of activities. These statements report all of the Commission's assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, and gains and losses. The Commission did not have any business type activities during the year ended June 30, 2012.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements are similar to the financial statements presented in the previous accounting model. Emphasis here is on the Major funds in either the governmental or business-type categories. Non-major funds (by category) or fund type are summarized into a single column. Due to the fund structure of the Commission, the only individual governmental funds are the General Fund and the Investigation and Trial Cost Reimbursement Fund, which have both been classified as a major fund. The Commission has no non-major funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements consist of notes that provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the Commission's basic financial statements.



**STATE OF NEW MEXICO  
JUDICIAL STANDARDS COMMISSION  
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012**

**Condensed financial information comparing current year to prior year:**

	<b>Statement of Net Assets</b>	
	<b>2012</b>	<b>2011</b>
<b>Assets</b>		
Interest in SGFIP and Cash	\$ 38,265	50,598
Receivables	-	-
Interest receivables	-	-
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	4,548	7,309
Total assets	<u>\$ 42,813</u>	<u>57,907</u>
<b>Current liabilities</b>	\$ 70,241	85,250
<b>Noncurrent liabilities</b>		
Compensated absences payable expected to be paid after one year	8,392	9,204
Total liabilities	<u>78,633</u>	<u>94,454</u>
<b>Net assets</b>		
Invested in capital assets	4,548	7,309
Restricted for investigation	1,545	2,115
Unrestricted (deficit)	<u>(41,913)</u>	<u>(45,971)</u>
Total net assets	<u>(35,820)</u>	<u>(36,547)</u>
Total net assets and liabilities	<u>\$ 42,813</u>	<u>57,907</u>

**The Commission's net assets decreased by \$727 from 2012 to 2011.**

	<b>Statement of Activities</b>	
	<b>2012</b>	<b>2011</b>
<b>Revenues</b>		
Program	\$ 5,743	2,237
General fund appropriation	706,900	731,300
Interest earned on judgment receivable of reimbursement costs	-	-
Reversion to state general fund	<u>(1,680)</u>	<u>(14,191)</u>
Total revenues	<u>710,963</u>	<u>719,346</u>
<b>Expenses</b>		
General government	<u>(710,236)</u>	<u>(734,653)</u>
Change in net assets:	727	(15,307)
Net assets (deficit) - beginning of year	<u>(36,547)</u>	<u>(21,240)</u>
Net assets (deficit) - end of year	<u>\$ (35,820)</u>	<u>(36,547)</u>

The State of New Mexico Judicial Standards Commission is an independent state agency established by the New Mexico Constitution to investigate and prosecute cases of willful misconduct in office (judicial); persistent failure or inability to perform judicial duties; habitual intemperance; and disability or impairment of a permanent nature or those likely to become permanent, which seriously interferes with the performance of a judge's duties. Where appropriate, the Commission holds hearings and, if violations are found, recommends discipline to the New Mexico Supreme Court.

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO  
 JUDICIAL STANDARDS COMMISSION  
 MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2012**

Of the 152 cases completed and disposed in FY 12, the Commission concluded 20 cases (involving 11 judges) through formal proceedings (trials and/or Supreme Court proceedings) and issued 3 informal letters of caution. 69 cases were dismissed as appellate, 5 cases because they concerned individuals beyond our jurisdiction, 48 cases as unsubstantiated, and 3 after substantive investigations had been completed. In 2 cases, the judges were referred for informal remedial measures, which may have included mentorship, education, counseling, or other assistance. The Commission abated 2 pending cases after the judges were removed or permanently retired or resigned through formal proceedings.

In FY 12, the Agency expended \$705,230.69 from the General Fund as follows:

**FY 12 EXPENDITURES**

<b>DESCRIPTION</b>	<b>AMOUNT</b>	<b>PERCENTAGE</b>
Employee Compensation	\$419,314.11	59.4%
Employee Benefits & Taxes	137,293.67	19.5%
Employee Training & Licensing	8,228.11	1.2%
Commission Travel	4,579.25	0.6%
Investigation & Prosecution	3,957.29	0.6%
Contractual Services	21,023.53	3.0%
Rent, Telecom, IT & Overhead	84,344.31	12.0%
Equipment, Supplies & Postage	26,490.42	3.7%
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$705,230.69</b>	<b>100%</b>

In FY 12, the Agency expended \$6,301.83 from Fund 11110 Trial Costs and Reimbursements as follows:

<b>DESCRIPTION</b>	<b>AMOUNT</b>
Investigation & Prosecution	6,069.26
Equipment, Supplies & Postage	213.82
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$6,301.83</b>

**Analysis of balances and transactions on a fund basis:**

The Commission operates two governmental funds in which all activity related to the Commission are recorded. The financial statements beginning on page 9 present the financial position and results of operations for the governmental fund. All appropriations are from annual appropriations by New Mexico State Legislature.

In FY 05, the Commission resumed seeking imposition of fines and cost reimbursement on judges who were sanctioned. The Commission collects both fines and cost reimbursement, but fines are directed to the Supreme Court, whereas cost reimbursements are processed by the Commission. The Commission received statutory authority to use cost reimbursement funds (other state funds) in FY 12 up to \$25,000. In FY 12 the Commission recovered a total of \$5,732.05 in cost reimbursements.

**Significant variances between the Commission's original budget, final budget and actual expenditures:**

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO  
JUDICIAL STANDARDS COMMISSION  
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012**

For FY 12, the State Legislature initially appropriated \$706,900 to the Commission from the general fund. The Legislature authorized an additional \$30,000 in budget adjustment request authority for investigation trial cost reimbursements. The Commission collected cost reimbursements in the amount of \$5,732.05. The Commission's General Fund expenditures totaled \$705,230.69. The Commission also expended \$6,301.83 of the Trial Costs and Reimbursement Fund. The grand total of FY12 expenditures was \$711,532.52

The Commission did not expend \$1,669.31 of its FY 12 General Fund appropriation, which was reverted to the general fund. The reversion was due primarily to staff vacancies.

The Commission retained \$1,545.38 of the Trial Costs and Reimbursement Fund.

**Activity relating to the Commission's capital assets and long-term debt activity during the year:**

The Commission's long term debt at June 30, 2012 in the amount of \$33,570 represents the estimated future cost of compensated absences that will be funded and paid from future appropriations. Compensated absences represent the amount of accrued but unused vacation and sick time at current rates to be paid from future appropriations.

Additionally, in FY 12 the Commission disposed of \$0.00 of obsolete and surplus assets, both capitalized and non-capitalized.

**Currently known facts, decisions or conditions expected to impact the Commission's financial position and results of operation:**

The State of New Mexico's ongoing revenue shortfalls continue to negatively impact the Commission's financial position. In FY 12, the Commission's budget and appropriations were reduced to \$24,700.00. The full impact of the State's financial situation is yet to be determined. The Commission's budget has been cut \$144,700.00 since FY 09.

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, legislators and other interested parties a general overview of the Commission's finances and to demonstrate the Commission's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need addition financial information, please contact:

Randall D. Roybal  
Executive Director  
State of New Mexico  
Judicial Standards Commission  
P.O. Box 27248  
Albuquerque, NM 87125-7248  
(505) 222-9353

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO  
NEW MEXICO JUDICIAL STANDARDS COMMISSION  
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (DEFICIT)  
As of June 30, 2012**

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
<b>ASSETS</b>	
<b>Current assets</b>	
Petty cash	\$ 50
Investments in state general fund investment pool	38,215
Receivables	-
Total current assets	<u>38,265</u>
Capital assets, net	<u>4,548</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 42,813</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>	
<b>Current liabilities</b>	
Accounts payable	\$ 11,270
Accrued payroll and taxes	23,721
Due to State General Fund (reversion FY 12)	1,680
Compensated absences payable - expected to be paid within one year	<u>33,570</u>
Total current liabilities	<u>70,241</u>
<b>Noncurrent liabilities</b>	
Compensated absences payable - expected to be paid after one year	<u>8,392</u>
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>8,392</u>
Total liabilities	<u>78,633</u>
<b>NET ASSETS (DEFICIT)</b>	
Invested in capital assets	4,548
Restricted for investigation/prosecution reimbursements	1,545
Unrestricted (deficit)	<u>(41,913)</u>
Total net assets (deficit)	<u>(35,820)</u>
Total net assets and liabilities	<u>\$ 42,813</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO  
NEW MEXICO JUDICIAL STANDARDS COMMISSION  
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012**

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>
<b>EXPENSES</b>	
General government	\$ (710,236)
Less: Program revenues	
Fines, fees and reimb. of trial costs and other revenue	5,743
	5,743
Net program (expense)/revenue	(704,493)
 <b>GENERAL REVENUES (EXPENSES)</b>	
Transfers - State General Fund appropriation	706,900
less Transfers reversion to State General Fund FY 12	(1,680)
Transfers - Compensation Allocation appropriation	-
Interest earned on receivable of reimbursement of trial costs	-
Loss on disposition of capital assets	-
Total general revenues (expenses)	705,220
 <b>Change in net assets</b>	727
Net assets, beginning of year	(36,547)
Net assets (deficit), end of year	\$ (35,820)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO  
NEW MEXICO JUDICIAL STANDARDS COMMISSION  
BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND  
As of June 30, 2012**

	<b>General Fund</b>	<b>Investig. &amp; Trial Cost Reimb. Fund</b>	<b>Total Govern- mental Funds</b>
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Petty cash	\$ 50	-	50
Investments in state general fund investment pool	35,192	3,023	38,215
Receivable - judgment, net of allowance account	-	-	-
Total assets	\$ 35,242	3,023	38,265
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
Vouchers payable	\$ 9,791	1,478	11,269
Accrued payroll and taxes	23,721	-	23,721
Due to state general fund	1,680	-	1,680
Total liabilities	35,192	1,478	36,670
<b>FUND BALANCES</b>			
<b>Restricted:</b>			
Investigation/Prosecution Reimbursements	-	1,545	1,545
<b>Unassigned - Petty Cash</b>	<b>50</b>	-	<b>50</b>
Total fund balances	50	1,545	1,595
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 35,242	3,023	38,265
Total fund balances - Governmental Funds			\$ 1,595
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different at June 30, because:			
Rounding			(1)
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statements.			4,548
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund:			
Compensated absences			(41,962)
Net assets (deficit) of governmental activities (Statement of Net Assets)			\$ (35,820)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO**  
**NEW MEXICO JUDICIAL STANDARDS COMMISSION**  
**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND**  
**BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUND**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2012**

	<b>General Fund</b>	<b>Investig. &amp; Trial Cost Reimb. Fund</b>	<b>Total Govern- mental Funds</b>
<b>REVENUES</b>			
Court fines and forfeitures	\$ -	5,732	<b>5,732</b>
Reimbursement of trial costs other revenue	-	-	-
Miscellaneous income	11	-	<b>11</b>
Interest earned on receivable of reimbursement of trial costs	-	-	-
Total revenues	11	5,732	<b>5,743</b>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>			
<b>Current</b>			
General government:			
Personal services/employee benefits	556,608	-	<b>556,608</b>
Contractual services	21,024	-	<b>21,024</b>
Other costs	127,599	6,302	<b>133,901</b>
Total expenditures	705,231	6,302	<b>711,533</b>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(705,220)	(570)	<b>(705,790)</b>
<b>OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES)</b>			
Transfers - State General Fund appropriation	706,900	-	<b>706,900</b>
less Transfers reversion to State General Fund FY 12	(1,680)	-	<b>(1,680)</b>
Transfers - Compensation Allocation appropriation	-	-	-
Total other financial sources (uses)	705,220	-	<b>705,220</b>
Net change in fund balances	-	(570)	<b>(570)</b>
Fund balances, beginning of year	50	2,115	<b>2,165</b>
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 50	1,545	<b>1,595</b>
Net change fund balance in governmental funds		\$	<b>(570)</b>
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.			
In the current period, these amounts are:			
Depreciation expense			<b>(2,761)</b>
Capital outlay included as additions in capital assets			-
Loss on disposition of capital assets only affects the governmental activities and not the fund financials			-
Rounding			<b>(1)</b>
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
These activities consist of:			
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences			<b>4,059</b>
Change in net assets - governmental activities		\$	<b>727</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO  
NEW MEXICO JUDICIAL STANDARDS COMMISSION  
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES  
(Modified Accrual Budgetary Basis)  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012**

**GENERAL FUND (13500)**

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>		<b>Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis</b>	<b>Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)</b>
	<b>Original</b>	<b>Final</b>		
<b>REVENUES</b>				
Miscellaneous income	\$ -	-	11	11
Total revenues	-	-	11	11
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>				
<b>Current</b>				
General government:				
Personal services/Employee benefits	572,000	558,000	556,608	1,392
Contractual services	28,000	21,300	21,024	276
Other costs	106,900	127,600	127,599	1
Total expenditures	706,900	706,900	705,231	1,669
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(706,900)	(706,900)	(705,220)	1,680
<b>OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES)</b>				
Transfers - SGF appropriation	706,900	706,900	706,900	-
less Transfers reversion to SGF FY 12	-	-	(1,680)	(1,680)
Total other financing sources and uses	706,900	706,900	705,220	(1,680)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-
Fund balances, beginning of year	50	50	50	-
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 50	50	50	-

**TRIAL REIMBURSEMENT FUND (11110)**

<b>REVENUES</b>				
Court fines and forfeitures	\$ 25,000	25,000	5,732	(19,268)
Total revenues	25,000	25,000	5,732	(19,268)
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>				
<b>Current</b>				
General government:				
Contractual services	-	-	-	-
Other costs	25,000	25,000	6,302	18,698
Total expenditures	25,000	25,000	6,302	18,698
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	-	-	(570)	(570)
Fund balances, beginning of year	-	-	2,115	2,115
Fund balances, end of year	\$ -	-	1,545	1,545

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements



**STATE OF NEW MEXICO  
JUDICIAL STANDARDS COMMISSION  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012**

**1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The State of New Mexico Judicial Standards Commission (Commission) was created by the Constitution of the State of New Mexico, Article VI, Sect. 32, and By Laws 1968, Chapter 48. The Commission consists of six lay members appointed by the Governor of New Mexico, two lawyers appointed by the Board of Commissioners of the State Bar Association and three members appointed by the New Mexico Supreme Court.

The purpose of the Commission is to receive complaints against any justice, judge or magistrate of any state court in New Mexico. The Commission has jurisdiction to prosecute cases of willful misconduct in office, persistent failure to perform duties, habitual intemperance and disability seriously interfering with the performance of judicial duties which is, or is likely to become, of a permanent character.

The financial statements for the Commission have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units. The more significant of these accounting policies are described below.

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) unanimously approved Statement #34 "Basic Financial Statements and Management Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments." This Statement provides for the most significant change in financial reporting in over twenty years and is scheduled for a phased implementation based on size of government.

The Commission implemented the provisions of GASB #34 effective July 1, 2001. As a part of this Statement, there is a reporting requirement regarding the government's infrastructure (road, bridges, etc.) The Commission does not own any infrastructure assets and therefore is unaffected by this requirement. The Commission also implemented the provisions of the later related GASB statements #37 and #38 which affect GASB #34 and its implementation.

**A. Financial Reporting Entity**

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASBS) 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," effective for periods beginning, after December 15, 1992, establishes standards for defining and reporting on the financial reporting entity. GASBS 14 supersedes previous standards issued by the National Council on Governmental Accounting. The requirements of GASBS 14 apply at all levels to all state and local governments.

GASB 14 defines the financial reporting entity as consisting of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. This definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability as the "cornerstone of all financial reporting in government." A primary government is any state government or general-purpose local government, consisting of all the organizations that make up its legal entity. All funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that are not legally separate are, for financial reporting purposes, part of the primary government. The Commission, therefore, is part of the primary government of the State of New Mexico, and its financial data

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO  
JUDICIAL STANDARDS COMMISSION  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012**

should be included with the financial data of the State. However, New Mexico issues an audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report inclusive of all agencies of the primary government, which can be found at [www.dfafcd.state.nm.us](http://www.dfafcd.state.nm.us).

The Audit Act, Sections 12-6-1 through 12-6-14, NMSA 1978, requires the financial affairs of every agency to be thoroughly examined and audited each year, and a complete written report to be made. Moreover, the New Mexico State Auditor requires that each agency shall prepare financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. As a result, the Commission has prepared and issued its own audited, agency Annual Financial Report.

Included within the Commission for this purpose are the following: All of the programs that are administered and/or controlled by the Commission have been included.

No entities were noted that should be considered component units of the Commission. No entities were specifically excluded from the Commission because no entities were noted as meeting any of the criteria for potential inclusion. Also, there were no fiduciary funds held by the Commission as of June 30, 2012.

**B. Basic Financial Statements - GASB Statement #34**

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the Commission as a whole) and fund financial statements. The reporting model focus is on either the Commission as a whole or major individual fund (within the fund financial statements). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements (within the basic financial statements) categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type activities. In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and are reflected on a full accrual, economic resources measurement focus basis, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Commission did not have any business-type activities during the year ended June 30, 2012, so no FASB pronouncements were applicable to the Commission.

For its government-wide activities, the Commission has elected to apply all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as any applicable pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board, the Accounting Principles or any Accounting Research Bulletins issued on or before November 30, 1989 unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (education, labor, transportation, etc.), which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues. The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function or a business type activity. The Commission includes only one function (general government).

The net cost (by function or business-type activity) is normally covered by general revenues (taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.). Historically, the previous mode did not summarize or present net cost by function or activity. The Commission does not currently

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employ indirect cost allocation systems. The Commission only receives one type of program revenue, which is reimbursement of trial and court costs and the Commission only serves one function, therefore, there is no need to allocate indirect expenses to one or more functions. The Commission's policy for when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available is to utilize the restricted assets first. No such expenses occurred during the year ended June 30, 2012.

This government wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Commission as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the current fiscal period.

The fund financial statements are similar to the financial statements presented in the previous accounting model. Emphasis here is on the major funds in either the governmental or business type categories. Non-major funds (by category) or fund type are summarized into a single column. Due to the limited fund structure of the Commission; the two governmental funds are the General Fund which has been classified as a major fund as required and the Commission has determined to identify the Investigation and Trial Reimbursement Fund as a major fund as well.

The governmental fund statements are presented on a current financial resource and modified accrual basis of accounting. This presentation is deemed appropriate to (a) demonstrate legal compliance, (b) demonstrate the source and use of liquid resources, and (c) demonstrate how the Commission's actual experience conforms to the budget or fiscal plan. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the page following each statement, which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column on the governmental wide presentation.

**C. Basis of Presentation**

The financial transactions of the Commission are maintained on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues, expenditures or expenses and other financing sources or uses. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are summarized by type in the accompanying financial statements. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The reporting model, GASB Statement 34, sets forth minimum criteria for the determination of major funds based on a percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or governmental and enterprise combined. All funds of the Commission are considered major funds.

**GASB Statement #54**

In February 2009, the GASB issued Statement No. 54 *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This statement enhances the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions. The fund balance amounts for governmental funds have been reclassified in accordance with GASB Statement 54.

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As a result, in the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances previously reported as reserved and unreserved are now reported as nonspendable, restricted, or unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned).

**Spending Policy**

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, it is the Commission's policy to use restricted resources first with the exception of restricted funds held in the investigation and trial cost reimbursement fund. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes, for which unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the Commission's policy to spend committed resources first.

**Governmental Fund Types**

The focus of Governmental Fund measurement (in the Fund Financial Statements) is based upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the Governmental Funds of the Commission.

**a. General Fund (13500)**

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Commission. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is funded primarily from appropriations from the State of New Mexico General Fund. The Commission may request budget increases up to thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000) from other state funds received from investigation and trial cost reimbursements from respondents.

**b. Investigation and Trial Cost Reimbursement Fund (11110)**

The Commission is authorized by state law to collect up to \$25,000 in investigation and trial cost reimbursements from respondent judges for deposit and retention in this fund. The purpose of the fund is to assist the Commission in funding its investigation and prosecution program. The fund is a reverting fund with the exception of funds collected in the fiscal year ended 2011 and therefore the balance that is non-reverting is \$1,545.

**Non-Current Governmental Assets/Liabilities**

GASB Statement #34 eliminated the presentation of Account Groups, but provides for these records to be maintained and incorporates the information into the Governmental Activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets.

**D. Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The Government-wide Financial Statements are presented on an accrual basis of accounting. The Governmental Funds in the Fund Financial Statements are presented on a modified accrual basis.

**Modified Accrual** - All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded

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when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period which is considered to be within sixty days of year-end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

In applying the "susceptible to accrual" concept to intergovernmental revenues pursuant to GASB Statement #33, which was also adopted as of July 1, 2001 by the Commission, the provider should recognize liabilities and expenses and the recipient should recognize receivables and revenues when the applicable eligibility requirements including time requirements, are met, resources transmitted before the eligibility requirements are met, under most circumstances, should be reported as advances by the provider and deferred revenue by the recipient.

The interfund (internal) transactions, if any, are eliminated. Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "transfers in or out from other funds." There were no interfund transactions during the year ended June 30, 2012.

**E. Budgetary Accounting**

The Commission follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. No later than September 1<sup>st</sup>, the Commission prepares a budget appropriation request by category to be presented to the next Legislature.
2. The appropriation request is submitted to the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration's Budget Division (DFA) and to the Legislative Finance Committee (LFC).
3. DFA makes recommendations and adjustments to the appropriation request which then becomes the Governor's proposal to the Legislature.
4. The LFC holds hearings on the appropriation request, also submitting recommendations and adjustments before presentation to the Legislature.
5. Both the DFA's and LFC's recommended appropriation proposals are presented to the Legislature for approval of the final budget plan.
6. Budget hearings are scheduled before the New Mexico House Appropriations and Senate Finance Committees. The final outcomes of these hearings are incorporated into the General Appropriations Act.
7. The Commission's budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012 was amended in a legally permissible manner by increasing or reallocating appropriation unit totals as the need arose during the fiscal year. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original budget.
8. The Act is signed into law by the Governor of the State of New Mexico within the legally prescribed time limit. The Commission submits, no later than May 1<sup>st</sup>, to DFA an annual operating budget by category and line item based upon the appropriations made by the Legislature. The DFA - Budget Division reviews and approves the operating budget which becomes effective on July 1.

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9. All subsequent budget adjustments must be approved by the Commission and the Director of the DFA - Budget Division. The budget for the current year was properly amended.
10. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the fiscal year for the Commission's funds.
11. The budget for the Governmental Funds are not adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The budgets do not include prior year encumbrances paid in the current year in the budgetary amounts.
12. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. The Commission's General Fund is a reverting fund.
13. The budget for this State Agency is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting except for accounts payable at the end of the fiscal year that do not get paid by the statutory deadline (Section 6-10-4 NMSA 1978), that must be paid out of next year's budget. There were no accounts payable paid out of the next year's budget.
14. If there are appropriations for multiple years and related funds are encumbered, there is a reservation of fund balance for encumbrances in the financial statements. This State Agency has no encumbered funds outstanding as of June 30, 2012.
15. The legal level of budgetary control is at the appropriation program level.

**F. Capital Assets**

Property and equipment including software, purchased or acquired is carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are recorded at the fair market values as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. The State's capitalization policy, i.e., the dollar value above which asset acquisitions including software are added to the capital accounts, was changed to \$5,000 as of July 1, 2005 from \$1,000. Assets with historical cost under \$5,000 and over \$1,000 that capitalized prior to July 1, 2005 remain on the Commission's capital assets schedule. However, all capital outlay purchases may not necessarily be capitalized. The Commission does not capitalize any interest in regards to its capital assets. Computer software which has been developed for internal use and which meets the capitalization minimum of \$5,000 is capitalized and depreciated in accordance with the Commission's depreciation guidelines.

Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives with no salvage value. The Commission utilizes Internal Revenue Service guidelines to estimate the useful lives on capital assets as follows:

Furniture, machinery and equipment	5 to 10 years
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GASB Statement #34 requires the recording and depreciation of infrastructure assets. Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, traffic signals, etc. The Commission does not own any infrastructure assets.

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**G. Compensated Absences Payable**

Vacation and sick leave earned and not taken is cumulative; however, upon termination of employment, sick pay for such leave hours accumulated up to 600 hours is forfeited, and vacation pay is limited to payment for 240 hours. Vacation leave up to the maximum of 240 hours is payable upon separation from service at the employee's current hourly rate. Sick leave is payable semiannually to qualified employees for hours accumulated above 600 hours at a rate equal to 50 percent of their hourly rate, not to exceed 120 hours each semiannual period. Upon retirement, payment for sick leave is limited to 400 hours accumulated in excess of 600 hours at the 50 percent hourly rate. The compensated absences payable is included in the government-wide financial statements. No sick leave at June 30, 2012 met the requirements for accrual as no one had over 600 hours of sick leave at June 30, 2012.

Qualified employees, per the schedule approved by the Commission, accumulate annual leave to a maximum of 240 hours as follows:

<b>Years of Service</b>	<b>Hours Earned Per Pay Period</b>
Between 1 month to 3 years	4.62
Between 3 to 7 years	5.54
Between 7 and 14 years	6.46
Over 14 years	7.39

**H. Due to State General Fund (Reversions)**

Reversions to the State General Fund by the Commission are based on the definitions of reverting funds.

Reverting Funds - All funds that are not identified by law as non-reverting, such funds are those in excess of budgeted appropriated expenditures.

Current reversions due to the State General Fund as of June 30, 2012 were as follows:

	<b>General Fund</b>
FY 12 reversions	\$ 1,680
Total reversions	\$ 1,680

**I. Net Assets**

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net asset presentation. Net Assets are categorized as investment in capital assets (net of related debt), restricted and unrestricted.

Investment in Capital Assets (net of related debt) - is intended to reflect the portion of net assets which are associated with non-liquid, capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt. The net related debt is the debt less the outstanding liquid assets and any associated unamortized cost. The Commission did not have any related debt during the year ended June 30, 2012.

Unrestricted (deficit) Net Assets - represent the deficit of the Commission at June 30, 2012. It consists of the Commission's current assets less the current liabilities and the noncurrent liabilities.

It is expected that the deficit related to the compensated absences payable will be financed by future state appropriations.

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**J. Revenues, Expenditures and Expenses**

Substantially all governmental fund revenues are accrued. The only revenues the Commission receives other than State appropriations are due to reimbursements of investigation and trial costs.

Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred.

**K. Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

**L. Fund Balance**

The Commission's fund balance is classified under the following GASB Statement 54 components:

- **Nonspendable:** Nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (1) not in spendable form or (2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The Commission does not have any nonspendable fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2012.
- **Restricted:** Restricted fund balance represents amounts constrained to specific purposes that are externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (such as taxpayers, grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government) The Commission has a balance of \$1,545 of restricted funds for the year ended June 30, 2012. The purpose of this balance in the Investigation and Trial Cost Reimbursement Fund is to assist the Commission in funding its investigation and prosecution program, particularly during, but not limited to, declining budget years or anticipated shortfalls.
- **Committed:** Committed fund balance is constrained to specific purposes by the highest level of decision-making authority (the New Mexico Legislature and Governor). The Commission does not have any committed fund balance of for the year ended June 30, 2012.
- **Assigned:** Assigned fund balance is constrained by the Legislature and Executive branch's intent to be used by the government for specific purposes or in some cases by legislation. Intent can be expressed by the governing body or an official or body to which the governing body delegates authority. The Commission does not have any assigned fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2012.
- **Unassigned:** Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. The Commission does not currently have a minimum fund balance policy. The unassigned amount represents petty cash in the General Fund.



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**2. CASH ACCOUNTS AND INVESTMENT POLICY**

**General Fund Investment Pool Not Reconciled**

In June 2012 an independent diagnostic report revealed that the State of New Mexico's General Fund Investment Pool has not been reconciled since the implementation of the Statewide Human resources, Accounting, and management REporting system (SHARE) in July of 2006. The Department of Finance and Administration (DFA) has commissioned two reports that address statewide cash reconciliation issues. They are (1) *Current State of Diagnostic of Cash Controls*, dated June 20, 2012 prepared by Deloitte Consulting, LLP and (2) *Cash Management Plan and Business Processes*, dated October 11, 2012, also prepared by Deloitte Consulting, LLP. The Diagnostic reports are available in the Resources section of the Cash Control page of the New Mexico Department of Finance & Administration's website at: [www.nmdfa.state.nm.us/Cash\\_Control.aspx](http://www.nmdfa.state.nm.us/Cash_Control.aspx).

DFA has commenced the Cash Management Remediation Project (Remediation Project) in partnership with the New Mexico State Treasurer's Office, the New Mexico Department of Information Technology, and a contracted third party PeopleSoft Treasury expert. The purpose of the Remediation Project is to design and implement the changes necessary to reconcile the General Fund Investment Pool in a manner that is complete, accurate, and timely. The Remediation Project will make changes to the State's current SHARE system configuration, cash accounting policies and procedures, business practices, and banking structure. The scheduled implementation date for the changes associated with the Remediation Project is February 1, 2013. An approach and plan to address the population of historical reconciling items will be developed during the Remediation Project, but a separate initiative will be undertaken to resolve the historical reconciling items.

Per the directive issued by the Office of the State Auditor on October 30, 2012, a note disclosure relating to this issue is required for all State of New Mexico state agencies for financial statements issued for fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

That directive instructed agencies to do the following:

1. Provide copies of the referenced reports to the agency's Independent Public Accountant (IPA) performing the FY12 audit;
2. Explain to the IPA what policies and procedures the agency has in place to ensure that the agency's cash balances in SHARE are correct; and
3. Disclose in the agency's notes to the financial statements the facts about the statewide cash reconciliation as of June 30, 2012, and what the agency's policies and procedures were during the FY12 to mitigate the risk that the agency's cash balances would be misstated as of June 30, 2012.

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The Commission has provided copies of the referenced diagnostic reports to the IPA. The Commission has also explained and provided copies to the IPA what policies and procedures are in place that ensures that the cash balances in SHARE are correct to the extent that the Commission has control (i.e. collection, depositing, reconciling, bank statement validation, and documentation of outstanding reconciling items) of the cash it receipts and transfers to the state general fund and other state agencies pursuant to state statute.

The Commission has one bank account allocated between two funds operating under the oversight of SHARE and the State Treasurers Office. The cash transactions processed by the Commission flow through the state general fund investment pool. Since SHARE was implemented, the Commission recognized the statewide cash reconciliation issue and in response, developed internal reconciliation procedures to ensure that cash receipts and disbursements recorded in the SHARE system are in fact transactions that have been initiated by the Commission. The reconciliation occurs each month and any required adjustments are forwarded to the Financial Control Division at DFA for correction. Monthly reconciliation procedures throughout the fiscal year, include, but are not limited to validation of: allotments, deposits, expenditures, all general entries, operating transfers, payroll expenditures/payroll liabilities and a review of outstanding warrants. The Commission conducts ongoing tracking of all cash deposits and financial transactions to ensure that they are accurately recorded and posted to the SHARE system. This monthly internal reconciliation of cash receipts and disbursements flowing through the Commission's share of the state general fund investment pool provides management assurance that the balance reflected in State General Fund Investment Pool account is accurate as of the end of the reporting period. It is DFA's responsibility to perform the monthly reconciliation of the General Fund Investment Pool.

**Credit Risk for Investments**

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The General Fund Investment Pool is not rated for credit risk.

**Interest Rate Risk for Investments**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Commission does not have an investment policy that limits investment interest rate risk.

For further information regarding the GFIP, please see the State Treasurer's annual audit report and specifically refer to the GASB 40 disclosure of the investments. That report may be obtained by writing to the New Mexico State Treasurer's Office, P.O. Box 608, Santa Fe, NM 87504-0708.

**Investments in the State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool**

Please see the State Treasurer's annual audit report for the GASB 40 disclosure of the investments. That report may be obtained by writing to the New Mexico State Treasurer's Office, P.O. Box 608, Santa Fe, NM 87504-0608.

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The following is a summary on the next page of the investment and cash balances of the Commission. The investments are with the New Mexico State Treasurer as reported by the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration (DFA) at fair value:

<u>Fund Type</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>SHARE No./ Description</u>	<u>Per Depository</u>	<u>Warrants/ Checks</u>	<u>Financial Statements</u>
General	STO	21000-13500	\$ 35,192	-	35,192
	STO	21000-11110	3,023	-	3,023
<b>Total investments on deposit with State Treasurer</b>			<u>\$ 38,215</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>38,215</u>
General	On Site	Cash Box	\$ 50	-	50
<b>Total cash and investments</b>			<u>\$ 38,265</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>38,265</u>

There were no deposits in transit. The STO accounts are interest-bearing but the Commission did not receive any interest for the year ended June 30, 2012.

The New Mexico State Treasurer monitors the collateral for deposits held by it for other state entities, which would include the investment account of the Commission. The Office of the State Treasurer has its own separate annual independent audit in which the collateral pledged to secure these deposits is disclosed. By law, the Commission is not permitted to have any investments other than what is held at the State Treasurer's Office and the Commission did not have any other investments during the year ended June 30, 2012. There is no credit risk at the Commission's level since the cash amount is under the contract of the New Mexico State Treasurer.

**3. RECEIVABLES**

	<u>General</u>
Judgment	\$ 7,352
Interest on judgment	1,609
Allowance for doubtful accounts	<u>(8,961)</u>
	<u>\$ -</u>

The Commission has one judgment receivable. The receivable accrues interest at 8% per annum and has been fully allowed as it has been determined that its likelihood of collectability is considered remote. The judgment receivable is considered a reimbursement of investigation and trial costs required to be spent by the Commission as part of its mission to prosecute cases of willful misconduct in office, persistent failure to perform duties, habitual intemperance and disability seriously interfering with the performance of judicial duties which is, or is likely to become, of a permanent character.

The Commission has adopted the State of New Mexico required receivable policy which stems from Article IV Section 32 of the New Mexico Constitution [Remission of debts due state or municipalities] which provides that:

- Agencies cannot do anything that would result in a debt being forgiven or even indicate that a debt properly owed them has been forgiven or that the person owing the debt has been released from its payment; and
- Agencies should maintain records and information concerning all debts due them, even the ones that have been recognized as being doubtful.

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The Commission has not written off any receivables balances in the current or in prior years. All amounts of receivables recovered are disclosed if and when they are collected. If and when the receivable is collected it will be deposited into an investigative trial cost reimbursement fund for future investigation and trial expenses.

**4. COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE**

A summary of changes in compensated absences payable for the year ended June 30, is as follows:

	<u>2011</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>Current Portion</u>
Compensated absences payable \$	<u>46,021</u>	<u>32,028</u>	<u>(36,087)</u>	<u>41,962</u>	<u>33,570</u>

See the current portion of the liability above as noted above that is presented in the Statement of Net Assets. In prior years, the General Fund was used to liquidate compensated absences.

**5. INSURANCE COVERAGE**

The Commission obtains coverage through the Risk Management Division of the State of New Mexico General Services Department. This coverage includes liability and civil rights, property, vehicle, employer bond, workers' compensation, group insurance and state unemployment. The coverage is designed to satisfy the requirements of the State Tort Claims Act. All employees of the Commission are covered by blanket fidelity bond and money securities coverage by the State of New Mexico for the period July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2012.

**6. RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS TO GAAP BASIS**

There were no differences between the budgetary basis and the modified GAAP basis for the General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2012.

**7. INTER-AGENCY TRANSFERS**

The agency received appropriations from DFA. There were no operating transfers in the current year.

**8. CAPITAL ASSETS**

A summary of changes in the capital assets for the year ended June 30, as follows:

<b>Governmental Activities</b>	<u>2011</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>2012</u>
Machinery and equipment	\$ 10,425	-	-	10,425
Data processing equipment	9,715	-	-	9,715
Furniture	<u>15,660</u>	-	-	<u>15,660</u>
	35,800	-	-	35,800
<b>Less accumulated depreciation for:</b>				
Machinery and equipment	(7,985)	(1,195)	-	(9,180)
Data processing equipment	(9,714)	-	-	(9,714)
Furniture	<u>(10,792)</u>	<u>(1,566)</u>	-	<u>(12,358)</u>
	<u>(28,491)</u>	<u>(2,761)</u>	-	<u>(31,252)</u>
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 7,309</u>	<u>(2,761)</u>	-	<u>4,548</u>

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2012 was \$2,761. All of the depreciation expense relates to the general government function.

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**9. PENSION PLAN—PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION**

**Plan Description.** Substantially all of the Commission's full-time employees participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978). The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) is the administrator of the plan, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement benefits, disability benefits, survivor benefits and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. PERA issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to PERA, P.O. Box 2123, Santa Fe, NM 87504-2123. The report is also available on PERA's website at [www.pera.state.nm.us](http://www.pera.state.nm.us).

**Funding Policy:** Plan members are required to contribute 10.67% of their gross salary. The Commission is required to contribute 13.34% of the gross covered salary. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Commission are established in State statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. The Commission's contributions to PERA for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$55,635, \$64,304, and \$63,887, respectively, which equal the amount of the required contributions for each fiscal year.

**10. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS—STATE RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN**

**Plan Description.** The Commission contributes to the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (RHCA). The RHCA provides health care insurance and prescription drug benefits to retired employees of participating New Mexico government agencies, their spouses, dependents, and surviving spouses and dependents. The RHCA Board was established by the Retiree Health Care Act (Chapter 10, Article 7C, NMSA 1978). The Board is responsible for establishing and amending benefit provisions of the healthcare plan and is also authorized to designate optional and/or voluntary benefits like dental, vision, supplemental life insurance, and long-term care policies.

Eligible retirees are: 1) retirees who make contributions to the fund for at least five years prior to retirement and whose eligible employer during that period of time made contributions as a participant in the RHCA plan on the person's behalf unless that person retires before the employer's RHCA effective date, in which event the time period required for employee and employer contributions shall become the period of time between the employer's effective date and the date of retirement; 2) retirees defined by the Act who retired prior to July 1, 1990; 3) former legislators who served at least two years; and 4) former governing authority members who served at least four years.

The RHCA issues a publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the postemployment healthcare plan. That report and further information can be obtained by writing to the Retiree Health Care Authority at 4308 Carlisle NE, Suite 104, Albuquerque, NM 87107.

**Funding Policy.** The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-13 NMSA 1978) authorizes the RHCA Board to establish the monthly premium contributions that retirees are required to pay for healthcare benefits. Each participating retiree pays a monthly premium according to a

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 For the Year Ended June 30, 2012**

service based subsidy rate schedule for the medical plus basic life plan plus an additional participation fee of five dollars if the eligible participant retired prior to the employer’s RHCA effective date or is a former legislator or former governing authority member. Former legislators and governing authority members are required to pay 100% of the insurance premium to cover their claims and the administrative expenses of the plan. The monthly premium rate schedule can be obtained from the RHCA or viewed on their website at [www.nmrhca.state.nm.us](http://www.nmrhca.state.nm.us).

The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978) is the statutory authority that establishes the required contributions of participating employers and their employees. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the statute required each participating employer to contribute 1.834% of each participating employee’s annual salary; each participating employee was required to contribute .917% of their salary. In the fiscal year ending June 30, June 30, 2013 the contribution rates for employees and employers will be:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Employer Contribution Rate</u>	<u>Employee Contribution Rate</u>
FY13	2.000%	1.000%

Also, employers joining the program after 1/1/98 are required to make a surplus-amount contribution to the RHCA based on one of two formulas at agreed-upon intervals.

The RHCA plan is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. The employer, employee and retiree contributions are required to be remitted to the RHCA on a monthly basis. The statutory requirements for the contributions can be changed by the New Mexico State Legislature.

The Commission’s contributions to the RHCA for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$7,609, \$6,996 and \$5,441, respectively, which equal the required contributions for each year.

**11. COMMITMENTS—OPERATING LEASES**

The Commission entered into a lease beginning July 1, 2004 for office space. The initial term of the lease is for a five-year period with one five-year option and then with five one-year options. All leases may be terminated at any time with sixty days notice if the New Mexico Legislature does not grant sufficient appropriation for the lease or if the Commission decides that termination is necessary to protect the best interests of the State of New Mexico. Rental expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2012 under this lease were \$67,331 for the office space and \$5,881 for the copier. For the office space, rate increases will be three percent per year for the first five-year lease period and for the one five-year option period. The five one-year options would increase at the same rate as the last year of the five-year option period beginning with \$5,289 per month.

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For the Year Ended June 30, 2012**

The Commission entered into a 45 month lease agreement for a photocopier expiring June 30, 2014. Minimum lease payments, on an annual basis, are as follows under equipment for the year ended June 30:

Rental expenditures for the years included for the five-year period are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Amounts	
	Facilities	Copier
2013	69,351	3,557
2014	71,432	1,482
Total \$	<u>140,783</u>	<u>5,039</u>
Thereafter		
2015-2019	-	-
Total \$	<u>140,783</u>	<u>5,039</u>

The Commission during the five-year option period of 2010 through 2014 has a \$10,000 credit that can be used for capital improvements (for instance new carpeting) at its discretion during this period.

Description	Agency Transferred			Reference	Appropriation Period	Amount Transferred In
	From	From Fund	To Fund			
<b>General Fund Appropriation</b>	DFA	34101	13500	2nd session laws 2011, ch 19, Section 4	FY 12	<u>\$ 706,900</u>
<b>Other Financing Sources</b>						
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>						<b>706,900</b>
Description	Agency Transferred			Reference	Appropriation Period	Amount Transferred Out
	To	From Fund	To Fund			
General Fund Reversion	DFA	13500	34100	Reversion of FY 12 appropriation	FY 12	* <u>(1,680)</u>
						<u>\$ 705,220</u>

\*Transfer will take place in FY13

**12. LITIGATION**

The Commission was a party to one legal proceeding during FY 2012 that carried over from a prior year: *Charter Bank vs. Griego, J. et al.*, Second Judicial District Court No. D-202-CV-201013697. The action was dismissed by the district court on June 6, 2012 for lack of prosecution by the plaintiff. The matter was a civil lawsuit brought by a mortgage holder (plaintiff) for foreclosure on real property owned by a former judge and his wife (defendants). The Commission was named a party and was involved because it had previously recorded a judgment lien against the former judge for the amount of costs (plus annual interest accruals) that he was ordered by the New Mexico Supreme Court to repay the Commission. Because of the other outstanding debts to federal and state tax authorities, the prospects of the Commission recovering any money in this action were always poor. These legal proceedings did not have a material adverse impact on the affected funds of the Commission.



**REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS***

Mr. Randall Roybal, Executive Director  
State of New Mexico  
Judicial Standards Commission  
and  
Mr. Hector Balderas, New Mexico State Auditor

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the budgetary comparisons of the general fund and the major special revenue fund for the State of New Mexico, Judicial Standards Commission (Commission) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, and have issued our report thereon dated November 27, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

**Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

Management of the Commission is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Commission's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the agency's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the agency's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

**Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commission's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.



November 27, 2012

**REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL  
REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS  
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT  
AUDITING STANDARDS*, continued**

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This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, others within the Commission, the State of New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration, the New Mexico Office of the State Auditor, and the State of New Mexico Legislative and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

*Hinkle & Landers, P.C.*

Hinkle + Landers, P.C.  
November 27, 2012

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO  
JUDICIAL STANDARDS COMMISSION  
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES  
For The Year Ended June 30, 2012**

**Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Audit Findings**

<b>Findings</b>	<b>Status of Current and Prior Year Findings</b>
No prior year findings	N/A
<b>There were no current year findings</b>	

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO  
JUDICIAL STANDARDS COMMISSION  
EXIT CONFERENCE  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012**

An exit conference was held in a closed conference on November 27, 2012.  
Attending were the following:

State of New Mexico, Judicial Standards Commission

Ms. Joyce Bustos, Chair

Mr. Randall D. Roybal, Executive Director

Ms. Krista Gianes, Finance Manager

Hinkle + Landers, P.C.

Farley Vener, CPA, CFE

FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION

The financial statements were primarily prepared from the original books and records of the Commission as of June 30, 2012 by Hinkle + Landers, PC. The financial statements are the responsibility of management.