STATE OF NEW MEXICO DE BACA FAMILY PRACTICE CLINIC, INC. A COMPONENT UNIT OF DE BACA COUNTY, STATE OF NEW MEXICO AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

DE BACA FAMILY PRACTICE CLINIC, INC. A COMPONENT UNIT OF DE BACA COUNTY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

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DE BACA FAMILY PRACTICE CLINIC, INC. A COMPONENT UNIT OF DE BACA COUNTY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

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DE BACA FAMILY PRACTICE CLINIC, INC. A COMPONENT UNIT OF DE BACA COUNTY BOARD OF DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Board of Directors

Charlie West Beverly Overton Randel Mansell Randie Hatley John Fallon Bob Jack Anna White Vincent Stallard Joe Steele Marie Dickerman Larry Williamson President Vice-President Secretary Treasurer (Ex-Officio) Director Director Director Director Director Director Director Director

Other Officials

Lisa Walraven Susan Vick Chief Executive Officer Chief Financial Officer



Donald A. Beasley, CPA, Partner Christine Wright, CPA, Partner Beth Fant, EA, Partner Brad Beasley, CPA, Partner Tony Morán, CPA, Partner Christopher Salcido, CPA, Partner J. David Beasley, J.D., Partner

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Mr. Brian Colón New Mexico State Auditor To the Chairman and Board of Commissioners of De Baca County, New Mexico and The Chairman of Board of Directors De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc. a Component Unit of De Baca County, State of New Mexico Fort Sumner, New Mexico

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc., a component unit of De Baca County, State of New Mexico as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc.'s basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. We have also audited the budgetary comparison presented as supplementary information as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, for the year ended June 30, 2019, as listed in the table contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.



An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position and the budgetary comparison of De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc., as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America required to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on pages 33 - 34 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc.'s basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and Supporting Schedules on pages 44 through 47 required by 2.2.2 NMAC are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and the Supporting Schedules on pages 44 through 47 required by Section 2.2.2 NMAC are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and Supporting Schedules on pages 44 through 47 required by Section 2.2.2 NMAC are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2019, on our consideration of the De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

asley Mitchell \$ Co for

Beasley, Mitthell & Co., LLP Las Cruces, New Mexico November 15, 2019

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DE BACA FAMILY PRACTICE CLINIC, INC. A COMPONENT UNIT OF DE BACA COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS

CURRENT ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents (note 3) Patient account receivable, less allowance (\$46,789)(note 4) Grants receivable (note 4) Mill levy receivable	\$	1,745,762 98,432 127,694 12,810
Total current assets		1,984,698
NON-CURRENT ASSETS: Property and equipment net (note 5)		868,563
Total non-current assets	_	868,563
Total assets		2,853,261
Deferred outflows Contributions made subsequent to measurement date (note 6) Difference between expected and actual experience (note 6) Change in assumption (note 6) Change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions (note 6) Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments (note 6)	_	162,254 94,510 296,477 62,792 242,524
Total deferred outflows		858,557
Total assets and deferred outflows	<u>\$</u>	3,711,818

DE BACA FAMILY PRACTICE CLINIC, INC. A COMPONENT UNIT OF DE BACA COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2019

LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION

CURRENT LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Accrued salaries Payroll taxes payable Compensated absences	\$ 44,458 73,218 26,664 56,421
Total current liabilities	200,761
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES: Net pension liability (note 6)	3,270,053
Total non-current liabilities	3,270,053
Deferred Inflows: Change in assumption (note 6) Change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions (note 6) Investment experience(note 6)	18,802 51,326 <u>85,854</u>
Total deferred inflows	155,982
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	3,626,796
NET POSITION Unassigned, reported in: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	868,563 (783,541)
Total net position	85,022
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position	<u>\$ 3,711,818 </u>

DE BACA FAMILY PRACTICE CLINIC, INC. A COMPONENT UNIT OF DE BACA COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

REVENUES: Net patient service revenue Operating agreements - Federal Operating agreements - State School clinic Mill levy, net Medical records and fees Miscellaneous	\$ 1,537,833 1,221,861 345,183 52,500 375,022 546 54,706
Total revenues	3,587,651
EXPENDITURES: Routine services Special services Facility and property Administrative and general Depreciation	 1,860,277 230,058 243,085 1,024,273 68,201
Total expenditures	 3,425,894
Operating income	 161,757
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): Interest income Bad debt	 5,726 22,898
Total other financing sources	 28,624
Net changes in net position	190,381
Net position, beginning of year	 (105,359)
Net position, end of year	\$ 85.022

DE BACA FAMILY PRACTICE CLINIC, INC. A COMPONENT UNIT OF DE BACA COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers Payments to employees for services Payments to suppliers and contractors	\$ 3,506,059 (2,188,171) (887,776)
Net cash provided by operating activities	430,112
Cash flows from capital activities and related financing activities: Purchase of capital assets Disposal of capital assets	(233,413) 15,311
Net cash used by in capital activities and related financing activities	(218,102)
Cash flows from investing activities: Investment income (loss)	2,260
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	2,260
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	214,270
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	1,531,492
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	<u>\$ 1.745.762</u>
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 1,745,762</u> \$ 1,745,762
Total cash and cash equivalents	J 1,/4J,/0Z

Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:

Operating income Adjustments to operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ 190,381
Depreciation	68,201
Changes in net position and liabilities:	
Accounts receivables	(87,318)
Other assets	(100,290)
Accounts payable	(18,656)
Accrued expenses	51,940
Compensated absences	(4,158)
Other liabilities	 330,012
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 430,112

See accompanying notes to financial statements and independent auditors' report

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This summary of significant accounting policies of the De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc. (the "Clinic"), is presented to assist in understanding the Clinic's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of the Clinic's management, who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity.

Reporting Entity - The De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc. (the "Clinic") a Component Unit of De Baca County, State of New Mexico, was organized July 1, 2001, and was incorporated as a New Mexico non-profit corporation on the same date. On July 1, 2001, the Clinic was also granted an exemption from federal income tax under provisions contained in the United States Internal Revenue Code. The Clinic has an elected a President and twelve (11) Directors.

The Clinic is the successor organization as a result of the closure of De Baca General Hospital during 2001. The Clinic exists to operate, control, and manage all matters concerning De Baca County's health care functions. The De Baca County Board of Commissioners (County) appoints one Board of Director member of the Clinic, and the Clinic may not issue debt or levy taxes without the County's approval. Consequently, the Clinic is considered to be a component unit of De Baca County, New Mexico, and is included as a discretely presented component unit in the basic financial statements of De Baca County.

The Clinic's authority for creation is established by the Rural Health Clinic Services Act (PL 95-210) enacted in 1977 and administers federal and state award programs reported in the Clinic's financial statements.

The Clinic receives funding through direct grants from U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS). The program is defined in Section 330 of the Public Health Service Act which provides federal grant funding opportunities for organizations to provide care to under-served populations. Services that the Clinic must provide include primary health services, referrals to providers of health-related services, patient case management services, enabling services, education, and additional health services as appropriate for the health center population.

The Clinic also receives funds from the New Mexico Department of Health for programs designed to improve access to primary care and preventive services in rural and isolated areas, where health care providers are in short supply.

Financial Reporting Entity - The accompanying financial statements present the De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc., which is a component unit of De Baca County, New Mexico. The Clinic itself has no component unit entities.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Accounting - The Clinic prepares its financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting where revenues are recognized when earned and expenditures when incurred.

Basis of Presentation - Financial statement presentation follows the requirements of FASB ASC 958, Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Organizations, formally SFAS No. 117. Under this standard, the Clinic is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net positron: unrestricted net position, temporarily restricted net position, and permanently restricted net position. However as a component unit of De Baca County, the Clinic balances and transactions are reported in a manner similar to the balances and transactions of the primary government, De Baca County.

Net Position - The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position are categorized as follows:

Net Investment In Capital Assets - This category reflects the portion of net position that are associated with capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt.

Restricted Net Position - Restricted net position result from the constraints placed on the use of net position when externally imposed by creditors, grantors, laws and regulations of other governments and imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position - This category reflects net position of the City, not restricted for any project or other purpose. When the City incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted assets, it uses the restricted assets.

Fund Balances - In the fund financial statements, governmental fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, inventories and prepaid amounts. It also includes amounts to be held in perpetuity.

Restricted - Fund balance should be reported when constraints placed on the use of resources are either:

a. Externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Restricted (Continued)

b. Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation, as the term is used in this Statement, authorizes the government to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that a government can be compelled by an external party-such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary-to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

Unassigned - fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

The City's policy is to apply restricted resources first, committed sources second, assigned resources third, and unassigned resources last when an expense is incurred for purposes for which all or any fund balance classification is available.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents - The Clinic's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the Clinic to invest in Certificates of Deposit, direct obligations of the U.S. Government, and the New Mexico State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Receivables - All receivables, including patient and third-party payor receivables, are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - The Clinic provides allowances for doubtful accounts equal to the estimated collection losses potentially incurred in collection of all receivables. The estimated losses are based on historical collection experience coupled with review of the current status of the existing receivables.

Net Patient Service Revenue - Net patient service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payors, and others for services rendered, including estimated retroactive adjustments under reimbursement agreements with third-party payors. Retroactive adjustments are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered, and adjusted in future periods, as final settlements are determined.

Restricted Net Position - Certain resources are set aside and represent funds restricted for use in providing health care services in accordance with grantor requirements and restrictions and are classified on the statement of net position sheet as restricted because their use is limited. There are no restricted net position at June 30, 2019.

Use of Restricted Cash - Whenever the Clinic incurs an expense for which it may use either temporarily restricted assets or unrestricted assets, restricted assets are used first to satisfy the restrictions of the funds.

Property and Equipment - Property and equipment, which include property, equipment, information technology and proprietary purchased medical operations software are defined by the Clinic as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated property and equipment is recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of-the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for property and equipment are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of those assets is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest expense was incurred during the year ended June 30, 2019.

Leasehold improvements and equipment of the Clinic are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Leasehold improvements	10-15
Medical equipment	5-7
Office equipment	5-7
Maintenance equipment	7-10

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Grants and Contributions - The Clinic receives grants as well as contributions in the course of operations. Revenues from grants and contributions (including contributions of property and equipment) are recognized when all eligibility requirements, including title requirements are met. Grants and contributions may be restricted for either specific operating purposes or for capital purposes.

Change in Position - The statements of operations and changes in net position includes the determination of the increase or decrease in net position. The Clinic considers all of its health care and related activities to be part of normal operations and considers this line item to be the performance indicator.

Income Taxes - The Clinic is a not-for-profit corporation as described in Section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code and is exempt from federal income taxes.

Compensated Absences - The Clinic accrues, for its employees, vacation benefits as they are earned.

Net Assets with Donor Restriction - Net assets with donor restriction are those whose use by the Clinic has been limited by donors to a specific time period or purpose.

Property Taxes - Property taxes are levied by the County on the Clinic's behalf and are intended to finance the Clinic's activities for the upcoming fiscal year. Taxes are recognized when the County levies the taxes and are reported net of administrative fees withheld by the County. Amounts levied are based on assessed property values as of the preceding year. The property tax calendar includes these dates:

Property Tax Calendar	Effective Date(s)
Levy and lien date	January 1
Tax bill mailed	October 31
First installment payment due	November 10
First installment delinquent date	December 10
Second installment payment due	April 10
Second installment delinquent date	May 10

Presentation - Certain prior year amounts may have been reclassified in order to present comparatively with the current reporting period classifications.

Charity Care - The Clinic provides care to patients who meet certain criteria under its charity care policy without charge or at amounts less than its established rates. Because the Clinic does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, they are not reported as revenue.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Charity Care (Continued)

ASU 2010-23 requires charity care to be disclosed on a cost basis. The Clinic utilizes the cost to charge ratios, as calculated based on the most recent cost report filed with the intermediary, to determine the total cost of the charity care. The Clinic's cost of providing charity care was \$1,543 the year ended June 30, 2019.

Risk Management - The Clinic is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; employee injuries and illnesses; natural disasters; medical malpractice: and employee health, dental, and accident benefits. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters that are not covered and protected under the Federal Tort Claims Act. Settled claims, if any, have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any preceding year.

Allocation of Expenses - The Clinic uses advertising to promote its programs among the audience it serves. The costs of advertising are expensed when incurred.

Subsequent Events - Reporting entities are required to disclose the date through which subsequent events have been evaluated and whether that date is the date the financial statements were issued or were available to be issued. Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 15, 2019, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Fair Value Measurement - FASB ASC 820-10-50-1 defines fair value, establishes a framework for using fair value to measure assets and liabilities, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. This statement establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes the methods used to measure fair value such that the highest priority is given to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1). Second priority is for quoted prices for similar assets in active or inactive markets, or valuations from other sources than quoted prices or other market data that can be observed, correlated or corroborated (Level 2), and the lowest priority to unobservable methods (Level3).

Budget - The Chief Executive Officer annually obtains from the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration - Local Government Division and HHS approved operating budgets for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The Clinic's Commission is required to obtain approval from New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration-Local Government Division (DFA) and U.S. Department of

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budget (Continued)

Health and Human Services (HHS) for any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any grant programs. The New Mexico DFA and HHS program budgets are prepared on a regulatory basis which is comparable to the GAAP financial presentation included in this report. Therefore, budgetary data for the Clinic's programs are included as supplementary information.

Fund Balance - In the fund financial statements, governmental fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, inventories and prepaid amounts. It also includes amounts to be held in perpetuity.

Restricted - Fund balance should be reported when constraints placed on the use of resources are either:

a. Externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or

b. Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation, as the term is used in this statement, authorizes the government to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that a government can be compelled by an external party-such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary-to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

Unassigned - Fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

New Governmental Accounting Standards

In June 2017, GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, was issued. Effective Date: The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for the objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. The City is still evaluating how this pronouncement will affect the financial statements.

In June 2018, GASB No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period, was issued. The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. The requirements of this Statement should be applied prospectively. The City is still evaluating how this pronouncement will affect the financial statements.

In December 2018, GASB No. 90, Majority Equity Interests, was issued. The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. A majority equity interest that meets the definition of an investment. A majority equity method, unless it is held by a special-purpose government engaged only in fiduciary activities, a fiduciary fund, or an endowment (including permanent and term endowments) or permanent fund. Those governments and funds should measure the majority equity interest at fair value.

For all other holdings of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization, a government should report the legally separate organization as a component unit, and the government or fund that holds the equity interest should report an asset related to the majority equity interest using the equity method. This Statement establishes that ownership of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization results in the government being financially accountable for the legally separate organization and, therefore, the government should report that organization as a component unit.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

New Governmental Accounting Standards

This Statement also requires that a component unit in which a government has a 100 percent equity interest account for its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at acquisition value at the date the government acquired a 100 percent equity interest in the component unit. Transactions presented in flows statements of the component unit in that circumstance should include only transactions that occurred subsequent to the acquisition. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The City is still evaluating how this pronouncement will affect the financial statements.

In May 2019, GASB No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, was issued. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. Earlier application is encouraged. The City is still evaluating how this pronouncement will affect the financial statements.

2. DUE FROM HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAMS

The Clinic renders services to patients under contractual arrangements with the Health Insurance Programs (Medicare and Medicaid), and submits cost reports that are subject to audit adjustments by the agencies that administer the programs. The programs' administrative procedures preclude final determination of amounts due the Clinic for services to program patients until after the Clinic's cost reports are audited or otherwise reviewed, and settled upon by the respective administrative agencies. Settlement amounts from the cost reports for the year ended June 30, 2019 have been recorded. No material changes are anticipated with the final settlement, nor from the initial settlement for the cost report for the period ended June 30, 2019. Services rendered to Medicaid program beneficiaries are reimbursed under the greater of a prospective system or cost reimbursement. The Clinic is reimbursed at a tentative rate with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the Clinic, and audits thereof by the Medicaid fiscal intermediary. The Clinic has agreements with

2. DUE FROM HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAMS (CONTINIUED)

third-party payors that provide for payments to the Clinic at amounts different from its established rates. Payment arrangements include prospectively determined rates per discharge, reimbursed costs, discounted charges, and per diem payments. Net patient service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payors, and others for services rendered, including estimated retroactive adjustments under reimbursement agreements with third-party payors. Retroactive adjustments are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and adjusted in future periods as final settlements are determined.

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

New Mexico State Statutes authorize the Clinic to deposit cash with a bank, savings and loan association, or credit union whose deposits are insured by an agency of the United States of America. All uninsured demand deposits and deposit - type investments such as certificates of deposits, are required to be collateralized with eligible securities, as described by New Mexico State Statues, in amounts equal to at least 50% of the uninsured deposits.

The Clinic maintains cash in one financial institution, one is The First National Bank of New Mexico, New Mexico ("First National Bank"). The second is the the Citizens Bank of Clovis. Collateral is held in safekeeping also in the form of pledge securities with a fair market value of \$1,265,811 as of June 30, 2019.

Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure the Clinic's deposits may not be returned to it. The Clinic does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. Bank balances of \$250,000 are covered by federal depository insurance. Bank balances in excess of the federal depository insurance were collateralized with pledged securities at Citizens Bank of Clovis in an amount not exceeding 50% of total Clinic deposits.

As of June 30, 2019, the Clinic's bank balance was exposed to custodial risk as follows:

Total deposits in bank	\$ 1,745,762
Less: FDIC coverage	250,000
Uninsured public funds	1,495,762
50% requirement	747,881
Pledged collateral	1,265,811
Uninsured and uncollateralized (Over)/under	<u>\$ (517,930)</u>

4. ACCOUNTS AND GRANTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Accounts receivable: Medicare receivables Medicaid receivables Self pay and other receivables Total gross patient receivables Allowance for doubtful accounts Allowance for contractual adjustments	\$	61,188 28,441 55,592 145,221 (8,224) (38,565)
Total	<u>\$</u>	98,432
Grants receivable as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:		
Federal 330 grant AIMS grant HIIP grant SUD-MH grant School grant	\$	97,432 3,652 6,075 7,410 13,125
Total	<u>\$</u>	127,694

5. FIXED ASSETS

		Balance June 30, 2018	Ir	ncreases	D	ecreases		Transfer		Balance June 30, 2019
Land	\$	-	\$	10,000	\$	_	\$	_	\$	10,000
Residential house	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	105,000	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	105,000
Leasehold improvements		1,006,946		104,967		-		-		1,111,913
Medical equipment		367,971		13,446		-		-		381,417
Dental equipment		296,401		-		(107,234)		-		189,167
Office equipment		130,627		-		-		-		130,627
Maintenance equipment	_	13,188				-	_	-	_	13,188
Total fixed assets		1,815,133		233,413		(107,234)		-		1,941,312
Less accumulated depreciation										
Residential House		-		2,692		-		-		2,692
Leasehold improvements		343,354		47,950		-		-		391,304
Medical equipment		367,971		1,121		-		-		369,092
Dental equipment		250,995		10,772		(91,923)		-		169,844
Office equipment		120,963		5,666		-		-		126,629
Maintenance equipment	-	13,188		-			-	-	-	13,188
Total accumulated depreciation	_	1,096,471		68,201		(91,923)	_			1,072,749
Net capital assets	\$_	718,662	\$	165,212	\$	<u>(15,311</u>)	\$ <u>_</u>	_	\$_	868,563

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$68,201.

6. PERA PENSION PLAN

GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, requires contributing employers of cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans to include the net pension liability, pension expense, and pension-related deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to their share of the pension plan in their financial statement presentation. PERA engaged their financial statement auditors to prepare a schedule allocating these obligations to the contributing employers as of the year ended June 30, 2018. As part of adopting GASB 68 during the current year, the Clinic recognized a Net Pension Liability (NPL), which represents the Clinic's share of the underfunded pension obligation at 2019.

General Information about the Pension Plan - Plan description. The New Mexico Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) was created by legislation enacted in 1947. PERA is the administrator of four retirement funds, including the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERA Fund), the Judicial Retirement Fund, the Magistrate Retirement Fund, and the Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Fund, offering an array of retirement benefit plans to state, county, and municipal employees, police, firefighters, judges, magistrates, and legislators. The four retirement funds are qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and are exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(a). The Deferred Compensation (IRC 457) Fund is an eligible deferred compensation plan as defined by Section 457 to the Internal Revenue Code. The Deferred Compensation Fund is properly excluded from the Schedule of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts. Refer to Note 1. C. Description of the Funds in PERA's June 30, 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for more in-depth detail of the pension funds administered by PERA. http://www.nmpera.org.

Benefits provided - For a description of the benefits provided and recent changes to the benefits see Note 1 in the PERA audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 available at: http://www.nmpera.org/assets/uploads/ downloads/GASB/Final-Version-NMPERA-2018-GASB-68-Report.pdf

Contributions - The contribution requirements of defined benefit plan members and De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc. are established in state statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The contribution requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. For the employer and employee contribution rates in effect for FY18 for the various PERA coverage options, for both Tier I and Tier II, see the tables available in the note disclosures on page 22 of the PERA FY18 annual audit report at

6. PERA PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

http://www.nmpera.org/assets/uploads/downloads/GASB/Final-Version-NMPERA-2018-GASB-68-Report.pdf. The PERA coverage options that apply to the Clinic are Municipal General Division. Statutorily required contributions to the pension plan from the Clinic were \$162,254 and employer paid member benefits that were "picked up" by the employer were \$0 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - The PERA pension liability amounts, net pension liability amounts, and sensitivity information were based on an annual actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018. The PERA pension liability amounts for each division were rolled forward from the valuation date to the Plan year ending June 30, 2018, using generally accepted actuarial principles. Therefore, the employer's portion was established as of the measurement date June 30, 2018.

The assets of the PERA fund are held in one trust, but there are six distinct membership groups (municipal general members, municipal police members, municipal fire members, state general members, state police members and legislative members) for whom separate contribution rates are determined each year pursuant to chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978. Therefore, the calculations of the net pension liability, pension expense and deferred inflows and outflows were preformed separately for each of the membership groups: municipal general members; municipal police members; municipal fire members; state general members; state police members and legislative members. The clinic's proportion of the net pension liability for each membership group that the employer participates in is based on the employer contributing entity's percentage of that membership group's total employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Only employer contributions for the pay period end dates that fell within the period of July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019 were included in the total contributions for a specific employer. Regular and any adjustment contributions that applied to FY 2018 are included in the total contribution amounts.

In the event that an employer is behind in reporting to PERA its required contributions, an estimate (receivable) was used to project the unremitted employer contributions. This allowed for fair and consistent measurement of the contributions with the total population. This methodology was used to maintain consistent measurement each year in determining the percentages to be allocated among all the participating employers.

6. PERA PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For PERA at June 30, 2019, the Clinic reported the following liability:

Municipal General Division	\$	3,270,053
Total Net Pension Liability	<u>\$</u>	3,270,053

The amounts are the proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30 2018, the Clinic's proportion noted below was unchanged from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017, due to the insignificance of the difference.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Clinic recognized the following pension expense:

Municipal General Division	\$	401,374
Total pension expense	<u>\$</u>	401,374

6. PERA PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2019, the Clinic reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions for Municipal General Division from the following sources:

	Deferred outflows of resources			Deferred inflows of resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	94,510	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		296,477		18,802
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		242,524		-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions		62,792		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		-		85,854
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		162,254		-
Change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		_		51,326
Total	<u>\$</u>	858,557	<u>\$</u>	155,982

6. PERA PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Liability Proportion

Municipal General Division 0.2051%

In June 30, 2019 \$162,254, deferred outflows - contributions made after measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability. Other deferred amounts to be recognized in fiscal years following the reporting date are below:

Year Ended June 30:			Municipal neral Division
	2020 2021 2022 2023	\$	372,487 138,925 16,892 12,017
	Total	<u>\$</u>	540,321

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a statistical analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and most recent best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

ALL FUNDS - Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	43.5 %	7.48 %
Risk Reduction & Mitigation	21.5	2.37
Credit Oriented Fixed Income	15.0	5.47
Real Assets	20.0	6.48
Total	100.0 %	

6. PERA PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that future contributions will be made in accordance with statutory rates. On this basis, the pension plan's fiduciary net position together with the expected future contributions are sufficient to provide all projected future benefit payments of current plan members as determined in accordance with GASB 67. Therefore, the 7.75 percent assumed long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the net pension liability of De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc., calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the Clinic's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

		1% Decrease 6.75%		Current 7.75%		1% Increase 8.75%		
Clinic's proportionate shar the Net Pension Liability	e of	\$ 5,038,933		\$ 3,270,053		<u>\$ 1,807,791</u>		
	TOTAL	\$	5.038.933	\$	3.270.053	\$	1,807,791	

Pension plan fiduciary net position - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FY18 Restated PERA financial report. The report is available at http://www.pera.state.nm.us/publications.html.

7. TAX ABATEMENTS

There are no tax abatements to report under GASB 77.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

DE BACA FAMILY PRACTICE CLINIC, INC. A COMPONENT UNIT OF DE BACA COUNTY SCHEDULE OF PROPORTINATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (PERA) PLAN PERA MUNICIPAL GENERAL DIVISION LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS* FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 2019	_	2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
The De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc.'s proportion of the net pension liability	\$ 3,270,053	\$	2,885,578	\$ 3,268,820	\$ 1,965,763	\$ 1,585,178
The De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc.'s proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.2051%		0.2100%	0.2046%	0.1928%	0.2032%
The De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc.'s covered- employee payroll	\$ 1,776,265	\$	1,966,408	\$ 1,844,416	\$ 1,991,835	\$ 1,842,166
The De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc.'s proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	181.76 %		146.77 %	177.23 %	98.69 %	86.05 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	71.13 %		73.74 %	69.18 %	76.99 %	81.29 %

*The amounts presented were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, The Clinic will present information for those years for which information is available.

DE BACA FAMILY PRACTICE CLINIC, INC. A COMPONENT UNIT OF DE BACA COUNTY SCHEDULE OF DE BACA FAMILY PRACTICE CLINIC'S CONTRIBUTIONS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (PERA) PLAN PERA MUNICIPAL GENERAL DIVISION LAST 10 FISICAL YEARS* FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 165,256	\$ 173,115	\$ 176,142	\$ 167,296	\$ 152,447
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	165,256	173,115	176,142	167,296	152,447
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-
Clinic's covered-employee payroll	<u>\$ 1,776,265</u>	<u>\$ 1,966,408</u>	<u>\$ 1,844,416</u>	<u>\$ 1,991,835</u>	<u>\$ 1,842,166</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	<u> 9</u> %	<u> 9</u> %	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, The Clinic will present information for those years for which information is available.

DE BACA FAMILY PRACTICE CLINIC, INC. A COMPONENT UNIT OF DE BACA COUNTY NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED June 30, 2019

Changes of benefit terms - The PERA Fund COLA and retirement eligibility benefits changes in recent years are described in Note 1 of the PERA FY 18 audit available at http://www.nmpera.org/assets/uploads/downloads/GASB/Final-Version-NMPERA-2018-GASB-68-Report.pdf.

Changes in assumptions - The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) of New Mexico Annual Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2018 report is available at http://www.nmpera.org/assets/uploads/downloads/GASB/Final-Version-NMPERA-2018-GASB-68-Report.pdf.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

DE BACA FAMILY PRACTICE CLINIC, INC. A COMPONENT UNIT OF DE BACA COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budget	Amounts		Variance Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Unrestricted : Net patient service revenue Operating agreement - Federal Operating agreement- State School Clinic Other grants and contributions Mill Levy, net Miscellaneous	\$ 1,542,894 1,097,991 - - 296,136 325,000 <u>38,100</u>	\$ 1,542,894 1,097,991 - - 296,136 325,000 <u>38,100</u>	\$ 1,537,833 1,221,861 399,889 52,500 - 375,022 546	\$ (5,061) 123,870 399,889 52,500 (296,136) 50,022 (37,554)
Total revenues	3,300,121	3,300,121	3,587,651	287,530
Operating expenditures Salaries Board and staff training Supplies Patient care contractual Non-patiient care contractual insurance Direct expenses Capital purchases HIIP Grant Expense Refunds Total expenditures	2,361,035 55,000 225,000 178,000 22,000 32,450 260,000 40,000 111,636 15,000 3,300,121	2,361,035 55,000 225,000 178,000 22,000 32,450 260,000 40,000 111,636 15,000 3,300,121	2,357,640 25,316 212,152 155,657 - 14,486 257,754 - 104,966 - 3,127,971	3,395 29,684 12,848 22,343 22,000 17,964 2,246 40,000 6,670 15,000 172,150
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and sources over expenses and uses	-	-	459,680	459,680
Non-operating revenues (expenses): Interest Bad debt expense	5,712 1,600	5,712 1,600	5,726 22,898	14 21,298
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	7,312	7,312	28,624	21,312
Net changes in net position Non- GAAP Basis	7,312	7,312	488,304	480,992
Net position - beginning of year	(105,359)	(105,359)	(105,359)	
Net position - ending	<u>\$ (98,047)</u>	<u>\$ (98,047)</u>	<u>\$ 382,945</u>	<u>\$ 480,992</u>

DE BACA FAMILY PRACTICE CLINIC, INC. A COMPONENT UNIT OF DE BACA COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to GAAP Basis:

Net changes in net position - budgetary basis	\$	488,304
Expense - accruals		(229,722)
Capital assets are expended in the budget but are capitalized and depreciated for financial		
statement purpose		(68,201)
Net changes in net position - GAAP basis	<u>\$</u>	190,381

DE BACA FAMILY PRACTICE CLINIC, INC. A COMPONENT UNIT OF DE BACA COUNTY SCHEDULE OF DEPOSITS AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS BY DEPOSITORY AND PUBLIC FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

Name of Depository	Account Type	Bank Balance June 30, 2019	Net Reconciling Items	Reconciled Balance June 30, 2019
Citizens Bank of Clovis	Money Market	\$ 966,938	\$ 188,014	\$ 1,154,952
Citizens Bank of Clovis	Interest Checking	624,325	33,515	590,810
		\$ <u>1,591,263</u>	\$ <u>221,529</u>	\$ <u>1,745,762</u>

DE BACA FAMILY PRACTICE CLINIC, INC. A COMPONENT UNIT OF DE BACA COUNTY SCHEDULE OF COLLATERAL PLEDGED BY DEPOSITORY FOR PUBLIC FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

Name of Depository	Pledged Collateral	Name and Location of Custodian	Fair Market Value June 30, 2019
Citizens Bank of Clovis	GNMA II Pool #4974 CUSIP #36202FQ33 Matures 3/20/2026	The Independent Bankers AFS Dallas, TX	\$ 342,662
Citizens Bank of Clovis	SBAP 2012-20K 1 Cusit 83162CVD2 Matures 11/1/2032	The Independent Bankers AFS Dallas, TX	923,149
			\$ <u>1,265,811</u>

DE BACA FAMILY PRACTICE CLINIC, INC. A COMPONENT UNIT OF DE BACA COUNTY SCHEDULES OF NET PATIENT SERVICE REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

ROUTINE SERVICES Medical services Dental services Mental health services School-based health clinic	\$	1,272,900 634,254 64,431 292,585
		2,264,170
DEDUCTIONS FROM REVENUES Contractual allowances		
Medical services Dental services		443,776 250,774
Mental health services		4,069
School-based health clinic		26,175
Charity care allowances	_	1,543
	_	726,337
Net Patient Service Revenue	\$ <u>_</u>	1,537,833

COMPLIANCE



Donald A. Beasley, CPA, Partner Christine Wright, CPA, Partner Beth Fant, EA, Partner Brad Beasley, CPA, Partner Tony Morán, CPA, Partner Christopher Salcido, CPA, Partner J. David Beasley, J.D., Partner

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Certified Public Accountants

Mr. Brian Colón New Mexico State Auditor To the Chairman and Board of Commissioners of De Baca County, New Mexico and The Chairman of Board of Directors De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc. a Component Unit of De Baca County, State of New Mexico Fort Sumner, New Mexico

Beasley, Mitchell & Co.

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America an the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements and the budgetary comparison presented as supplemental information of De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc. as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc. presented as supplemental information, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, of the financial statements, we considered De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc.'s internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given the limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc.'s financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The result of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

1 Mitchell \$ Co for hell & Co.

Las Cruces, New Mexico November 15, 2019



Donald A. Beasley, CPA, Partner Christine Wright, CPA, Partner Beth Fant, EA, Partner Brad Beasley, CPA, Partner Tony Morán, CPA, Partner Christopher Salcido, CPA, Partner J. David Beasley, J.D., Partner

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Certified Public Accountants

Mr. Brian Colón New Mexico State Auditor To the Chairman and Board of Commissioners of De Baca County, New Mexico and The Chairman of Board of Directors De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc. a Component Unit of De Baca County, State of New Mexico Fort Sumner, New Mexico

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc.'s compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the Uniform Grant Guidance that could have a direct and material effect on each of De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc.'s major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc.'s major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc.'s major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc.'s compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.



We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc.'s compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc. complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclose no instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc., is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc.'s internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc.'s internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exit that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Las Cruces, New Mexico November 15, 2019

DE BACA FAMILY PRACTICE CLINIC, INC. A COMPONENT UNIT OF DE BACA COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Grantor Im Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Program Expenses
U.S. Department of Health Health Center Cluster* Grants for Capital Develo		93.224 and 93.527 93.526	\$ 1,116,895 104,966
* Indicates a major program	Total Federal Financial Assistance		\$ <u>1,221,861</u>

DE BACA FAMILY PRACTICE CLINIC, INC. A COMPONENT UNIT OF DE BACA COUNTY NOTES TO THE EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc for the year ended June 30, 2019 and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule only presents a selected portion of the operations of the Clinic, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Clinic.

2 NON-CASH ASSISTANCE

The Clinic did not receive non-cash federal assistance for the year ended June 30, 2019.

3 SUB RECIPIENTS

The Clinic provided no federal awards to sub recipients for the year ended June 30, 2019.

4 COST RATE

The Clinic did not use the 10% de minimis cost rate for the current year.

DE BACA FAMILY PRACTICE CLINIC, INC. A COMPONENT UNIT OF DE BACA COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2019

Section 1 - Summary of Auditors' Results

	ial Statements of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified
Interno	al control over financial reporting:	
 Material weakness (es) identified? Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? 		No
		No
Noncc note	ompliance material to financial statements ed?	No
Type o	al Awards of auditors' report issued: al control over major programs	Unmodified
	Material weakness (es) identified?	No
• Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?		No
	of auditors' report issued on iance with major programs:	Unmodified
	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Grant Guidance?	No
	ication of Major Programs: <u>Number</u>	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
93	3.224	Health Center Cluster
	threshold used to distinguish between Type A vpe B programs	<u>\$ 750,000</u>
Audite	e qualified as low-risk auditee	Yes

DE BACA FAMILY PRACTICE CLINIC, INC. A COMPONENT UNIT OF DE BACA COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2019

Prior audit findings

NONE NOTED

Current audit findings

NONE NOTED

DE BACA FAMILY PRACTICE CLINIC, INC. A COMPONENT UNIT OF DE BACA COUNTY EXIT AND ENTRANCE CONFERENCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

An entrance conference was conducted September 23, 2019 in a closed meeting pursuant to Section 12-6-5 NMSA, 1978 with the following individuals in attendance:

De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc.

John Fallon Lisa Walraven Susan Vick Randie A Hatley Finance Committee Chair CEO CFO In house CPA

Beasley, Mitchell & Co., LLP

Juan A Garcia

Audit Specialist

Board President

Secretary

CEO

CFO

Finance Committee Chair

Contracted Accountant

An exit conference was conducted November 5, 2019 in a closed meeting pursuant to Section 12-6-5 NMSA, 1978 with the following individuals in attendance:

De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc.

Charlie West John Fallon Randall Mansell Lisa Walraven Susan Vick Randie Hatley

Beasley, Mitchell & Co., LLP

Juan Garcia

Audit Specialist

FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION

The financial statements of the De Baca Family Practice Clinic, Inc. as of, and for the year ended, June 30, 2019 were prepared by Beasley, Mitchell & Co., LLP, with the aid of responsible Clinic management. Official responsible personnel agree that the presentations are made with their knowledge and agreement.