FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2018 and 2017

(With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon)

Prepared by

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FINANCIAL REPORT

June 30, 2018 and 2017

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ASSOCIATION OF CHARTER SCHOOLS EDUCATION SERVICES As of June 30, 2018

OFFICIAL ROSTER

| Committee Member | Executive Committee Title | Representing |
|--|---|---|
| Doreen Winn | President | Public Academy for Performing Arts |
| Tonya Newton Kelly Callahan | Vice President Secretary | Alice King Comm. School NM Coalition of Charter Schools |
| Sam Obenshain | Treasurer | Cottonwood Classical Preparatory School |
| Matt Pahl | NMCCS Representative | NM Coalition of Charter Schools |
| Jesus Moncada | Member at Large | Christine Duncan Heritage Academy |
| Coreen Carrillo Mark Tolley Monica Aguilar Ray Griffin Susan McConnell | Member at Large | SAMS Corrales Intl School Nuestros Valeros Charter HS Turquoise Trail Comm. Charter North Valley Academy Charter School |
| David Craig | PED Representative | PED |
| Name | Administrative Official | <u>Title</u> |
| Raymond B. Hegwer Max Luft | | Executive Director Deputy Director |

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AICPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors and Management of Association of Charter Schools Education Services and Wayne Johnson, New Mexico State Auditor Albuquerque, New Mexico

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and fiduciary fund of the Association of Charter Schools Education Services (ACES) as of and for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise ACES' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. I also have audited the schedule of changes in assets and liabilities- fiduciary fund presented as supplemental information for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this responsibility includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the

assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the statements, in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control, accordingly, no such opinion is expressed. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and fiduciary fund of ACES as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4-8 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. information, although not a part of the basic statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplemental Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on ACES's financial statements fiduciary fund. The Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Fiduciary Funds, listed as "other

supplementary information" in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basis financial statements.

The Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Fiduciary Funds, listed as "other supplemental information" is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial Such information has been subjected to the auditing statements. procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities-Fiduciary Fund is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Governmental Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated September 25, 2018, on my consideration of ACES' internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering ACES' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kathleen R. Lane, P.C.

Albuquerque, NM September 25, 2018

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

The Association of Charter School Education Services (ACES) discussion and analysis provides an overview of ACES' financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Since this information is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, it should be read in conjunction with ACES' basic financial statements beginning on page 8.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This Annual Financial Report consists of multiple financial statements. The Statement of Net Position, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and the Statement of Cash Flows present information about the operation of ACES as a whole while providing specific details about the financial condition of ACES.

THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POISTIONS

Our analysis of ACES as a whole begins on page 9. One of the most important questions asked about ACES's finances is, "Is ACES as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Revenues, Expense and Changes in Net Position report information about ACES as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. "Yes, ACES is better off as a result of this year's activities".

These two statements report ACES' net assets and changes in them. You can think of ACES' net assets - the difference between assets and liabilities - as one way to measure ACES' financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in ACES' net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the members chartering body and the Public Education Department support of charter schools.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and changes in net position ACES presents its activities. All of ACES' basic services are reported here. Purchase of products and services by its members finance most of ACES' activities.

The **Statement of Cash Flows** is also an important document in determining the financial viability of ACES. Cash flow is the life-blood of ACES, or any entity, and this statement provides insight with regard to the inflows and outflows. This statement could signal an entity's effective cash management or forthcoming problems. A healthy entity should be "providing" cash from its operating activities.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

ACES was started July 2013 when the Joint Powers Agreement was signed by the Secretary of DFA. The decrease in Net Assets from July 1, 2017, until June 30, 2018, was 9.1%.

Table 1 Total Assets



| | Business-Type Activities | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|------------|--|
| | 30-Jun-16 | 30-Jun-17 | 30-Jun-18 | |
| Current and other assets | \$ 293,587 | \$ 171,928 | \$ 325,472 | |
| Total Assets | \$ 293,587 | \$ 171,928 | \$ 325,472 | |
| Current Liabilities | \$ 247,118 | \$ 114,420 | \$ 283,243 | |
| Total Liabilities | \$ 247,118 | <u>\$ 114,420</u> | \$ 283,243 | |
| Net Assets | | | | |
| Unrestricted | \$ 46,469 | \$ 57,508 | \$ 42,229 | |
| Total Net Assets | \$ 46,469 | \$ 57,508 | \$ 42,229 | |

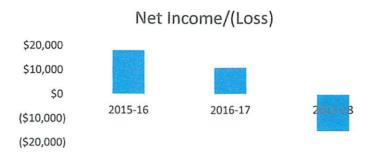
Net assets of ACES' business type activities increased by 48.98% (\$42,229 compared to \$28,346) for the three-year period ending June 30, 2018.

The year ending June 30, 2018, saw a decrease in Net Income. The decrease in Net Income can be attributed to write off of uncollectible accounts receivables at June 30, 2018.

The following tables reveal the data:

| | <u>2015-16</u> | <u> 2016-17</u> | <u>2017-18</u> |
|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Operating Income | \$ 2,919,255 | \$ 3,447,646 | \$ 4,184,502 |
| Expenses | \$ 2,901,132 | \$ 3,436,668 | \$ 4,199,787 |
| Net Income | \$ 18,123 | \$ 10,978 | \$ (15,285) |
| Net Assets | \$ 46,469 | \$ 57,508 | \$ 42,229 |

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets



Changes in Net Assets

| Business Type Activities |
|---------------------------------|
| 30-Jun-18 |
| |
| |
| \$ 3,211,147 |
| 244,293 |
| 729,016 |
| 46 |
| <u>\$ 4,184,502</u> |
| |
| \$ 3,176,979 |
| 230,527 |
| 693,597 |
| 17,582 |
| 81,102 |
| 4,199,787 |
| (15,285) |
| 6 |
| (15,279) |
| 57,508 |
| <u>\$ 42,229</u> |
| |

ACES' Total Revenues increased this fiscal year by \$736,856, when compared to the last fiscal year, and totaled \$4,184,508 including non-operating revenue. It represents a 21.4% percent increase over the previous year's revenue and a 19% or \$350,002 increase in the original projected budgeted revenue of \$3,834,500.

The Executive Committee has elected to set aside a percentage of the current year profit for future activity. The amount set aside as of June 30, 2018, is \$700.

At the beginning of the 2017-18 fiscal year, the following programs were in place:

Food Services

Financial Services, Instructional Technology

Online Employment Services

Facilities Maintenance Services

Transportation Services

Cadre Professional Services

Custodial/Handyman Services

Job Fair

Charter School Marketplace

During the 2017-18 fiscal year, the following services were added.

Landscaping services

Substitute Teachers

The addition of the new programs for 2017-18 brings the total number of programs offered by ACES to eleven.

Table 3 represents the cost of each of the five largest programs, as well as each program's expenses. The programs account for 100% of the income of ACES. The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the members of ACES by each of these functions.

Table 3

ACES Activities

| Largest Programs | Income | Expenses | Expense % of Income |
|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------|
| Food Services | \$ 1,557,924 | \$ 1,542,855 | 99% |
| Business Offices Services | \$ 1,003,896 | \$ 993,857 | 99% |
| Instructional Technology | \$ 578,963 | \$ 572,783 | 99% |
| Maintenance Services | \$ 557,414 | \$ 532,438 | 95.5% |
| Cadre Services | \$ 244,293 | \$ 211,705 | 86.7% |

CHANGE IN MEMBERSHIP

At the beginning of the 2017-18 fiscal year, ACES had 80 member schools. During the fiscal year, ACES added 3 new members, bringing the total to 83. However, during the fiscal year, 2 schools were closed, making a total of 81 member schools at the end of the 2018 fiscal year.

Of the 81 schools that are members during the 2017-18 fiscal year, 48 or 58% of the schools are using one or more of the programs offered by ACES.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND INFRASTRUCTURE

ACES does not have any capital assets in excess of \$5,000 in cost and no infrastructure.

ACES BUDGET

At the beginning of the 2017-18 fiscal year, a projected budget was presented to the ACES Executive Committee for their review and approval. During the fiscal year, four budget adjustments were presented to the Executive Committee and approved.

The initial budget projected \$3,834,500 in total revenue and periodically the budget was adjusted to reflect projected increases in revenue. The Final approved budget was \$4,024,800 and actual total income was \$4,184,508 or \$350,008 more than initial budget. Like the initial budget, projected initial expenses at \$3,798,656 and expenses were increased periodically as revenue increased. The final expenses in the approved budget were \$4,350,122. Although there was more revenue than initial budgeted, there were corresponding increases in expenses as well. Since expenses are a direct percentage of income over 99% of the program income, expenses increased proportionally to income.

ECONOMIC FACTOR AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The ACES Executive Committee considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2018-19 budget. Those factors included increases and decreases in membership; increases in utilization of ACES' services and program by members' increases in the number of program and services offered by ACES; and, improved accounting systems that will result in more accurate tracking of revenue and expenses and alignment with programs.

CONTACTING ACES' FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our members with a general overview of ACES finances and to show ACES' accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact either Dr. Bruce Hewer, Executive Director (<u>bruce.h@nmaces.org</u>, 575-740-0020). Or Dr. Max Luft, Deputy Director and Chief Financial Officer (<u>max.l@nmaces.org</u>, 505-269-2109). The address is PO Box 3146, Albuquerque, NM 87190.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

| | Assets | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|-------------------|--|---|
| Current Assets: Cash (Note 2) Accounts receivable - trade Accounts receivable-other Prepaid expense Total current assets | • | 99,995 224,089 - 1,388 325,472 | \$ 67,997 101,932 503 1,496 171,928 |
| Total assets | \$ | 325,472 | \$ <u>171,928</u> |
| Liabilitie | es and Net Positi | .on | |
| Current Liabilities: Accounts payable, trade Accrued payroll and benefit Total current liabilities | ts (Note 7) | 249,868 33,375 283,243 | \$ 108,055 6,365 114,420 |
| Total liabilities | | 283,243 | 114,420 |
| Net Position: Unrestricted Total net position | | 42,229 | 57,508 57,508 |
| Total liabilities and net position | \$ | 325,472 | \$ <u>171,928</u> |

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

| Operating revenues: Procurement Cadre services Related services Administration Total operating revenues | 2018 \$ 3,211,147 \$ 244,293 729,016 \$ 46 \$ 4,184,502 | 2017 2,626,922 320,927 499,589 208 3,447,646 |
|---|--|---|
| Operating expenses: Cost of goods sold Procurement Cadre services Related services Uncollectible A/R write-off Total cost of goods sold | 3,176,979 230,527 693,597 17,582 4,118,685 | 2,600,589 304,440 456,128 - 3,361,157 |
| Gross profit | 65,817 | 86,489 |
| Administration expenses: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Payroll taxes Travel Vehicle expense Insurance-property and liability Office expense Postage and freight Computer and internet Legal/accounting services Total expenses | 44,185 14,441 4,712 357 - 1,334 1,387 361 5,224 9,101 81,102 | 25,616 21,055 2,578 177 605 1,310 1,072 239 2,443 20,416 75,511 |
| Operating income/(loss) | (15,285) | 10,978 |
| Non-operating revenues: Interest income Total non-operating revenues Change in net position | (15,279) | 61 61 11,039 |
| Net position, beginning of year | 57,508 | 46,469 |
| Net position, end of year | \$ <u>42,229</u> \$ | 57,508 |

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

| | | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|--------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from members | \$ 4 | 4,047,442 | \$ 3,592,108 |
| Less: Cash payment to or for suppliers Cash payment to or for employees | (: | 3,587,846) (427,604) | (3,185,248) (385,005) |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | g - | 31,992 | 21,855 |
| <pre>Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Interest income</pre> | - | 6 | 61 |
| Net cash (used) provided by capital and related financing activities | 1 - | 6 | 61 |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | | 31,998 | 21,916 |
| Cash and cash equivalent, beginning of year | | 67,997 | 46,081 |
| Cash and cash equivalent, ending of year | \$ _ | 99,995 | \$ <u>67,997</u> |
| Reconciliation of operating income to operating activities: | cas | h provided | (used) by |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ | (15,285) | \$ 10,978 |
| Decrease (increase) in: Accounts receivable-trade Accounts receivable-other Prepaid expenses | | (122,157) 503 108 | 143,959 (384) |
| Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and expenses Net cash provided (used) by operating | - | 141,813 27,010 | (105,178) (27,520) |
| activities | \$ _ | 31,992 | \$ <u>21,855</u> |

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2018 and 2017

| ASSETS | 2018 Agency <u>Funds</u> | 2017 Agency <u>Funds</u> |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ <u>105,395</u> | \$ 113,986 |
| Total Assets | \$ <u>105,395</u> | \$ <u>113,986</u> |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Due to others (Note 4) | \$ <u>105,395</u> | \$ 113,986 |
| Total Liabilities | \$ <u>105,395</u> | \$ <u>113,986</u> |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Note 1: Organization and summary of significant accounting policies

Nature of Operations - Purpose

Organization/Joint Power Agreement

Association of Charter Schools Education Services (ACES) was formed on July 3, 2013, by members of charter schools by entering into a Joint Powers Agreement to Establish an Educational Cooperative, as approved by the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration (DFA). The Joint Power Agreement establishes a legal entity. As of June 30, 2018, there were 81 charter school members. ACES provides a wide range of educational services including state-wide cooperative purchasing, services such as business management, student management, technology assistance, teacher and administration training and other professional service, and general consulting.

Membership

ACES is an organization comprised of New Mexico charter schools. ACES is a membership organization that is open to New Mexico charter schools. Members may be added or deleted pursuant to the Joint Power Agreement. The Board of Directors consists of Executive Officers of JPA membership board.

ACES' financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established by GAAP and used by ACES are discussed below.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Note 1: Organization and summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity as defined by GASB 14 consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. This definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability as the cornerstone of all reporting in governments.

A primary government is any state or general-purpose local government consisting of all the organizations that make up its legal entity. All funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that are not legally separate are, for financial reporting purposes, part of the primary government. The ACES is a local government unit and is the primary government for the financial presentation.

ACES does not have any component units during the year ended June 30, 2018.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Note 1: Organization and summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

ACES' activities are reported as business-type activities and fiduciary (agency) fund. As a result, the financial statements are comprised of proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. Proprietary statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets, deferred outflows or resources, liabilities deferred inflows of resources (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position present increases (revenues and gains) and decreases (expenses and losses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of ACES are procurement, CADRE services, administrative services and other related services generated from its services. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Note 1: Organization and summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

ACES operations are accounted for as a proprietary fund (enterprise fund). Proprietary funds are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business. Proprietary funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues, (b) has third-party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges, or (c) establishes fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs. They are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is ACES' policy to use applicable restricted resources first, then the unrestricted resources as they are needed.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> (Not Included in Government-Wide Statements)

Trust and Agency Fund - This fund is used to account for funds received on behalf of the employees who participate in the nonqualified deferred compensation plan. Agency funds are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Note 1: Organization and summary of significant accounting policies (continued) Net Position

Net position is the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflow of resources. Net investment in capital assets - net of related debt, are capital assets, less accumulated depreciation and any outstanding debt related to the acquisition or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are legal limitations imposed on their use by external restrictions by other governments, creditors, or grantors.

Accounts Receivable

All receivables are deemed fully collectible, and an allowance for doubtful accounts has not been established. All amounts are deemed collectible within one year of June 30, 2018.

Property and Equipment

ACES has established its capitalization policy at \$5,000. Items with a cost of less than \$5,000 are expensed in the year of acquisition. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations when incurred and major improvements and replacements are capitalized. ACES records assets (such as, furniture and equipment including software, building and improvements, land, and ancillary equipment) purchased at cost or, if contributed, at fair market value at date of donation.

ACES has not capitalized any property and equipment since inception.

Income Taxes

ACES is exempt from filing tax returns based on the New Mexico Attorney General and Department of Finance and Administration's determination that ACES is a governmental entity.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Note 1: Organization and summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

ACES considers all short-term securities purchased with maturity of three months or less and not held in trust to be cash equivalents.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budget

ACES prepares a budget for internal use, but is not required to provide a legally adopted budget with a government agency in New Mexico.

ACES' budget is prepared on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), using an estimate of anticipated revenues and expenses. The budget is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, and capitalized fixed capital assets over \$5,000 are not included in the budget.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30. 2018

Note 1: Organization and summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Budget (continued)

The Executive Director prepares an overall budget by program for ACES which is adopted by the Executive Committee. This budget includes expected receipts and expenditures of the Operating Fund. ACES is required to prepare budgets for each program. The budgets, used by ACES to monitor each project, are also used for comparisons in the accompanying financial statements. ACES approves its budget by total revenue and expenses by program.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year. However, proprietary budget are not required therefore not included in these financial statements.

Encumbrances

ACES does not use encumbrance accounting.

Revenues

Revenues directly related to the operation are recorded as operating revenues.

Compensated Absences Payable

ACES did not record any compensated absences at June 30, 2018.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Note 2: Cash and Cash Equivalents

In accordance with Section 6-10-17, NMSA 1978 Compilation, bank deposits of public monies are required to be collateralized. Pledged collateral is required in amounts in aggregate to equal one half of the amount of uninsured public money in each account during the fiscal year ACES does not have uninsured balance.

Securities which are obligations of the state of New Mexico, its agencies, institutions, counties, or municipalities or other subdivisions are accepted at par value; all other securities are accepted at market value. No security is required for the deposit of public money that is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or the National Credit Union Administration. ACES' cash balances consist of demand deposits.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, ACES' deposits may not be returned to it. ACES' deposit policy is to collateralize one-half of the uninsured public money in each account. As of June 30, 2018, \$0 of ACES' bank balance of \$229,349 was exposed to custodial credit risk. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that the government's deposits may not be returned to it in the event of a bank failure.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Note 2: Cash and Cash Equivalents (continued)

ACES' bank balance was collateralized in compliance with state of New Mexico requirements as follows:

| Name of depository | Account name | Type of account | Bank balance as of 6/30/18 | Reconciled balance as of 6/30/18 |
|--|--------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Bank of Albuquerque Bank of Albuquerque Less: FDIC insurance Uninsured public fur | | Checking Savings | \$ 229,349 | \$ 99,295 \(\frac{700}{99,995}\) |
| Total deposits: Category 1-Insured | i | | \$ 230,049 | |
| Add: deposit in the Less: outstanding Reconciled bank bala | checks | | (130,054) 99,995 | |
| Total cash and cas | sh equivalen | its | \$ <u>99,995</u> | |

Note 3: Property, Equipment and Depreciation

As of the year ended June 30, 2018, ACES had no property, plant and equipment to capitalize and depreciate.

Note 4: Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan

All employees are eligible to participate in a nonqualified deferred compensation plan, sponsored by ACES and administered by trust.

Note 5: ERB and State Retiree Health Care Plan

ACES does not participate in Education Retirement Board (ERB) and does not contribute to the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Plan (RHCP).

Note 6: Risk Management

ACES is insured through purchase of commercial insurance policies for general liability and purchases Worker's Compensation Insurance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Note 7: Accrued Liabilities

Accrued payroll at June 30, 2018, is as follows:

| Type | 2018 | 2017 |
|-----------------------|-----------|-------------|
| Accrued payroll | \$ 18,988 | \$ 1,630 |
| Accrued payroll taxes | 14,387 | 4,735 |
| Total | \$ 33,375 | \$ 6,365 |

Note 8: Joint Power Agreement

A Joint Powers Agreement to establish New Mexico Charter School Educational Service Association was approved by Department of Finance and Administration on July 3, 2014. The following are participants as of June 30, 2018:

Christine Duncan Heritage Academy J. Paul Taylor Academy Southwest AMSE Southwest Primary Learning Center Aldo Leopold High School Cesar Chavez Community School Digital Arts and Technology South Valley Prep School Amy Biehl Charter H.S. San Diego Riverside Charter School Albuquerque School of Excellence Alice King Community Schools ACE Leadership High La Academia Delores Huerta · Lindrith Area Heritage School School of Dreams Tech Leadership High School Cottonwood Valley Charter School Explore Academy Las Montanas Charter High School Taos Integrated School of the Arts Vista Grande High School Taos Academy Albuquerque Sign Language Academy Mosaic Academy Charter Corrales International School Gordon Bernell Charter School Horizon Academy West Los Puentes Charter School Middle College High School Monte del Sol Charter School North Valley Academy Sidney Gutierrez Middle School Sandoval Academy for Bilingual Ed DEAP La Promisa Early Learning Center NM International School Cien Aquas Intl School Carinos de los Ninos Academy Trade and Technology

Public Academy for Performing Arts Albq. Charter Academy (SIA Tech) 21st Century Public Academy Tierra Encantada Charter School Albq. Talent Dev. Academy Intl School at Mesa del Sol La Tierra Montessori School of A & S Montessori of Rio Grande Academy of Technology and Classics Coral Community Charter School Estancia Valley Classical Academy Gilbert L. Sena Charter H.S. Moreno Valley High School Tierra Adentro William W and Josephine Charter Comm. School Turquoise Trail Charter School Alma d' arte Charter H.S. for the Arts ASK Academy Cottonwood Classical Preparatory School Health Leadership High School Jefferson Montessori Academy Media Arts Collaborative Charter School Mission Achievement and Success Charter Sch. Mountain Mahogany Community School New Mexico School for the Arts Nuestros Valores Charter School Robert F. Kennedy Charter School Six Directions Indigenous School The MASTERS Program East Mountain High School McCurdy Charter School Roots and Wings Community School Rio Gallinas School for Ecology/Arts Albuquerque Collegiate Charter School New America School Altura Preparatory School South Valley Academy Anansi Charter School Deming Cesar Chavez Charter H.S. Taos International School Southwest Secondary Learning Academy

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Note 8: Joint Power Agreement (continued)

Party Responsible for Operations: New Mexico Charter School Educational Service Association

Description: JPA to establish ACES for the purpose of pooling efforts and resources in order to bring additional, necessary educational services and tangible personal property to charter school at affordable costs.

Effective: July 3, 2013, until rescinded or terminated by members

Total estimated amount of projects applicable to the agency: Total Revenue \$4,184,502

Amount the agency contributed in current fiscal year: None

Audit responsibility: Required annual audit by October 1st

Revenues and expenditures are report to Office of State Auditor

Note 9: Related Party Transactions

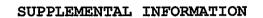
Deputy Executive Director and the owner of vendor, LDD Consulting, Inc. are father and son. LDD Consulting, Inc. submitted an RFP to provide educational technology services. LDD Consulting, Inc. was awarded the contract and is available to the members for technology services. During 2018, the amount paid to LDD Consulting, Inc. by ACES was \$514,205. There is a payable due to LDD Consulting, Inc. at June 30, 2018 in the amount of \$18,324.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Note 10: Commitments, Contingencies, and Subsequent Events

Subsequent events are events or transactions that occur after the balance sheet date but before the financial ACES recognizes statements are issued. financial statements the effects of all subsequent provide additional evidence that conditions that existed at the date of the balance sheet, including the estimates inherent in the process of preparing the financial statements. ACES' financial statements do not recognize subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that did not exist at the date of the balance sheet but arose after the balance sheet date and before financial statements are available to be issued.

ACES has evaluated subsequent events through September 25, 2018, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2018 and 2017

| ASSETS | Balance 6/30/17 | Additions | Deletions | Balance 6/30/18 |
|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| Cash | \$ 113,986 | \$ 60,532 | \$ 69,123 \$ | 105,395 |
| Total assets | \$ <u>113,986</u> | \$ 60,532 | \$ 69,123 \$ | <u>105,395</u> |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Due to others | \$ 113,986 | \$ 60,532 | \$ 69,123 \$ | 105,395 |
| Total liabilities | \$ <u>113,986</u> | \$ <u>60,532</u> | \$ <u>69,123</u> \$ | <u>105,395</u> |

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance

With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Directors and Management of Association of Charter Schools Education Services And Wayne Johnson, New Mexico State Auditor

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and fiduciary fund of Association of Charter Schools Education Services (ACES) as of and for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise ACES' basic financial statements, and the schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Fiduciary Fund, presented as supplemental information, and have issued my report thereon dated September 25, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered ACES' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of ACES' internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of ACES' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of

deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that were not identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether ACES' financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2018-001.

ACES' Responses to Findings

ACES' responses to the finding identified in my audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. ACES' responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, I express no opinion on it.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kathleen R. Lane, P.C

Albuquerque, NM September 25, 2018

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES June 30, 2018

Section 1 - Summary of Audit Results

Financial Statements

| Type of Auditor's report Issued | Unmodifi | Unmodified | |
|--|----------|-------------|--|
| Deficiency in internal control: | | | |
| Material weakness identified? | Yes | <u>X</u> No | |
| Significant deficiencies identified? | Yes | _X_No | |
| Significant deficiencies in internal control that are not considered | | | |
| to be material weaknesses? | Yes | X_No | |

Federal Awards

Association of Charter Schools Education Services does not receive any federal money.

Current Year Findings

2018-001 - Collateralization Requirement - Other Matters (State Audit Rule Finding)

Prior Year Findings - All resolved

2017-001 - Late audit contract - Other Matters (State Audit Rule Finding)

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES June 30, 2018

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS

2018-001 - Collateralization Requirement - Other Matters (State Audit Rule Finding)

Statement of Condition

Deposits held at Bank of Albuquerque were over the \$250,000 FDIC coverage four different days during the fiscal year. The overage was not collateralized at 50%.

Criteria

Section 6-10-17 NMSA states, "Any bank or savings and loan association designated as a depository of public money shall deliver securities of the kind specified in Section 6-10-16 NMSA 1978 to a custodial bank described in Section 6-10-21 NMSA 1978 and shall then deliver a joint safekeeping receipt issued by the custodial bank to the public official from whom or the public board from which the public money is received for deposit. The securities delivered shall have an aggregate value to one-half the amount of public money to be received in accordance with Subsection B of Section 6-10-16 NMSA 1978."

Effect

ACES is not in compliance with state statues.

Cause

As ACES continues to grow, so do the bank deposits and bank balance. On four separate days the balance exceeded the FDIC limit of \$250,000.

Recommendation

ACES should insure that the bank provide collateralization for the operating account held in ACES' name. As the organization continues to grow, this can become more of an occurrence in the bank account.

Agency Response

On September 13, 2018, Max Luft, Deputy Director, went to the bank and set up collateralization with Bank of Albuquerque.

EXIT CONFERENCE June 30, 2018

Financial Statement Preparation

Kathleen R. Lane, P.C. prepared the accompanying financial statements based on the information provided by the agency, however, the financial statements are the responsibility of management.

Exit Conference

An exit conference was held on September 25, 2018, and attended by the following:

Governing board
Sam Obenshain - Treasurer
Mark Tolley - Exec. Committee member

Finance Committee
Michael Rodriguez
Eric Bose
David Craig

ACES Personnel
Bruce Hegwer, Executive Director
Max Luft, Deputy Director
Doug Whitaker, ACES staff

Kathleen R. Lane, P.C. - Personnel

Kathleen R. Lane, Audit Partner