VENTANA WEST PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

June 30, 2019

VENTANA WEST PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT

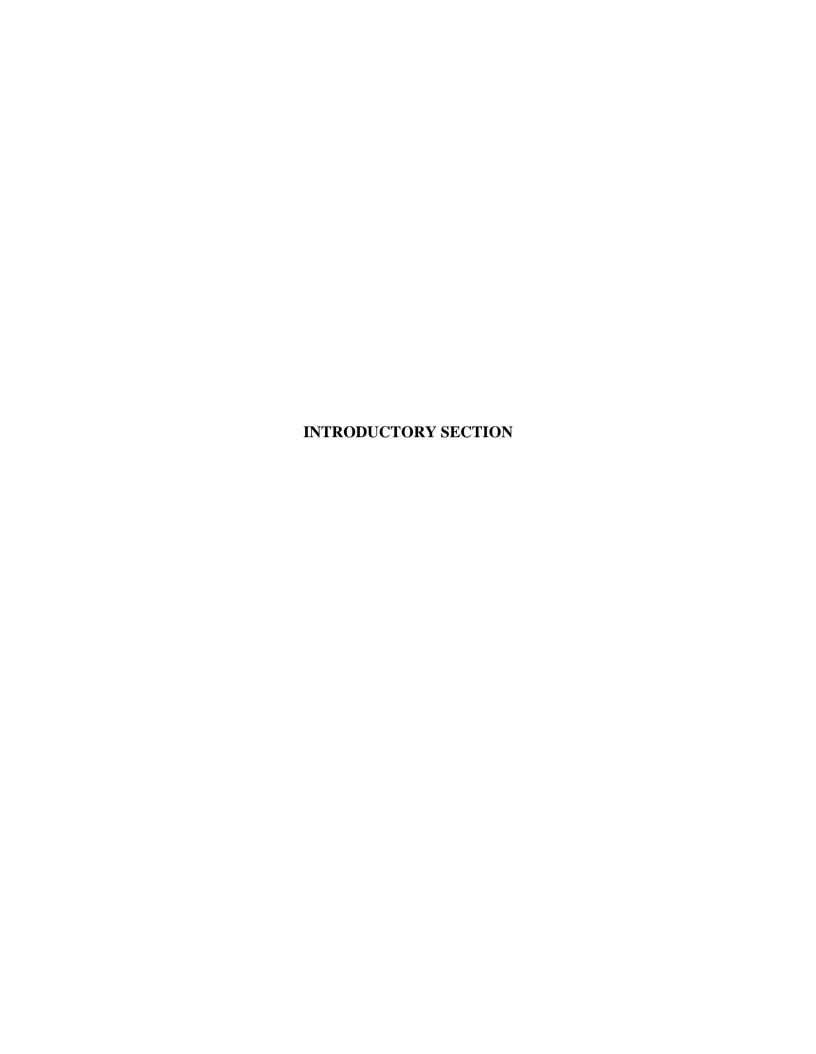
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VENTANA WEST PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT

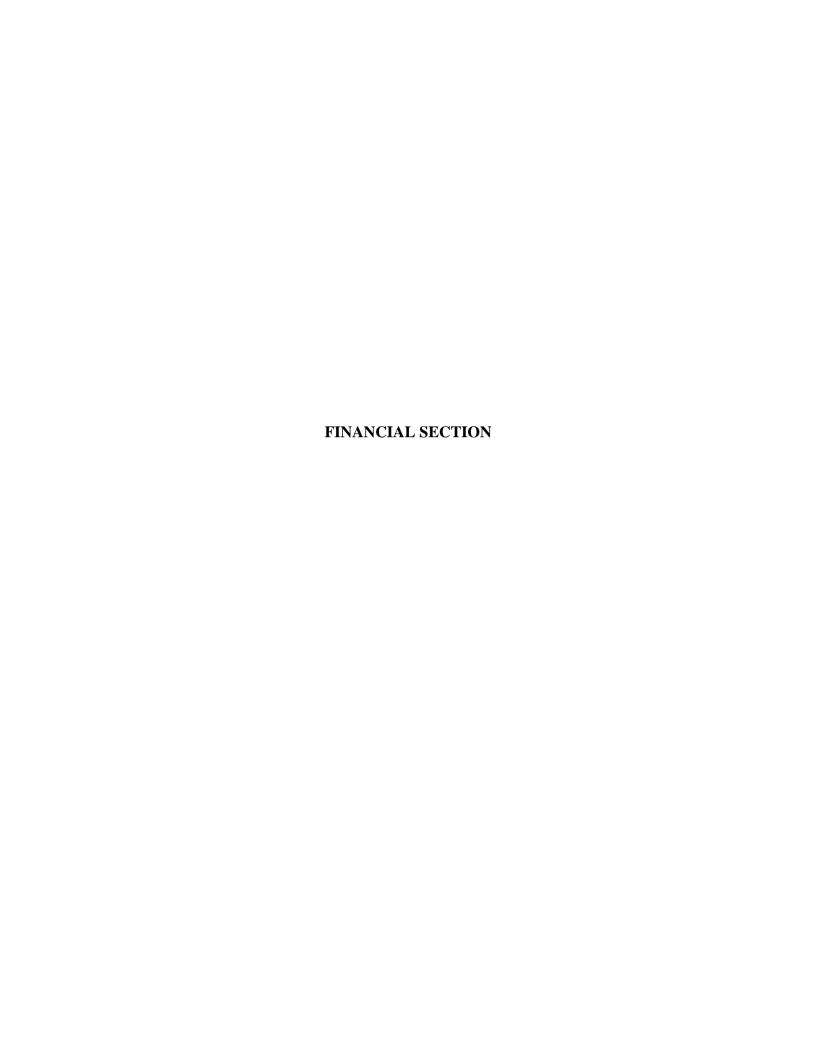
Official Roster As of June 30, 2019

Board of Directors

Robert Eslinger Chair

Stephanie Yara Treasurer

William Gallegos Member





1030 18th Street NW Albuquerque, NM 87104 505 338 0800 office www.riccicpa.com

Independent Auditors' Report

Brian S. Colón, Esq., State Auditor and To the Board of Directors Ventana West Public Improvement District

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and budgetary comparison for the general fund of Ventana West Public Improvement District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not

for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund of Ventana West Public Improvement District as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 8 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the District's financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying budgetary comparison of the Bond fund as of June 30, 2019 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison schedule of the Bond fund at June 30, 2019 is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the

underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison schedule of the Bond fund at June 30, 2019 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated December 13, 2019, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Ricci & Company LLC

Albuquerque, New Mexico December 13, 2019

As management of the Ventana West Public Improvement District (the "District"), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the financial information presented here in conjunction with the financial statements and accompanying notes which follow this section.

The District is a political subdivision of the state of New Mexico duly created and existing pursuant to Sections 5-11-1 through 5-11-27 NMSA 1978, as amended, and City of Albuquerque (the "City") Council ordinance enactment No. 0-2003-012 on December 8, 2003.

The purpose of the District, pursuant to the resolution of the City that formed the District, is to provide financing of the infrastructure improvements set forth in the Master Plan that was approved by the City and as required pursuant to the Act and the Development Agreement among the District, the City and the developer, Ventana West, LLC.

Financial Highlights

The financial statements, which follow the Management's Discussion and Analysis, provide those significant key financial highlights for fiscal year 2019 as follows:

- In the Statement of Net Position, the District's total net position amounted to negative \$4,029,686 in fiscal year 2019.
- In the Statement of Activities, the special levy revenue amounted to \$476,046.
- In the Statement of Activities, the District incurred \$210,404 for interest payments and general government expenses.

Overview of Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the fiscal years reported. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are presented in the following category:

Governmental activities

Governmental activities include the District's basic activities to reimburse the developer for the construction of certain public infrastructure improvements as provided in the Act and the governing documents of the District, including the Development Agreement among the District, the developer and the City.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 16 of these financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a district's financial position. The District's liabilities exceeded assets by \$4,029,686 as of June 30, 2019.

The following table presents the condensed net position for fiscal years ended June 30:

	2019			2018		
Current Assets	\$	883,707	\$	850,913		
Total Assets		883,707		850,913		
Current liabilities Long-term obligations outstanding		324,644 4,588,749		325,656 4,774,620		
Total Liabilities		4,913,393		5,100,276		
Net position - unrestricted (deficit)	<u>\$</u>	(4,029,686)	\$	(4,249,363)		

The following are significant transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2019:

- Administrative expenditures were \$47,272.
- Interest expense was \$163,132
- Special levy revenue was \$476,046.

Changes in net position

The following table summarizes changes in net position for fiscal years ended June 30:

	2019	2018
Expenses		
Interest expense	\$ (163,132)	\$ (173,862)
General government	 (47,272)	 (42,989)
Total Expenses	 (210,404)	 (216,851)
General Revenues		
Special levy	476,046	489,733
Interest income	 12,008	5,841
	 488,054	495,574
Changes in net position	\$ 277,650	\$ 278,723

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

The District's revenues in the governmental funds for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$488,053. The District's main source of revenue is the special levy assessed to properties within the District. The major expenditures of the District are debt service payments and administration expenses.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District adopts an annual budget, which projects the expected expenditures (based on administrative expenses, debt service requirements and estimated delinquency) and the interest income from funds, to determine the special levy each year. There were no significant changes between original and final budgets for fiscal year ending 2019.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

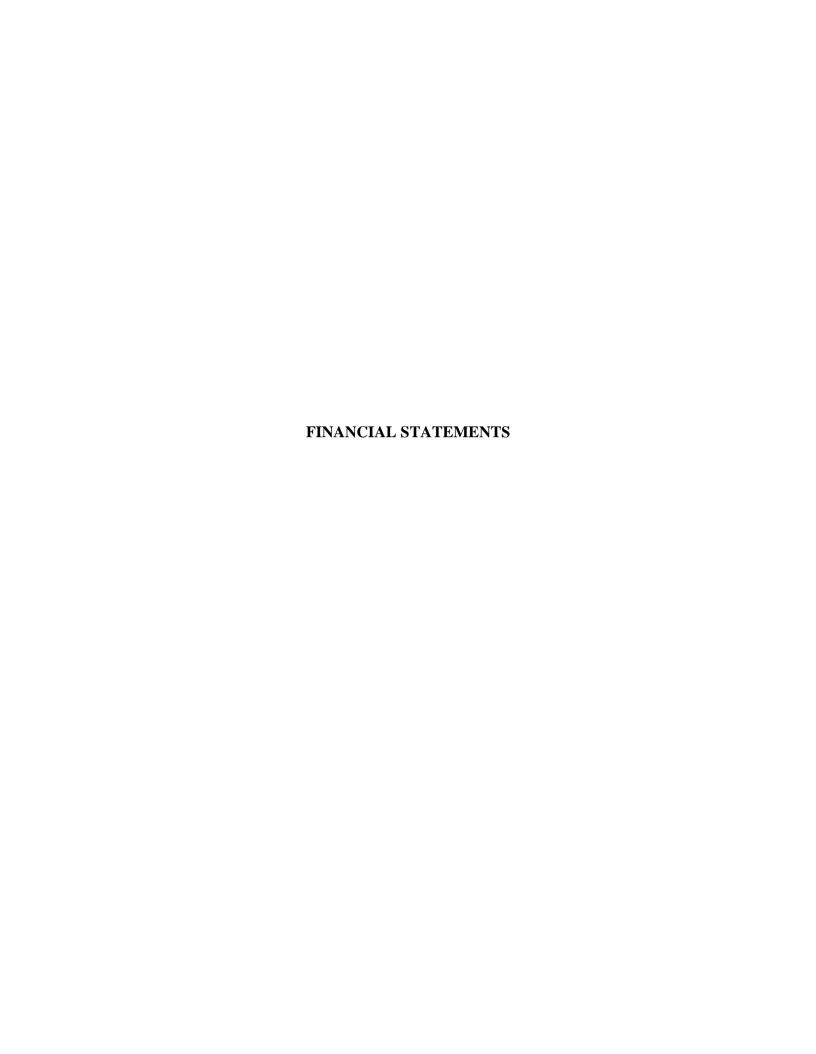
The District improvements include the construction of streets within the District, major earthwork and grading improvements, storm drainage channels and other store water improvements, sidewalks, landscaping improvements and neighborhood parks, and related engineering costs.

The District owns no significant capital assets at June 30, 2019. It is anticipated that the District will not, in the future, own any capital assets. The capital improvements that are to be financed by the District are all to be dedicated to the City.

Pursuant to Resolution No. 2015-03 adopted on August 20, 2015, the District issued its \$5,335,000 Special Levy Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2015 (Series 2015 Bonds) on November 24, 2015. The Series 2015 Bonds were issued to refund the District's Series 2004 Bonds for debt service savings. Under the Indenture dated November 24, 2015, the Bonds are payable from revenues received by the District in each fiscal year from the payment of the Special Levy, authorized pursuant to the Act to be levied against parcels of land within the District in accordance with the Rate and Method of Apportionment of the Special Levy for the District approved by the City in the Formation Resolution. The outstanding debt at June 30, 2019 was \$4,665,000.

Requests for Information

This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 is designed to give its readers a general overview of the District's finances. Questions regarding any information contained in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Treasurer of the Ventana West Public Improvement District, Stephanie Yara, P.O. Box 1293, Albuquerque, NM 87103.



VENTANA WEST PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION-GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES June 30, 2019

		Government Activities
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	879,370
Special levy receivable		4,337
Total assets	\$	883,707
LIABILITIES		
Accrued expenses - professional services	\$	11,771
Interest payable		72,872
Revenue bonds payable		
Due within one year		240,000
Unamortized premium within one year		12,338
Unamortized premium due in more than one year		161,412
Due in more than one year		4,415,000
Total liabilities		4,913,393
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted (deficit)		(4,029,686)
Total net position	-	(4,029,686)
Total liabilities and net position	\$	883,707

VENTANA WEST PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES-GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Year ended June 30, 2019

	Expenses		Governmental Activities		
Expenses				_	
Interest expense	\$	163,132	\$	(163,132)	
General government		47,272		(47,272)	
Total expenses	\$	210,404	\$	(210,404)	
General Revenues Special Levy			\$	476,046	
Interest income			Ψ	12,008	
Total revenues				488,054	
Change in net position				277,650	
Net position, beginning of year				(4,249,363)	
Net position, restatement				(57,973)	
Net position, beginning, as restated				(4,307,336)	
Net position, end of year			\$	(4,029,686)	

VENTANA WEST PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

	General Fund	Bond Fund	Total
ASSETS	 		
Cash and cash equivalents Special levy receivable Prepaid expenses	\$ 879,256 4,337	114 - -	\$ 879,370 4,337
Total assets	\$ 883,593	114	\$ 883,707
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities			
Accrued expenses	\$ 11,771	-	\$ 11,771
Total liabilities	 11,771	-	 11,771
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted Unassigned	871,822	114	114 871,822
Total fund balances	871,822	114	 871,936
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 883,593	114	\$ 883,707

VENTANA WEST PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

\$ 871,936
(4,828,750)
(72,872)
\$ (4.029.686)
\$

VENTANA WEST PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund		Bond Fund	Total	
REVENUES				_	
Special levy	\$	476,046	-	\$ 476,046	
Interest income		11,869	138	 12,007	
Total revenues		487,915	138	 488,053	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government		47,271	-	47,271	
Debt service:					
Principal		-	230,000	230,000	
Interest			178,344	178,344	
Total expenditures		47,271	408,344	 455,615	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER)					
Expenditures		440,644	(408,206)	 32,438	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		68,404	408,269	476,673	
Transfers out		(476,673)	-	(476,673)	
Total		(408,269)	408,269		
Net change in fund balances		32,375	63	32,438	
Fund balances, beginning of year		839,447	51	839,498	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	871,822	114	\$ 871,936	

VENTANA WEST PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 32,438
Amounts reported for governmental activities in	
the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report interest expense when the amount is paid, whereas the Statement of Activities reports interest on an accrual basis.	15,212
The repayment of long-term debt consumes current financial resources of the governmental funds. This has no effect on the net position in the Statement of Activities.	230,000
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 277,650

VENTANA WEST PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted A	Amounts Final	Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES		Original	Fillal	Actual		(Negative)
REVENUES						
Special levy	\$	476,046	476,046	476,046	\$	_
Interest income	Ψ		-70,040	11,869	Ψ	11,869
merest meome		,		11,000		11,000
Total revenues	,	476,046	476,046	487,915		11,869
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General government		74,298	74,298	47,271		27,027
Total expenditures		74,298	74,298	47,271		27,027
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		-	-	68,404		68,404
Transfers out			-	(476,673)		(476,673)
Total			_	(408,269)		(408,269)
Net Change in Fund Balances		401,748	401,748	32,375		(369,373)
Fund Balance, beginning of year		839,447	839,447	839,447		
Fund Balance, end of year	\$	1,241,195	1,241,195	871,822	\$	(369,373)



NOTE 1. REPORTING ENTITY

Ventana West Public Improvement District is a political subdivision of the State of New Mexico duly created and existing pursuant to Sections 5-11-1 through 5-11-27 NMSA 1978, as amended, and City of Albuquerque (the "City") Council ordinance enactment No. 0-2003-012 on December 8, 2003.

The purpose of the District, pursuant to the resolution of the City that formed the District, is to provide financing of the infrastructure improvements set forth in the Master Plan that was approved by the City and as required pursuant to the Act and the Development Agreement among the District, the City and the developer, Ventana West, LLC.

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, and GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units, to define the reporting entity. The District is not a component of any other governmental entity and the District has no subordinate component units.

The District is governed by the District Board, consisting of five directors. The District Board has control over and management supervision of all affairs of the District. Each of the Directors was elected by eligible voters of the District at an election held March 17, 2015. Each director is serving a six-year term.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities present financial information about reporting government as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the overall District in its entirety. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. District activities generally are financed through special levy.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and direct revenues for each function of the District governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and clearly identifiable to a particular function. Direct revenues include special levy on property covered by the District, interest income and dividend income from the investment of funds.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures. An emphasis is placed on major funds. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- a) Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures of that individual governmental fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category.
- b) Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures of the individual governmental fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.

Governmental Fund

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

a) General Fund - is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all the financial resources of the general government except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund:

b) Bond Fund – used to account for the payment of principal and interest related to the bond's obligation.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. On an accrual basis, revenue from special levy is recognized in the fiscal year during which the taxes are earned. The governmental fund statements are reported using the current resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after the end of the fiscal year. Amount collected after the sixty-day period is recognized as deferred inflows of resources. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on the bond obligations, which are recognized as expenditures when paid. Proceeds from the issuance of bond obligations are

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

reported as other financing sources. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District policy to use restricted first, then unrestricted as they are needed.

Cash Equivalents

The District considers all highly liquid debt instruments with original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value, and where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. At June 30, 2019, an allowance for uncollectible accounts was not considered necessary as all accounts are considered collectible.

Capital Assets

As capital assets are constructed, the ownership will be transferred to the city. As a result, the District does not capitalize any capital assets on its financial statements.

Long-Term Obligations

In the Government-wide financial statements, long-term debts are reported as liabilities. Long-term obligations of the governmental funds payable from the general revenues of the District are reported in the District-wide financial statements. Payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures in the fund financial statements.

Bond discount, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the bonds.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bond discounts and issuance costs are recognized during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and any premiums received are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Special Levy

The District imposes a Special Levy, which secures the payment of the debt service on the District's Revenue Bonds Obligation.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Special Levy (Continued)

The Special Levy is to be billed and collected by Bernalillo County in the same manner and at the same time as general ad valorem property taxes. Assessments are made as of January 1 of each year, with one-half of the taxes on that assessment due the following November 10 and one-half due April 10 of the next calendar year. The Special Levy installment due November 10 becomes delinquent on December 11, while the April 10 installment becomes delinquent on May 11. The Special Levy shall be subject to foreclosure by the District at any time after six months following written notice of delinquency to the owner of the real property to which the delinquency applies. The lien shall include delinquencies, penalties and interest thereon at a rate not to exceed the maximum legal rate of interest per year and penalties otherwise applicable.

Transfers

Transfers in from (out to) other governmental funds are recorded as other financing sources (uses).

Fund Balance

As of June 30, 2019, the fund balances of governmental are classified as follows:

Restricted

Amounts to be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Unassigned

All other spendable amounts.

The District has no fund balances that are classified as nonspendable, committed or assigned.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgets

The budget is adopted on a modified accrual basis of accounting. The legal compliance for the budget is total expenditures.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS

The District is authorized under the provision of Chapter 6, Article 10, paragraph 10, NMSA 1978, annotated, to deposit its money in banks, savings and loan associations and/or credit unions whose accounts are insured by an agency of the United States. All money not immediately necessary for the public uses of the District may be invested in bonds or negotiable securities of the United States, the state or any county, municipality or town, securities that are issued by the United States government or by its agencies or instrumentalities or in contracts with banks, savings and loan associations or credit unions for the present purchase and resale at a specified time in the future of specific securities. If the District is unable to receive payment on public money at the rate of interest set forth by the State Board of Finance from financial institutions within the geographic boundaries of the governmental unit, the District may invest its money as provided under Section 6-10-10.1 NMSA 1978 with the New Mexico State Treasurer's investment pool for a period greater than 181 days. The State Treasurer's investment pool shall be invested as provided for State funds under Section 60-10-10 NMSA 1978. The District has not formally adopted a deposit and investment policy that limits the government's allowable deposits or investments and addresses the specific types of risk to which the government is exposed.

Cash held by the District include cash on deposit with a financial institution. Deposits are secured by Federal depository insurance and U.S. Treasuries. Under New Mexico law, all deposits with financial institutions must be collateralized in an amount not less than 50% (102% for overnight deposits) of the uninsured balance. Market values of all cash and deposits approximate the cost of those assets. The District is in compliance as of June 30, 2019.

Cash equivalents represent investments in mutual funds, consisting of treasury bonds with maturities of less than 30 days. Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2019 consist of the following:

Held in trust by Bank of Albuquerque in U.S. Treasury Fund

\$ 879,370

NOTE 4. REVENUE BONDS

On November 24, 2015, the District issued Special Levy Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2015 with total par value of \$5,335,000 for \$5,485,056, or a net premium of \$150,056. The proceeds from issuance were used to refund the District's Series 2004 Special Levy Revenue Bonds. The bonds are generally callable with interest payable semiannually, every February 1 and August 1. The obligations are secured by the pledge of net revenues from the District's Special Levy.

The net present value savings achieved by the refunding of the Series 2004 Bonds was \$1,599,558 or 27.940% of the refunded principal amount of the Series 2004 Bonds.

NOTE 4. REVENUE BONDS (CONTINUED)

The Indenture contains special mandatory and optional redemption, at 100% principal amount. The special mandatory redemption which begins on September 1, 2017, triggers when: (a) on or after the completion of the project, moneys are transferred from the Construction Fund to the Prepayment Account of the Bond Fund, and (b) the prepayment in whole or in part of any Special Levy by the owner of the Property and the deposit of such prepayment amounts to the Prepayment Account of the Bond Fund. The optional redemption is available starting August 1, 2025. No events occurred that triggered special mandatory redemption.

The Revenue Bonds bear annual interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 4.00%, with final maturity on August 1, 2033. The following are the changes for Revenue Bonds during the year:

	Jı	une 30, 2018	Increase	Decrease	June 30, 2019
Special Levy Revenue Bonds	\$	4,885,000	-	(230,000) \$	4,655,000
Unamortized bond premium		186,086	-	(12,338)	173,750
	\$	5,071,086		(242,338) \$	4,828,750

Year ending June 30:		Principal	Interest	Total Debt Service
	-			_
2020	\$	240,000	171,294	\$ 411,294
2021		250,000	163,944	413,944
2022		255,000	155,094	410,094
2023		265,000	144,694	409,694
2024		275,000	133,894	408,894
2025-2029		1,545,000	492,900	2,037,900
2030-2033		1,825,000	282,741	2,107,741
	\$	4,655,000	1,544,561	\$ 6,199,561

Interest payment and principal payments of the revenue bonds are serviced by revenues generated from the Special Levy and are paid from the Bond Fund.

NOTE 5. DEFICIT NET POSITION

The total net position balance is a deficit of \$4,029,686. This is due to the fact that the capital assets acquired with bond proceeds were transferred to another governmental agency. This resulted in the recognition of long-term debt with no related asset on the District's financial statement. The long-term debt will be repaid with future special levy taxes.

NOTE 6. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District transfers were made to fund debt service payments, and administrative expenses. The following transfers were made during the year:

Transfer Out General Fund	Transfer In General Fund	Transfer In Bond Fund
\$476,673	(\$68,404)	\$408,269

NOTE 7. ARBITRAGE

The tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions with respect to the issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of all tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service at least every 5 years. During the current year, the District performed calculations of excess investment earnings on the revenue bonds and at June 30, 2019 does not expect to incur a liability.

NOTE 8. INSURANCE COVERAGE

The District is exposed to various risk of loss from torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; and errors and omission and natural disasters. The district is not insured through private carriers for liability, casualty and director and officer liability.

NOTE 9. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Department has evaluated subsequent events through December 13, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued and concluded that no additional disclosures are required.

NOTE 10. PRIOR PERIOD NET POSITION RESTATEMENT

Restatements to correct balances were made to the governmental activities as follows:

The governmental activities net position was restated by \$57,973 to expense debt issuance costs from the bond issuance in 2015.

	_	Governmental Activities		
Net position, beginning	\$	(\$4,249,363)		
Net position, restatement		(57,973)		
Net position, as restated	\$	(4,307,336)		

NOTE 11. RECENT PRONOUNCEMENTS

In August 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Interests in an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 6.* The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. This statement is not applicable to the Ventana West Public Improvement District.

In June 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. This statement is not applicable to the Ventana West Public Improvement District.

In March 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements.* The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged. This Statement applies to notes to financial statements of all periods presented. This statement is not applicable to the Ventana West Public Improvement District.

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The provisions of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. This standard will be implemented in a subsequent period.

In May 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 86, *Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues*. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Earlier application is encouraged. This statement is not applicable to the Ventana West Public Improvement District.

NOTE 11. RECENT PRONOUNCEMENTS (CONTINUED)

In March 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits [OPEB]). The provisions of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Earlier application is encouraged. This statement is not applicable to the Ventana West Public Improvement District.

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. This statement is not applicable to the Ventana West Public Improvement District.

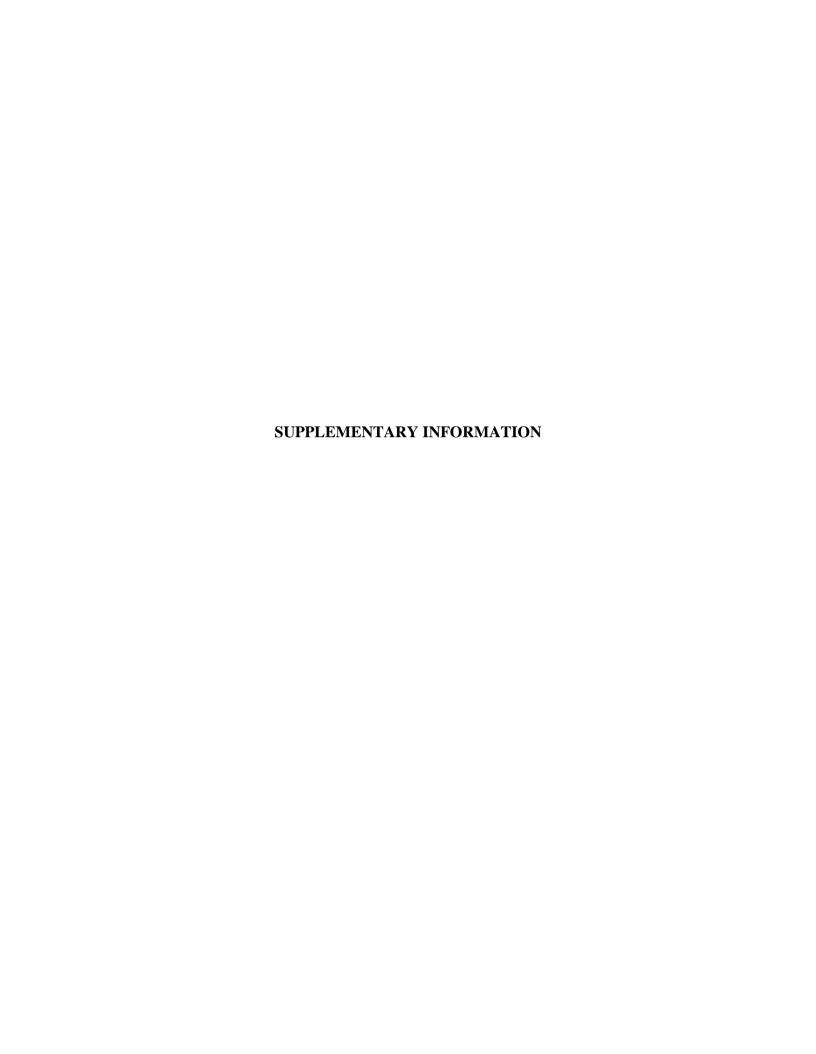
In November 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. This statement is not applicable to the Ventana West Public Improvement District.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016. Earlier application is encouraged. This statement is not applicable to the Ventana West Public Improvement District.

NOTE 12. TAX ABATEMENTS

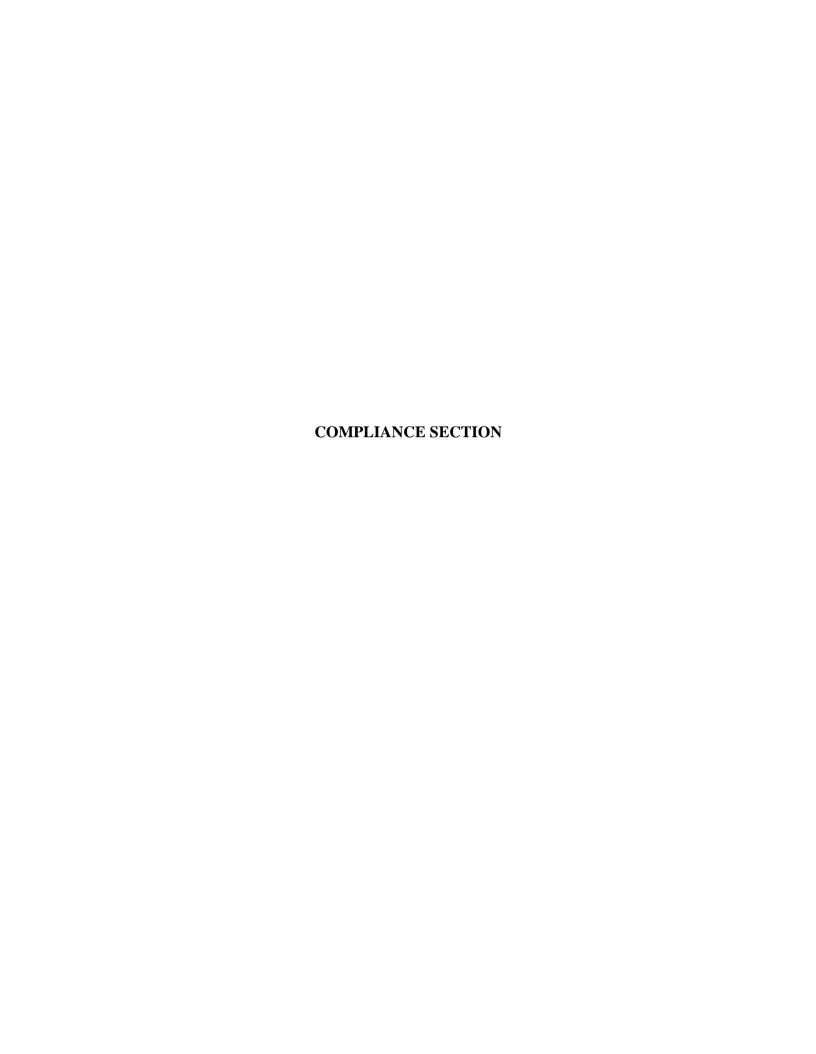
GASB Statement No. 77 is intended to improve the usefulness of financial statements prepared by state and local governments – which are intended, among other things, to assist users of financial statements in assessing (1) whether a government's current-year revenues were sufficient to pay for current-year services (inter-period equity), (2) whether a government complied with finance-related legal and contractual obligations, (3) where a government's financial resources came from and how it uses them, and (4) a government's financial position and economic condition and how they have changed after time – by including information about certain limitations on a government's ability to raise resources. This includes limitations on revenue-raising capacity resulting from government programs that use tax abatements to induce behavior by individuals and entities that is beneficial to the government or its citizens – such as the encouragement of economic development. For financial reporting purposes, this Statement defines a tax abatement as resulting from an agreement between a government and an individual or entity in which the government promises to forgo tax revenues and the individual or entity promises to subsequently take a specific action that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the government or its citizens.

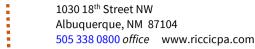
This statement does not have a material effect on the financial statements of the District.



VENTANA WEST PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL SCHEDULE (BOND FUND) Year ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original Final		Actual	(Negative)		
REVENUES			1 mai	7 Tetuai		cguiive)
Interest income	\$			138	\$	138
Total revenues				138		138
EXPENDITURES						
Debt service:		220,000	220,000	220,000		
Principal		230,000	230,000	230,000		-
Interest		178,344	178,344	178,344	-	
Total expenditures		408,344	408,344	408,344		
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in				408,269		408,269
Transfers out		-	-	400,209		400,209
Total				408,269		408,269
1 otai				+00,207		+00,207
Net Change in Fund Balances		(408,344)	(408,344)	63		408,407
Fund Balance, beginning of year		51	51	51		
Fund Balance, end of year	\$	(408,293)	(408,293)	114	\$	408,407







Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditors' Report

Brian S. Colón, Esq., State Auditor and To the Board of Directors Ventana West Public Improvement District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the budgetary comparison of the general fund of the Ventana West Public Improvement District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 13, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a

combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did identify one deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a significant deficiency which is listed as finding 2019-001 in the schedule of findings and responses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters which are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ricci & Company LLC

Albuquerque, New Mexico December 13, 2019

VENTANA WEST PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES June 30, 2019

SECTION 1 – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR RESULTS

Type of report issued:

Unmodified

Internal Controls over Financial Reporting:

Material weaknesses reported?

Significant deficiencies reported?

Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?

No

SECTION 2 - SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

None

SECTION 3 - CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

None

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS

<u>Financial Statement Findings</u> 2019-001 Prior period restatement

<u>Findings in Accordance with 2.2.2 NMAC</u> None

VENTANA WEST PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (CONTINUED) June 30, 2019

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS:

2019-001 PRIOR PERIOD RESTATEMENT (SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY)

Condition

Debt issuance costs were improperly capitalized.

Criteria

Pursuant to GASB 65, para. 15, debt issuance costs should be expensed in the year of the debt issuance.

Cause

Management was not familiar with this requirement and had inadvertently capitalized certain debt issuance costs.

Effect

Long term debt was overstated in the amount of the issuance costs.

Recommendation

Going forward, management should consider the proper classification of debt related costs to determine if they are capitalizable or should be expensed.

Management's Response

The District will implement procedures to make sure debt issuance costs are accounted for properly in the future.

Timeline for Corrective Action

FYE 06/30/2020

Responsible Official

Accountant

VENTANA WEST PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT EXIT CONFERENCE June 30, 2019

An exit conference was held on December 13, 2019, to discuss the annual financial report. Attending were the following:

Representing the Ventana West Public Improvement District:

Robert Eslinger, Board Member

Representing Ricci & Company LLC:

Mark Santiago, CPA, Senior Audit Manager

PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were prepared with the assistance of Ricci & Company LLC from the books and records of the Ventana West Public Improvement District. The financial statements and related footnotes remain the responsibility of management.